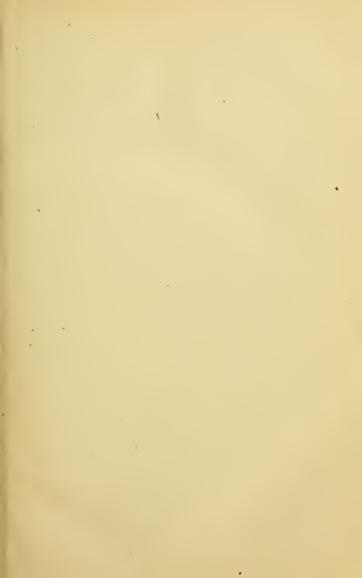


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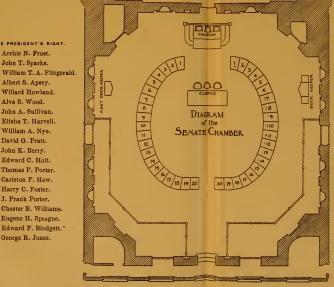








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Edward Seaver. Charles S. Sullivan.

Henry S. Fitzgerald. 5.

Henry C. Bliss. 6. Henry E. Gaylord.

8. Vacant.

Andrew H. Morrison 10. Michael J. Sullivan.

11. George K. Tufts.

12. John P. Munroe.

13. George Z. Dean. Leonard B. Chandler 14.

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Henry R. Skinner.

Cornelius R. Day.

16. 17. Merrick A. Morse.

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Frank A. Fales.

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Edward F. Blodgett.'

1. Hon, Archie N. Frost,

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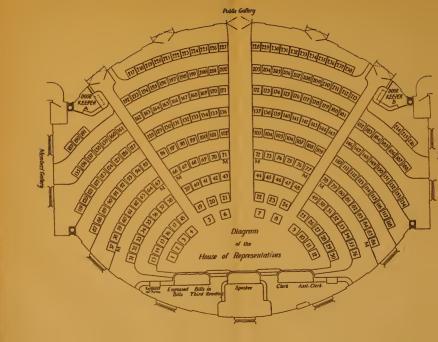
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Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

MANUAL

FOR THE USE OF THE

ENERAL COURT:

CONTAINING THE

RULES OF THE TWO BRANCHES,

TOGETHER WITH THE

CONSTITUTION OF THE COMMONWEALTH, AND THAT OF THE UNITED STATES, AND A LIST OF THE EXECUTIVE. LEGISLATIVE AND JUDICIAL DEPARTMENTS OF THE STATE GOVERNMENT, STATE INSTITUTIONS AND THEIR OFFICERS.

AND OTHER STATISTICAL INFORMATION.

Prepared under Section 9 of Chapter 393 of the Acts of 1894,

HENRY D. COOLIDGE, CLERK OF THE SENATE, AND

JAMES W. KIMBALL, CLERK OF THE HOUSE.



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CONSTITUTION

OF THE

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

PREAMBLE.

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We the people of the United States, in order to form a more perfect union, establish justice, insure domestic tranquillity, provide for the common defence, promote the general welfare, and secure the blessings of liberty to ourselves and our posterity, do ordain and establish this Constitution for the United States of America.

ARTICLE I.

SECTION 1. All legislative powers herein granted shall be vested in a congress of the United States, which shall consist of a senate and house of representatives.

SECT. 2. The house of representatives shall be composed of members chosen every second year by the people of the several states, and the electors in each state shall have the qualifications requisite for electors of the most numerous branch of the state legislature.

No person shall be a representative who shall not have attained to the age of twenty-five years, and been seven years a citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant of that state in which he shall be chosen.

Representatives and direct taxes shall be apportioned among the several states which may be included within this Union, according to their respective numbers, which shall be determined by adding to the whole number of free persons, including those bound to service for a term of years, and excluding Indians not taxed, three-fifths of all other persons. The actual enumeration shall be made within three years after the first meeting of the congress of the United States, and within every subsequent term of ten years, in such manner as they shall by law direct. The number of representatives shall not exceed one for every thirty thousand, but each state shall have at least one representative: and until such enumeration shall be made, the state of New Hampshire shall be entitled to choose three, Massachusetts eight, Rhode Island and Providence Plantations one, Connecticut five. New York six, New Jersey four, Pennsylvania eight, Delaware one, Maryland six, Virginia ten, North Carolina five, South Carolina five, and Georgia three.

When vacancies happen in the representation from any state, the executive authority thereof shall issue writs of election to fill such vacancies.

The house of representatives shall choose their speaker and other officers; and shall have the sole power of impeachment.

SECT. 3. The senate of the United States shall be composed of two senators from each state, chosen by the legislature thereof, for six years; and each senator shall have one vote.

Immediately after they shall be assembled in consequence of the first election, they shall be divided as equally as may be into three classes. The seats of the senators of the first class shall be vacated at the expiration of the second year, of the second class at the expiration of the fourth year, and of the third class at the expiration of the sixth year, so that one-third may be chosen every second year; and if vacancies happen by resignation, or otherwise, during the recess of the legislature of any state, the executive thereof may make temporary appointments until the

next meeting of the legislature, which shall then fill such vacancies.

No person shall be a senator who shall not have attained to the age of thirty years, and been nine years a citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant of that state for which he shall be chosen.

The vice-president of the United States shall be president of the senate, but shall have no vote, unless they be equally divided.

The senate shall choose their other officers, and also a president *pro tempore*, in the absence of the vice-president, or when he shall exercise the office of president of the United States.

The senate shall have the sole power to try all impeachments. When sitting for that purpose, they shall be on oath or affirmation. When the president of the United States is tried, the chief justice shall preside: and no person shall be convicted without the concurrence of two-thirds of the members present.

Judgment in cases of impeachment shall not extend further than to removal from office, and disqualification to hold and enjoy any office of honor, trust or profit under the United States: but the party convicted shall nevertheless be liable and subject to indictment, trial, judgment and punishment, according to law.

SECT. 4. The times, places and manner of holding elections for senators and representatives, shall be prescribed in each state by the legislature thereof; but the congress may at any time by law make or alter such regulations, except as to the places of choosing senators.

The congress shall assemble at least once in every year, and such meeting shall be on the first Monday in December, unless they shall by law appoint a different day.

SECT. 5. Each house shall be the judge of the elections, returns and qualifications of its own members, and a majority of each shall constitute a quorum to do business; but a smaller number may adjourn from day to day, and may be authorized to compel the attendance of absent members, in such manner, and under such penalties as each house may provide.

Each house may determine the rules of its proceedings, punish its members for disorderly behavior, and, with the concurrence of two-thirds, expel a member.

Each house shall keep a journal of its proceedings, and from time to time publish the same, excepting such parts as may in their judgment require secrecy; and the yeas and nays of the members of either house on any question shall, at the desire of one-fifth of those present, be entered on the journal.

Neither house, during the session of congress, shall, without the consent of the other, adjourn for more than three days, nor to any other place than that in which the two houses shall be sitting.

SECT. 6. The senators and representatives shall receive a compensation for their services, to be ascertained by law, and paid out of the treasury of the United States. They shall in all cases, except treason, felony and breach of the peace, be privileged from arrest during their attendance at the session of their respective houses, and in going to and returning from the same; and for any speech or debate in either house, they shall not be questioned in any other place.

No senator or representative shall, during the time for which he was elected, be appointed to any civil office under the authority of the United States, which shall have been created, or the emoluments whereof shall have been increased during such time; and no person holding any office under the United States, shall be a member of either house during his continuance in office.

Sect. 7. All bills for raising revenue shall originate in the house of representatives; but the senate may propose or concur with amendments as on other bills.

Every bill which shall have passed the house of representatives and the senate, shall, before it becomes a law, be presented to the president of the United States; if he approve he shall sign it, but if not he shall return it, with his objections, to that house in which it shall have originated, who shall enter the objections at large on their journal, and proceed to reconsider it. If after such reconsideration two-thirds of that house shall agree to pass the bill, it shall be sent, together with the objections, to the other house, by which it shall likewise be reconsidered, and if approved by two-thirds of that house, it shall become a law. But in all such cases the votes of both houses shall be determined by yeas and nays, and the names of the persons voting for and against the bill shall

be entered on the journal of each house respectively. If any bill shall not be returned by the president within ten days (Sundays excepted) after it shall have been presented to him, the same shall be a law, in like manner as if he had signed it, unless the congress by their adjournment prevent its return, in which case it shall not be a law.

Every order, resolution, or vote to which the concurrence of the senate and house of representatives may be necessary (except on a question of adjournment) shall be presented to the president of the United States; and before the same shall take effect, shall be approved by him, or being disapproved by him, shall be repassed by two-thirds of the senate and house of representatives, according to the rules and limitations prescribed in the case of a bill.

Sect. 8. The congress shall have power - to lay and collect taxes, duties, imposts and excises, to pay the debts and provide for the common defence and general welfare of the United States: but all duties, imposts and excises shall be uniform throughout the United States; - to borrow money on the credit of the United States; - to regulate commerce with foreign nations, and among the several states, and with the Indian tribes; - to establish an uniform rule of naturalization, and uniform laws on the subject of bankruptcies throughout the United States: - to coin money. regulate the value thereof, and of foreign coin, and fix the standard of weights and measures: - to provide for the punishment of counterfeiting the securities and current coin of the United States: - to establish post offices and post roads; - to promote the progress of science and useful arts, by securing for limited times to authors and inventors the exclusive right to their respective writings and discoveries: - to constitute tribunals inferior to the supreme court; - to define and punish piracies and felonies committed on the high seas, and offences against the law of nations: to declare war, grant letters of marque and reprisal, and make rules concerning captures on land and water; - to raise and support armies, but no appropriation of money to that use shall be for a longer term than two years; - to provide and maintain a navy; - to make rules for the government and regulation of the land and naval forces; -- to provide for calling forth the militia to execute the laws of the Union, suppress insurrections, and repel

invasions; - to provide for organizing, arming, and disciplining the militia, and for governing such part of them as may be employed in the service of the United States, reserving to the states respectively, the appointment of the officers, and the authority of training the militia according to the discipline prescribed by congress; - to exercise exclusive legislation in all cases whatsoever, over such district (not exceeding ten miles square) as may, by cession of particular states, and the acceptance of congress, become the seat of the government of the United States, and to exercise like authority over all places purchased by the consent of the legislature of the state in which the same shall be, for the erection of forts, magazines, arsenals, dock-yards, and other needful buildings: - and to make all laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into execution the foregoing powers, and all other powers vested by this constitution in the government of the United States, or in any department or officer thereof.

SECT. 9. The migration or importation of such persons, as any of the states now existing shall think proper to admit, shall not be prohibited by the congress prior to the year one thousand eight hundred and eight, but a tax or duty may be imposed on such importation, not exceeding ten dollars for each person.

The privilege of the writ of *habeas corpus* shall not be suspended, unless when in cases of rebellion or invasion the public safety may require it.

No bill of attainder or ex post facto law shall be passed.

No capitation, or other direct tax, shall be laid, unless in proportion to the census or enumeration hereinbefore directed to be taken.

No tax or duty shall be laid on articles exported from any state. No preference shall be given by any regulation of commerce or revenue to the ports of one state over those of another; nor shall vessels bound to, or from, one state be obliged to enter, clear or

pay duties in another.

No money shall be drawn from the treasury, but in consequence of appropriations made by law; and a regular statement and account of the receipts and expenditures of all public money shall be published from time to time.

No title of nobility shall be granted by the United States; and

no person holding any office of profit or trust under them shall, without the consent of the congress, accept of any present, emolument, office or title, of any kind whatever, from any king, prince, or foreign state.

SECT. 10. No state shall enter into any treaty, alliance, or confederation; grant letters of marque and reprisal; coin money; emit bills of credit; make anything but gold and silver coin a tender in payment of debts; pass any bill of attainder, ex post facto law, or law impairing the obligation of contracts, or grant any title of nobility. No state shall, without the consent of the congress, lay any imposts or duties on imports or exports, except what may be absolutely necessary for executing its inspection laws: and the net produce of all duties and imposts, laid by any state on imports or exports, shall be for the use of the treasury of the United States; and all such laws shall be subject to the revision and control of the congress. No state shall, without the consent of congress, lay any duty of tonnage, keep troops, or ships of war in time of peace, enter into any agreement or compact with another state, or with a foreign power, or engage in war, unless actually invaded, or in such imminent danger as will not admit of delay.

ARTICLE II.

Section 1. The executive power shall be vested in a President of the United States of America. He shall hold his office during the term of four years, and, together with the vice-president, chosen for the same term, be elected, as follows:—

Each state shall appoint, in such manner as the legislature thereof may direct, a number of electors, equal to the whole number of senators and representatives to which the state may be entitled in the congress: but no senator or representative, or person holding an office of trust or profit under the United States, shall be appointed an elector.

[The electors shall meet in their respective states, and vote by ballot for two persons, of whom one at least shall not be an inhabitant of the same state with themselves. And they shall make a list of all the persons voted for, and of the number of votes for each; which list they shall sign and certify, and transmit sealed to

the seat of the government of the United States, directed to the president of the senate. The president of the senate shall, in the presence of the senate and house of representatives, open all the certificates, and the votes shall then be counted. The person baying the greatest number of votes shall be the president, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed; and if there be more than one who have such majority, and have an equal number of votes, then the house of representatives shall immediately choose by ballot one of them for president; and if no person have a majority, then from the five highest on the list the said house shall in like manner choose the president. But in choosing the president the votes shall be taken by states, the representation from each state having one vote; a quorum for this purpose shall consist of a member or members from two-thirds of the states, and a majority of all the states shall be necessary to a choice. In every case, after the choice of the president, the person having the greatest number of votes of the electors shall be the vice-president. But if there should remain two or more who have equal votes, the senate shall choose from them by ballot the vice-president.]

The congress may determine the time of choosing the electors, and the day on which they shall give their votes; which day shall be the same throughout the United States.

No person except a natural born citizen, or a citizen of the United States, at the time of the adoption of this constitution, shall be eligible to the office of president; neither shall any person be eligible to that office who shall not have attained to the age of thirty-five years, and been fourteen years a resident within the United States.

In case of the removal of the president from office, or of his death, resignation, or inability to discharge the powers and duties of the said office, the same shall devolve on the vice-president, and the congress may by law provide for the case of removal, death, resignation, or inability, both of the president and vice-president, declaring what officer shall then act as president, and such officer shall act accordingly, until the disability be removed, or a president shall be elected.

The president shall, at stated times, receive for his services, a compensation, which shall neither be increased nor diminished

during the period for which he shall have been elected, and he shall not receive within that period any other emolument from the United States, or any of them.

Before he enter on the execution of his office, he shall take the following oath or affirmation:—

"I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will faithfully execute the office of president of the United States, and will, to the best of my ability, preserve, protect and defend the constitution of the United States."

Sect. 2. The president shall be commander-in-chief of the army and navy of the United States, and of the militia of the several states, when called into the actual service of the United States; he may require the opinion, in writing, of the principal officer in each of the executive departments, upon any subject relating to the duties of their respective offices, and he shall have power to grant reprieves and pardons for offences against the United States, except in cases of impeachment.

He shall have power, by and with the advice and consent of the senate, to make treaties, provided two-thirds of the senators present concur; and he shall nominate, and by and with the advice and consent of the senate, shall appoint ambassadors, other public ministers and consuls, judges of the supreme court, and all other officers of the United States, whose appointments are not herein otherwise provided for, and which shall be established by law: but the congress may by law vest the appointment of such inferior officers, as they think proper, in the president alone, in the courts of law, or in the heads of departments.

The president shall have power to fill up all vacancies that may happen during the recess of the senate, by granting commissions which shall expire at the end of their next session.

SECT 3. He shall from time to time give to the congress information of the state of the Union, and recommend to their consideration such measures as he shall judge necessary and expedient; he may, on extraordinary occasions, convene both houses, or either of them, and in case of disagreement between them, with respect to the time of adjournment, he may adjourn them to such time as he shall think proper; he shall receive

ambassadors and other public ministers; he shall take care that the laws be faithfully executed, and shall commission all the officers of the United States.

Sect. 4. The president, vice-president, and all civil officers of the United States, shall be removed from office on impeachment for, and conviction of, treason, bribery, or other high crimes and misdemeanors.

ARTICLE III.

Section 1. The judicial power of the United States shall be vested in one supreme court, and in such inferior courts as the congress may from time to time ordain and establish. The judges, both of the supreme and inferior courts, shall hold their offices during good behavior and shall, at stated times, receive for their services, a compensation, which shall not be diminished during their continuance in office.

SECT. 2. The judicial power shall extend to all cases, in law and equity, arising under this constitution, the laws of the United States, and treaties made, or which shall be made, under their authority;—to all cases affecting ambassadors, other public ministers, and consuls;—to all cases of admiralty and maritime jurisdiction;—to controversies to which the United States shall be a party;—to controversies between two or more states;—between a state and citizens of another state;—between citizens of different states;—between citizens of the same state claiming lands under grants of different states, and between a state, or the citizens thereof, and foreign states, citizens or subjects.

In all cases affecting ambassadors, other public ministers and consuls, and those in which a state shall be a party, the supreme court shall have original jurisdiction. In all the other cases before mentioned, the supreme court shall have appellate jurisdiction, both as to law and fact, with such exceptions, and under such regulations as the congress shall make.

The trial of all crimes, except in cases of impeachment, shall be by jury; and such trial shall be held in the state where the said crimes shall have been committed; but when not committed within any state, the trial shall be at such place or places as the congress may by law have directed.

Sect. 3. Treason against the United States, shall consist only in levying war against them, or in adhering to their enemies, giving them aid and comfort. No person shall be convicted of treason unless on the testimony of two witnesses to the same overt act, or on confession in open court.

The congress shall have power to declare the punishment of treason, but no attainder of treason shall work corruption of blood, or forfeiture except during the life of the person attainted.

ARTICLE IV.

Section 1. Full faith and credit shall be given in each state to the public acts, records, and judicial proceedings of every other state. And the congress may by general laws prescribe the manner in which such acts, records and proceedings shall be proved, and the effect thereof.

SECT. 2. The citizens of each state shall be entitled to all privileges and immunities of citizens in the several states.

A person charged in any state with treason, felony, or other crime, who shall flee from justice, and be found in another state, shall, on demand of the executive authority of the state from which he fled, be delivered up to be removed to the state having jurisdiction of the crime.

No person held to service or labor in one state, under the laws thereof, escaping into another, shall, in consequence of any law or regulation therein, be discharged from such service or labor, but shall be delivered up on claim of the party to whom such service or labor may be due.

SECT. 3. New states may be admitted by the congress into this Union; but no new state shall be formed or erected within the jurisdiction of any other state; nor any state be formed by the junction of two or more states, or parts of states, without the consent of the legislatures of the states concerned as well as of the congress.

The congress shall have power to dispose of and make all needful rules and regulations respecting the territory or other property belonging to the United States; and nothing in this constitution shall be so construed as to prejudice any claims of the United States, or of any particular state.

SECT. 4. The United States shall guarantee to every state in this Union a republican form of government, and shall protect each of them against invasion, and on application of the legislature, or of the executive (when the legislature cannot be convened) against domestic violence.

ARTICLE V.

The congress, whenever two-thirds of both houses shall deem it necessary, shall propose amendments to this constitution, or, on the application of the legislatures of two-thirds of the several states, shall call a convention for proposing amendments, which, in either case, shall be valid to all intents and purposes, as part of this constitution, when ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of the several states, or by conventions in three-fourths thereof, as the one or the other mode of ratification may be proposed by congress; provided that no amendment which may be made prior to the year one thousand eight hundred and eight shall in any manner affect the first and fourth clauses in the ninth section of the first article; and that no state, without its consent, shall be deprived of its equal suffrage in the senate.

ARTICLE VI.

All debts contracted and engagements entered into, before the adoption of this constitution, shall be as valid against the United States under this constitution, as under the confederation.

This constitution, and the laws of the United States which shall be made in pursuance thereof; and all treaties made, or which shall be made, under the authority of the United States, shall be the supreme law of the land; and the judges in every state shall be bound thereby, any thing in the constitution or laws of any state to the contrary notwithstanding.

The senators and representatives before mentioned, and the members of the several state legislatures, and all executive and judicial officers, both of the United States and of the several states, shall be bound by oath or affirmation, to support this constitution;

but no religious test shall ever be required as a qualification to any office or public trust under the United States.

ARTICLE VII.

The ratification of the conventions of nine states, shall be sufficient for the establishment of this constitution between the states so ratifying the same.

ARTICLES

IN ADDITION TO, AND AMENDMENT OF,

- The constitution of the United States of America, proposed by congress, and ratified by the legislatures of the several states, pursuant to the fifth article of the original constitution.
- ARTICLE I. Congress shall make no law respecting an establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof; or abridging the freedom of speech, or of the press; or the right of the people peaceably to assemble, and to petition the government for a redress of grievances.
- ART. II. A well regulated militia, being necessary to the security of a free state, the right of the people to keep and bear arms shall not be infringed.
- ART. III. No soldier shall, in time of peace, be quartered in any house, without the consent of the owner, nor in time of war, but in a manner to be prescribed by law.
- ART. IV. The right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers, and effects, against unreasonable searches and seizures, shall not be violated, and no warrants shall issue, but upon probable cause, supported by oath or affirmation, and particularly describing the place to be searched, and the persons or things to be seized.
- ART. V. No person shall be held to answer for a capital, or otherwise infamous crime, unless on a presentment or indictment

of a grand jury, except in cases arising in the land or naval forces, or in the militia, when in actual service in time of war or public danger; nor shall any person be subject for the same offence to be twice put in jeopardy of life or limb; nor shall be compelled in any criminal case to be a witness against himself, nor be deprived of life, liberty or property, without due process of law; nor shall private property be taken for public use, without just compensation

- ART. VI. In all criminal prosecutions, the accused shall enjoy the right to a speedy and public trial, by an impartial jury of the state and district wherein the crime shall have been committed, which district shall have been previously ascertained by law, and to be informed of the nature and cause of the accusation; to be confronted with the witnesses against him; to have compulsory process for obtaining witnesses in his favor, and to have the assistance of counsel for his defence.
- ART. VII. In suits at common law, where the value in controversy shall exceed twenty dollars, the right of trial by jury shall be preserved, and no fact tried by a jury shall be otherwise re-examined in any court of the United States, than according to the rules of the common law.
- ART. VIII. Excessive bail shall not be required, nor excessivefines imposed, nor cruel and unusual punishments inflicted.
- ART. IX. The enumeration in the constitution, of certain rights, shall not be construed to deny or disparage others retained by the people.
- ART. X. The powers not delegated to the United States by the constitution, nor prohibited by it to the states, are reserved to the states respectively, or to the people.
- ART. XI. The judicial power of the United States shall not be construed to extend to any suit in law or equity, commenced or prosecuted against one of the United States by citizens of another state, or by citizens or subjects of any foreign state.

ART. XII. The electors shall meet in their respective states, and vote by ballot for president and vice-president, one of whom, at least, shall not be an inhabitant of the same state with themselves: they shall name in their ballots the person voted for as president, and in distinct ballots the person voted for as vice-president, and they shall make distinct lists of all persons voted for as president, and of all persons voted for as vice-president, and of the number of votes for each, which lists they shall sign and certify, and transmit sealed to the seat of the government of the United States, directed to the president of the senate; - the president of the senate shall, in presence of the senate and house of representatives, open all the certificates, and the votes shall then be counted:—the person having the greatest number of votes for president, shall be the president, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed; and if no person have such majority, then from the persons having the highest numbers not exceeding three on the list of those voted for as president. the house of representatives shall choose immediately, by ballot, the president. But in choosing the president, the votes shall be taken by states, the representation from each state having one vote; a quorum for this purpose shall consist of a member or members from two-thirds of the states, and a majority of all the states shall be necessary to a choice. And if the house of representatives shall not choose a president whenever the right of choice shall devolve upon them, before the fourth day of March next following, then the vice-president shall act as president, as in the case of the death or other constitutional disability of the president.

The person having the greatest number of votes as vice-president, shall be the vice-president, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed, and if no person have a majority, then from the two highest numbers on the list, the senate shall choose the vice-president; a quorum for the purpose shall consist of two-thirds of the whole number of senators, and a majority of the whole number shall be necessary to a choice.

But no person constitutionally ineligible to the office of president shall be eligible to that of vice-president of the United States.

ART. XIII. SECT. 1. Neither slavery nor involuntary servitude, except as a punishment for crime whereof the party shall

have been duly convicted, shall exist within the United States, or any place subject to their jurisdiction.

SECT. 2. Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

ART. XIV. Sect. 1. All persons born or naturalized in the United States, and subject to the jurisdiction thereof, are citizens of the United States and of the state wherein they reside. No state shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States; nor shall any state deprive any person of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law, nor deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws.

Sect. 2. Representatives shall be apportioned among the several states according to their respective numbers, counting the whole number of persons in each state, excluding Indians not taxed. But when the right to vote at any election for the choice of electors for president and vice-president of the United States, representatives in congress, the executive and judicial officers of a state, or the members of the legislature thereof, is denied to any of the male inhabitants of such state, being twenty-one years of age, and citizens of the United States, or in any way abridged, except for participation in rebellion or other crime, the basis of representation therein shall be reduced in the proportion which the number of such male citizens shall bear to the whole number of male citizens twenty-one years of age in such state.

SECT. 3. No person shall be a senator, or representative in congress, or elector of president and vice-president, or hold any office, civil or military, under the United States, or under any state, who, having previously taken an oath, as a member of congress, or as an officer of the United States, or as a member of any state legislature, or as an executive or judicial officer of any state, to support the constitution of the United States, shall have engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the same, or given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof. But congress may, by a vote of two-thirds of each house, remove such disability.

SECT. 4 The validity of the public debt of the United States, authorized by law, including debts incurred for payment of pensions and bounties for services in suppressing insurrection or rebellion, shall not be questioned.

But neither the United States, nor any state, shall assume or pay any debt or obligation incurred in aid of insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or any claim for the loss or emancipation of any slave; but all such debts, obligations and claims shall be held illegal and void.

Sect. 5. The congress shall have power to enforce, by appropriate legislation, the provisions of this article.

ART. XV. Sect. 1. The right of citizens of the United States to vote shall not be denied or abridged by the United States, or by any state, on account of race, color, or previous condition of servitude.

Sect. 2. The congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

[Note. The constitution was adopted September 17, 1787, by the unanimous consent of the states present in the convention appointed in pursuance of the resolution of the congress of the confederation of February 21, 1787, and was ratified by the conventions of the several states, as follows, viz.: By convention of Delaware, December 7, 1787; Pennsylvania, December 12, 1787; New Jersey, December 18, 1787; Georgia, January 2, 1788; Connecticut, January 9, 1788; Massachusetts, February 6, 1788; Maryland, April 28, 1788; South Carolina, May 23, 1788; New Hampshire, June 21, 1788; Virginia, June 26, 1788; New Fork, July 26, 1788; North Carolina, November 21, 1789; Rhode Island, May 29, 1790.

The first ten of the amendments were proposed at the first session of the first congress of the United States, September 25, 1789, and were finally ratified by the constitutional number of states on December 15, 1791. The eleventh amendment was proposed at the first session of the third congress, March 5, 1794, and was declared, in a message from the President of the United States to both houses of congress, dated January 8, 1798, to have been adopted by the constitutional number of states. The twelfth amendment was proposed at the first session of the eighth congress, December 12, 1803, and was adopted by the constitutional number of states in 1804, according to a public notice thereof by the secretary of state, dated September 25 of the same year.

The thirteenth amendment was proposed to the legislatures of the several states by the thirty-eighth congress on February 1, 1865, and was declared, in a proclamation of the secretary of state, dated December 13, 1865, to have been ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of the states.

The fourteenth amendment was proposed to the legislatures of the several states by the thirty-ninth congress, on June 16, 1866.

On July 20, 1868, the secretary of state of the United States issued his certificate, setting out that it appeared by official documents on file in the department of state that said amendment had been ratified by the legislatures of the states of Connecticut, New Hampshire, Tennessee, New Jersey, Oregon, Vermont, New York, Ohio, Illinois, West Virginia, Kansas, Maine, Nevada, Missouri, Indiana, Minnesota, Rhode Island, Wisconsin, Pennsulvania, Michigan, Massachusetts, Nebraska, and Iowa, and by newly established bodies avowing themselves to be and acting as the legislatures of the states of Arkansas, Florida, North Carolina, Louisiana, South Carolina, and Alabama; that the legislatures of Ohio and New Jersey had since passed resolutions withdrawing the consent of those states to said amendment: that the whole number of states in the United States was thirty-seven. that the twenty-three states first above named and the six states next above named together, constituted three-fourths of the whole number of states, and certifying that if the resolutions of Ohio and New Jersey, ratifying said amendment, were still in force, notwithstanding their subsequent resolutions, then said amendment had been ratified and so become valid as part of the constitution.

On July 21, 1868, congress passed a resolution reciting that the amendment had been ratified by Connecticut, Tennessee, New Jersey, Oregon, Vermont, West Virginia, Kansas, Missouri, Indiana, Ohio, Illinois, Minnesota, New York, Wisconsin, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Michigan, Nevada, New Hampshire, Massachusetts, Nebraska, Maine, Iowa, Arkansas, Florida, North Carolina, Alabama, South Carolina and Louisiana, being three-fourths of the several states of the Union, and declaring said fourteenth article to be a part of the constitution of the United States, and making it the duty of the secretary of state to duly promulgate it as such.

On July 28, 1868, the secretary of state issued his certificate, reciting the above resolution, and stating that official notice had been received at the department of state that action had been taken by the legislatures of the states in relation to said amendment, as follows: "It was ratified in A.D. 1866, by Connecticut, June 30; New Hampshire, July 7; Tennessee, July 19; Oregon, September 19; Vermont, November 9. In A.D. 1867, by New York, January 10; Illinois, January 15; West Virginia, January 16; Kansas, January 18; Maine, January 19; Nevada, January 22; Missouri, January 26; Indiana, January 29; Minnesota, February 1; Rhode Island, February 7; Wisconsin; February 13; Pennsylvania, February 13; Michigan, February 15; Massachusetts, March 20; Nebraska, June 15. In A.D. 1868, by Iova.

April 3; Arkansas, April 6; Florida, June 9; Louisiana, July 9; and Alabama, July 13.

"It was first ratified and the ratification subsequently withdrawn by New Jersey, ratified September 11, 1866, withdrawn April, 1868; Ohio, ratified January 11, 1867, and withdrawn January, 1868.

"It was first rejected and then ratified by Georgia, rejected November 13, 1866, ratified July 21, 1868; North Carolina, rejected December 4, 1866, ratified July 4, 1868; South Carolina, rejected December 20, 1866, and ratified July 9, 1868.

"It was rejected by *Texas*, November 1, 1866; *Virginia*, January 9, 1867; *Kentucky*, January 10, 1867; *Delaware*, February 7, 1867; and *Maryland*, March 23, 1867."

And on said July 28, 1868, and in execution of the act proposing the amendment and of the concurrent resolution of congress above mentioned and in pursuance thereof, the secretary of state directed that said amendment to the constitution be published in the newspapers authorized to promulgate the laws of the United States, and certified that it had been adopted in the manner above specified by the states named in said resolution, and that it "has become valid to all intents and purposes as a part of the constitution of the United States."

Subsequently it was ratified by *Virginia*; October 8, 1869, by *Georgia*, again, February 2, 1870, and by *Texas*, February 18, 1870.

The fifteenth amendment was proposed to the legislatures of the several states by the fortieth congress on February 27, 1869, and was declared, in a proclamation of the secretary of state, dated March 30, 1870, to have been ratified by the constitutional number of states and to have "become valid to all intents and purposes as part of the constitution of the United States."



CONSTITUTION

OR

FORM OF GOVERNMENT

FOR THE

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

PREAMBLE.

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PREAMBLE.

The end of the institution, maintenance, and administration of government, is to secure the existence of the body politic, to protect it, and to furnish the individuals who compose it with the power of enjoying in safety and tranquillity their natural rights, and the blessings of life: and whenever these great objects are not obtained the people have a right to alter the government, and to take measures necessary for their safety, prosperity and happiness.

The body politic is formed by a voluntary association of individuals: it is a social compact, by which the whole people covenants with each citizen, and each citizen with the whole people, that all shall be governed by certain laws for the common good. It is the duty of the people, therefore, in framing a constitution of government, to provide for an equitable mode of making laws, as well as for an impartial interpretation and a faithful execution of them; that every man may, at all times, find his security in them

We, therefore, the people of Massachusetts, acknowledging, with grateful hearts, the goodness of the great Legislator of the universe, in affording us, in the course of His providence, an opportunity, deliberately and peaceably, without fraud, violence, or surprise, of entering into an original, explicit, and solemn compact with each other; and of forming a new constitution of civil government, for ourselves and posterity; and devoutly imploring His direction in so interesting a design, do agree upon, ordain, and establish, the following Declaration of Rights, and Frame of Government, as the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

PART THE FIRST.

A declaration of the Rights of the Inhabitants of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

ARTICLE I. All men are born free and equal, and have certain natural, essential, and unalienable rights; among which may be reckoned the right of enjoying and defending their lives and liberties; that of acquiring, possessing, and protecting property; in fine, that of seeking and obtaining their safety and happiness.

ART. II. It is the right as well as the duty of all men in society, publicly, and at stated seasons, to worship the Supreme Being, the great Creator and Preserver of the universe. And no subject shall be hurt, molested, or restrained, in his person, liberty, or estate, for worshipping God in the manner and season most agreeable to the dictates of his own conscience; or for his religious profession or sentiments; provided he doth not disturb the public peace, or obstruct others in their religious worship.

ART. III. [As the happiness of a people, and the good order, and preservation of civil government, essentially depend upon piety, religion, and morality; and as these cannot be generally diffused through a community but by the institution of the public worship of God, and of public instructions in piety, religion, and morality: Therefore, to promote their happiness, and to secure the good order and preservation of their government, the people of this commonwealth have a right to invest their legislature with power to authorize and require, and the legislature shall, from time to time, authorize and require, the several towns, parishes, precincts, and other bodies politic, or religious societies, to make suitable provision, at their own expense, for the institution of the public worship of God, and for the support and maintenance of

public Protestant teachers of piety, religion, and morality, in all cases where such provision shall not be made voluntarily. [See Amendment, Article XI.]

And the people of this commonwealth have also a right to, and do, invest their legislature with authority to enjoin upon all the subjects an attendance upon the instructions of the public teachers aforesaid, at stated times and seasons, if there be any on whose instructions they can conscientiously and conveniently attend.

Provided, notwithstanding, that the several towns, parishes, precincts, and other bodies politic, or religious societies, shall, at all times, have the exclusive right of electing their public teachers, and of contracting with them for their support and maintenance.

And all moneys paid by the subject to the support of public worship, and of the public teachers aforesaid, shall, if he require it, be uniformly applied to the support of the public teacher or teachers of his own religious sect or denomination, provided there be any on whose instructions he attends; otherwise it may be paid towards the support of the teacher or teachers of the parish or precinct in which the said moneys are raised.

And every denomination of Christians, demeaning themselves peaceably, and as good subjects of the commonwealth, shall be equally under the protection of the law; and no subordination of any one sect or denomination to another shall ever be established by law.]

ART. IV. The people of this commonwealth have the sole and exclusive right of governing themselves, as a free, sovereign, and independent state; and do, and forever hereafter shall, exercise and enjoy every power, jurisdiction, and right, which is not, or may not hereafter be, by them expressly delegated to the United States of America, in Congress assembled.

ART. V. All power residing originally in the people, and being derived from them, the several magistrates and officers of government, vested with authority, whether legislative, executive, or judicial, are their substitutes and agents, and are at all times accountable to them.

ART. VI. No man, nor corporation, or association of men, have any other title to obtain advantages, or particular and exclusive privileges, distinct from those of the community, than what arises from the consideration of services rendered to the public, and this title being in nature neither hereditary, nor transmissible to the children, or descendants, or relations by blood, the idea of a man born a magistrate, lawgiver, or judge, is absurd and unnatural.

ART. VII. Government is instituted for the common good; for the protection, safety, prosperity, and happiness of the people; and not for the profit, honor, or private interest of any one man, family, or class of men: Therefore the people alone have an incontestible, unalienable, and indefeasible right to institute government; and to reform, alter, or totally change the same, when their protection, safety, prosperity, and happiness require it.

ART. VIII. In order to prevent those who are vested with authority from becoming oppressors, the people have a right, at such periods and in such manner as they shall establish by their frame of government, to cause their public officers to return to private life; and to fill up vacant places by certain and regular elections and appointments.

ART. IX. All elections ought to be free; and all the inhabitants of this commonwealth, having such qualifications as they shall establish by their frame of government, have an equal right to elect officers, and to be elected, for public employments.

ART. X. Each individual of the society has a right to be protected by it in the enjoyment of his life, liberty, and property, according to standing laws. He is obliged, consequently, to contribute his share to the expense of this protection; to give his personal service, or an equivalent, when necessary; but no part of the property of any individual can, with justice, be taken from him, or applied to public uses, without his own consent, or that of the representative body of the people. In fine, the people of this commonwealth are not controllable by any other laws than those to which their constitutional representative body have given

their consent. And whenever the public exigencies require that the property of any individual should be appropriated to public uses, he shall receive a reasonable compensation therefor.

ART. XI. Every subject of the commonwealth ought to find a certain remedy, by having recourse to the laws, for all injuries or wrongs which he may receive in his person, property, or character. He ought to obtain right and justice freely, and without being obliged to purchase it; completely, and without any denial; promptly, and without delay; conformably to the laws.

ART. XII. No subject shall be held to answer for any crimes or offence, until the same is fully and plainly, substantially and formally, described to him; or be compelled to accuse, or furnish evidence against himself. And every subject shall have a right to produce all proofs that may be favorable to him; to meet the witnesses against him face to face, and to be fully heard in his defence by himself, or his counsel, at his election. And no subject shall be arrested, imprisoned, despoiled, or deprived of his property, immunities, or privileges, put out of the protection of the law, exiled, or deprived of his life, liberty, or estate, but by the judgment of his peers, or the law of the land.

And the legislature shall not make any law that shall subject any person to a capital or infamous punishment, excepting for the government of the army and navy, without trial by jury.

ART. XIII. In criminal prosecutions, the verification of facts in the vicinity where they happen, is one of the greatest securities of the life, liberty, and property of the citizen.

ART. XIV. Every subject has a right to be secure from all unreasonable searches, and seizures, of his person, his house, his papers, and all his possessions. All warrants, therefore, are contrary to this right, if the cause or foundation of them be not previously supported by oath or affirmation, and if the order in the warrant to a civil officer, to make search in suspected places, or to arrest one or more suspected persons, or to seize their property, be not accompanied with a special designation of the persons or

objects of search, arrest, or seizure: and no warrant ought to be issued but in cases, and with the formalities prescribed by the laws.

ART. XV. In all controversies concerning property, and in all suits between two or more persons, except in cases in which it has heretofore been otherways used and practised, the parties have a right to a trial by jury; and this method of procedure shall be held sacred, unless, in causes arising on the high seas, and such as relate to mariners' wages, the legislature shall hereafter find it necessary to alter it.

ART. XVI. The liberty of the press is essential to the security of freedom in a state: it ought not, therefore, to be restrained in this commonwealth.

ART. XVII. The people have a right to keep and to bear arms for the common defence. And as, in time of peace, armies are dangerous to liberty, they ought not to be maintained without the consent of the legislature; and the military power shall always be held in an exact subordination to the civil authority, and be governed by it.

ART. XVIII. A frequent recurrence to the fundamental principles of the constitution, and a constant adherence to those of piety, justice, moderation, temperance, industry, and frugality, are absolutely necessary to preserve the advantages of liberty, and to maintain a free government. The people ought, consequently, to have a particular attention to all those principles, in the choice of their officers and representatives: and they have a right to require of their lawgivers and magistrates an exact and constant observance of them, in the formation and execution of the laws necessary for the good administration of the commonwealth.

ART. XIX. The people have a right, in an orderly and peaceable manner, to assemble to consult upon the common good; give instructions to their representatives, and to request of the legislative body, by the way of addresses, petitions, or remonstrances, redress of the wrongs done them, and of the grievances they suffer.

- ART. XX. The power of suspending the laws, or the execution of the laws, ought never to be exercised but by the legislature, or by authority derived from it, to be exercised in such particular cases only as the legislature shall expressly provide for.
- ART. XXI. The freedom of deliberation, speech, and debate in either house of the legislature, is so essential to the rights of the people, that it cannot be the foundation of any accusation or prosecution, action or complaint, in any other court or place whatsoever.
- ART. XXII. The legislature ought frequently to assemble for the redress of grievances, for correcting, strengthening, and confirming the laws, and for making new laws, as the common good may require.
- ART. XXIII. No subsidy, charge, tax, impost, or duties ought to be established, fixed, laid, or levied, under any pretext whatsoever, without the consent of the people or their representatives in the legislature.
- ART. XXIV. Laws made to punish for actions done before the existence of such laws, and which have not been declared crimes by preceding laws, are unjust, oppressive, and inconsistent with the fundamental principles of a free government.
- ART. XXV. No subject ought, in any case, or in any time, to be declared guilty of treason or felony by the legislature.
- ART. XXVI. No magistrate or court of law shall demand excessive bail or sureties, impose excessive fines, or inflict crnel or unusual punishments.
- ART. XXVII. In time of peace, no soldier ought to be quartered in any house without the consent of the owner; and in time of war, such quarters ought not to be made but by the civil magistrate, in a manner ordained by the legislature.

ART. XXVIII. No person can in any case be subject to law-martial, or to any penalties or pains, by virtue of that law, except those employed in the army or navy, and except the militia in actual service, but by authority of the legislature.

ART. XXIX. It is essential to the preservation of the rights of every individual, his life, liberty, property, and character that there be an impartial interpretation of the laws, and administration of justice. It is the right of every citizen to be tried by judges as free, impartial, and independent as the lot of humanity will admit. It is, therefore, not only the best policy, but for the security of the rights of the people, and of every citizen, that the judges of the supreme judicial court should hold their offices as long as they behave themselves well; and that they should have honorable salaries ascertained and established by standing laws.

ART. XXX. In the government of this commonwealth, the legislative department shall never exercise the executive and judicial powers, or either of them: the executive shall never exercise the legislative and judicial powers, or either of them: the judicial shall never exercise the legislative and executive powers, or either of them; to the end it may be a government of laws and not of men.

PART THE SECOND.

The Frame of Government.

The people, inhabiting the territory formerly called the Province of Massachusetts Bay, do hereby solemnly and mutually agree with each other, to form themselves into a free, sovereign, and independent body politic, or state, by the name of The Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

CHAPTER I.

THE LEGISLATIVE POWER.

SECTION I.

The General Court.

ARTICLE I. The department of legislation shall be formed by two branches, a Senate and House of Representatives; each of which shall have a negative on the other.

The legislative body shall assemble every year [on the last Wednesday in May, and at such other times as they shall judge necessary; and shall dissolve and be dissolved on the day next preceding the said last Wednesday in May;] and shall be styled, The General Court of Massachusetts. [See Amendments, Article X.]

ART. II. No bill or resolve of the senate or house of representatives shall become a law, and have force as such until it shall have been laid before the governor for his revisal; and if he, upon such revision, approve thereof, he shall signify his approbation by signing the same. But if he have any objection to the passing of such bill or resolve, he shall return the same, together with his objections thereto, in writing, to the senate or house of representatives, in whichsoever the same shall have originated; who shall enter the objections sent down by the governor, at large, on their records, and proceed to reconsider the said bill or resolve.

But if after such reconsideration, two-thirds of the said senate or house of representatives, shall, notwithstanding the said objections, agree to pass the same, it shall, together with the objections, be sent to the other branch of the legislature, where it shall also be reconsidered, and if approved by two-thirds of the members present, shall have the force of a law; but in all such cases, the votes of both houses shall be determined by yeas and nays; and the names of the persons voting for, or against, the said bill or resolve, shall be entered upon the public records of the commonwealth.

And in order to prevent unnecessary delays, if any bill or resolve shall not be returned by the governor within five days after it shall have been presented, the same shall have the force of a law. [See Amendments, Article I.]

ART. III. The general court shall forever have full power and authority to erect and constitute judicatories and courts of record, or other courts, to be held in the name of the commonwealth, for the hearing, trying, and determining of all manner of crimes, offences, pleas, processes, plaints, actions, matters, causes and things, whatsoever, arising or happening within the commonwealth, or between or concerning persons inhabiting, or residing, or brought within the same: whether the same be criminal or civil, or whether the said crimes be capital or not capital, and whether the said pleas be real, personal, or mixed; and for the awarding and making out of execution thereupon. To which courts and judicatories are hereby given and granted full power and authority, from time to time, to administer oaths or affirmations, for the better discovery of truth in any matter in controversy or depending before them.

ART. IV. And further, full power and authority are hereby given and granted to the said general court from time to time to make, ordain, and establish, all manner of wholesome and reasonable orders, laws, statutes, and ordinances, directions and instructions, either with penalties or without; so as the same be not repugnant or contrary to this constitution, as they shall judge to be for the good and welfare of this commonwealth, and for the government and ordering thereof, and of the subjects of the same,

and for the necessary support and defence of the government thereof; and to name and settle annually, or provide by fixed laws for the naming and settling, all civil officers within the said commonwealth, the election and constitution of whom are not hereafter in this form of government otherwise provided for; and to set forth these several duties, powers, and limits, of the several civil and military officers of this commonwealth, and the forms of such oaths or affirmations as shall be respectively administered unto them for the execution of their several offices and places. so as the same be not repugnant or contrary to this constitution: and to impose and levy proportional and reasonable assessments. rates, and taxes, upon all the inhabitants of, and persons resident, and estates lying, within the said commonwealth, and also to impose and levy reasonable duties and excises upon any produce, goods, wares, merchandise, and commodities, whatsoever, brought into, produced, manufactured, or being within the same; to be issued and disposed of by warrant, under the hand of the governor of this commonwealth for the time being, with the advice and consent of the council, for the public service, in the necessary defence and support of the government of the said commonwealth, and the protection and preservation of the subjects thereof, according to such acts as are or shall be in force within the same.

And while the public charges of government, or any part thereof, shall be assessed on polls and estates, in the manner that has hitherto been practised, in order that such assessments may be made with equality, there shall be a valuation of estates within the commonwealth, taken anew once in every ten years at least, and as much oftener as the general court shall order. [See Amendments, Article II.]

CHAPTER I.

SECTION II.

Senate.

ARTICLE I. [There shall be annually elected, by the free-holders and other inhabitants of this commonwealth, qualified as in this constitution is provided, forty persons to be councillors

and senators for the year ensuing their election; to be chosen by the inhabitants of the districts into which the commonwealth may from time to time be divided by the general court for that purpose; and the general court, in assigning the numbers to be elected by the respective districts, shall govern themselves by the proportion of the public taxes paid by the said districts; and timely make known to the inhabitants of the commonwealth the limits of each district, and the number of councillors and senators to be chosen therein; provided, that the number of such districts shall never be less than thirteen; and that no district be so large as to entitle the same to choose more than six senators. [See Amendments, Articles XIII., XVI., XXII.]

And the several counties in this commonwealth shall, until the general court shall determine it necessary to alter the said districts, be districts for the choice of councillors and senators, (except that the counties of Dukes County and Nantucket shall form one district for that purpose) and shall elect the following number for councillors and senators, viz.:—Suffolk, six; Essex, six; Middlesex, five; Hampshire, four; Plymouth, three; Barnstable, one; Bristol, three; York, two; Dukes County and Nantucket, one; Worcester, five; Cumberland, one; Lincoln, one; Berkshire; two.]

ART. II. The senate shall be the first branch of the legislature; and the senators shall be chosen in the following manner, viz.: there shall be a meeting on the [first Monday in April,] annually, forever, of the inhabitants of each town in the several counties of this commonwealth; to be called by the selectmen, and warned in due course of law, at least seven days before the [first Monday in April, for the purpose of electing persons to be senators and councillors: [and at such meetings every male inhabitant of twenty-one years of age and upwards, having a freehold estate within the commonwealth, of the annual income of three pounds. or any estate of the value of sixty pounds, shall have a right to give in his vote for the senators for the district of which he is an inhabitant] And to remove all doubts concerning the meaning of the word "inhabitant" in this constitution, every person shall be considered as an inhabitant, for the purpose of electing and being elected into any office, or place within this state, in that town, district, or plantation where he dwelleth, or hath his home. [See Amendments, Articles II., III., X., XV., XX., XXII., XXIII., XXVII., XXVIII., XXXII., XXXII.]

The selectmen of the several towns shall preside at such meetings impartially; and shall receive the votes of all the inhabitants of such towns present and qualified to vote for senators, and shall sort and count them in open town meeting, and in presence of the town clerk, who shall make a fair record, in presence of the selectmen, and in open town meeting, of the name of every person voted for, and of the number of votes against his name: and a fair copy of this record shall be attested by the selectmen and the town clerk, and shall be sealed up, directed to the secretary of the commonwealth for the time being, with a superscription, expressing the purport of the contents thereof, and delivered by the town clerk of such towns, to the sheriff of the county in which such town lies, thirty days at least before [the last Wednesday in May annually; or it shall be delivered into the secretary's office seventeen days at least before the said flast Wednesday in May :] and the sheriff of each county shall deliver all such certificates by him received, into the secretary's office, seventeen days before the said [last Wednesday in May.] [See Amendments, Articles II., X.1

And the inhabitants of plantations unincorporated qualified as this constitution provides, who are or shall be empowered and required to assess taxes upon themselves toward the support of government, shall have the same privilege of voting for councillors and senators in the plantations where they reside, as town inhabitants have in their respective towns; and the plantation meetings for that purpose shall be held annually [on the same first Monday in April], at such place in the plantations, respectively, as the assessors thereof shall direct; which assessors shall have like authority for notifying the electors, collecting and returning the votes, as the selectmen and town clerks have in their several towns, by this constitution. And all other persons living in places unincorporated (qualified as aforesaid) who shall be assessed to the support of government by the assessors of an adjacent town, shall have the privilege of giving in their votes for councillors and senators in the town where they shall be assessed, and be notified of the place of meeting by the selectmen of the town where they shall be assessed for that purpose, accordingly. [See Amendments, Article XV.]

ART. III. And that there may be a due convention of senators on the [last Wednesday in May] annually, the governor with five of the council, for the time being, shall, as soon as may be, examine the return copies of such records; and fourteen days before the said day he shall issue his summons to such persons as shall appear to be chosen by [a majority of] voters, to attend on that day, and take their seats accordingly: provided, nevertheless, that for the first year the said returned copies shall be examined by the president and five of the council of the former constitution of government; and the said president shall, in like manner, issue his summons to the persons so elected, that they may take their seats as aforesaid. [See Amendments, Articles X., XIV.]

ART. IV. The senate shall be the final judge of the elections. returns and qualifications of their own members, as pointed out in the constitution; and shall, [on the said last Wednesday in Mayl annually, determine and declare who are elected by each district to be senators [by a majority of votes; and in case there shall not appear to be the full number of senators returned elected by a majority of votes for any district, the deficiency shall be supplied in the following manner, viz.: The members of the house of representatives, and such senators as shall be declared elected, shall take the names of such persons as shall be found to have the highest number of votes in such district, and not elected, amounting to twice the number of senators wanting, if there be so many voted for; and out of these shall elect by ballot a number of senators sufficient to fill up the vacancies in such district; and in this manner all such vacancies shall be filled up in every district of the commonwealth; and in like manner all vacancies in the senate, arising by death, removal out of the state, or otherwise, shall be supplied as soon as may be, after such vacancies shall happen. [See Amendments, Articles X., XIV., XXIV.]

ART. V. Provided, nevertheless, that no person shall be capable of being elected as a senator, [who is not seised in his own

right of a freehold, within this commonwealth, of the value of three hundred pounds at least, or possessed of personal estate to the value of six hundred pounds at least, or of both to the amount of the same sum, and] who has not been an inhabitant of this commonwealth for the space of five years immediately preceding his election, and, at the time of his election, he shall be an inhabitant in the district for which he shall be chosen. [See Amendments, Articles XIII., XXII.]

ART. VI. The senate shall have power to adjourn themselves, provided such adjournments do not exceed two days at a time.

ART. VII. The senate shall choose its own president, appoint its own officers, and determine its own rules of proceedings.

ART. VIII. The senate shall be a court with full authority to hear and determine all impeachments made by the house of representatives, against any officer or officers of the commonwealth, for misconduct and mal-administration in their offices. But previous to the trial of every impeachment the members of the senate shall respectively be sworn, truly and impartially to try and determine the charge in question, according to evidence. Their judgment, however, shall not extend further than to removal from office and disqualification to hold or enjoy any place of honor, trust, or profit, under this commonwealth: but the party so convicted shall be, nevertheless, liable to indictment, trial, judgment, and punishment, according to the laws of the land.

ART. IX. [Not less than sixteen members of the senate shall constitute a quorum for doing business.] [See Amendments, Articles XXII., XXXIII.]

CHAPTER I.

SECTION III.

House of Representatives.

ARTICLE I. There shall be, in the legislature of this commonwealth, a representation of the people, annually elected, and founded upon the principle of equality.

ART. II. [And in order to provide for a representation of the citizens of this commonwealth, founded upon the principle of equality, every corporate town containing one hundred and fifty ratable polls may elect one representative; every corporate town containing three hundred and seventy-five ratable polls may elect two representatives; every corporate town containing six hundred ratable polls may elect three representatives; and proceeding in that manner, making two hundred and twenty-five ratable polls the mean increasing number for every additional representative. [See Amendments, Articles XII., XIII., XXI.]

Provided, nevertheless, that each town now incorporated, not having one hundred and fifty ratable polls, may elect one representative; but no place shall hereafter be incorporated with the privilege of electing a representative, unless there are within the same one hundred and fifty ratable polls.]

And the house of representatives shall have power from time to time to impose fines upon such towns as shall neglect to choose and return members to the same, agreeably to this constitution.

[The expenses of travelling to the general assembly, and returning home, once in every session, and no more, shall be paid by the government, out of the public treasury, to every member who shall attend as seasonably as he can, in the judgment of the house, and does not depart without leave.] [See Amendments, Article XXXV.]

ART. III. Every member of the house of representatives shall be chosen by written votes; [and, for one year at least next preceding his election, shall have been an inhabitant of, and have been seised in his own right of a freehold of the value of one hundred pounds within the town he shall be chosen to represent, or any ratable estate to the value of two hundred pounds; and he shall cease to represent the said town immediately on his ceasing to be qualified as aforesaid.] [See Amendments, Articles XIII., XXI.]

ART. IV. [Every male person, being twenty-one years of age, and resident in any particular town in this commonwealth for the space of one year next preceding, having a freehold estate within the same town of the annual income of three pounds, or any estate of the value of sixty pounds, shall have a right to vote

in the choice of a representative or representatives for the said town.] [See Amendments, Articles III., XX., XXIII., XXVI., XXVIII.]

- ART. V. [The members of the house of representatives shall be chosen annually in the month of May, ten days at least before the last Wednesday of that month] [See Amendments, Articles X., XV.]
- ART. VI. The house of representatives shall be the grand inquest of this commonwealth; and all impeachments made by them shall be heard and tried by the senate
- ART. VII. All money bills shall originate in the house of representatives; but the senate may propose or concur with amendments, as on other bills.
- ART. VIII. The house of representatives shall have power to adjourn themselves; provided such adjournment shall not exceed two days at a time.
- ART. IX. [Not less than sixty members of the house of representatives shall constitute a quorum for doing business.] [See Amendments, Articles XXI., XXXIII.]
- ART. X. The house of representatives shall be the judge of the returns, elections, and qualifications of its own members, as pointed out in the constitution; shall choose their own speaker; appoint their own officers, and settle the rules and orders of proceeding in their own house. They shall have authority to punish by imprisonment every person, not a member, who shall be guilty of disrespect to the house, by any disorderly or contemptuous behavior in its presence; or who, in the town where the general court is sitting, and during the time of its sitting, shall threaten harm to the body or estate of any of its members, for any thing said or done in the house; or who shall assault, any of them therefor; or who shall assault, or arrest, any witness, or other person, ordered to attend the house, in his way in going or returning; or who shall rescue any person arrested by the order of the house.

And no member of the house of representatives shall be arrested, or held to bail on mesne process, during his going unto, returning from, or his attending the general assembly.

ART. XI. The senate shall have the same powers in the like cases; and the governor and council shall have the same authority to punish in like cases: provided, that no imprisonment on the warrant or order of the governor, council, senate, or house of representatives, or either of the above described offences, be for a term exceeding thirty days.

And the senate and house of representatives may try and determine all cases where their rights and privileges are concerned, and which, by the constitution, they have authority to try and determine, by committees of their own members, or in such other way as they may respectively think best.

CHAPTER II.

EXECUTIVE POWER.

SECTION L.

Governor.

ARTICLE I. There shall be a supreme executive magistrate, who shall be styled—The Governor of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts; and whose title shall be—His Excellency.

ART. II. The governor shall be chosen annually; and no person shall be eligible to this office, unless, at the time of his election, he shall have been an inhabitant of this commonwealth for seven years next preceding; [and unless he shall at the same time be seised in his own right, of a freehold, within the commonwealth, of the value of one thousand pounds;] [and unless he shall declare himself to be of the christian religion.] [See Amendments, Articles VII., XXXIV.]

ART. III. Those persons who shall be qualified to vote for senators and representatives within the several towns of this commonwealth shall, at a meeting to be called for that purpose, on the [first Monday of April] annually, give in their votes for a governor,

to the selectmen, who shall preside at such meetings; and the town clerk, in the presence and with the assistance of the selectmen, shall, in open town meeting, sort and count the votes, and form a list of the persons voted for, with the number of votes for each person against his name; and shall make a fair record of the same in the town books, and a public declaration thereof in the said meeting; and shall, in the presence of the inhabitants, seal up copies of the said list, attested by him and the selectmen, and transmit the same to the sheriff of the county, thirty days at least before the [last Wednesday in May]; and the sheriff shall transmit the same to the secretary's office, seventeen days at least before the said [last Wednesday in May]; or the selectmen may cause returns of the same to be made to the office of the secretary of the commonwealth, seventeen days at least before the said day; and the secretary shall lay the same before the senate and the house of representatives on the [last Wednesday in May], to be by them examined; and fin case of an election by a majority of all the votes returned], the choice shall be by them declared and published; [but if no person shall have a majority of votes, the house of representatives shall, by ballot, elect two out of four persons who had the highest number of votes, if so many shall have been voted for; but, if otherwise, out of the number voted for: and make return to the senate of the two persons so elected; on which the senate shall proceed, by ballot, to elect one, who shall be declared governor.] [See Amendments, Articles II., X., XIV., XV.1

ART. IV. The governor shall have authority, from time to time, at his discretion, to assemble and call together the councillors of this commonwealth for the time being; and the governor with the said councillors, or five of them at least, shall, and may, from time to time, hold and keep a council, for the ordering and directing the affairs of the commonwealth, agreeably to the constitution and the laws of the land.

ART. V. The governor, with advice of council, shall have full power and authority, during the session of the general court, to adjourn or prorogue the same to any time the two houses shall desire; [and to dissolve the same on the day next preceding the

last Wednesday in May; and, in the recess of the said court, to prorogue the same from time to time, not exceeding ninety days in any one recess;] and to call it together sooner than the time to which it may be adjourned or prorogued, if the welfare of the commonwealth shall require the same; and in case of any infectious distemper prevailing in the place where the said court is next at any time to convene, or any other cause happening, whereby danger may arise to the health or lives of the members from their attendance, he may direct the session to be held at some other, the most convenient place within the state. [See Amendments, Article X.]

[And the governor shall dissolve the said general court on the day next preceding the last Wednesday in May] [See Amendments, Article X.]

ART. VI. In cases of disagreement between the two houses, with regard to the necessity, expediency, or time of adjournment or prorogation, the governor, with advice of the council, shall have a right to adjourn or prorogue the general court, not exceeding ninety days, as he shall determine the public good shall require.

ART. VII. The governor of this commonwealth, for the time being, shall be the commander-in-chief of the army and navy. and of all military forces of the state, by sea and land; and shall have full power, by himself, or by any commander, or other officer or officers, from time to time, to train, instruct, exercise, and govern the militia and navy; and, for the special defence and safety of the commonwealth, to assemble in martial array, and put in warlike posture, the inhabitants thereof, and to lead and conduct them, and with them to encounter, repel, resist. expel, and pursue, by force of arms, as well by sea as by land, within or without the limits of this commonwealth, and also to kill, slay, and destroy, if necessary, and conquer, by all fitting ways, enterprises, and means whatsoever, all and every such person and persons as shall, at any time hereafter, in a hostile manner, attempt or enterprise the destruction, invasion, detriment, or annoyance of this commonwealth; and to use and exercise, over the army and navy, and over the militia in actual service, the law-martial, in time of war or invasion, and also in time of rebellion, declared by the legislature to exist, as occasion shall necessarily require; and to take and surprise, by all ways and means whatsoever, all and every such person or persons, with their ships, arms, ammunition, and other goods, as shall, in a hostile manner, invade, or attempt the invading, conquering, or annoying this commonwealth; and that the governor be intrusted with all these and other powers, incident to the offices of captain-general and commander-in-chief, and admiral to be exercised agreeably to the rules and regulations of the constitution, and the laws of the land, and not otherwise.

Provided, that the said governor shall not, at any time hereafter, by virtue of any power by this constitution granted, or hereafter to be granted to him by the legislature, transport any of the inhabitants of this commonwealth, or oblige them to march out of the limits of the same, without their free and voluntary consent, or the consent of the general court; except so far as may be necessary to march or transport them by land or water, for the defence of such part of the state to which they cannot otherwise conveniently have access.

ART. VIII. The power of pardoning offences, except such as persons may be convicted of before the senate by an impeachment of the house, shall be in the governor, by and with the advice of council; but no charter of pardon, granted by the governor, with advice of the council before conviction, shall avail the party pleading the same, notwithstanding any general or particular expressions contained therein, descriptive of the offence or offences intended to be pardoned.

ART. IX. All judicial officers, [the attorney-general.] the solicitor-general, [all sheriffs,] coroners, [and registers of probate,] shall be nominated and appointed by the governor, by and with the advice and consent of the council; and every such nomination shall be made by the governor, and made at least seven days prior to such appointment. [See Amendments, Articles IV., XVII., XIX.]

ART. X. The captains and subalterns of the militia shall be elected by the written votes of the train-band and alarm list of

their respective companies, [of twenty-one years of age and upwards;] the field officers of regiments shall be elected by the written votes of the captains and subalterns of their respective regiments; the brigadiers shall be elected, in like manner, by the field officers of their respective brigades; and such officers, so elected, shall be commissioned by the governor, who shall determine their rank. [See Amendments, Article V.]

The legislature shall, by standing laws, direct the time and manner of convening the electors, and of collecting votes, and of certifying to the governor the officers elected.

The major-generals shall be appointed by the senate and house of representatives, each having a negative upon the other; and be commissioned by the governor. [See Amendments, Article IV.]

And if the electors of brigadiers, field officers, captains or subalterns, shall neglect or refuse to make such elections, after being duly notified, according to the laws for the time being, then the governor, with advice of council, shall appoint suitable persons to fill such offices.

[And no officer, duly commissioned to command in the militia, shall be removed from his office, but by the address of both houses to the governor, or by fair trial in court-martial, pursuant to the laws of the commonwealth for the time being.] [See Amendments, Article IV.]

The commanding officers of regiments shall appoint their adjutants and quartermasters; the brigadiers their brigade-majors; and the major-generals their aids; and the governor shall appoint the adjutant-general.

The governor, with advice of council, shall appoint all officers of the continental army, whom by the confederation of the United States it is provided that this commonwealth shall appoint, as also all officers of forts and garrisons.

The divisions of the militia into brigades, regiments and companies, made in pursuance of the militia laws now in force, shall be considered as the proper divisions of the militia of this commonwealth, until the same shall be altered in pursuance of some future law.

ART. XI. No moneys shall be issued out of the treasury of this commonwealth, and disposed of (except such sums as may be

appropriated for the redemption of bills of credit or treasurer's notes, or for the payment of interest arising thereon) but by warrant under the hand of the governor for the time being, with the advice and consent of the council, for the necessary defence and support of the commonwealth; and for the protection and preservation of the inhabitants thereof, agreeably to the acts and resolves of the general court.

ART. XII. All public boards, the commissary-general, all superintending officers of public magazines and stores, belonging to this commonwealth, and all commanding officers of forts and garrisons within the same, shall once in every three months, officially, and without requisition, and at other times, when required by the governor, deliver to him an account of all goods, stores, provisions, ammunition, cannon with their appendages, and small arms with their accoutrements, and all other public property whatever under their care respectively; distinguishing the quantity, number, quality and kind of each, as particularly as may be; together with the condition of such forts and garrisons; and the said commanding officers shall exhibit to the governor, when required by him, true and exact plans of such forts, and of the land and sea or harbor or harbors, adjacent.

And the said boards, and all public officers, shall communicate to the governor, as soon as may be after receiving the same, all letters, despatches, and intelligences of a public nature, which shall be directed to them respectively.

ART. XIII. As the public good requires that the governor should not be under the undue influence of any of the members of the general court by a dependence on them for his support, that he should in all cases act with freedom for the benefit of the public, that he should not have his attention necessarily diverted from that object to his private concerns, and that he should maintain the dignity of the commonwealth in the character of its chief magistrate, it is necessary that he should have an honorable stated salary, of a fixed and permanent value, amply sufficient for those purposes, and established by standing laws; and it shall be among the first acts of the general court, after the com-

mencement of this constitution, to establish such salary by law accordingly.

Permanent and honorable salaries shall also be established by law for the justices of the supreme judicial court.

And if it shall be found that any of the salaries aforesaid, so established, are insufficient, they shall, from time to time, be enlarged, as the general court shall judge proper.

CHAPTER II.

SECTION II.

Lieutenant-Governor.

ARTICLE I. There shall be annually elected a lieutenant-governor of the commonwealth of Massachusetts, whose title shall be—His Honor; and who shall be qualified, in point of [religion,] property, and residence in the commonwealth, in the same manner with the governor; and the day and manner of his election, and the qualifications of the electors, shall be the same as are required in the election of a governor. The return of the votes for this officer, and the declaration of his election, shall be in the same manner; [and if no one person shall be found to have a majority of all the votes returned, the vacancy shall be filled by the senate and house of representatives, in the same manner as the governor is to be elected, in case no one person shall have a majority of the votes of the people to be governor.] [See Amendments, Articles VII., XIV., XXXIV.]

ART. II. The governor, and in his absence the lieutenant-governor, shall be president of the council, but shall have no vote in council; and the lieutenant-governor shall always be a member of the council, except when the chair of the governor shall be vacant.

ART. III. Whenever the chair of the governor shall be vacant, by reason of his death, or absence from the commonwealth, or otherwise, the lieutenant-governor, for the time being, shall, during such vacancy, perform all the duties incumbent upon the

governor, and shall have and exercise all the powers and authorities, which by this constitution the governor is vested with, when personally present.

CHAPTER II.

SECTION III.

Council, and the Manner of Settling Elections by the Legislature.

ARTICLE I. There shall be a council for advising the governor in the executive part of the government, to consist of [nine] persons besides the lieutenant-governor, whom the governor, for the time being, shall have full power and authority, from time to time, at his discretion, to assemble and call together; and the governor, with the said councillors, or five of them at least, shall and may, from time to time, hold and keep a council, for the ordering and directing the affairs of the commonwealth, according to the laws of the land. [See Amendments, Article XVI.]

ART. II. [Nine councillors shall be annually chosen from among the persons returned for councillors and senators, on the last Wednesday in May, by the joint ballot of the senators and representatives assembled in one room; and in case there shall not be found upon the first choice, the whole number of nine persons who will accept a seat in the council, the deficiency shall be made up by the electors aforesaid from among the people at large; and the number of senators left shall constitute the senate for the year. The seats of the persons thus elected from the senate, and accepting the trust, shall be vacated in the senate.] [See Amendments, Articles X., XIII., XVI.]

ART. III. The councillors, in the civil arrangements of the commonwealth, shall have rank next after the lieutenant-governor.

ART. IV. [Not more than two councillors shall be chosen out of any one district of this commonwealth.] [See Amendments, Article XVI.]

ART. V. The resolutions and advice of the council shall be recorded in a register, and signed by the members present; and this record may be called for at any time by either house of the legislature; and any member of the council may insert his opinion, contrary to the resolution of the majority.

ART. VI. Whenever the office of the governor and lieutenant-governor shall be vacant, by reason of death, absence, or otherwise, then the council, or the major part of them, shall during such vacancy, have full power and authority to do, and execute, all and every such acts, matters, and things, as the governor or the lieutenant-governor might or could, by virtue of this constitution, do or execute, if they, or either of them, were personally present.

ART. VII. [And whereas the elections appointed to be made, by this constitution, on the last Wednesday in May annually, by the two houses of the legislature, may not be completed on that day, the said elections may be adjourned from day to day until the same shall be completed. And the order of elections shall be as follows; the vacancies in the senate, if any, shall first be filled up; the governor and lieutenant-governor shall then be elected, provided there should be no choice of them by the people; and afterwards the two houses shall proceed to the election of the council.] [See Amendments, Articles XVI., XXV.]

CHAPTER II.

SECTION IV.

Secretary, Treasurer, Commissary, etc.

ARTICLE I. [The secretary, treasurer, and receiver-general, and the commissary-general, notaries public, and] naval officers, shall be chosen annually, by joint ballot of the senators and representatives in one room. And, that the citizens of this commonwealth may be assured, from time to time, that the moneys remaining in the public treasury, upon the settlement and liquida-

tion of the public accounts, are their property, no man shall be eligible as treasurer and receiver-general more than five years successively. [See Amendments, Articles IV., XVII.]

ART. II. The records of the commonwealth shall be kept in the office of the secretary, who may appoint his deputies, for whose conduct he shall be accountable; and he shall attend the governor and council, the senate and house of representatives, in person, or by his deputies, as they shall respectively require.

CHAPTER III.

JUDICIARY POWER.

ARTICLE I The tenure, that all commission officers shall by law have in their offices, shall be expressed in their respective commissions. All judicial officers, duly appointed, commissioned, and sworn, shall hold their offices during good behavior, excepting such concerning whom there is different provision made in this constitution; provided, nevertheless, the governor, with consent of the council, may remove them upon the address of both houses of the legislature.

ART. II Each branch of the legislature, as well as the governor and council, shall have authority to require the opinions of the justices of the supreme judicial court, upon important questions of law, and upon solemn occasions.

ART. III. In order that the people may not suffer from the long continuance in place of any justice of the peace who shall fail of discharging the important duties of his office with ability or fidelity, all commissions of justices of the peace shall expire and become void, in the term of seven years from their respective dates; and, upon the expiration of any commission, the same may, if necessary, be renewed, or another person appointed, as shall most conduce to the well-being of the commonwealth.

ART. IV. The judges of probate of wills, and for granting letters of administration, shall hold their courts at such place or places, on fixed days, as the convenience of the people shall require; and the legislature shall, from time to time, hereafter, appoint such times and places; until which appointments, the said courts shall be holden at the times and places which the respective judges shall direct.

ART V. All causes of marriage, divorce, and alimony, and all appeals from the judges of probate, shall be heard and determined by the governor and council, until the legislature shall, by law, make other provision.

CHAPTER IV.

DELEGATES TO CONGRESS.

[The delegates of this commonwealth to the congress of the United States, shall, some time in the month of June, annually, be elected by the joint ballot of the senate and house of representatives, assembled together in one room; to serve in congress for one year, to commence on the first Monday in November then next ensuing. They shall have commissions under the hand of the governor, and the great seal of the commonwealth; but may be recalled at any time within the year, and others chosen and commissioned, in the same manner, in their stead.]

CHAPTER V.

THE UNIVERSITY AT CAMBRIDGE AND ENCOURAGEMENT OF LITERATURE, ETC.

SECTION I.

The University.

ARTICLE I. Whereas our wise and pions ancestors, so early as the year one thousand six hundred and thirty-six, laid the

foundation of Harvard College, in which university many persons of great eminence have, by the blessing of God, been initiated in those arts and sciences which qualified them for public employments, both in church and state, and whereas the encouragement of arts and sciences, and all good literature, tends to the honor of Gop, the advantage of the Christian religion, and the great benefit of this and the other United States of America, -it is declared, that the President and Fellows of Harvard College, in their corporate capacity, and their successors in that capacity, their officers and servants, shall have, hold, use, exercise, and enjoy, all the powers, authorities, rights, liberties, privileges, immunities, and franchises, which they now have, or are entitled to have, hold, use, exercise, and enjoy; and the same are hereby ratified and confirmed unto them, the said president and fellows of Harvard College, and to their successors, and to their officers and servants, respectively, forever.

ART. II. And whereas there have been at sundry times, by divers persons, gifts, grants, devises of houses, lands, tenements, goods, chattels, legacies, and conveyances, heretofore, made, either to Harvard College in Cambridge, in New England, or to the president and fellows of Harvard College, or to the said college by some other description under several charters, successively; it is declared, that all the said gifts, grants, devises, legacies, and conveyances, are hereby forever confirmed unto the president and fellows of Harvard College, and to their successors in the capacity aforesaid, according to the true intent and meaning of the donor or donors, grantor or grantors, devisor or devisors.

ART. III. And whereas, by an act of the general court of the colony of Massachusetts Bay, passed in the year one thousand six hundred and forty-two, the governor and deputy-governor, for the time being, and all the magistrates of that jurisdiction, were, with the president, and a number of the clergy in the said act described, constituted the overseers of Harvard College; and it being necessary, in this new constitution of government to ascertain who shall be deemed successors to the said governor, deputy-governor, and magistrates; it is declared, that the gov-

ernor, lieutenant-governor, council, and senate of this commonwealth, are, and shall be deemed, their successors, who with the president of Harvard College, for the time being, together with the ministers of the congregational churches in the towns of Cambridge, Watertown, Charlestown, Boston, Roxbury, and Dorchester, mentioned in the said act, shall be, and hereby are, vested with all the powers and authority belonging, or in any way appertaining to the overseers of Harvard College; provided, that nothing herein shall be construed to prevent the legislature of this commonwealth from making such alterations in the government of the said university, as shall be conducive to its advantage, and the interest of the republic of letters, in as full a manner as might have been done by the legislature of the late Province of the Massachusetts Bay.

CHAPTER V.

SECTION II.

The Encouragement of Literature, etc.

Wisdom and knowledge, as well as virtue, diffused generally among the body of the people, being necessary for the preservation of their rights and liberties; and as these depend on spreading the opportunities and advantages of education in the various parts of the country, and among the different orders of the people, it shall be the duty of legislatures and magistrates, in all future periods of this commonwealth, to cherish the interest of literature and the sciences, and all seminaries of them; especially the university at Cambridge, public schools and grammar schools in the towns; to encourage private societies and public institutions, rewards and immunities, for the promotion of agriculture, arts, sciences, commerce, trades, manufactures, and a natural history of the country; to countenance and inculcate the principles of humanity and general benevolence, public and private charity, industry and frugality, honesty and punctuality in their dealings; sincerity, good humor, and all social affections, and generous sentiments, among the people. See Amendments, Article XVIII.]

CHAPTER VI.

OATHS AND SUBSCRIPTIONS; INCOMPATIBILITY OF AND EXCLUSION FROM OFFICES; PECUNIARY QUALIFICATIONS; COMMISSIONS; WRITS; CONFORMATION OF LAWS; HABEAS CORPUS; THE ENACTING STYLE; CONTINUANCE OF OFFICERS; PROVISION FOR A FUTURE REVISAL OF THE CONSTITUTION, ETC.

ARTICLE I. [Any person chosen governor, lieutenant-governor, councillor, senator, or representative, and accepting the trust, shall, before he proceed to execute the duties of his place or office, make and subscribe the following declaration, viz:

"I, A. B., do declare, that I believe the Christian religion, and have a firm persuasion of its truth, and that I am seised and possessed, in my own right, of the property required by the constitution, as one qualification for the office or place to which I am elected." [See Amendments, Article VII.]

And the governor, lientenant-governor, and councillors, shall make and subscribe the said declaration, in the presence of the two houses of assembly; and the senators and representatives, first elected under this constitution, before the president and five of the council of the former constitution; and forever afterwards before the governor and council for the time being.]

And every person chosen to either of the places or offices aforesaid as also any person appointed or commissioned to any judicial, executive, military, or other office under the government, shall, before he enters on the discharge of the business of his place or office, take and subscribe the following declaration, and oaths or affirmations, viz.:

["I, A. B., do truly and sincerely acknowledge, profess, testify, and declare, that the Commonwealth of Massachusetts is, and of right ought to be, a free, sovereign, and independent state; and I do swear that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the said commonwealth, and that I will defend the same against traitorous conspiracies and all hostile attempts whatsoever; and that I do renounce and abjure all allegiance, subjection, and obedience to the king, queen, or government of Great Britain (as the case may be), and every other foreign power whatsoever; and that no foreign prince, person, prelate, state, or potentate, hath, or ought to have, any jurisdiction, superiority, preëminence, authority,

dispensing or other power, in any matter, civil, ecclesiastical, or spiritual, within this commonwealth, except the authority and power which is or may be vested by their constituents in the congress of the United States: and I do further testify and declare, that no man or body of men hath or can have any right to absolve or discharge me from the obligation of this oath, declaration, or affirmation; and that I do make this acknowledgment, profession, testimony, declaration, denial, renunciation, and abjuration, heartily and truly, according to the common meaning and acceptation of the foregoing words, without any equivocation, mental evasion, or secret reservation whatsoever. So help me, God."] [See Amendments, Article VI.]

"I, A. B., do solemnly swear and affirm, that I will faithfully and impartially discharge and perform all the duties incumbent on me as according to the best of my abilities and understanding, agreeably to the rules and regulations of the constitution and the laws of the commonwealth. So help me, Gop."

Provided, always, that when any person chosen or appointed as aforesaid, shall be of the denomination of the people called Quakers, and shall decline taking the said oath[s], he shall make his affirmation in the foregoing form, and subscribe the same, omitting the words ["Ido swear," "and abjure," "oath or," "and abjuration," in the first oath; and in the second oath, the words] "swear and," and [in each of them] the words "So help me, Gon;" subjoining instead thereof, "This I do under the pains and penalties of perjury." [See Amendments, Article VI.]

And the said oaths or affirmations shall be taken and subscribed by the governor, lieutenant-governor, and councillors, before the president of the senate, in the presence of the two houses of assembly; and by the senators and representatives first elected under this constitution, before the president and five of the council of the former constitution; and forever afterwards before the governor and council for the time being; and by the residue of the officers aforesaid, before such persons and in such manner as from time to time shall be prescribed by the legislature.

ART. II. No governor, lieutenant-governor, or judge of the supreme judicial court, shall hold any other office or place, under the authority of this commonwealth, except such as by this con-

stitution they are admitted to hold, saving that the judges of the said court may hold the offices of justices of the peace through the state; nor shall they hold any other place or office, or receive any pension or salary from any other state or government or power whatever. [See Amendments, Article VIII]

No person shall be capable of holding or exercising at the same time, within this state, more than one of the following offices, viz.: judge of probate — sheriff — register of probate — or register of deeds; and never more than any two offices, which are to be held by appointment of the governor, or the governor and council, or the senate, or the house of representatives, or by the election of the people of the state at large, or of the people of any county, military offices, and the offices of justices of the peace excepted, shall be held by one person.

No person holding the office of judge of the supreme judicial court — secretary — attorney-general — solicitor-general — treasurer or receiver-general — judge of probate — commissary-general — [president, professor, or instructor of Harvard College] — sheriff—clerk of the house of representatives—register of probate—register of deeds—clerk of the supreme judicial court—clerk of the inferior court of common pleas—or officer of the customs, including in this description naval officers—shall at the same time have a seat in the senate or house of representatives; but their being chosen or appointed to, and accepting the same, shall operate as a resignation of their seat in the senate or house of representatives; and the place so vacated shall be filled up. [See Amendments, Articles VIII., XXVII.]

And the same rule shall take place in case any judge of the said supreme judicial court, or judge of probate, shall accept a seat in council; or any councillor shall accept of either of those offices or places.

And no person shall ever be admitted to hold a seat in the legislature, or any office of trust or importance under the government of this commonwealth, who shall, in the due course of law, have been convicted of bribery or corruption in obtaining an election or appointment.

ART. III. In all cases where sums of mouey are mentioned in this constitution, the value thereof shall be computed in silver, at

six shillings and eight pence per ounce; and it shall be in the power of the legislature, from time to time, to increase such qualifications, as to property, of the persons to be elected to offices, as the circumstances of the commonwealth shall require. [See Amendments, Articles XIII., XXXIV.]

- ART. IV. All commissions shall be in the name of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, signed by the governor and attested by the secretary or his deputy, and have the great seal of the commonwealth affixed thereto.
- ART. V. All writs, issuing out of the clerk's office in any of the courts of law, shall be in the name of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts; they shall be under the seal of the court from whence they issue; they shall bear test of the first justice of the court to which they shall be returnable, who is not a party, and be signed by the clerk of such court.
- ART. VI. All the laws which have heretofore been adopted, used, and approved in the Province, Colony, or State of Massachusetts Bay, and usually practised on in the courts of law, shall still remain and be in full force, until altered or repealed by the legislature; such parts only excepted as are repugnant to the rights and liberties contained in this constitution.
- ART. VII. The privilege and benefit of the writ of habeas corpus shall be enjoyed in this commonwealth, in the most free, easy, cheap, expeditious, and ample manner; and shall not be suspended by the legislature, except upon the most urgent and pressing occasions, and for a limited time, not exceeding twelve months.
- ART. VIII. The enacting style, in making and passing all acts, statutes, and laws, shall be "Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives, in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same."
- ART. IX. To the end there may be no failure of justice, or danger arise to the commonwealth from a change of the form of government, all officers, civil and military, holding commissions under the government and people of Massachusetts Bay in New

England, and all other officers of the said government and people, at the time this constitution shall take effect, shall have, hold, use, exercise, and enjoy, all the powers and authority to them granted or committed, until other persons shall be appointed in their stead; and all courts of law shall proceed in the execution of the business of their respective departments; and all the executive and legislative officers, bodies, and powers shall continue in full force, in the enjoyment and exercise of all their trusts, employments and authority; until the general court, and the supreme and executive officers under this constitution are designated and invested with their respective trusts, powers, and authority.

ART. X. [In order the more effectually to adhere to the principles of the constitution, and to correct those violations which by any means may be made therein, as well as to form such alterations as from experience shall be found necessary, the general court which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-five, shall issue precepts to the selectmen of the several towns, and to the assessors of the unincorporated plantations, directing them to convene the qualified voters of their respective towns and plantations, for the purpose of collecting their sentiments on the necessity or expediency of revising the constitution, in order to amendments. [See Amendments, Article IX.]

And if it shall appear, by the returns made, that two-thirds of the qualified voters throughout the state who shall assemble and vote in consequence of the said precepts, are in favor of such revision or amendment, the general court shall issue precepts, or direct them to be issued from the secretary's office, to the several towns to elect delegates to meet in convention for the purpose aforesaid.

The said delegates to be chosen in the same manner and proportion as their representatives in the second branch of the legislature are by this constitution to be chosen.]

ART. XI. This form of government shall be enrolled on parchment, and deposited in the secretary's office, and be a part of the laws of the land; and printed copies thereof shall be prefixed to the book containing the laws of the commonwealth, in all future editions of the said laws.

ARTICLES OF AMENDMENT.

ARTICLE I. If any bill or resolve shall be objected to, and not approved by the governor; and if the general court shall adjourn within five days after the same shall have been laid before the governor for his approbation, and thereby prevent his returning it with his objections, as provided by the constitution, such bill or resolve shall not become a law, nor have force as such.

ART. II. The general court shall have full power and authority to erect and constitute municipal or city governments, in any corporate town or towns in this commonwealth, and to grant to the inhabitants thereof such powers, privileges, and immunities, not repugnant to the constitution, as the general court shall deem necessary or expedient for the regulation and government thereof, and to prescribe the manner of calling and holding public meetings of the inhabitants, in wards or otherwise, for the election of officers under the constitution, and the manner of returning the votes given at such meetings. Provided, that no such government shall be erected or constituted in any town not containing twelve thousand inhabitants, nor unless it be with the consent, and on the application of a majority of the inhabitants of such town, present and voting thereon, pursuant to a vote at a meeting duly warned and holden for that purpose. And provided, also, that all by-laws, made by such municipal or city government, shall be subject, at all times, to be annulled by the general court.

ART. III. Every male citizen of twenty-one years of age and upwards, excepting paupers and persons under guardianship, who shall have resided within the commonwealth one year, and within the town or district in which he may claim a right to vote, six calendar months next preceding any election of governor, lieutenant-governor, senators, or representatives, [and who shall have paid by himself, or his parent, master, or guardian, any state or county tax, which shall, within two years next preceding

such election, have been assessed upon him, in any town or district of this commonwealth; and also every citizen who shall be, by law, exempted from taxation, and who shall be in all other respects, qualified as above mentioned.] shall have a right to vote in such election of governor, lieutenant-governor, senators and representatives; and no other person shall be entitled to vote in such elections. [See Amendments, Articles XX., XXIII., XXVII., XXVIII., XXXII., XXXII.]

ART. IV. Notaries public shall be appointed by the governor in the same manner as judicial officers are appointed, and shall hold their offices during seven years, unless sooner removed by the governor, with the consent of the council, upon the address of both houses of the legislature.

[In case the office of secretary or treasurer of the commonwealth shall become vacant from any cause, during the recess of the general court, the governor, with the advice and consent of the council, shall nominate and appoint, under such regulations as may be prescribed by law, a competent and suitable person to such vacant office, who shall hold the same until a successor shall be appointed by the general court.] [See Amendments, Article XVII.]

Whenever the exigencies of the commonwealth shall require the appointment of a commissary-general, he shall be nominated, appointed, and commissioned, in such manner as the legislature may, by law, prescribe.

All officers commissioned to command in the militia may be removed from office in such manner as the legislature may, by law, prescribe.

- ART. V. In the elections of captains and subalterns of the militia, all the members of their respective companies, as well those under as those above the age of twenty-one years, shall have a right to vote.
- ART. VI. Instead of the oath of allegiance prescribed by the constitution, the following oath shall be taken and subscribed by every person chosen or appointed to any office, civil or military,

under the government of this commonwealth, before he shall enter on the duties of his office, to wit:-

"I, A. B., do solemnly swear, that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, and will support the constitution thereof. So help me, Gop."

Provided. That when any person shall be of the denomination called Quakers, and shall decline taking said oath, he shall make his affirmation in the foregoing form, omitting the word "swear" and inserting, instead thereof, the word "affirm" and omitting the words "So help me, God," and subjoining, instead thereof, the words, "This I do under the pains and penalties of perjury."

ART. VII. No oath, declaration, or subscription, excepting the oath prescribed in the preceding article, and the oath of office. shall be required of the governor, lieutenant-governor, councillors, senators, or representatives, to qualify them to perform the duties of their respective offices.

ART. VIII. No judge of any court of this commonwealth, (except the court of sessions,) and no person holding any office under the authority of the United States, (postmasters excepted.) shall. at the same time, hold the office of governor, lieutenant-governor. or councillor, or have a seat in the senate or house of representatives of this commonwealth; and no judge of any court in this commonwealth, (except the court of sessions,) nor the attorneygeneral, solicitor-general, county attorney, clerk of any court. sheriff, treasurer, and receiver-general, register of probate, nor register of deeds, shall continue to hold his said office after being elected a member of the Congress of the United States, and accepting that trust; but the acceptance of such trust, by any of the officers aforesaid, shall be deemed and taken to be a resignation of his said office; and judges of the courts of common pleas shall hold no other office under the government of this commonwealth. the office of justice of the peace and militia offices excepted.

ART. IX. If, at any time hereafter, any specific and particular amendment or amendments to the constitution be proposed in the general court, and agreed to by a majority of the senators and

two-thirds of the members of the house of representatives present and voting thereon, such proposed amendment or amendments shall be entered on the journals of the two houses, with the yeas and nays taken thereon, and referred to the general court then next to be chosen, and shall be published: and if, in the general court next chosen as aforesaid, such proposed amendment or amendments shall be agreed to by a majority of the senators and two-thirds of the members of the house of representatives present and voting thereon, then it shall be the duty of the general court to submit such proposed amendment or amendments to the people; and if they shall be approved and ratified by a majority of the qualified voters, voting thereon at meetings legally warned and holden for that purpose, they shall become part of the constitution of this commonwealth.

ART. X. The political year shall begin on the first Wednesday of January, instead of the last Wednesday of May; and the general court shall assemble every year on the said first Wednesday of January, and shall proceed, at that session, to make all the elections, and do all the other acts, which are by the constitution required to be made and done at the session which has heretofore commenced on the last Wednesday of May. And the general court shall be dissolved on the day next preceding the first Wednesday of January, without any proclamation or other act of the governor. But nothing herein contained shall prevent the general court from assembling at such other times as they shall judge necessary, or when called together by the governor. The governor, lieutenant-governor, and councillors, shall also hold their respective offices for one year next following the first Wednesday of January, and until others are chosen and qualified in their stead.

[The meeting for the choice of governor, lieutenant-governor, senators, and representatives, shall be held on the second Monday of November in every year; but meetings may be adjourned, if necessary, for the choice of representatives, to the next day, and again to the next succeeding day, but no further. But in case a second meeting shall be necessary for the choice of representatives, such meetings shall be held on the fourth Monday of the same month of November.] [See Amendments, Article XV.]

All the other provisions of the constitution, respecting the elections and proceedings of the members of the general court, or of any other officers or persons whatever, that have reference to the last Wednesday of May, as the commencement of the political year, shall be so far altered, as to have like reference to the first Wednesday of January.

This article shall go into operation on the first day of October. next following the day when the same shall be duly ratified and adopted as an amendment of the constitution; and the governor, lieutenant-governor, councillors, senators, representatives, and all other state officers, who are annually chosen, and who shall be chosen for the current year, when the same shall go into operation, shall hold their respective offices until the first Wednesday of January then next following, and until others are chosen and qualified in their stead, and no longer; and the first election of the governor, lieutenant-governor, senators, and representatives, to be had in virtue of this article, shall be had conformably thereunto, in the month of November following the day on which the same shall be in force, and go into operation, pursuant to the foregoing provision.

All the provisions of the existing constitution, inconsistent with the provisions herein contained, are hereby wholly annulled.

ART. XI. Instead of the third article of the bill of rights, the following modification and amendment thereof is substituted:-

"As the public worship of God and instructions in piety, religion, and morality, promote the happiness and prosperity of a people, and the security of a republican government; therefore, the several religious societies of this commonwealth, whether corporate or unincorporate, at any meeting legally warned and holden for that purpose, shall ever have the right to elect their pastors or religious teachers, to contract with them for their support, to raise money for erecting and repairing houses for public worship, for the maintenance of religious instruction, and for the payment of necessary expenses; and all persons belonging to any religious society shall be taken and held to be members until they shall file with the clerk of such society a written notice, declaring the dissolution of their membership, and thenceforth shall not be liable for any grant or contract which may be thereafter

made, or entered into by such society; and all religious sects and denominations, demeaning themselves peaceably, and as good citizens of the commonwealth, shall be equally under the protection of the law; and no subordination of any one sect or denomination to another shall ever be established by law."

ART. XII. [In order to provide for a representation of the citizens of this commonwealth, founded upon the principles of equality, a census of the ratable polls, in each city, town, or district of the commonwealth, on the first day of May, shall be taken and returned into the secretary's office, in such manner as the legislature shall provide, within the month of May, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, and in every tenth year thereafter, in the month of May, in the manner aforesaid; and each town or city having three hundred ratable polls at the last preceding decennial census of polls, may elect one representative, and for every four hundred and fifty ratable polls in addition to the first three hundred, one representative more.

Any town having less than three hundred ratable polls shall be represented thus: The whole number of ratable polls, at the last preceding decennial census of polls, shall be multiplied by ten, and the product divided by three hundred; and such town may elect one representative as many years within ten years, as three hundred is contained in the product aforesaid.

Any city or town having ratable polls enough to elect one or more representatives, with any number of polls beyond the necessary number, may be represented, as to that surplus number, by multiplying such surplus number by ten and dividing the product by four hundred and fifty; and such city or town may elect one additional representative as many years, within the ten years, as four hundred and fifty is contained in the product aforesaid.

Any two or more of the several towns and districts may, by consent of a majority of the legal voters present at a legal meeting, in each of said towns and districts, respectively, called for that purpose, and held previous to the first day of July, in the year in which the decennial census of polls shall be taken, form themselves into a representative district to continue until the next decennial census of polls, for the election of a representative, or

representatives; and such district shall have all the rights, in regard to representation, which would belong to a town containing the same number of ratable polls.

The governor and council shall ascertain and determine, within the months of July and August, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, according to the foregoing principles, the number of representatives which each city, town, and representative district is entitled to elect, and the number of years, within the period of ten years then next ensuing, that each city, town, and representative district may elect an additional representative; and where any town has not a sufficient number of polls to elect a representative each year, then, how many years within the ten years, such town may elect a representative; and the same shall be done once in ten years, thereafter, by the governor and council, and the number of ratable polls in each decennial census of polls, shall determine the number of representatives which each city, town, and representative district may elect as aforesaid; and when the number of representatives to be elected by each city, town, or representative district is ascertained and determined as aforesaid, the governor shall cause the same to be published forthwith for the information of the people, and that number shall remain fixed and unalterable for the period of ten vears.

All the provisions of the existing constitution inconsistent with the provisions herein contained, are hereby wholly annulled.] [See Amendments, Articles XIII., XXI.]

ART. XIII. [A census of the inhabitants of each city and town, on the first day of May, shall be taken, and returned into the secretary's office, on or before the last day of June, of the year one thousand eight hundred and forty, and of every tenth year thereafter; which census shall determine the apportionment of senators and representatives for the term of ten years. [See Amendments, Articles XXI., XXII.]

The several senatorial districts now existing shall be permanent. The senate shall consist of forty members; and in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty, and every tenth year thereafter, the governor and council shall assign the number of senators to be chosen in each district, according to the number of

inhabitants in the same. But, in all cases, at least one senator shall be assigned to each district. [See Amendments, Article XXII.]

The members of the house of representatives shall be apportioned in the following manner: Every town or city containing twelve hundred inhabitants may elect one representative; and two thousand four hundred inhabitants shall be the mean increasing number, which shall entitle it to an additional representative. [See Amendments, Article XXI.]

Every town containing less than twelve hundred inhabitants shall be entitled to elect a representative as many times within ten years as the number one hundred and sixty is contained in the number of the inhabitants of said town. Such towns may also elect one representative for the year in which the valuation of estates within the commonwealth shall be settled.

Any two or more of the several towns may, by consent of a majority of the legal voters present at a legal meeting, in each of said towns, respectively, called for that purpose, and held before the first day of August, in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty, and every tenth year thereafter, form themselves into a representative district, to continue for the term of ten years; and such district shall have all the rights, in regard to representation, which would belong to a town containing the same number of inhabitants.

The number of inhabitants which shall entitle a town to elect one representative, and the mean increasing number which shall entitle a town or city to elect more than one, and also the number by which the population of towns not entitled to a representative every year is to be divided, shall be increased, respectively, by one-tenth of the numbers above mentioned, whenever the population of the commonwealth shall have increased to seven hundred and seventy thousand, and for every additional increase of seventy thousand inhabitants, the same addition of one-tenth shall be made, respectively, to the said numbers above mentioned.

In the year of each decennial census, the governor and council shall, before the first day of September, apportion the number of representatives which each city, town, and representative district is entitled to elect, and ascertain how many years, within ten years, any town may elect a representative, which is not entitled

to elect one every year; and the governor shall cause the same to be published forthwith.

Nine councillors shall be annually chosen from among the people at large, on the first Wednesday of January, or as soon thereafter as may be, by the joint ballot of the senators and representatives, assembled in one room, who shall, as soon as may be, in like manner, fill up any vacancies that may happen in the council, by death, resignation, or otherwise. No person shall be elected a councillor, who has not been an inhabitant of this commonwealth for the term of five years immediately preceding his election; and not more than one councillor shall be chosen from any one senatorial district in the commonwealth.] [See Amendments. Article XVI.1

No possession of a freehold, or of any other estate, shall be required as a qualification for holding a seat in either branch of the general court, or in the executive council.

ART. XIV. In all elections of civil officers by the people of this commonwealth, whose election is provided for by the constitution, the person having the highest number of votes shall be deemed and declared to be elected.

ART. XV. The meeting for the choice of governor, lieutenantgovernor, senators, and representatives, shall be held on the Tuesday next after the first Monday in November, annually; but in case of a failure to elect representatives on that day, a second meeting shall be holden, for that purpose, on the fourth Monday of the same month of November.

ART. XVI. Eight councillors shall be annually chosen by the inhabitants of this commonwealth, qualified to vote for governor. The election of councillors shall be determined by the same rule that is required in the election of governor. The legislature, at ·its first session after this amendment shall have been adopted, and at its first session after the next state census shall have been taken, and at its first session after each decennial state census thereafterwards, shall divide the commonwealth into eight districts of contiguous territory, each containing a number of inhabitants as nearly equal as practicable, without dividing any town or ward

of a city, and each entitled to elect one councillor: provided, however, that if, at any time, the constitution shall provide for the division of the commonwealth into forty senatorial districts, then the legislature shall so arrange the councillor districts, that each district shall consist of five contiguous senatorial districts, as they shall be, from time to time, established by the legislature. No person shall be eligible to the office of councillor who has not been an inhabitant of the commonwealth for the term of five years immediately preceding his election. The day and manner of the election, the return of the votes, and the declaration of the said elections, shall be the same as are required in the election of governor. [Whenever there shall be a failure to elect the full number of councillors, the vacancies shall be filled in the same manner as is required for filling vacancies in the senate; and vacancies occasioned by death, removal from the state, or otherwise, shall be filled in like manner, as soon as may be, after such vacancies shall have happened.] And that there may be no delay in the organization of the government on the first Wednesday of January, the governor, with at least five councillors for the time being, shall, as soon as may be, examine the returned copies of the records for the election of governor, lieutenant-governor, and councillors; and ten days before the said first Wednesday in January he shall issue his summons to such persons as appear to be chosen, to attend on that day to be qualified accordingly; and the secretary shall lay the returns before the senate and house of representatives on the said first Wednesday in January, to be by them examined; and in case of the election of either of said officers, the choice shall be by them declared and published; but in case there shall be no election of either of said officers, the legislature shall proceed to fill such vacancies in the manner provided in the constitution for the choice of such officers. [See Amendments, Article XXV.]

ART. XVII. The secretary, treasurer and receiver-general, auditor, and attorney-general, shall be chosen annually, on the day in November prescribed for the choice of governor; and each person then chosen as such, duly qualified in other respects, shall hold his office for the term of one year from the third Wednesday in January next thereafter, and until another is chosen and qualified in his stead. The qualification of the voters, the manner of the election, the return of the votes, and the declaration of the election, shall be such as are required in the election of governor. In case of a failure to elect either of said officers on the day in November aforesaid, or in case of the decease, in the mean time, of the person elected as such, such officer shall be chosen on or before the third Wednesday in January next thereafter, from the two persons who had the highest number of votes for said offices on the day in November aforesaid, by joint ballot of the senators and representatives, in one room; and in case the office of secretary, or treasurer and receiver-general, or auditor, or attorneygeneral, shall become vacant, from any cause, during an annual or special session of the general court, such vacancy shall in like manner be filled by choice from the people at large; but if such vacancy shall occur at any other time, it shall be supplied by the governor by appointment, with the advice and consent of the council. The person so chosen or appointed, duly qualified in other respects, shall hold his office until his successor is chosen and duly qualified in his stead. In case any person chosen or appointed to either of the offices aforesaid, shall neglect, for the space of ten days after he could otherwise enter upon his duties, to qualify himself in all respects to enter upon the discharge of such duties, the office to which he has been elected or appointed shall be deemed vacant. No person shall be eligible to either of said offices unless he shall have been an inhabitant of this commonwealth five years next preceding his election or appointment.

ART. XVIII. All moneys raised by taxation in the towns and cities for the support of public schools, and all moneys which may be appropriated by the state for the support of common schools, shall be applied to, and expended in, no other schools than those which are conducted according to law, under the order and superintendence of the authorities of the town or city in which the money is to be expended; and such money shall never be appropriated to any religious sect for the maintenance, exclusively, of its own school.

ART. XIX. The legislature shall prescribe, by general law, for the election of sheriffs, registers of probate, [commissioners of insolvency, and clerks of the courts, by the people of the several counties,] and that district-attorneys shall be chosen by the people of the several districts, for such term of office as the legislature shall prescribe. [See Amendments, Article XXXVI.]

ART. XX. No person shall have the right to vote, or be eligible to office under the constitution of this commonwealth, who shall not be able to read the constitution in the English language, and write his name: provided, however, that the provisions of this amendment shall not apply to any person prevented by a physical disability from complying with its requisitions, nor to any person who now has the right to vote, nor to any persons who shall be sixty years of age or upwards at the time this amendment shall take effect. [See Amendments, Articles III., XXIII., XXVI.]

ART. XXI. A census of the legal voters of each city and town, on the first day of May, shall be taken and returned into the office of the secretary of the commonwealth, on or before the last day of June, in the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven; and a census of the inhabitants of each city and town, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, and of every tenth year thereafter. In the census aforesaid, a special enumeration shall be made of the legal voters; and in each city, said enumeration shall specify the number of such legal voters aforesaid, residing in each ward of such city. The enumeration aforesaid shall determine the apportionment of representatives for the periods between the taking of the census.

The house of representatives shall consist of two hundred and forty members, which shall be apportioned by the legislature, at its first session after the return of each enumeration as aforesaid, to the several counties of the commonwealth, equally, as nearly as may be, according to their relative numbers of legal voters, as ascertained by the next preceding special enumeration; and the town of Cohasset, in the county of Norfolk, shall, for this purpose, as well as in the formation of districts, as hereinafter provided, be considered a part of the county of Plymouth; and it shall be the duty of the secretary of the commonwealth, to certify, as soon as may be after it is determined by the legis-

lature, the number of representatives to which each county shall be entitled, to the board authorized to divide each county into representative districts. The mayor and aldermen of the city of Boston, the county commissioners of other counties than Suffolk, -or in lieu of the mayor and aldermen of the city of Boston, or of the county commissioners in each county other than Suffolk, such board of special commissioners in each county, to be elected by the people of the county, or of the towns therein, as may for that purpose be provided by law, - shall, on the first Tuesday of August next after each assignment of representatives to each county, assemble at a shire town of their respective counties, and proceed, as soon as may be, to divide the same into representative districts of contiguous territory, so as to apportion the representation assigned to each county equally, as nearly as may be, according to the relative number of legal voters in the several districts of each county; and such districts shall be so formed that no town or ward of a city shall be divided therefor, nor shall any district be made which shall be entitled to elect more than three representatives. Every representative, for one year at least next preceding his election, shall have been an inhabitant of the district for which he is chosen and shall cease to represent such district when he shall cease to be an inhabitant of the commonwealth. The districts in each county shall be numbered by the board creating the same, and a description of each, with the numbers thereof and the number of legal voters therein, shall be returned by the board, to the secretary of the commonwealth, the county treasurer of each county, and to the clerk of every town in each district, to be filed and kept in their respective offices. The manner of calling and conducting the meetings for the choice of representatives, and of ascertaining their election, shall be prescribed by law. [Not less than one hundred members of the house of representatives shall constitute a quorum for doing business; but a less number may organize temporarily, adjourn from day to day, and compel the attendance of absent members.] [See Amendments, Article XXXIII.]

ART. XXII. A census of the legal voters of each city and town, on the first day of May, shall be taken and returned into the office of the secretary of the commonwealth, on or before the last day

of June, in the year one thousand eight hundred tifty-seven; and a census of the inhabitants of each city and town, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, and of every tenth year thereafter. In the census aforesaid, a special enumeration shall be made of the legal voters, and in each city said enumeration shall specify the number of such legal voters aforesaid, residing in each ward of such city. The enumeration aforesaid shall determine the apportionment of senators for the periods between the taking of the census. The senate shall consist of forty members. The general court shall, at its first session after each next preceding special enumeration, divide the commonwealth into forty districts of adjacent territory, each district to contain, as nearly as may be, an equal number of legal voters, according to the enumeration aforesaid: provided, however, that no town or ward of a city shall be divided therefor; and such districts shall be formed. as nearly as may be, without uniting two counties, or parts of two or more counties, into one district. Each district shall elect one senator, who shall have been an inhabitant of this commonwealth five years at least immediately preceding his election, and at the time of his election shall be an inhabitant of the district for which he is chosen; and he shall cease to represent such senatorial district when he shall cease to be an inhabitant of the commonwealth. [Not less than sixteen senators shall constitute a quorum for doing business; but a less number may organize temporarily, adjourn from day to day, and compel the attendance of absent members.] [See Amendments, Articles XXIV., XXXIII.]

ART. XXIII. [No person of foreign birth shall be entitled to vote, or shall be eligible to office, unless he shall have resided within the jurisdiction of the United States for two years subsequent to his naturalization, and shall be otherwise qualified, according to the constitution and laws of this commonwealth: provided, that this amendment shall not affect the rights which any person of foreign birth possessed at the time of the adoption thereof; and, provided, further, that it shall not affect the rights of any child of a citizen of the United States, born during the temporary absence of the parent therefrom.] [See Amendments, Article XXVI.]

ART. XXIV. Any vacancy in the senate shall be filled by election by the people of the unrepresented district, upon the order of a majority of the senators elected.

ART. XXV. In case of a vacancy in the council, from a failure of election, or other cause, the senate and house of representatives shall, by concurrent vote, choose some eligible person from the people of the district wherein such vacancy occurs, to fill that office. If such vacancy shall happen when the legislature is not in session, the governor, with the advice and consent of the council, may fill the same by appointment of some eligible person.

ART. XXVI. The twenty-third article of the articles of amendment of the constitution of this commonwealth, which is as follows, to wit: "No person of foreign birth shall be entitled to vote. or shall be eligible to office, unless he shall have resided within the jurisdiction of the United States for two years subsequent to his naturalization, and shall be otherwise qualified, according to the constitution and laws of this commonwealth: provided, that this amendment shall not affect the rights which any person of foreign birth possessed at the time of the adoption thereof; and provided, further, that it shall not affect the rights of any child of a citizen of the United States, born during the temporary absence of the parent therefrom, "is hereby wholly annulled.

ART. XXVII. So much of article two of chapter six of the constitution of this commonwealth as relates to persons holding the office of president, professor, or instructor of Harvard College. is hereby annulled.

ART. XXVIII. No person having served in the army or navy of the United States in time of war, having been honorably discharge from such service, if otherwise qualified to vote, shall be disqualified therefor on account of [being a pauper,]; or, [if a pauper,] because of the non-payment of a poll tax. [See Amendments, Article XXXI.]

XXIX. The General Court shall have full power and authority to provide for the inhabitants of the towns in this Commonwealth more than one place of public meeting within the limits of each

town for the election of officers under the constitution, and to prescribe the manner of calling, holding, and conducting such meetings.

All the provisions of the existing constitution inconsistent with the provisions herein contained are hereby annulled.

ART. XXX. No person, otherwise qualified to vote in elections for governor, lieutenant-governor, senators, and representatives, shall, by reason of a change of residence within the Commonwealth, be disqualified from voting for said officers in the city or town from which he has removed his residence, until the expiration of six calendar months from the time of such removal.

ART XXXI. Article twenty-eight of the Amendments of the Constitution is hereby amended by striking out in the fourth line thereof the words "being a pauper," and inserting in place thereof the words: - receiving or having received aid from any city or town, - and also by striking out in said fourth line the words "if a pauper," so that the article as amended shall read as follows: ARTICLE XXVIII. No person having served in the army or navy of the United States at the time of war, and having been honorably discharged from such service, if otherwise qualified to vote, shall be disqualified therefor on account of receiving or having received aid from any city or town, or because of the nonpayment of a poll-tax.

ART, XXXII. So much of article three of the Amendments of the Constitution of the Commonwealth as is contained in the following words: "and who shall have paid, by himself, or his parent, master, or guardian, any state or county tax, which shall, within two years next preceding such election, have been assessed upon him, in any town or district of this Commonwealth; and also every citizen who shall be, by law, exempted from taxation, and who shall be, in all other respects, qualified as above mentioned." is hereby annulled.

ART. XXXIII. A majority of the members of each branch of the General Court shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business, but a less number may adjourn from day to day, and compel the attendance of absent members. All the provisions of

the existing Constitution inconsistent with the provisions herein contained are hereby annulled.

ART. XXXIV. So much of article two of section one of chapter two of part second of the Constitution of the Commonwealth as is contained in the following words: "and unless he shall at the same time, be seized in his own right, of a freehold within the Commonwealth of the value of one thousand pounds," is hereby annulled.

ART. XXXV. So much of article two of section three of chapter one of the Constitution of the Commonwealth as is contained in the following words: "The expenses of travelling to the general assembly, and returning home, once in every session, and no more, shall be paid by the government, out of the public treasury, to every member who shall attend as seasonably as he can, in the judgment of the house, and does not depart without leave," is hereby annulled.

ART. XXXVI. So much of article nineteen of the articles of Amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth as is contained in the following words: "commissioners of insolvency," is hereby annulled.

[Note. - Soon after the Declaration of Independence, steps were taken in Massachusetts towards framing a Constitution or Form of Government. The Council and House of Representatives, or the General Court of 1777-78, in accordance with a recommendation of the General Court, of the previous year, met together as a Convention, and adopted a form of Constitution "for the State of Massachusetts Bay," which was submitted to the people, and by them rejected. This attempt to form a Constitution having proved unsuccessful, the General Court on the 20th of February, 1779, passed a Resolve calling upon the qualified voters to give in their votes upon the questions - Whether they chose to have a new Constitution or Form of Government made, and, Whether they will empower their representatives to vote for calling a State Convention for that purpose. A large majority of the inhabitants having voted in the affirmative to both these questions, the General Court, on the 17th of June, 1779, passed a Resolve calling upon the inhabitants to meet and choose delegates to a Constitutional Convention, to be held at Cambridge, on the 1st of September, 1779. The Convention met at time and place appointed, and organized by choosing James Bowdoin, President, and Samuel Barrett, Secretary. On the 11th of November the Convention adjourned, to meet at the Representatives' Chamber, in Boston, January 5th, 1780. On the 2d of March, of the same year, a form of Constitution having been agreed upon, a Resolve was passed by which the same was submitted to the people, and the Convention adjourned to meet at the Brattle Street Church, in Boston, June the 7th. At that time and place, the Convention again met, and appointed a Committee to examine the returns of votes from the several towns. On the 14th of June the Committee reported, and on the 15th the Convention resolved, "That the people of the State of Massachusetts Bay have accepted the Constitution as it stands, in the printed form submitted to their revision." A Resolve providing for carrying the new Constitution into effect was passed; and the Convention then, on the 16th of June, 1780, was finally dissolved. In accordance with the Resolves referred to, elections immediately took place in the several towns; and the first General Court of the COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS met at the State House, in Boston, on Wednesday, October 25th, 1780.

The Constitution contained a provision providing for taking, in 1795, the sense of the people as to the expediency or necessity of revising the original instrument. But no such revision was deemed necessary at that time. On the 16th of June, 1820, an Act was passed by the General Court, calling upon the people to meet in their several towns, and give in their votes upon the question, "Is it expedient that delegates should be chosen to meet in Convention for the purpose of revising or altering the Constitution of Government of this Commonwealth?" A large majority of the people of the State having voted in favor of revision, the Governor issued a proclamation announcing the fact, and calling upon the people to vote, in accordance with the provisions of the aforesaid Act, for delegates to the proposed Convention. The delegates met at the State House, in Boston, November 15, 1820, and organized by choosing John Adams, President, and Benjamin Pollard, Secretary. Mr. Adams, however, declined the appointment, and Isaac Parker was chosen in his stead. On the 9th of January, 1821, the Convention agreed to fourteen Articles of Amendment, and after passing a Resolve providing for submitting the same to the people, and appointing a committee to meet to count the votes upon the subject, was dissolved. The people voted on Monday, April 19th, 1821, and the Committee of the Convention met at the State House to count the votes, on Wednesday, May 24th. They made their return to the General Court; and at the request of the latter the Governor issued his proclamation on the 5th of June, 1821, announcing that nine of the fourteen Articles of Amendment had been adopted. These articles are numbered in the preceding pages from one to nine inclusive.

The tenth Article of Amendment was adopted by the General Court during the sessions of the political years 1829-30, and 1830-31, and was approved and ratified by the people May 11th, 1831.

The *eleventh* Article of Amendment was adopted by the General Court during the sessions of the years 1832 and 1833, and was approved and ratified by the people November 11th, 1833.

The twelfth Article of Amendment was adopted by the General Court during the sessions of the years 1835 and 1836, and was approved and ratified by the people November 14th, 1836.

The thirteenth Article of Amendment was adopted by the General Court during the sessions of the years 1839 and 1840, and was approved and ratified by the people April 6th, 1840.

The General Court of the year 1851 passed an Act calling a third Convention to revise the Constitution. The Act was submitted to the people, and a majority voted against the proposed Convention. In 1852, on the 7th of May, another Act was passed calling upon the people to vote upon the question of calling a Constitutional Convention. A majority of the people having voted in favor of the proposed Convention, election for delegates thereto took place in March, 1853. The Convention met in the State House, in Boston, on the 4th day of May, 1853, and organized by choosing Nathaniel P. Banks, Jr., President, and William S. Robinson and James T. Robinson, Secretaries. On the 1st of August, this Convention agreed to a form of Constitution, and on the same day was dissolved, after having provided for submitting the same to the people, and appointed a committee to meet to count the votes, and to make a return thereof to the General Court. The Committee met at the time and place agreed upon, and found that the proposed Constitution had been rejected.

The fourteenth, fifteenth, sixteenth, seventeenth, eighteenth, and nineteenth Articles of Amendment were adopted by the General Court during the sessions of the years 1854 and 1855, and were approved and ratified by the people May 23d, 1855.

The twentieth, twenty-first and twenty-second Articles of Amendment were adopted by the General Court during the sessions of the years 1856 and 1857, and were approved and ratified by the people May 1st, 1857.

The twenty-third Article of Amendment was adopted by the General Court during the sessions of the years 1858 and 1859, and was approved and ratified by the people May 9th, 1859.

The twenty-fourth and twenty-fifth Articles of Amendment were adopted by the General Court during the sessions of the years 1859 and 1860, and were approved and ratified by the people May 17th, 1860.

The twenty-sixth Article of Amendment was adopted by the General Court during the sessions of the years 1862 and 1863, and was approved and ratified April 6th, 1863.

The twenty-seventh Article was adopted by the General Court during the sessions of the years 1876 and 1877, and was approved and ratified by the people on the 6th day of November, 1877.

The twenty-eighth Article was adopted by the General Court during the sessions of the years 1880 and 1881, and was approved and ratified by the people on the 8th day of November, 1881.

The twenty-ninth Article was adopted by the General Court during the sessions of the years 1884 and 1885, and was approved and ratified by the people on the 3d day of November, 1885.

The thirtieth and thirty:first Articles of Amendment were adopted by the General Court during the sessions of the years 1889 and 1890, and were approved and ratified by the people on the 4th day of November, 1890.

The thirty-second and thirty-third Articles of Amendment were adopted by the General Court during the sessions of the years 1890 and 1891, and were approved and ratified by the people on the 3d day of November, 1891.

The thirty-fourth Article of Amendment was adopted by the General Court during the sessions of the years 1891 and 1892, and was approved and ratified by the people on the δth day of November, 1892.

The thirty-fifth Article of Amendment was adopted by the General Court during the sessions of the years 1892 and 1893, and was approved and ratified by the people on the 7th day of November, 1893.

The thirty-sixth Article of Amendment was adopted by the General Court during the sessions of the years 1893 and 1894, and was approved and ratified by the people on the 6th day of November, 1894.]

FLECTIONS FOR SENATORS IN CONGRESS.

[Sections 14 to 19, Revised Statutes of the United States.]

SECT. 14. The legislature of each State which is chosen next preceding the expiration of the time for which any Senator was elected to represent such State in Congress shall, on the second Tuesday after the meeting and organization thereof, proceed to elect a Senator in Congress.

SECT. 15. Such election shall be conducted in the following manner: Each house shall openly, by a viva voce vote of each member present, name one person for Senator in Congress from such State, and the name of the person so voted for, who receives a majority of the whole number of votes cast in each house, shall be entered on the journal of that house by the clerk or secretary thereof; or if either house fails to give such majority to any person on that day, the fact shall be entered on the journal. At twelve o'clock meridian of the day following that on which proceedings are required to take place as aforesaid, the members of the two houses shall convene in joint assembly, and the journal of each house shall then be read, and if the same person has received a majority of all the votes in each house, he shall be declared duly elected Senator. But if the same person has not received a majority of the votes in each house, or if either house has failed to take proceedings as required by this section, the joint assembly shall then proceed to choose, by a viva voce vote of each member present, a person for Senator, and the person who receives a majority of all the votes of the joint assembly, a majority of all the members elected to both houses being present and voting, shall be declared duly elected. If no person receives such majority on the first day, the joint assembly shall meet at twelve o'clock meridian of each succeeding day during the session of the legislature, and shall take at least one vote, until a Senator is elected.

- SECT. 16. Whenever on the meeting of the legislature of any State a vacancy exists in the representation of such State in the Senate, the legislature shall proceed, on the second Tuesday after meeting and organization, to elect a person to fill such vacancy, in the manner prescribed in the preceding section for the election of a Senator for a full term.
- Sect. 17. Whenever during the session of the legislature of any State a vacancy occurs in the representation of such State in the Senate, similar proceedings to fill such vacancy shall be had on the second Tuesday after the legislature has organized and has notice of such vacancy.
- SECT. 18. It shall be the duty of the executive of the State from which any Senator has been chosen, to certify his election, under the seal of the State, to the President of the Senate of the United States.
- SECT. 19. The certificate mentioned in the preceding section shall be countersigned by the secretary of state of the State.

STATISTICS.

HISTORICAL, STATE, COUNTY, DISTRICT, POST-OFFICE, ETC.

COUNTIES, CITIES, AND TOWNS OF MASSACHUSETTS.

This table is prepared by Robert T. Swan, Esq., Commissioner of Public Records.

[Names of cities are printed in SMALL CAPITALS; of extinct cities, towns, and districts, in italics.]

BARNSTABLE COUNTY. INCORPORATED JUNE 2, 1685.

From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc.	Mar. 5, 1638 Common land, June 17, 1641 bounds between Barnstable and Yarmouth established. Mar. 2, 1632 bounds between Barnstable and Sandwich to be established. Mar. 11, 1658 Barnstable and Yarmouth agreed upon bounds. June 3, 1662 additional lands granted to Barnstable. June 10, 1662 bounds between Barnstable and Sandamoth to be established. Mar. 28, 1894 bounds between Barnstable and Mashpee established.	April 2, 1884 Part of Sandwich. April 14, 1897 bounds between Bourne and Wareham established.
First mentioned in Records of the Stute, or therein recorded as Established or Incorporated.	Mar. 5, 1638	April 2, 1884
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AND	•	
CITIES AND TOWNS.	Barnstable, .	Bourne,

Brewster, Feb. 19, 1803 Part of Harwich. Jimes 1, 1811 part of Harwich. Jeb. 20, 1861 bounds between Brewster and Orieans established. Chatham, June 11, 1712 District of Manamotit. April 14, 1862 bounds between Chatham and Orieans established. June 19, 1733 Part of Yarmouth. June 7, 1651 Name changed from Nawsett. Mar. 5, 1678 Eastham and Purchasers on both sides to settle the bounds. June 16, 1732 part of Harwich annexed. Mar. 3, 1737 part of Eastham and Purchasers and Decisions established as April 26, 1847 part annexed to Welliflect. July 14, 1772 part of Harwich annexed. Mar. 19, 1839 bounds between Palmouth and Sathappea marked. Mar. 19, 1890 bounds between Palmouth and Sathappea marked. Mar. 19, 1880 bounds between Palmouth and Sandwich established. June 18, 1853 bounds between Palmouth and Sandwich established. June 18, 1853 bounds between Palmouth and Mashpee established. June 18, 1853 bounds between Palmouth and Sandwich established. April 14, 1862 bounds between Palmouth and Sandwich and Sandwich. April 4, 1862 bounds between Palmouth established. April 14, 1862 bounds between Palmouth annexed. April 4, 1862 bounds between Palmouth established. April 14, 1862 bounds between Palmouth annexed. April 4, 1862 bounds between Palmouth established. April 14, 1862 bounds between Palmouth annexed. April 4, 1862 bounds between Palmouth established. May 28, 1870 district of Marshpee. Mar. 17, 1811 at annexed to Sandwich. Mar. 13, 1869 part annexed to Sandwich. Mar. 18, 1							
	Part of Harwich. June 21, 1811 part of Harwich annexed. April 25, 1848 part uniexed to Harwich. Feb. 20, 1861 bounds between Brewster and Orienns established.	District of Manamoti. April 14, 1862 bounds between Chatham and Orleans and Chatham and Harwich established.	Part of Yarmouth.	Name changed from Nawsett. Mar. 5, 1678 Taatham and purchasers on both sides to settle the bounds. June 16, 1763 part established as the district of Wellifect. July 14, 1772 part of Harwieh annexed. Mar. 3, 1747 part of Eastham established as Orieans. Mar. 9, 1839 part annexed to Orieans. April 26, 1847 part annexed to Wellifect. Mar. 23, 1867 bounds between Eastham and Orieans established and part of each town annexed to the other town. May 6, 1887 bounds between tidewaters of Eastham and Wellifect established.	Common land. Mar. 17, 1841 a tract of land formerly in the plantation of Marshpee annexed. Mar. 19, 1880 bounds between Falmouth and Sandwich established. June 18, 1885 bounds between Falmouth and Mashpee established.	Tract of land known as Satuckett, July 14, 1772 part annexed to Eastham. Feb. 19, 1803 part established as Brewster. June 21, 1811 part annexed to Brewster. April 25, 183 part of & Brewster annexed. April 4, 1862 bounds between Harwich and Orleans established. April 14, 1862 bounds between Harwich and Chatham established.	Plantation of Marshpee. Mar. 17, 1841 a tract of land formerly in the plantation of Marshpee annexed to Falmouth. April. 1, 1859 part annexed to Sandwich. Mar. 13, 1869 part annexed to Sandwich. Mar. 13, 1869 part annexed to Sandwich. May 28, 1870 district of Marshpee abolished and the town of Mashpee established.
	19, 1803	11, 1712	19, 1793	7, 1651	14, 1694	14, 1694	31, 1834
	Feb.	June	June	June	Sept.	Sept.	Mar.
Brewster, Chatham,		•	•	•	•	•	•
Brewster, Chatham, Eastham, Falmouth, Marshpee, District of			٠	•	•	•	S
Brewster, Chatham, Dennis, Eastham, Harwich,				•			rict o
Brewster, Chatham, Dennis, Eastham, Harwich,							Dist
	Brewster,	Chatham,	Denuls,	Eastham,	Falmouth,	Harwich,	Marshpee,

BARNSTABLE COUNTY - Concluded.

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CITIES AND TOWNS.	First mentioned in Records of the State, or therein recorded as Established or Incorporated.	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc.
Mashpee, District of,	. June 14, 1763	Common land called Mashpee. Act of June 14, 1763 revived, to be in force until July 1, 1770. Nov. 15, 1770 the act again revived, be after Nov. 1, 1770. The deseiven of the General Courtnaxt after Nov. 1, 1770. Nov. 23, 1773 the act to continue in force until the end of the session next after Nov. 1, 1779. Nov. 23, 1779 the act again continued until Nov. 1, 1785. June 13, 1788 the above act repealed and three "Guardians to the Proprietors" appointed, the act now passed to be in force for ten years. Mar. 7, 1797 the act of June 13, 1788 and to perpetual until repealed by the legislature. Feb. Sandwich at the "plantation of Marshpee" [sic] annexed to
Mashpee,	May 28, 1870	District of Marshpee. Mar. 19, 1872 part of Sandwich re-annexed. June 18, 1885 bounds between Mashpee and Falmouth established. May 27, 1887 bounds between Mashpee and Sandwich established, and part of Sandwich annexed. Mar. 28, 1894 bounds between Mashpee and Barnstable established.
Nawsett,	-, 1643	Common land. Mar. 3, 1645 certain common lands "1ying between sea and sen" granted to those who go to duell at "Nossecth." June 2, 1646 established as a township. June 7, 1651 name changed to Eastham.
Orleans,	Mar. 3, 1797	Part of Eastham. Mar. 9, 1839 part of Eastham annexed. Feb. 20, 183t bounds between Orleans and Brewster established. April 4, 1862 bounds between Orleans and Harwich established. April 4, 1862 bounds between Orleans and Chatham established. April 14, 1862 bounds between Orleans and Chatham established. Mar. 23, 1867 town annexed to the other town.

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June 14, 1727 Precinct of Cape Cod. June 12, 1813 part of Truro annexed and bounds between the towns established. Mar. 2, 1829 part of Truro annexed and bounds again established. Mar. 30, 1836 part of Truro annexed.	Common land called "Sanditch." Mar. 2, 1652 bounds between Sand-wich and Barnstable to be established. June 9, 1652 bounds between Sandwich and Barnstable to be established. June 7, 1670 the bounds established Jan. 19, 1663 ordered to be entered on the records of the court. Oct. 25, 1634 bounds established. Feb. 26, 181 part of the district of Marshpee annexed. Mar. 13, 1860 part of the district of Marshpee annexed. Mar. 13, 1860 part of the district of Marshpee annexed. Mar. 19, 1872 part recannexed to Mashpee. Mar. 19, 1889 bounds between Sandwich and Falmouth established. April 2, 1884 part established as Bourne. May 27, 1887 bounds between Sandwich and part annexed to Mashpee. Marshpee.	Common land called Pawmett. June 12, 1813 part annexed to Provincetown and bounds between the towns established. Mar. 2, 1829 part annexed to Provincetown and bounds again established. Mar. 30, 1836 part annexed to Provincetown. Feb. 22, 1837 bounds between Truro and Wellfleet established.	Part of Eastham established as the district of Wellfleet. Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. Feb. 22, 1837 bounds between Wellfleet and Trano established. April 26, 1847 part of Eastham amorxed. May 6, 1887 bounds between the tidewaters of Wellfleet and Eastham established.	Common land called Mattacheeset. June 17, 1641 bounds between Yarmouth and Barnstable established. Mar. 11, 1658 Yarmouth and Barnstable agreed upon bounds. June 19, 1793 part of Yarmouth established as Dennis.
14, 1727	Mar. 6, 1638	July 16, 1709	June 16, 1763	7, 1639
June	Mar.	July	June	Jan.
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wn,				
Provincetown,	sandwich,	Truro, .	Wellfleet,	Yarmouth, .

BERKSHIRE COUNTY. INCORPORATED APRIL 21, 1761.

	'	DENING	THE C	DENNICHME COUNTY, INCORPORATED AFRICATI, 1101.
CITIES AND TOWNS.		First mentioned in Records of the State, or therein recorded as Established or Incorporated.	irst mentioned in Records of the State, or nerein recorded as Established r Incorporated.	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc.
Adams,	•	Oct. 15, 1778	5, 1778	The plantation called East Hoosuck. April 10, 1780 the plantation called New Providence annexed. Mar. 14, 1793 part included in the new town of Cheshire. April 16, 1873 part established as North Adams.
Alford,	•	Feb. 16, 1773	16, 1773	Part of Great Barrington and certain common lands established as the district of Alford. Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. Feb. 11, 1779 part of Great Barrington annexed. Feb. 6, 1809 bounds between Alford and Egremont established. Feb. 18, 1819 part of Great Barrington annexed. Mar. 17, 1847 part of West Stockbridge annexed.
Becket,	•	June 21, 1765	21, 1765	The new plantation called Number Four. Mar. 12, 1783 part included in the new town of Middefield. Feb. 3, 1798 certain common lands lying between Becket, Blandford, Chester, and Loudon annexed. Mar. 1, 1810 part of Loudon annexed.
Bethlehem, District of,	•	June 24, 1789	24, 1789	The North Eleven Thousand Acres. June 19, 1809 district of Beth- lehem and the town of Loudon united as the town of Loudon. Mar. 1, 1810 act of June 19, 1809 took effect.
Boston Corner, District of, April 14, 1838	tof,	April 1	14, 1838	Common land. Mar. 12, 1847 bounds between the district of Boston Corner and Mount Washington established. May 14, 1853 ceded to the State of New York.
Cheshire,	•	. Mar. 14, 1793	14, 1793	Parts of Adams, Lanesborough, Windsor, and the district of New Ashford. Feb. 6, 1798 part of the district of New Ashford annexed.

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2, 1798 Common land. May 2, 1848 part annexed to Florida. May 20, 1852 part annexed to Clarksburg.	The new plantation of Ashuelot Equivalent. Feb. 28, 1795 part of Windsor annexed.	Common land established as the district of Egremont. Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act, Feb. 26, 1790 bounds between Egremont and Alford established. Feb. 22, 1790 part of Sheffited annexed. June 11, 1817 bounds between Egremont and Mount Washington established and part of each town annexed to the other town. Feb. 16, 1824 part of Sheffield annexed. June 4, 1869 bounds between Egremont and Sheffield catablished.	Barnardstone's Grant and part of Bullock's Grant. May 2, 1848 part of Clarksburg annexed. May 20, 1852 part annexed to Clarksburg.	The new plantation called Number Four. Oct. 16, 1778 part of the plantation called Number Five annexed, and the town of Gageborough, together with this annexed tract of land, to be a town by the name of Windsor.	Part of Sheffield. Feb. 16, 1773 part included in the new district of Alford. Feb. 16, 1773 leads adjoining annexed. Oct. 21, 1777 part included in the new town of Lee. Feb. 11, 1779 part annexed to Alford. Feb. 18, 1819 part annexed to Alford.	The plantation called Jerico. June 26, 1798 part annexed to the district of New Ashford. May 20, 1851 bounds between Hancock and New Ashford established.	Part of Partridgefield.	The plantation of New Framingham. Mar. 14, 1793 part included in the new town of Cheshire.
2, 1798	20, 1784	13, 1760	June 15, 1805	4, 1771	30, 1761	2, 1776	June 21, 1804	21, 1765
. Mar.	Mar.	Feb.	June	July	June	July	June	June
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Clarksburg, .	Dalton,	Egremont,	Florida,	Gugeborough,	reat	Hancock,	Hinsdale,	nes
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BERKSHIRE COUNTY - Continued.

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BEKKEHIKE COUNTY - Continued.	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc.	Parts of Great Barrington and Washington, the Glass Works Grant, and part of Williams's Grant. Mar. 7, 1806 bounds between Lee and Lenox established. Feb. 7, 1820 bounds between Lee and Lenox established.	Part of Richmont. Nov. 20, 1770 land adjoining annexed. Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. Jan. 31, 1795 part of Washington annexed. Feb. 18, 1802 part of Washington annexed. Mar. 7, 1806 bounds between Lenox and Lee established. Feb. 7, 1820 bounds between Lenox and Lee established.	Common land called Tyringham Equivalent. June 19, 1809 Loudon and the district of Bethlehem united as the town of Loudon. Mar. 1, 1810 the act of June 19, 1809 took effect, and part was annexed to Becket. June 13, 1810 name changed to Otis.	Part of Tyringham. May 24, 1851 part of New Marlborough annexed. April 24, 1875 part of Sandisfield annexed. May 19, 1875 the act of April 24, 1875 accepted by the town. June 1, 1875 the act of April 24, 1875 took effect.	The plantation called Tauconnuck Mountain. June 17, 1817 bounds between Mount Washington and Egremont established and part of each town ammoracle to the other town. Mar. 12, 1847 bounds between Mount Washington and the district of Boston Corner established.
DEREN	First mentioned in Records of the State, or therein recorded as Established or Incorporated.	Oct. 21, 1777	26, 1767	Feb. 27, 1773	April 12, 1847	21, 1779
	First in I the there as E or In	Oct.	Feb.	Feb	Apr	June
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	CITIES AND TOWNS.	•	•	•	•	ashir
	Сттік	٠.	, X	ou,	erey	at W.
		Lee,	Lenox, .	Loudon,	Monterey,	Mount Washington,

Counties, C	ices, concer	Otono c	J	LCCOOCCC	<i>),</i> 0 c			
Feb. 26, 1781 Laind called New Ashford, lying between Adams, Hancock, Lanesborough, and Williamstown, established as the district of New Ashford and Williamstown, established as the district of New Ashford included in the new town of Cheshire. Feb. 6, 1785 part of the district of New Ashford annexed annexed to Cheshire. June 29, 1798 part of Hancock annexed to the district of New Ashford. May 1, 1836 the district made a town by chapter 15 of the Revised Statutes. May 20, 1851 bounds between New Ashford and Hancock established.	The plantation called New Marlborough established as the district of New Marlborough. Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. June 19, 1755 part of Shefileld annexed. Feb. 7, 1756 part of Shefileld annexed. Feb. 27, 1811 part of Tyringham annexed. Feb. 11, 1812 part annexed to Monterey. April 19, 1871 part of Shefileld annexed and bounds established.	Part of Adams. Mar. 22, 1895 North Adams incorporated as a city. April 8, 1895 act of incorporation accepted by the town. April 25, 1900 bounds between North Adams and Williamstown established, and part of Williamstown amexed.	Name changed from Loudon. April 9, 1835 part of the common lands called East Eleven Thousand Acres annexed.	The new plantation called Number Two. Mar. 12, 1783 part included in the new town of Middlefield. June 21, 1804 part established as Hinsdale. June 19, 1806 name changed to Peru.	Name changed from Partridgefield.	The plantation called Pontoorack. June 5, 1889 Pittsfield incorporated as a city. Feb. 11, 1890 act of incorporation accepted by the town.	Name changed from Richmont. Mar. 27, 1834 bounds between Richmond and West Stockbridge established.	
6, 1781	June 15, 1759	April 16, 1878	June 13, 1810	July 4, 1771	June 19, 1806	April 21, 1761	3, 1785	
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•	New Marlborough,	· •	•		•	•	•	-
New Ashford,	boro	North Adams, .		Purtridgefield, .		D,		
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7 M0	ew A	ORTI	Otis,	urtr	Peru, .	PITTSFIELD,	Richmond, .	
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First montioned in Records of From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, as Established or Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc. Richmond, June 21, 1765 Bandisfield, June 21, 1765 The new plantation called Yokun Town and Mount Ephraim. Feb. Cap, 1767 part established as the district of Lenox. Mar. 3, 1785 name changed to Richmond. The new plantation called Yokun Town and Mount Ephraim. Feb. Cap, 1767 part established as the district of Lenox. Mar. 3, 1785 name changed to Richmond. The new plantation called Yokun Town and Mount Ephraim. Feb. 26, 1767 part established April 24, 1838 part of the common lands called East Eleven Thousand Acres annexed. May 4, 1838 bounds between Sandished and Tolland established. May 18, 1835 bounds between Sandished and Tolland established. May 18, 1835 bounds between Sandished and Tolland established. May 18, 1855 part annexed to June 1, 1875 act of April 24, 1875 accepted by Monterey. May 19, 1875 act of April 24, 1875 accepted by Monterey. June 22, 1730 part annexed to New Marlborough. Feb. 22, 1730 part annexed to New Marlborough. Feb. 27, 1739 part annexed to New Marlborough. Feb. 7, 1739 part annexed to New Marlborough. Feb. 7, 1739 part annexed to New Marlborough. Feb. 28, 1899 district of Southfield and bounds established. April 24, 1871 part annexed to New Marlborough. Feb. 27, 1730 part annexed to New Marlborough. Feb. 27, 1730 part annexed to New Marlborough. Feb. 18, 1899 district of Southfield and Tolland established. April 24, 1869 bounds between Sheffield and Tolland established. April 24, 1869 dounds between Sheffield and Tolland established. April 24, 1869 dounds between Sheffield and Tolland established. April 24, 1869 dounds between Sheffield and Tolland established. April 24, 1869 dounds between Sheffield and Tolland established. April 24, 1869 dounds between Sheffield and Tolland established. April 24, 1860 dounds estab							
d, District of,			The new plantation called Yokum Town and Mount Ephraim. Feb. 26, 1767 part established as the district of Lenox. Mar. 3, 1785 name changed to Richmond.	The new plantation called Number Three. Feb. 10, 1819 the district of Southfield and the town of Sandisfield united as the town of Sandisfield. April 9, 1838 part of the common lands called East Eleven Thousand Acres annexed. May 4, 1835 bounds between Sandisfield and Tolland established. May 15, 1855 bounds between Sandisfield and Tolland established. April 24, 1875 bounds between Monterey. May 19, 1875 act of April 24, 1875 accepted by Monterey.	Common land.	Part of the lower plantation called Houssatannick. June 30, 1761 part established as Great Barrington. Feb. 22, 1790 part annexed to Egremont. June 19, 1795 part annexed to New Marlborough. Feb. 7, 1793 part annexed to New Marlborough. Reb. 16, 1824 part an excet to Egremont. June 4, 1869 bounds between Sheffield and Egremont established. April 19, 1871 part annexed to New Marlborough and bounds established.	The South Eleven Thousand Acres. Feb. 8, 1819 district of Southfield and town of Sandisfield united as the town of Sandisfield.
d, District of,		ntioned brds of tte, or recorded blished porated.	21, 1765	3, 1762	20, 1797	22, 1733	19, 1797
d, District of,	ĺ	st me Recorded Strain 1 Esta Incord	ne 2	ij		pe 5	ne 1
cs AND TOWNS.	I	Fir in the the as or I	Ju	M	Fe	Ju	Ju
Cities and Towns. Richmont, Sandisfield, Shedield, Southfield, Instrict of,			•	•	٠	•	•
CITIES AND TO Richmont, Sandisfield, Sheffield, Sheffield,		WNS.	٠	•	٠	•	of,
CITIES ANY Richmont, Bandisfield, Sheffield,		o To	٠	•	٠	•	trict
CITIE: Randisfield, Savoy, . Sheffield,		S ANI		. "	*	•	, Dis
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	-		Richm	Sandi	Savoy	Sheffi	South

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The plantation called the Indian Town. Mar. 9, 1774 part established as the district of West Stockbridge. Mar. 2, 1839 part annexed to West Stockbridge. Feb. 6, 1830 the act of Mar. 2, 1829 perfected.	The new plantation called Number One. Feb. 27, 1311 part annexed to New Marlborough. Feb. 11, 1312 part of New Marlborough annexed. April 12, 1347 part established as Monterey.	The plantation called Hartwood and several contiguous grants. Oct. 21, 1777 part included in the new town of Lee. Mar. 12, 1783 part included in the new town of Middicfield. Jan. 31, 1795 part annexed to Leuox. Feb. 18, 1892 part annexed to Leuox.	Part of Stockbridge established as the district of West Stockbridge. Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. Mar. 2, 1733 a gore of common land annexed. Mar. 2, 282 part of Stockbridge annexed. Feb. 6, 1830 the act of Mar. 2, 1829 perfected. Mar. 27, 1834 bounds between West Stockbridge and Richmond established. Mar. 17, 1847 part annexed to Alford.	The plantation called West Hoosuck. April 9, 1838 certain unincorporated lands annexed. April 25, 1900 bounds between Williamstown and North Adams established, and part annexed to North Adams.	The town of Gageborough and certain annexed lands. Mar. 14, 1763 part included in the new town of Cheshire. Feb. 25, 1794 part of Cheshire re-annexed. Feb. 28, 1795 part annexed to Dalton.	
June 22, 1739	Mar. 6, 1762	April 12, 1777	Mar. 9, 1774	June 21, 1765	Oct. 16, 1778	
June	Mar.	April	Mar.	June	Oct.	
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· 6	1,.	'n,	West Stockbridge,	Williamstown,		-
ridg	ham	ngto	Stock	mstc	or.	-
Stockbridge,	Tyringham,.	Washington,	GBt E	illia	Windsor.	-
BE	Ty	=	=	*	1	l

BRISTOL COUNTY. INCORPORATED JUNE 2, 1685.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	First mentioned in Records of the State, or therein recorded as Established or Incorporated.	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc.
Acushnet,	. Feb. 13, 1860	Feb. 13, 1860 Part of Fairhaven. April 9, 1875 part annexed to New Bedford.
Attleborough,	Oct. 19, 1694	Part of Rehoboth called The North Purchase. Sept. 10, 1897 bounds between Attleborough and Rehoboth established. Feb. 18, 1830 bounds between Attleborough and Wrentham established and part annexed to Wrentham. June 14, 1887 part established as North Attleborough. July 30, 1887 act of June 14, 1887 accepted by the town. Mar. 6, 1888 the acceptance of the act by the town confirmed.
Berkley,	. April 18, 1735	Parts of Dighton and Taunton. Feb. 26, 1799 part of Dighton annexed. Feb. 6, 1810 certain lands in Berkley belonging to Taunton annexed. Mar. 3, 1842 certain lands in Berkley belonging to Taunton annexed. April. 1, 1379 part of Taunton annexed. April. 1, 1879 part of Taunton annexed. 1879 accepted by the town.
Dartmouth,	Oct. 5, 1652	5, 1652 Common land. June 8, 1664 the tract of land called Acushena, Ponaganett, and Coaksett established as Dartmouth. June 3, 1668 bounds established. Feb. 23, 1787 part established as New Bedford. July 2, 1787 part established as Westport. Feb. 25, 1785 part annexed to Westport. Feb. 25, 1785 part annexed to Westport. Rat. 3, 1865 part annexed to Westport. Feb. 29, 1828 bounds between Dartmouth and Westport established. Feb. 19, 1831 bounds between Dartmouth and New Bedford established. Ann. 20, 1818 bounds between Dartmouth and New Bedford established.

Counties, Citi	es,	and	Towns of A	Iassa	chu	setts. 107
39, 1712 Part of Taunton. April 81, 1755 part included in the new town of Berkley. Mar. 2, 1743 bounds reported by a committee. Jan. 8, 1745 bounds established. Feb. 26, 1799 part annexed to Berkley. June 9, 1814 part establisheds as Wellington. Feb. 12, 1824 bounds between Dighton and Wellington established and part annexed to Wellington. Feb. 22, 1826 Dighton and Wellington united as the town of Dighton if the act is accepted previous to Mar. 1, 1826, Feb. 25, 1826 act accepted by Dighton. April 4, 1854 part annexed to Somerset.	Part of the land in Norton called the Taunton North Purchase,	Part of New Bedford. June 15, 1815 part of Frectown annaxed. April 9, 1836 part of Rochester amexed and bounds established. Feb. 13, 1806 part established as Acushnet.	Part of Freetown. June 18, 1804 name changed to Troy. Feb. 12, 1834 name changed from Troy. April 12, 1834 Fall Kiver incorporated as a city. April 22, 1834 act of incorporation accepted by the town. April 10, 1861 certain lands on the east side of Mount Hope Bay annexed by the change of the bounds of Massachusetts and Rhode Island. June 14, 1894 bounds between Fall River and Westport located and defined.	Common land called Freemen's land. June 17, 1700 bounds between Freetown and Tiverton established. Feb. 26, 1863 part established as Fall Kiver. June 15, 1815 part amesced to Fahrhaven.	Part of Norton made the district of Mansfield. Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act.	Part of Dartmouth. Feb. 22, 1812 part established as Fairhaven. Feb. 19, 1831 bounds between Dartmouth and New Bedford established. Mar. 20, 1845 part of Dartmouth annexed. Mar. 9, 1847 New Bedford incorporated as a city. Mar. 18, 1847 act of incorporation accepted by the town. April 9, 1875 part of Acushnet annexed. May 3, 1888 part of Dartmouth annexed.
30, 1712	. Dec. 21, 1725	Feb. 22, 1812	26, 1803	-, 1683	April 26, 1770	23, 1787
May	Dec.	Feb.	Feb.	July	April	Feb.
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Dighton,	Easton,	Fairhaven, .	Fall River,	Freetown,	Mansfield,	EW
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BRISTOL COUNTY - Continued.

	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc.	Part of Attleborough. July 30, 1887 act of June 14, 1887 accepted by the town of Attleborough. Mar. 6, 1888 the acceptance of the act by the town confirmed.	Part of Taunton. June 12, 1711 bill to perfect the grant passed. Dec. 21, 7125 part established as Easton. April 26, 1770 part established as the district of Mansfield.	Part of Taunton. Feb. 27, 1866 bounds between Raynham and Taunton established.	Common land called Seacunck. June 6, 1649 bounds to be established. Mar. 5, 1685 part included in the new town of Swansea. June 3, 1688 certain common lands annexed. Auc. 11, 1670 hounds between	Rehoboth and Swansea established. July 5, 1671 the land called the North Purchase granted to Rehoboth. July 7, 1682 bounds established. Oct. 19, 1994 part called the North Purchase established as Attleborougi. Sept. 10, 1637 bounds between Rehoboth and Attleborough stablished. Feb. 26, 1812 part established as Seekonk.	Part of Rehoboth. April 10, 1861 part of Pawtucket, R. I. and certain lands over which Seekouk may have claimed jurisdiction lying east of a conventional line to be determined by the U. S. Supreme Coort, after the entry of the decree of said court, to be part of Seekonk. Jan. 29, 1862 a municipal district by the name of East Seekonk, 10 consist of the terrifory named in the act of April 10, 1861 established. Said district to cases 'es soon as the proper officers of the future town of Seekonk shall have been elected and qualified.
	First mentioned in Records of the State, or therein recorded as Established or Incorporated.	June 14, 1887	Mar. 17, 1710	2, 1731	June 4, 1645		Feb. 26, 1812
	First m in Rec the S therein as Est or Inco	June	Mar.	April	June		Feb.
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	CITIES AND TOWNS.	ebore					
	TIES	Attle	ŕ	am,	oth,		ık,
	5	North Attleborough, .	Norton,	Raynham,	Rehoboth, .		Seekonk,
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20, 1790 Part of Swansea called Shewamet Purchase. April 4, 1864 part of Dighton annexed.	The township of Wannamoisett (a part of Rehoboth) and places adjacent. July 5, 1696 a neck of land called Papagaush Neck, excepting one hundred acres, annexed. Aug. II, 1679 hounds between Swansea and Rehoboth established. July 5, 1679 bounds established. Nov. 1, 1679 bounds between Swansea and Mount Hope to be established. Fob. 29, 1799 part established as Swansea.	Common land called Cohannett. Mar. 3,1640 land at Assonet granted for Taunton. June 19, 1640 bounds established. Oct. 29, 1672 certain lands granted to Taunton. July -, 1682 land called Assonet Neck amorked. Mar. 17, 1710 the North Precinct of Taunton granted to be a town by the name of North. June 2, 1711 lill to perfect the grant passed. May 39, 1712 part established as Dighton. April 2, 1731 part established as Raynham. April 18, 1735 part included in the new town of Berkley. Feb. 6, 1810 certain lands in Berkley belonging to Taunton annexed to Berkley. Mar. 3, 1842 certain lands in Berkley belonging to Taunton annexed to Berkley. Mar. 11, 1864 Taunton incorporated as a city. June 6, 1864 act of incorporation accepted by the town. Feb. 27, 1866 bounds between Taunton and Raynham established. April 1, 1879 act of Lakeville established. April 1, 1879 act annexed to Berkley.	Name changed from Fall River. Feb. 12, 1834 name changed to Fall River.	Part of Dighton. Feb. 12, 1824 bounds between Dighton and Wellington established and part of Dighton annexed. Feb. 22, 1826 Wellington and Dighton united as the fown of Dighton. June 16, 1827 Wellington revived to exist one year.
1790	5, 1668	Mar. 3, 1639	June 18, 1804	9, 1814
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Somerset,	Е wansea,	TAUNTON,	Troy,	lling
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BRISTOL COUNTY - Concluded.

From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc.	July 2, 1787 Part of Dartmouth. Feb. 25, 1793 part of Dartmouth annexed. Feb. 28, 1795 part of Dartmouth annexed. Mar.4, 1805 part of Dartmouth annexed. Reb. 20, 1828 bounds between Westport and Dartmouth established. April 10, 1861 certain lands lying east and south of a line described, after the entry of a decree of the U. S. Supreme Court concerning the Rhode Island boundary, to be a part of Westport, June 14, 1894 bounds between Westport and Fall River located and defined.
First mentioned in Records of the State, or therein recorded as Established or Incorporated.	July 2, 1787
CITIES AND TOWNS.	Westport,

COUNTY OF DUKES COUNTY. INCORPORATED JUNE 22, 1695.

Common land, Oct. 30, 1714 "the Mannour of Tisbury, commonly called Chilmark," to have all the powers of a town. May 28, 1856 bounds between Chilmark and the lands of the Indians of Gay Head, as established May 9, 1855 confirmed, Mar. 17, 1864 part of Chilmark known as the Elizabeth Islands established as Gosnold. Feb. 27, 1882 bounds between Chilmark and Tispury established. Mar. 25, 1886 bounds between Chilmark and Gay Head to be determined. April 29, 1897 bounds between Chilmark and Gay Head to be determined.	Cottage City, , , , Feb. 17, 1880 Part of Edgartown.
. 14, 1694	17, 1880
Sept	Feb.
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Chiln	Cotta

July 8, 1671* Name changed from Great Harbour. Feb. 5, 1830 bounds between Edgartown and Tisbury established. April 23, 1862 bounds between Edgartown and Tisbury established. Feb. IT, 1880 part established as Cottage City.	May 28, 1856 Indian lands. April 30, 1870 the district of Gay Head made the town of Gay Head. Mar. 25, 1896 bounds between Gay Head and Chilmark to be determined. April 29, 1897 bounds between Gay Head and Chilmark established.	Mar. 17, 1864 Part of Chilmark known as the Elizabeth Islands.	July 8, 1671* Common land. Name changed to Edgartown.	8, 1671t Common land. Name changed to Tisbury.	July 8, 1671† Name changed from Middletown, Feb. 5, 1830 bounds between Tis- bury and Edgartown established. April 23, 1882 bounds between Tisbury and Edgartown established. Feb. 27, 1882 bounds between Tisbury and Chilmark established. April 23, 1892 part established as West Tisbury.	isbury.
8, 1671* N	8, 1856 II	7, 1864	8, 1671* C	8, 1671† C	8, 1671† N	April 28, 1892 Part of Tisbury.
July	May 2	Mar. 1	July	July	July	April 2
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Edgartown, .	Gay Head, .	Gosnold,	Great Harbour, .	Middletowne,	Tisbury, .	West Tisbury,

* "The said Towne being formerly known by the name of the Great Harbour," New York Book of Patents,

Vol. 4, p. 75. † "A township formerly known as Middletowne," New York Book of Patents, Vol. 4, p. 77.

ESSEX COUNTY. INCORPORATED MAY 10, 1643.

From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc.	Part of Salisbury. May 12, 1675 just and full bounds allowed to Amesbury. Mar. 15, 1844 part of Salisbury called "Little Salisbury" annexed. April 11, 1876 part established as Merrimac. June 16, 1886 part of Salisbury annexed. July 1, 1886 act of June 16, 1886 took effect.	Common land called Cochicawick. May 26, 1658 bounds between Andover and Hillerine established. May 9, 1678 bounds between Andoverand "Wills Hill" established. June 20, 1728 part included in the new town of Middleton. April 17, 1847 part included new town of Lawrence. April 17, 1855 part established as North Andover. Feb. 4, 1879 part sannexed to Lawrence.	Part of Salem called Bass River. Sept. 11, 1753 part of Salem annexed. April 27, 1857 part annexed to Danvers. Mar. 23, 1894 Beverly incorporated as a city. May 1, 1894 act of incorporation accepted by the town.	Part of Rowley. Feb. 25, 1701 bounds between Boxford and Topsfield established. June 20, 1723 part included in the new town of Middleton. June 10, 1808 part of Rowley amexed. June 18, 1825 bounds between Boxford and Rowley established. Mar. 7, 1846 part of Ipswich annexed. Mar. 21, 1856 part annexed to Groceland. April 15, 1897 bounds between Boxford and Georgetown established.	A part of Rowley called Merrimak or Rowley Village. Feb. 24, 1701 agreed bounds between Bradford and Rowley confirmed. Mar. 8, 1850 part established as Groveland. May 4, 1896 annexed to Havernill if the act is accepted by both places. Nov. 3, 1896 the act accepted by both. Jan. 4, 1897 the act took effect.
First mentioned in Records of the State, or therein recorded as Established or Incorporated.	. May 27 1668	6, 1646	Nov. 7, 1668	Sept. 14, 1694	13, 1675
First n in Rethe S the S therein as Est or Inco	May	May	Nov.	Sept.	Oet.
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CITIES AND TOWNS.				•	
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DIES	ury,	er,	LY,	ŕ	ord,
Ch	Amesbury, .	Andover,	Beverly,	Boxford,	Bradford, .
	An	An	BE	Bo	Br

Counties,	Cities,	and Tow	ns of I	Massachusetts. 113
Jan. 28, 1752 The village and Middle Parishes in Salem established as the district of Davers. June 16, 1757 the district made a town. (Act disallowed by the Privy Council, Aug. 10, 1754.) Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. Mar. 17, 1840 bounds between Danvers and Salem established. May 18, 1855 part established as South Danvers. May 31, 1856 bounds between Danvers and South Danvers. May 31, 1856 bounds between Danvers and South Danvers. April 27, 1857 part of Bewelly annexed.	Part of Ipswich. April 19, 1892 boundary lines in tide-water between Essex and Gloucester, and Essex and Ipswich established. Part of Rowley. April 15, 1897 bounds between Georgetown and Boxford established.	Common land called "Cape Anne." May 15, 1672 bounds between Gloucester and Manchecter established. Feb. 27, 1539 part established as Cockport. April 23, 1873 Gloucester incorporated as a city. May 15, 1873 act of incorporation accepted by the fown. April 19, 1892 boundary lines in tide-water between Gloucester, and Essex and Ipswich established.	Part of Bradford. Mar. 21, 1856 part of Boxford annexed. Part of Ipswich called the Parish of Ipswich-Hamlet. June 5, 1896 bounds between Hamilton and Ipswich established and part of each town annexed to the other town.	Common land called l'antucket. May 10, 1643 Haverhill is named as in one of the four shires established. May 23, 1650 an island in the Merrimack River granted to Haverhill unless some person prove a clear title to it within three years. Oct. 30, 1651 bounds established. Nov. 1, 1654 bounds between Haverhill and Salisbury established. May 18, 1664 bounds between Haverhill and 'lands of Maj. Gen'l Demison established." May 15, 1667 bounds established. May 15, 1675 bounds established. May 15, 1675 bounds established. May 12, 1675 bounds established. May 12, 1675 bounds established. May 12, 1676 bounds established. May 12, 1676 bounds established. May 12, 1676 bounds established. May 12, 1867 act of incorporation accepted by the town. May 4, 1896 Bradford annaced if the act is accepted by both places. Nov. 3, 1896 the act accepted by both. Jan. 4, 1897 the act took effect.
28, 1752	Feb. 15, 1819 April 21, 1838	May 18, 1642	8, 1850 21, 1793	2, 1641
Jan.	Feb.	Мау	. June	June 2, 1641
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Danvers, .	Essex, Georgetown,	GLOUCESTER,	Groveland, . Hamilton, .	Науевниц,
Danver	Essex, George	Grouci	Grovelt	НАVЕR

ESSEX COUNTY - Continued.

14	Date of	f Establishmer	nt, Inc	orporation	n, Etc.
	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc.	Common land called "Aggawam." Oct. 18, 1648 part called the Village at the New Meadows named "Toppesied", 7eb. 28, 1694 bounds between Ipswich and Topsfield established. Nov. 29, 1785 part annexed to Rowley. June 21, 1793 part established as Hamilton. Feb. 15, 1819 part established as Essex. Mar. 7, 1846 part annexed to Boxford. April 19, 1892 boundary lines in tide-water between Ipswich and Essex, and Ipswich and Gloncester established. June 5, 1896 bounds between Ipswich and Manilton established. June of each town annexed to the other town.	Parts of Andover and Methuen. Mar. 21, 1853 Lawrence incorporated as a city. Mar. 29, 1853 act of incorporation accepted by the town. April 4, 1854 part of Methuen annexed. Feb. 4, 1879 parts of Andover and North Andover amexed.	The first Saugus. May 29, 1644 part established as Reading. July 3, 1782 part established as the district of Lymided. Feb. 17, 1815 part established as Saugus. April 10, 1850 Lym incorporated as a city. April 19, 1850 act of incorporation accepted by the town. May 21, 1852 part established as Swampscott. Mar. 29, 1853 part established as Swampscott. Mar. 29, 1853 part established	Part of Lynn established as the district of Lynnfield. Feb. 28, 1814 the district made a town. April 10, 1854 bounds between Lynnfield and Reading established. May 27, 1857 bounds between Lynnfield and North Reading established and part of each town amexed to the other town, provided the act is accepted by both towns. Nov. 3, 1857 act of May 27, 1857 accepted by Lynnfield. (Accepted by North Reading Jan. 7, 1858.) May 17, 1991 bounds between Lynnfield and Sangus established.
	First mentioned in Records of the State, or therein recorded as Established or Incorporated.	Aug. 5, 1634	April 17, 1847	Nov. 20, 1637	3, 1782
	First r in Re the S therein as Es or Ince	Aug.	April	Nov.	July
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	Cities and Towns.	•	•	•	•
	cs AN	•	CE,	•	
	CITIE	rich,	LAWRENCE,	, N	Lynnfield,
		Ipswich,	LAW	LYNN, .	Lyn

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. May 14, 1645 Fart of Satem called "Jeftryes Creeke." May 15, 1672 bounds be- tween Manchester and Gloucester established.	Part of Salem called Marble Harbor. May 6,1635 a plantation established at Marblehead. May 2, 1649 Marblehead established as a town.	Part of Amesbury.	Part of Haverhill and certain common lands. April 17, 1847 part included in the new town of Lawrence. April 4, 1854 part annexed to Lawrence.	Parts of Andover, Boxford, Salem, and Topsfield.	Mar. 29, 1853 Part of Lynn.	The plantation called Wessacucon. Jan. 28, 1764 part established as Newburyport. Feb. 18, 1819 part established as Parsons. April 17, 1851 part annexed to Newburyport.	Part of Newbury. April 17,1851 part of Newbury annexed. May 24, 1851 Newburyport incorporated as a city. June 3, 1851 act of incorporation accepted by the town.	April 7, 1855 Part of Andover. Feb. 4, 1879 part annexed to Lawrence.	Part of Newbury. June 14, 1820 name changed to West Newbury.	Name changed from South Danvers. April 30, 1868 act of April 13, 1868 accepted by the town. Mar. 27, 1882 part annexed to Salem.	
14, 1645	2, 1633	April 11, 1876	8, 1725	June 20, 1728	29, 1853	6, 1635	Jan. 28, 1764	7, 1855	18, 1819	April 13, 1868	
May	July	April	Dec.	June	Mar.	Мау	Jan.	April	Feb.	April	
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Manchester,	Marblchead,	Merrimac,	Methuen,	Middleton,	Nahant,	Newbury,	NEWBURYPORT,.	North Andover, .	Parsons,	Peabody,	
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From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc.	Part of Gloucester.	"Mr. Ezechi Rogers plantation." — -, 1675 part established as Bradford. — -, 1694 part established as Boxford. Feb. 24, 1701 bounds between Rowiey and Bradford established. Nov. 29, 1785 part of Ipswich annexed. June 10, 1898 part amexed to Boxford. June 18, 1825 bounds between Rowley and Boxford established. April 21, 1838 part established as Georgetown.	Common land. Mar. 4, 1635 bounds between Salem and Saugus (now Lynn), and Salem and Marble Harbor, to be established. Sept. 7, 1643 part called Enon established as Wenham. May 14, 1645 part called "Joffryes Crecke" established as Manchester. May 2, 1649 part established as Marblehead. Oct. 19, 1638 bounds between Salem and Topsified established. May 29, 1664 bounds between Salem and Topsified established. Oct. 14, 1658 part called Bass River established as Beverly. June 20, 1728 part included in the new fown of Middleton. Jan. 28, 1732 part established as the district of Danvers. Sept. 11, 1753 part annexed to Beverly. Mar. 23, 1836 Salem incorporated as a city. April 4, 1836 act of incorporation Danvers established. April 39, 1856 bounds between Salem and Danvers established and part of each place annexed to the other place. April 39, 1857 part annexed to Swannpscott. Mar. 27, 1882 path of Teabody annexed.
First mentioned in Records of the State, or therein recorded as Established or Incorporated.	Feb. 27, 1840	Sept. 4, 1639	Aug. 23, 1630
First m in Re the S therein as Est or Inco	Feb.	Sept.	Aug.
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CITIES AND TOWNS.			
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Cro	Rockport,	Rowley,	SALEN,
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Sept. 7,1643 Part of Salem called Enon. June 14,1820 Name changed from Parsons.	7, 1643	Sept.				bury	Wenham, West Newbury, .	Wenham, West New
Part of Ipswich called the Village at the New Meadows. Oct. 18, 1650 Topsfield established as town. Oct. 19, 1658 bounds between Topsfield and Salem established. May 29, 1664 bounds between Topsfield and Salem established. Feb. 28, 1694 bounds between Topsfield and Ipswich established. Feb. 28, 1701 bounds between Topsfield and Boxford established. June 29, 1728 part included in the new town of Middleton.	Oct. 18, 1648	Oet,		•			Topsfield,	.=
Part of Lynn. April 3, 1867 part of Salem annexed.	May 21, 1852	May	٠		٠	it,	Swampscott,	-
Part of Danvers. April 30, 1856 bounds between South Danvers and Salem established and part of each place annexed to the other place. May 31, 1856 bounds between South Danvers and Danvers established. April 13, 1858 name changed to Peabody. April 30, 1868 name of Peabody accepted by the town.	May 18, 1855	May				rers	South Danrers,	
Part of Lynn. Feb. 22, 1841 part of Chelsea annexed. May 17, 1901 bounds between Saugus and Lynnfield established.	Feb. 17, 1815	Feb.			•		Saugue,	TL:
The plantation of Saugus. Mar. 4, 1635 bounds between Saugus and Salem, and between Saugus and Marble Harbor, to be established. Nov. 20, 1637 name changed to Lynn.	July 5, 1631	July		٠			Saugus,	200
7, 1940 Common land called Colechester, June 2, 1941 bounds between Salisbury and "Pantacket, all: Haverell" established. Nov. 1, 1654 bounds between salisbury and Haverhill established. May 27, 1668 part established as Amesbury. Mar. 15, 1844 partamiexed to Amesbury. June 16, 1889 part annexed to Amesbury. July 1, 1886 act of June 16, 1886 took effect.	7, 1640	Oet.		•			Salisbury,	

FRANKLIN COUNTY INCORPORATED JUNE 21 1811

10	Date	1128	suusisiin	01009.	Incorpor	<i>x</i> 00010	, 1200.
FIXANKLIN COUNTY. INCORPORATED JUNE 24, 1811.	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc.	The new plantation called Huntstown.	The new plantation called Falltown. Dec. 2, 1779 part annexed to Colrain. Mar. 12, 1784 part established as the district of Leyden. April 14, 1888 part of Creenfield annexed. May 7, 1886 part of Leyden act of May 7, 1886 accepted.	The plantation called Notown, and part of Charlemont. April 14, 1838 part of Conway annexed.	The new plantation called Charlemont. April 14, 1779 part included in the new town of Buckland. Feb. 14, 1785 part included in the new town of Heath. Mart 19, 1783 certain common lands between Charlemont and North River annexed. April 2, 1838 part of the common lands called Zoar annexed.	The new plantation of Colrain. Dec. 2, 1779 part of Berdnardston annexed.	Part of Deerfield established as the district of Conway. Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. Feb. 19, 1781 part of Sheburne annexed. Feb. 9, 1755 part annexed to Goshen. June 17, 1791 part of Deerfield annexed. June 21, 1811 part of Deerfield annexed and bounds between Conway and Whately established. April 14, 1838 part annexed to Buckland.
CANKLIN	First mentioned in Records of the State, or therein recorded as Established or Incorporated.	June 21, 1765	Mar. 6, 1762	April 14, 1779	June 21, 1765	June 30, 1761	June 17, 1767
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	CITIES AND TOWNS.		Bernardston,	e e	ont,	•	•
	Ciri	ield,	arde	slanc	·lem	ain,	78.y,
		Ashfield,	Bern	Buckland,	Charlemont,	Colrain,	Conway,

Counties, Ci	ties,	and	Towns	of A	<i>Lass</i>	acl	husetts.	119
Common land. Oct, 1678 the encounging of the rebuilding of the plantation of Deerfield provided for. June 7, 1712 bounds to extend "Mine miles from the River into the Western Woods." June 9, 1753 part established as the district of Greenfield, June 17, 1767 part established as the district of Conway. June 21, 1768 part established as the district of Conway. June 21, 1768 part established as the district of Shelburne. June 17, 1791 part annexed to Conway. Mar. 5, 1810 part annexed to Conway and bounds established. May 2, 1896 part annexed to Greenfield.	The common land called Erving's Grant. Feb. 27, 1841 bounds between Erving and Orange established. Feb. 10, 1860 part of Northfield called Hack's Grant annexed.	Part of Greenfield. Feb. 28, 1795 part of Northfield annexed. Mar. 14, 1805 the island called Great Island annexed after April 1, 1805.	Part of Deerfield established as the district of Greenfield. Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a lown by general act. Sept. 28, 1793 part established as Gill. April 14, 1838 part annexed to Bernardston. May 2, 1896 part of Deerfield annexed.	The plantation called Number Seven. Mar. 9, 1793 part of plantation Number Seven, accidentally omitted in the bounds, annexed to Hawley. June 21, 1803 part annexed to the district of Plainfield.	Part of Charlemont and common lands called Green and Walker's land.	Part of Sunderland.	Part of Bernardston established as the district of Leyden. Feb. 22, 1809 the district made a town. May 7, 1886 part annexed to Bernardston, if the act is accepted by Bernardston, June 7, 1886 the act accepted by Bernardston.	Part of Rowe and a gore of common land.
25, 1677	1838	1793	9, 1753	6, 1792	14, 1785	5, 1774	12, 1784	Feb. 21, 1822
ei ei	1 17,	28,						21,
Oct.	April 17, 1838	Sept. 28, 1793	June	Feb.	Feb.	Mar.	Mar.	Feb.
•	•	•	•			٠	٠	•
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Deerfield,	Erving,	GIII,	Greenfield,	Hawley,	Heath, .	Leverett,	Leyden,	Monroe,

FRANKLIN COUNTY - Concluded.

fd From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, and Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc.	Part of Sunderland established as the district of Montague. Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. Feb. 23, 1803 part annexed to Wendell.	The township of New Salem with the additional grant made to said (ownship established as the district of New Salem. Ang. 23, 1775 the district made atown by general act. Jan. 28, 1822 part included in the new town of Prescott. Feb. 20, 1824 part of Shutesbury annexed. Feb. 5, 1839 part annexed to Athol. Mar. 16, 1837 part called Little Grant annexed to Orange and part to Athol.	The plantation called Squakead. June 29, 1773 two tracts of land lying south of Northfield annexed. Feb. 28, 1795 part annexed to Gill. Feb. 10, 1860 part called Hack's Grant annexed to Erving.	Parts of Athol, Royalston, Warwick, and certain common lands called Ervingshire made the district of Orange. Feb. 24, 1810 the district made a town. Feb. 7, 1816 part annexed to Athol. Mar. 16, 1837 part of the common lands called Erving's Grant annexed. Mar. 16, 1837 part of New Salem called Little Grant annexed. Feb. 27, 1841 bounds between Orange and Erving established.	The common lands called Myrifield and lands adjoining. Feb. 21, 1892 mer of Rous and cartein common lands actuallished as Monroe
First mentioned in Records of the State, or therein recorded as Established or Incorporated.	Jan. 25, 1754	June 15, 1753	22, 1714	Oct. 15, 1783	9, 1785
Firs fin ther ther as or I	Jar	ınf	Feb.	Oct	Feb.
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CITIES AND TOWNS.	•		•		•
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SS AN	•	m'	ď, .		
CITII	Montague,	New Salem,	Northfield, .	Orange,	Коже, .
	noJ	New	Nor	Orar	30W

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assa	, HAMPDEN COUNTY. INCORPORATED FEB. 25, 1812.	PDEN (HAMD			
s of M	rart of Haffield. Mar. 5, 1519 part of Decrined annexed. June 21, 1811 bounds between Whately and Conway established. Feb. 2, 1849 bounds between Whately and Williamsburg established.	April 24, 1111	April	•		
owns		9, 1131	May	•		
and I	The plantation called Roxbury Canada with sundry farms lying therein, and certain common lands. Oct. 15, 1783 part included in the new town of Orange.	17, 1763	Feb.	•		•
Cities,	Common land. Jan. 2, 1740 bounds between Hadley and Sunderland established. Jan. 25, 1754 part established as the district of Montague. Mar. 5, 1774 part established as Leverett.	Nov. 12, 1718	Nov.			
ies,	The plantation called Roadtown. May 8, 1781 part included in the new town of Wendell. Feb. 20, 1824 part annexed to New Balenk.	June 30, 1761	June	•		
Count	June 21, 1765 Part of Decriedte Gastalished as the district of Shelburne. Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. Feb. 19, 1781 part an nexed to Conway. Mar. 19, 1793 certain common lands Between Shelburne and North River annexed.	21, 1768	June	•		

. May 17, 1855 Part of West Springfield.	April 10, 1741 Suffield equivalent lands, commonly called Glasgow. Feb. 22, 1809 hounds between Blandford and Russell, and Blandford and Chester established. June 13, 1810 bounds between Blandford and Chester established. May 25, 1853 part annexed to Norwich.
17, 1855	10, 1741
May	April
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Agawam,	Blandford, .

HAMPDEN COUNTY - Continued.

			памп	HAMFDEN COUNTI-Continued.
CITIES AND TOWNS.	wns.	First in R the the therein as Es	First mentioned in Records of the State, or therein recorded as Established or Incorporated.	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc.
Brimfield,		Aug.	Aug. 16, 1722	Common land. Dec. 24, 1731 the town incorporated. Jan. 16, 1742 part included in the new town of Western. April 28, 1760 part established as the district of Monson. Sept. 18, 1762 part established as the Agrict of South Brimfeld. Feb. 7, 1763 bounds definitely established.
Chester,		Feb.	Feb. 21, 1783	Name changed from Murrayfield. Mar. 12, 1783 part included in the new town of Middlefield. June 21, 1799 part annexed to Worthington. Feb. 22, 1899 bounds between Chester and Blandford established. June 13, 1810 bounds between Chester and Blandford established. May 25, 1853 part annexed to Norwich.
CHICOPEE,		April	April 29, 1848	Part of Springfield. April 18, 1899 Chicopee incorporated as a city. May 6, 1890 act of incorporation accepted by the town.
East Longmeadow, Granville,		May Jan.	19, 1894	Part of Longmeadow. Act took effect July 1, 1894. The plantation of Bedford established as the district of Granville. Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. June 14, 1810 nart established as Tolland.
Hampden,		Mar.	28, 1878	Part of Wilbraham.
Holland,		July	5, 1783	Part of South Brimfield established as the district of Holland. Feb. 8, 1796 bounds between the district of Holland and South Brimfield established. May 1, 1836 the district made a town by the provisions of langue 13 of the Revised Statutes.

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Mar. 14, 1850 Tart of West Springheld. April 7, 1873 Holyoke incorporated as a city. May 29, 1873 act of incorporation accepted by the town.	Part of Springfield called Longmeadow. Nov. 16, 1787 certain common lands called the Gore annexed. June 2, 1800 part annexed to Springfield. July 1, 1894 part of Longmeadow established as East Longmeadow.	Part of Springfleld called Stony Hill established as the district of Ludlow. Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. June 5, 1830 bounds between Ludlow and Springfield established.	Part of Brimfield established as the district of Monson. Feb. 7, 1763 bounds definitely established. Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. Feb. 8, 1828 bounds between Monson and Palmer established.	Parts of Westfield, Norwich, and Southampton. Feb. 25, 1792 part included in the new town of Russell. Mar. 6, 1792 parts of Norwich and Southampton annexed.	The new plantation called Murrayfield. June 29, 1773 part established as the district of Norwich. May 8, 1781 part annexed to Norwich. Feb. 21, 1783 name changed to Chester.	The plantation called The Elbows* established as the district of Palmer. Peb. 7, 1763 bounds definitely established. Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. Peb. 8, 1828 bounds between Palmer and Monson established. Peb. 7, 1831 part of Western annexed.	Parts of Westfield and Montgomery. Feb. 22, 1809 bounds between Blandford and Russell established.
14, 1850	Oct. 13, 1783	28, 1774	April 28, 1760	28, 1780	Oct. 31, 1765	30, 1752	25, 1792
Mar.	Oct.	Feb.	April	Nov.	Oct.	Jan.	Feb.
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HOLYOKE,	Longmeadow,	Ludlow,	Monson,	Montgomery,	Murrayfield,	Palmer,	Russell,
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* Sometimes called New Marlborough and sometimes Kingsfield.

From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc.	Part of Brimfield established as the district of South Brimfield. Feb. 21, 1766 the district divided into two parishes, the east and west. Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. July 5, 1783 the east parish of South Brimfield established as the district of Iloland. Feb. 8, 1796 bounds between South Brimfield and the district of Holland established. Feb. 20, 1828 name changed to Wales.	Part of Westfield established as the district of Southwick. Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. Oct. 6, 1779 part of Westfield annexed. Mar. 29, 1837 bounds between Southwick and Westfield established.	Common land called Agawam. Nov. 11, 1647 "Woronoko" to be a part of Springfield. Mar, 1684 certain common lands aunexed. May 19, 1669 part called Woronoke established as Westfield. May 13, 1679 bounds between Springfield and Westfield established. May 17, 1684 bounds established. June 4, 1655 bounds between Springfield and Northampton established. June 4, 1655 bounds between Springfield and Northampton established. June 15, 1765 part established as WestSpringfield. Feb. 28, 174 part called Stony Hill established as Ludlow. Oct. 13, 1783 part established as Longmeadow. June 11, 1789 part and raddow established. April 29, 1839 bounds between Springfield and Ludlow established. April 29, 1848 part established as Chicopea. April 21, 1852 Springfield incoprated as et sity. April 29, 1853 Apringfield act accented by the form. June 2, 1890 part of Longmeadow.
First mentioned in Records of the State, or therein recorded as Established or Incorporated.	Sept. 18, 1762	7, 1770	June 2, 1641
First in R the fin the fitherein as Es or Inc	Sept.	Nov.	June
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CITIES AND TOWNS.	ld,	•	•
s ANI	South Brimfield,	Southwick, .	Springfield,
TIES	Br	wlc	GF
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June 14, 1819 Part of Granville. May 4, 1853 bounds between Tolland and Sandis-field established. May 15, 1855 bounds between Tolland and Sandished established.	Name changed from South Brimfield.	Part of Springfield called Woronoake. May 31, 1670 bounds between Westfield and Springfield established. June 4, 1701 a strip of common land divided between Westfield and Northampton. Nov. 7, 1770 part established as the district of Southwick. Oct. 6, 1717 part annexed to Southwick. Nov. 25, 1792 part included in the new town of Montgomery. Feb. 25, 1792 part included in the new town of Russell. Mar. 3, 1802 part annexed to West Springfield. Mar. 20, 1837 bounds between Westfield and Southwick established.	Part of Springfield. Mar. 3, 1802 part of Westfield annexed. Mar. 14, 1850 part established as Holyoke. May 17, 1855 part established as Agawam.	Part of Springfield. June 11, 1799 part of Springfield called The Elbows annexed. Mar. 28, 1878 part of Wilbraham established as Hampdon.	HAMPSHIRE COUNTY. INCORPORATED MAY 7, 1662.	Part of Hadley established as the district of Amhorst, Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. Jan. 15, 1789 part of Hadley annexed. Feb. 28, 1811 part of Hadley annexed. Feb. 18, 1812 part of Hadley annexed. Feb. 17, 1814 part of Hadley annexed. Mar. 1, 1815 bounds between Amherst and Hadley established and part of each town annexed to the other town.
14, 1810	20, 1828	May 19, 1669	Feb. 23, 1774	June 15, 1763	SHIRE	Feb. 13, 1759
June	Feb.	May	Feb.	June	намр	Feb.
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Tolland,	Wales, .	Westfield,	West Springfield,	Wilbraham,.		Amberst,
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HAMPSHIRE COUNTY - Continued.

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Feb. 15, 1816 Parts of Belchertown and Greenwich. June 12, 1818 bounds between Enfield and Greenwich established and part of each town annexed to the other town.	Part of Chesterfield and the plantation called Chesterfield Gore. Feb. 9, 1755 part of Conway antoxed. June §, 1789 part amexed to Chesterfield. June 24, 1789 bounds between Goshen and Williamsburg established. Feb. 7, 1797 bounds between Goshen and Williamsburg established. Feb. 7, 1797 bounds between Goshen and Williamsburg established.	Part of South Hadley stabilished. Mar. 9, 1732 part of South Indiey established. Mar. 9, 1772, part of South Indiey annexed. June 12, 1824 bounds between Granby and South Hadley established. June 20, 1855 bounds between Granby and South Indiety established. June 16, 1827 bounds between Granby and south Hadley established.	The plantation called Quabin. June 22, 1771 part of Belcher- town annexed. Feb. 18, 1809 part included in the new town of Dana- June 19, 1811 bounds between Greenwich and Dana established. Feb. 15, 1816 part included in the new town of Enfield. June 12, 1818 bounds between Greenwich and Enfield established and part of each town annexed to the other town.	The new plantation near Northampton. Oct. 21, 1633 bounds established. May St. 1964 certain common lands granted to Hadley. May 11, 1570 part established as Hutlield. May 7, 1673 certain common lands granted to Hadley. May 16, 1683 certain common lands granted to Hadley. Jan. 2, 1740 bounds between Hadley and Sunderland established. April 22, 1753 part made the district of South Hadley. Feb. 13, 1759 part made the district of Amberst. Jan. 15, 1789 part annexed to Amberst. Reb. 25, 1811 part annexed to Amberst. Reb. 18, 1812 part annexed to Amberst. Reb. 18, 1818 pound annexed to Amberst. Reb. 17, 1814 part annexed to Amberst. Am 1, 1818 bounds between Hadley and Amberst established and part of each town annexed to the other town. April 15, 1850 part annexed to Northampton.
1816	1781	1768	1754	1961
15,	14,	11,	20,	22,
Feb.	May 14, 1781	June 11, 1768	April 20, 1754	May 22, 1661
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Enfield,	Goshen,	Granby, .	Greenwich	Hadley,

MPSHIRE COUNTY - Continued.

	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc.	Part of Hadley. Oct. 9, 1672 bounds established. Nov. 26, 1695 certain common lands annexed. April 24, 1771 part established as Whately. April 24, 1771 part included in the new district of Williamsburg. Mar. 14, 184, bounds between Hadfeld and Williamsburg established and part of each town annexed to the other town. Mar. 19, 1846 bounds between Haffeld and Williamsburg established each town annexed to the other town.	Name changed from Norwich,	Parts of Becket, Chester, Partridgefield, Washington, and Worthington, and the common lands called Prescott's Grant.	Common land called Nonotuck. June 4, 1685 bounds between North- ampton and Springfield established. June 4, 1701 a strip of com- mon land divided between Northampton and Westfield. Jun. 5, 1735 part established as Southampton. Sept. 29, 4778 part established as 17, 1785 part included in the new district of Basthampton. June 17, 1785 part for Hadley annexed. Mar. 12, 1872 bounds between North- 1850 part of Hadley annexed. Mar. 12, 1872 bounds between North- mpton and Westhampton established. June 23, 1883 Northampton incorporated as a city. Sept. 5, 1883 act of incorporation accepted by the town.
	First mentioned in Records of the State, or therein recorded as Established or Incorporated.	May 31, 1670	Mar. 9, 1855	Mar. 12, 1783	May 14, 1656
	First mentioned in Records of the State, or therein recorded as Established or Incorporated.	May 3	Mar.	Mar. 1	May 1
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	CITIES AND TOWNS.	•	u,	rf.	Ковтнаметом, .
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	Ç	Hatfield,	Huntington,	Middlefield, .	ORTI
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June 29, 1773 Part of Murrayfield established as the district of Nowwich. Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. Nov. 28, 1789 part included in the new town of Montgomery. May 8, 1781 part of Murrayfield annexed. Mar. 6, 1782 part annexed to Montgomery. Feb. 22, 1794 part annexed to Chesterfield. May 25, 1835 parts of Blandford and Chester annexed. Mar. 9, 1855 name changed to Huntington.	Jan. 15, 1743 Common land called New Lisburne. June 16, 1788 part of Belchertown annexed. Jan. 28, 1822 part included in the new town of Prescott.	Part of Cummington established as the district of Plainfield. Feb. 4, 1794 part of Cummington annexed to the district of Plainfield. June 21, 1803 part of Hawley annexed to the district of Plainfield. June 15, 1807 the district made a town.	Parts of Pelham and New Salem.	Part of Northampton established as the district of Southampton. Aug. 23, 1775 the district ande a town by general act. Sept. 29, 1778 part of Northampton amexed. Nov. 23, 1780 part included in the new town of Montgomery. June 17, 1785 part included in the new district of Easthampton. Mar. 6, 1729 part amexed to Montgomery. Feb. 1, 1285 bounds between Southampton and Easthampton established. Mar. 13, 1841 part annexed to Easthampton established.	part annexed to distillation of the 24, 1862 bounds between Southampton and Basthampton established. Mar. 12, 1872 bounds between Southampton and Westhampton established.	Part of Hadley established as the district of South Hadley. June 11, 1768 part of the district established as Granby. Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. June 28, 1781 bounds between South Hadley and Granby established. Mar. 9, 1792 part annexed to Granby. June 12, 1824 bounds between South Hadley and Granby established. June 20, 1826 bounds between South Hadley and Granby Granby established. June 16, 1827 bounds between South Hadley and Granby established. June 16, 1827 bounds between South Hadley and Granby established.
9, 1773	5, 1743	Mar. 16, 1785	Jan. 28, 1822	5, 1753		April 12, 1753
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Norwich,	Pelham,	Plainfield,	Prescott,	Southampton,		South Hadley,
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HAMPSHIRE COUNTY - Concluded.

From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc.	Parts of Brookfield, Palmer, and Western, and certain common lands, all forming Ware-River Parish, established as the district of Ware. Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. Feb. 8, 1823 parts of Brookfield and Western annexed.	Part of Northampton. Mar. 12, 1872 bounds between Westhampton, and Easthampton, Northampton, and Southampton established.	Part of Hatfield and certain common lands adjoining established as the district of Williamsburg. Aug. 23, 175 the district made a town by general act. June 24, 1789 bounds between Williamsburg and Chesterfield and Goshen established. Feb. 7, 1797 bounds between Williamsburg and Chesterfield and Goshen established. Feb. 16, 1810 bounds between Williamsburg and Goshen established. In Jr. 1845 bounds between Williamsburg and Hatfield established and part of each town annexed to the other town. Mar. 19, 1846 bounds between Williamsburg and Hatfield established and part of each town annexed to the other town. Mar. 19, 1846 bounds nanexed to the other town. Feb. 2, 1849 bounds between Williamsburg and Hatfield established and part of each town annexed to the other town. Feb. 2, 1849 bounds between Williamsburg and Whately established.	The new plantation called Number Three. Mar. 12, 1783 part included in the new town of Middlefield. June 21, 1799 part of Chester annexed.
First mentioned in Records of the State, or therein recorded as Established or Incorporated.	Nov. 25, 1761	Sept. 29, 1778	April 24, 1771	June 30, 1768
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CITIES AND TOWNS.		Westhampton,	Williameburg,	ton,
CITIES		tham	lams	Worthington,
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Acton, .				July 3, 1735	65	1735	Part of Concord with Willard's Farms. April 28, 1780 part included in the second district of Carlisle.
Arlington, .			•	April 13, 1867	113, 1	1981	Name changed from West Cambridge. April 30, 1867 the act took effect.
Ashby,			•	Mar. 6, 1767	6,]	1911	Parts of Ashburnham, Fitchburg, and Townsend. Nov. 16, 1792 part of Ashburnham annexed. Mar. 3, 1829 part of Fitchburg annexed.
Ashland, .			٠	Mar. 16, 1846	16, 1	9781	Parts of Framingham, Holliston, and Hopkinton. April 28, 1853 part to be annexed to Hopkinton when a certain sum is paid by Hopkinton. May 2, 1853 the act took effect.
Ayer,		٠	•	Feb. 14, 1871	14, 1	1871	Parts of Groton and Shirley.
Bedford,	٠	٠	۰	Sept.	Sept. 23, 1729	1729	Parts of Billerica and Concord. Feb. 26, 1767 part of Billerica annexed.
Belmont,		•	•	Mar.	Mar. 18, 1859	1859	Parts of Waltham, Watertown, and West Cambridge. Jan. 31, 1861 bounds between Belmont and West Cambridge established. Feb. 25, 1862 part of Cambridge annexed and bounds established. April 19, 1880 part annexed to Cambridge. April 28, 1881 bounds between Belmont and Cambridge established and part of each place annexed to the other place.
Billerica,		•	•	May 29, 1655	. 503	1655	Common land. May 14, 1656 eight thousand acres of common land granted to Billerica. May 15, 1657 certain lands granted to Billerica. May 15, 1657 certain lands granted to Billerica. May 1658 bounds between Billerica and Andover established. June 7, 1661 four thousand acres of land granted to Billerica. Oct. 10, 1666 bounds between Billerica and Wohum established. June 27, 1701 bounds between Billerica and Chelmsford and Concord established. Sept. 23, 1739 part included in the new town of Bedford. Dec. 17, 1734 part established as Tewkshury. Feb. 26, 1767 part annexed to Bedford. April 28, 1739 part included in the second district of Carlisle.
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	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc.	Parts of Harvard, Littleton, and Stow established as the district of Boxborough. Feb. 20 1794 bounds between Boxboroughand Littleton established. May 1, 1836 the district made a town by chapter 15 of the Revised Statutes. April 30, 1890 bounds between Boxborough and Littleton established.	Part of Cambridge. Jan. 27, 1816 part of Cambridge annexed. May 21, 1873 Brighton annexed to Boston if the act is accepted by both places. Oct. 7, 1873 the act accepted by both. Jan. 5, 1874 the act took effect.	Part of Woburn. Jan. 20, 1800 part annexed to Lexington.	The town of Newe Towne. May 2, 1638 name changed to Cambridge. Mar. 13, 1639 bounds between Cambridge and Vatertown established. Oct. 7, 1641 bounds between Cambridge and Vatertown established. Nov. 12, 1659 one thousand acres of land granted to Cambridge. Oct. 19, 1664 the grant renewed. Mar. 29, 1713 part established as Lexington. April 18, 1761 part of Charlestown amerced. Mar. 29, 1713 part established as Brighton. Feb. 27, 1807 part established as Brighton. Feb. 27, 1807 part established as Brighton. Feb. 27, 1818 part of Charlestown amerced. Jun. 27, 1816 part annexed to Brighton. Feb. 21, 1818 part of Charlestown amerced. Jun. 17, 1826 cambridge incorporated as a city. Mar. 30, 1836 act of incorporation accepted by the town. April 27, 1855 part of Watertown amerced. April 20, 1856 bounds between Cambridge and Somewille established and part of each place annexed to the other place. Feb. 25, 1862 parts of
	First mentioned in Records of the State, or therein recorded as Established or Incorporated.	25, 1783	Feb. 24, 1807	Feb. 28, 1799	Sept. 8, 1636
	First n in Rethe Street	Feb.	Feb.	Feb.	Sept
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	CITIES AND TOWNS.	th,			ъ́
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	C	Boxborough,	Brighton,	Burlington, .	Самендов,
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Counties, Citie	es, and To	owns of Massachusetts. 13
Belmont and West Cambridge annexed. 1"1st annexed to Belmont and West Cambridge annexed. 1"1st annexed to Belmont place annexed to the other place. April 19, 1880 part of each place annexed to the other place. April 19, 1880 part of Belmont annexed. Mar. 10, 1885 part of Watertown annexed. April 28, 1891 bounds between Cambridge and Felmont established and part of each place annexed to the other place. Mar. 9, 1898 bounds between Cambridge and Cambridge. Mar. 9, 1898 bounds between Cambridge and Watertown established, and part of each place annexed to the other place. Mar. 29, 1898 bounds between Cambridge and Boston established.	Part of Concord. Oct. 6, 1756 the district annexed to Concord. Parts of Acton, Billerica, Chelmsford, and Concord established as the district of Carlisle. Sept. 12, 1789 part of the district of Carlisle annexed to Concord. Mar. 1, 1783 part of the district of Carlisle annexed to Chelmsford. Fieb. 18, 1985 the district andea town. Feb. 17, 1885 part of Chelmsford annexed to Carlisle and bounds established.	Common land. Mar. 6, 1632 bounds between Charlestown and Newe Towne established. July 8, 1635 bounds between Charlestown and Boston established. Mar. 3, 1636 bounds between Charlestown and Boston established. Mar. 3, 1636 bounds between Charlestown Mar. 28, 1636 bounds between Charlestown and Boston established. Mar. 28, 1636 bounds between Charlestown and Boston established. Oct. 29, 1636 Lovel's Island granted to Charlestown provided they employ it for fishing. May 13, 1640 certain common lands granted to Charlestown. Oct. 7, 1640 certain common lands granted to Charlestown. Bept. 27, 1640 certain common lands granted to Charlestown. Sept. 27, 1640 certain common lands granted to Charlestown. Oct. 21, 21630 one thousand acres of land granted to Charlestown. Oct. 21, 1663 certain common lands granted to Charlestown. Oct. 21, 1663 tenten common lands granted to Charlestown. Oct. 13, 1664 the grant made Nov. 12, 1639 renewed. Dec. 17, 1723 part established as Stonelam. April 18, 1761 part annexed to Cambridge. Aune 21, 1819 part annexed to Cambridge. June 17, 1820 part annexed to Cambridge. June 17, 1820 part annexed to Cambridge. Feb. 25,
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CITIES AND TOWNS.	First mentioned in Records of the State, or therein recorded as Established or Incorporated.	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc.
Charlestown Con	Aug. 23, 1630	1942 part annexed to West Cambridge. Mar. 3, 1842 part established as Somerville. Feb. 22, 1847 Charlestown incorporated as a city. Mar. 10, 1847 act of incorporation accepted by the town. May 14, 1532 Charlestown annexed to Boston if the act is accepted by both cities. Oct. 7, 1873 act accepted by both. Jan. 5, 1874 the act took effect.
Chelmsford,	. May 29, 1655	Common land. May 31, 1860 bounds between Chelmsford and the Indian plantation at Patheste established. June 27, 1701 bounds between Chelmsford and Billerica established. June 13, 1726 Wanneset. Wanneset. Sept. 23, 1729 part established. April 28, 1780 part included in the second district of Carlisle. Mar. 1, 1783 part of the second district of Carlisle annexed. Mar. 1, 1825 part catablished as Lowell. Feb. 17, 1865 part annexed to Carlisle and bounds established. May 18, 1874 part annexed to Lowell. June 23, 1874 act of May 18, 1874 part annexed to Aug. 1, 1874 the act took effect.
Concord,	Sept. 3, 1635	A plantation at Musketequid. Aug. 29, 1638 bounds between Concord, Dechan, and Waletrown established. Jone 27, 170 bounds between Concord and Billerica established. Sept. 23, 1729 part included in the new town of Action. April 13, 1754 part included in the new town of Action. April 13, 1754 part included in the new town of Lincoln. April 19, 1754 part made the first district of Carlisle. Oct. 6, 1756 the first district of Carlisle annexed. April 28, 1759 part included in the second district of Carlisle. Sept. 12, 1750 part of the district of Carlisle.

26, 1702 Common land. Feb. 28, 1851 part annexed to Lowell. May 18, 1874 part annexed to Lowell. June 23, 1874 the act accepted by Lowell. Aug. 1, 1874 the act took effect. April1, 1879 part annexed to Lowell.	Common land. Jan. 4, 1733 part established as Nottingham (N. H.). July 4, 1735 part included in the new town of Litchinded (N. H.). June 22, 1789 part established as the district of Tyngeborough. Mar. 3, 1792 part annexed to the district of Tyngsborough. Feb. 25, 1793 part of Groton annexed. Jan. 26, 1796 part of Groton annexed. Jan. 29, 1789 bounds between Dunstable and the district of Tyngs- borough established. June 18, 1803 part of Groton annexed. June 10, 1814 bounds between Dunstable and Tyngsborough established. Feb. 15, 1820 bounds between Dunstable and Groton established.	Part of Sudbury. Mar. 11, 1835 name changed to Wayland.	Part of Malden. April 29, 1875 part annexed to Medford. June 11, 1892 Everett incorporated as a city. July 19, 1892 act of incorpora- tion accepted by the town.	Common land. June 25, 1700 the plantation of Framingham established as Framingham. July 5, 1700 certain common lands annexed. July 11, 1700 part of Sherborn annexed. June 13, 1701 bounds between Framingham and Sudbury established. Mar. 7, 1786 part annexed to Southborongt. Feb. 23, 1791 part annexed to Maribovough. Feb. 11, 1833 part of Holliston annexed. Mar. 16, 1846 part included in the new town of Ashland. April 22, 1811 part of Natick annexed.	The plantation of Petapawag. June 14, 1715 bounds between Groton and Nashobu established. June 29, 1723 part included in the new town of Harward. June 29, 1723 part established as the district of Shirley. April 12, 1735 part established as the district of Pepperell. Fib. 25, 1793 part annexed to Dunstable. Jun. 26, 1799 part annexed to Dunstable. Jun. 26, 1799 part annexed to Dunstable. Feb. 3, 1899 part annexed to Dunstable. Stable. Feb. 3, 1899 part annexed to Dunstable. Reb. 3, 1892 part annexed to Dunstable. Jun. 26, 15, 1820 bounds between Groton and Dunstable established. May 18, 1857 part annexed to Pepperell. Feb. 14, 1871 part included in the new town of Ayer.
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. Feb. 2	Oct. 13, 1680	April 10, 1780	Mar.	Oct. 13, 1675	May 2
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Dracut,	Dunstable, .	East Sudbury,	Everett,	Framingham,	Groton,

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ment ecor State n rec stable	First mentioned in Records of the State, or therein recorded as Established or Incorporated.	First ment in Recorthe State the State therein recast as Establic or Incorport	First ment in Record for the State the State the State the State in CITIES AND TOWNS. The STATE IN COURSE AS ESTADIO OF INCORPO	
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13, 1	Dec. 13, 1715	. Dec. 13, 1	. Dec. 13, 1	. Dec. 13, 1
19, 1	Mar. 19, 1866	. Mar. 19, 1	Mar. 19, 1	. Mar. 19, 1
20, 1	Mar. 20, 1713	. Mar. 20, I	Mar. 20, 1	. Mar. 20, I
1 19, 17	April 19, 1754	. April 19, 17	April 19, 17	. April 19, 17

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. Dec. 3, 1715 Common land. June 14, 1715 bounds between Nashoba* and Groton established. Feb. 25, 1783 part included in the new district of Box-	borough. Feb. 29, 1794 bounds between Littleton and Boxborough established. April 30, 1899 bounds between Littleton and Boxborough established.	Part of Chelmsford, Mar. 29, 1834 part of Tewksbury annexed. April 1, 1836 Lovell incorporated as a city. April 1, 1386 act of incorporation accepted by the town. Feb. 28, 1851 part of Dracut	annexed. May 15, 1874 parts of Chelmsford and Direct annexed. June 5, 1874 part of Tewkehury annexed. June 23, 1874 accopted by Lowell. Aug. 1, 1874 the act took effect. April 1, 1879 part of Dracut annexed. May II, 1888 part of Tewkerbury annexed. May II, 1888 part of Tewkerbury annexed.	Part of Charlestown called Mystic Side. June 10, 1817 part annexed to Medford. May 3, 1850 part established as Melrose. Mar. 9, 1870 part established as Everett. April 20, 1877 part of Medford annexed. Feb. 20, 1878 bounds between Malden and Medford cannexed. Mar. 31, 1881 Malden incorporated as a city. June 9, 1881 act of incorporation accepted by the town.	Common land, July 2, 1700 certain common lands granted to Marl-borough. Nov. 16, 1716 a tract of land called Agaganquamased confirmed to Marlborough. Nov. 18, 1717 part established as Westborough. July 6, 1721 part established as Botthborough. Mar. 16, 1784 part included in the new district of Berlin. Feb. 23, 1791 part of Framingham amexed. June 29, 1807 part amexed to Northborough and bounds established. Feb. 11, 1829 part amexed to Bolton. Mar. 14, 1838 bounds hetween Marlborough amexed. Marlborough and solton established in the new town of Hudson. May 23, 1890 Marlborough incorporated as a city. July 14, 1890 act of incorporation accepted by the town. May 16, 1901 bounds between Marlborough and South-borough established.	Parts of Sudbury and Stow.
3, 1715		Mar. 1, 1826		2, 1649	May 31, 1660	April 19, 1871
Dec.		Mar.		May	May	April
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Littleton,		LOWELL,		MALDEN,	МАКЬВОВООСИ, .	Maynard,

* Afterward Littleton.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	First mentioned in Records of the State, or therein recorded as Established or Incorporated.	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc.
Мврговр,	Sept. 28, 1630	Sept. 28, 1630 Common land. June 21, 1811 part annexed to Charlestown. June 10, 1817 part of Malden annexed. April 30, 1850 part included in the new town of Winchester. April 20, 1875 part of Everett annexed. April 20, 1877 part annexed to Malden. Feb. 20, 1878 bounds between Medical and Malden established. May 31, 1892 Medical incorporated as a city. Oct. 6, 1892 act of incorporation accepted by the town.
Melrose,	May 3, 1850	Part of Malden. Mar. 15, 1853 part of Stoneham annexed. Mar. 27, 1895 bounds between Melrose and Stoneham located and defined. Mar. 18, 1899 Melrose incorporated as a city. May 8, 1899 act of incorporation accepted by the town.
Natiok,	April 16, 1679	Common land. Under this date an exchange of land made between the plantation of Natick and Sherborn is recorded. May 39, 1679 the exchange of land with Sherborn ratified by the General Court. Oct. 18, 1701 bounds between Natick and Dodham established. Feb. 23, 1752 the parish of Natick established as the district of Natick. Feb. 19, 1781 the district of Natick ended at town. June 22, 1797 bounds between Natick and Needlam established and part of each town amexed to the other town. Feb. 7, 1820 part of Sherborn amoxed. April 25, 1870 bounds between Natick and Needlam established and Nayland established. A pril 22, 1871 part amexed to Framinch Nayland established.
Newton,	Dec. 15, 1691	The town of Cambridge Village, sometimes called Little Cambridge. June 21, 1803 an island in Charles River annexed. April 23, 1838 part annexed to Roxbury. April 16, 1849 part annexed to Waltham. June 2, 1873 Newton incorporated as a city. Oct. 18, 1873 act of incorporated as a city. Oct. 18, 1873 act of incorporation accepted by the fown. May 29, 1874 hounds between

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Newton and Boston established. May 5, 1875 part of Boston annexed. June 23, 1875 the act accepted by Newton, 40 Jul. 1, 1875 the act took effect. Mar. 29, 1888 bounds between Newton and Boston established. May 16, 1888 bounds between Newton and Boston established.	Common land, Mar. 6, 1632 bounds between "Charles-Towne and New Towne?" setablished. April 7, 1635 bounds between Newtowne and Watertown, and between Newtowne and Roxbury established. May 2, 1638 name changed to Cambridge.	Part of Reading. May 27, 1857 bounds between North Reading and Lynnfield established and part of each town annexed to the other town, provided the act is accepted by both towns. Jan. 7, 1858 the act accepted by North Reading. (Accepted by Lynnfield Nov. 3, 1857.)	The second precinct of Groton made the district of "Pepperrell," Aug. 23, 7175 the district made a town by general act. Feb. 3, 1803 part amescal to Groton. May 18, 1857 part of Groton annexed.	Part of Lynn. May 29, 1644 bounds between Reading and Woburn established. Sept. 25, 1779 part included in the new town of Willmigton. Feb. 25, 1812 First or South Parish of Reading established as South Reading. June 16, 1813 part of South Reading annexed. Mar. 22, 1835 part established as North Reading. April 10, 1854 bounds between Reading and Lynnfield established.	Oct. 7, 1674 Common land. April 16, 1679 exchange of land made with the plantation of Natice. May 39, 1679 the exchange ratified by the General Court. May 17, 1634 the grant of Oct. 7, 1674 and the name Sherborne, then given, confirmed. July 11, 1700 part annexed to Framingham. Dec. 3, 1724 part established as Hollickon. Mar. 3, 1792 bounds between Sherborne and Medway established. Feb. 7, 1820 part annexed to Natick. May 3, 1852 the name of the town of Sherborne [sic] changed to Sherborn.
1691	1631	1853	1753	1644	1674
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. Dec. 15, 1691	July 26, 1631	Mar. 22, 1853	April 12, 1753	May 29, 1644	Oct.
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NEWTON - Con.		North Reading,	٠		•
NO	Newtowne,	Rea	Pepperell,	ng,	Sherborn,*
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See the extinct town of Sherburn. The spelling of the town name is given in each instance as found in the records.

From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc.	Part of Groton established as the district of Shirley. Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. Feb. 6, 1795 part of Groton amnexed. Mar. 3, 1846 bounds between Shirley and Lumenburg established. April 25, 1848 bounds between Shirley and Lumenburg established. April 25, 1848 bounds between Shirley and Lumenburg established. Feb. 14, 1871 part included in the new town of Ayer.	Part of Charlestown. April 30, 1856 bounds between Somerville and Cambridge established and part of each place annexed to the other place. April 29, 1862 bounds between Somerville and Cambridge established and part of each place annexed to the other place. April 14, 1871 Somerville incorporparted as a city. April 27, 1871 act of incorporated by the town. May 4, 1891 bounds between Somerville and Boston established.	Part of Reading. June 16, 1813 part annexed to Reading. April 5, 1856 part of Nonchian annexed. Feb. 25, 1868 name changed to Wakkelied. June 30, 1868 the act took effect.	Part of Charlestown. Mar. 15, 1853 part annexed to Melrose. April 5, 1856 part annexed to South Reading. Mar. 13, 1889 part annexed to Wakefield. Mar. 27, 1895 bounds between Stoneham and Melrose located and defined. April 20, 1895 part of Woburn annexed to Stoneham.	The plantation between Concord and Lancaster called Pompositiout. June 29, 1732 part included in the new town of Harvard. Feb. 25, 1733 part included in the new town of Boxborough. Mar. 19, 1866 part included in the new town of Hudson. April 19, 1871 part included in the new town of Maynard.
First mentioned in Records of the State, or therein recorded as Established or Incorporated.	5, 1753	3, 1842	25, 1812	17, 1725	16, 1683
First n in Rethe Sthe Stherein as Est	Jan.	Mar.	Feb.	Dec.	May
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CITIES AND TOWNS.		re .	South Reading,		
ITIES	, s	Somerville,	Rea	Stoneham,	
Ö	Shirley,	ME	uth	onel	Stow,

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The new plantation by Concord. April 10, 1651 bounds between Sudbury and Watertown established. June 13, 1701 bounds between Sudbury and Franingham established. April 10, 1780 part established as East Sudbury. April 19, 1871 part included in the new town of Maynard.	Part of Billerica. Mar. 29, 1834 part annexed to Lowell. June 5, 1874 part annexed to Lowell. May 17, 1888 part annexed to Lowell.	The north part of Turkey Hill. Mar. 6, 1767 part included in the new town of Ashby.	Part of Dunstable established as the district of Tyngsborough. Mar. 3, 1792 part of Dunstable annexed to the district of Tyngsborough. Jan. 29, 1789 part of Dunstable annexed to the district of Tyngsborough brough and bounds established. Feb. 23, 1809 the district made a town. June 10, 1814 bounds between Tyngsborough and Dunstable established.	Name changed from South Reading. June 30, 1868 the act took effect. Mar. 13, 1889 part of Stouebam annexed.	Part of Watertown. April 16, 1849 part of Newton annexed. Mar. 18, 1859 part included in the new town of Belmont. June 2, 1884 Waltham incorporated as a city. July 16, 1884 act of incorporation accepted by the town. April 4, 1895 bounds between Waltham and Lexington located and defined.	"The town upon Charles River." Sept. 25, 1634 part of New Towne to revert to Watertown, "If Mr. Hooker and his congregation shall remove hence." April 7, 1855 bounds between Watertown and New Towne established. Aug. 20, 1638 bounds between Watertown.	Concord, and Dedham established. Mar. 13, 1639 bounds between Watertown and Cambridge established. May 22, 1639 bounds be- tween Watertown and Dedham established. April 10, 1651 bounds
Sept. 4, 1639	Dec. 17, 1734	June 29, 1732	June 22, 1789	25, 1868	4, 1738	7, 1630	
Sept.	Dec.	June ;	June	Feb.	Jan.	Sept.	
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Sudbury, .	Tewksbury,	Townsend, .	Tyngsborough,	Wakefield, .	Waltham, .	Watertown,	
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From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc.	between Watertown and Sudbury established. Jan. 1, 1712 part established as Weston. Jan. 4, 1738 part established as Watham. April 27, 1855 part annexed to Cambridge. Mar. 18, 1859 part included in the new town of Belmour, Mar. 10, 1855 part annexed to Cambridge. Mar. 9, 1898 bounds between Watertown and Cambridge astablished, and part of each place annexed to the other.	Name changed from East Sudbury. April 26, 1850 bounds between Wayland and Natick established.	Part of Cambridge. Feb. 25, 1842 part of Charlestown annexed. April 30, 1850 part included in the new town of Winchester. Mar. 18, 1859 part included in the new town of Belmont. Jan. 31, 1861 bounds between West Cambridge and Belmont established. Feb. 25, 1862 part of Cambridge annexed. April 13, 1867 name changed to Arlington. April 30, 1867 the act took effect.	Sept. 23, 1729 Part of Chelmeford.	The West Precinct of Watertown. April 19, 1754 part included in the new town of Lincoln.	Parts of Reading and Woburn.	Parts of Medford, West Cambridge, and Woburn. May 12, 1873 part annexed to Woburn.
First mentioned in Records of the State, or therein recorded as Established or Incorporated.	7, 1630	Mar. 11, 1835	27, 1807	23, 1729	1, 1713	Sept. 25, 1730	30, 1850
First mentioned in Records of the State, or therein recorded as Established or Incorporated.	Sept. 7, 1630	Mar.	Feb. 27, 1807	Sept.	Jan. 1, 1713	Sept.	April 30, 1850
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CITIES AND TOWNS.	Con.	•	dge,	•	٠	•	•
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Cirn	Watertown - Con.	Wayland, .	West Cambridge,	Westford,	Weston,	Wilmington,	Winchester,
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Charlestowne Village. May 29, 1644 bounds between Woburn and Reading established. Oct. 19, 1664 two thousand acres of land granted to Woburn. Oct. 10, 1666 bounds between Woburn and Billerica established. Sept. 25, 1739 part included in the new town of Wilmington. Feb. 25, 1739 part established as Burlington. April 30, 1530 part included in the new town of Winchester. May 12, 1873 part of Winchester annexed. May 18, 1888 Woburn incorporated as a city. May 29, 1888 act of incorporation accepted by the town. April 20, 1895 part of Woburn annexed to Stoneham.	NANTUCKET COUNTY. INCORPORATED JUNE 22, 1695.	8, 1785 Name changed from Sherburn. 27, 1687 Common land, ———, 1692 the island of Nantucket granted to the Province of Massachusetts Bay. June 8, 1795 name changed to Nantucket.	NORFOLK COUNTY. INCORPORATED MAR. 26, 1793.	21, 1888 Part of Stoughton. April 16, 1889 parts of Holbrook and Randolph annexed.	Parts of Dedham, Mendon, and Wrentham. Feb. 23, 1832 bounds between Bellingham and Franklin established. Mar. 7, 1872 bounds between Bellingham and Mendon established.	Land belonging to Boston called Mount Woollaston. May 30, 1712 Blue Hill lands divided between Braintree and Milton. Feb. 22,
. Sept. 27, 1642	CKET	8, 1795	OLK C	21, 1888	27, 1719	13, 1640
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Wовиви ,		Nantucket, Sherburn,		Avon, .	Bellingham, .	Braintree,

NORFOLK COUNTY - Continued.

From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc.	1792 part included in the new town of Quincy. Mar. 9, 1793 part established as Randolph. June 22, 1811 certain estates in Braintree re-annexed to Randolph. April 24, 1856 part annexed to Quincy.	Part of Boston called Muddy River. Feb. 22, 1825 bounds between Brookline and Boston confirmed. Feb. 24, 1844 part of Roxbury annexed. June 18, 1870 part annexed to Boston. Nov. 4, 1870 the act accepted by Boston. April 27, 1872 bounds between Brookline and Boston established. May 8, 1874 part annexed to Boston. May 27, 1890 bounds between Brookline and Boston established. April 13, 1894 bounds between Brookline and Boston established. April 1894 bounds between Brookline and Boston established.	Part of Stoughton. Mar. 31, 1847 part annexed to Stoughton. Mar. 24, 1899 bounds between Canton and Sharon established.	Part of Hingham established as the district of Cohasset. Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. June 4,1823 part of Scitnate annexed. Mar. 20,1840 bounds between Cohasset and Scitnate established and part of each town annexed to the other town. April 30,1897 bounds between Cohasset, Hingham, and Scitnate established.	Common land, May 15, 1638 bounds between Dedham and Roxbury established. May 17, 1638 bounds between Dedham and Dorchester established. Ang. 20, 1638 bounds between Dedham, Concord, and Watertown established. May 22, 1639 bounds between Dedham and Watertown established. May 22, 1639 bounds between Dedham and Watertown established. May 22, 1630 part established as Medfield. May 12, 1675 bounds between Dedham and Roxbury established. Oct. 18, 1701 bounds between Dedham and Natick established. Nov. 5, 1711 part established as Needbam. Aug. 22, 1712 bounds between
First mentioned in Records of the Ecot, or there in recorded as Established or Incorporated.	May 13, 1640	Nov. 13, 1705	23, 1797	April 26, 1770	Sept. 8, 1636
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CITIES AND TOWNS.	you.	•	•	•	•
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Dedham and Needham established. Nov. 3, 1714 bounds between Dedham and Needham established. Nov. 27, 1719 part included in the new town of Bellingham. Dec. 10, 1724 part established as Walpole. April 25, 1735 part of Stoughton annexed. Dec. 10, 1737 part of Stoughton annexed. Dec. 11, 1738 bounds between Dedham and Stoughton established. June 17, 1739 part annexed to Dorchester. June 17, 1739 part annexed to Dorchester. June 17, 1739 part annexed to Dorchester. April 21, 1831 part annexed to Dorchester. April 21, 1832 part annexed to West Roxbury upon payment of \$400 by West Roxbury. April 30, 1852 part annexed to Walpole. June 17, 1831 part seablished and act of April 21, 1852 part seablished and act of April 21, 1852 part seablished of Mangole. July 4, 1853 \$400 paid by West Roxbury to Dedham, and act of April 21, 1852 in effect. April 22, 1868 part included in the new town of Hyde Park. May 1, 1885 bounds faxed in the act of April 21, 1852 in effect. April 22, 1868 changed. Feb. 23, 1872 part included in the new town of New 1982 part established as Westwood.	Common land called Mattapan. Mar. 4, 1635 Thompson's Island granted to Drochester. Mar. 23, 1636 bounds established. May II, 1638 bounds between Dorchester and Dedham established. June 2, 1641 "Squantums Neck and Mennens Moone", annexed. Nov. 12, 1641 "Squantums Neck and Mennens Moone", annexed. Nov. 12, 1642 part established as Milton Dec. 22, 1736 part established as Stoughton. June 7, 1739 part annexed to Dorchester. 1792 part annexed to Quincy. Reb. 24, 1830 part annexed to Boston. Reb. 10, 1814 part annexed to Quincy. Reb. 22, 1839 part annexed to Boston. Reb. 10, 1814 part annexed to Gounds between Dorchester and Quincy explaished. June 17, 1831 part of Dodham annexed to Boston. May 2, 1855 part annexed to Boston. May 2, 1855 part annexed to Boston. May 2, 1858 part annexed to Boston. May 1, 1868 act of April 22, 1858 amended and bounds changed. June 4, 1869 Dorchester annexed to Boston if this act is accepted by both places. June 22, 1869 uct accepted by both. Jan. 3, 1870 the act took effect.
8, 1636	7, 1630
Sept. 8, 1636	Sept.
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Dedham — Con.	
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	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc.	Part of Dedham established as the district of Dover. Mar. 7,1791 bounds between the district of Dover and Dedham established. Mar. 31, 1836 the act accepted by the district made a town. May 2, 1836 the act accepted by the district. Feb. 27, 1872 bounds between Dover and Walpole established.	Parts of Stoughton, Stoughtonham, Walpole, and Wrentham. Mar. 173 parts of Sharon and Stoughton annexed and bounds estab-lished. Feb. 3, 1819 bounds between Foxborough and Wrentham established. Feb. 7, 1821 part of Wrentham annexed. Jan. 30, 1839 bounds between Foxborough and Sharon established. Jan. 30, 1839 bounds between Foxborough and Sharon established and part of each town annexed to the other town. Mar. 27, 1832 part annexed to Walpole. Mar. 28, 1834 part annexed to Walpole. Feb. 28, 1836 part of Sharon annexed.	Part of Wrentham. June 25, 1792 part of Medway annexed. Nov. 13, 1792 bounds between Franklin and Medway established. Feb. 23, 1822 bounds between Franklin and Sellingham and Medway established. Mar. 15, 1839 bounds between Franklin and Medway established and part annexed to Medway. Feb. 23, 1870 part included in the new town of Norfolk.	Part of Randolph. April 16, 1889 part annexed to Avon.	Parts of Dedham, Dorchester, and Milton. May 1, 1868 the act amended and bounds changed. April 1, 1898 bounds between Hyde Park and Boston established.	Part of Dedham. May 28, 1659 land granted to Medfield. Oct. 24, 1713 part established as Medway.
	First mentioned in Records of the State, or therein recorded as Established or Incorporated.	July 7, 1784	June 10, 1778	2, 1778	Feb. 29, 1872	April 22, 1868	May 22, 1650
	First m in Re- the Sitherein as Est or Inco	July	June	Mar.	Feb.	April	May
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	CITIES AND TOWNS.			•			•
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	TIES		roug	lin,	ook,	Park	old,
	5	Dover, .	Foxborough,	Franklin,	Holbrook, .	Hyde Park, .	Medfield,
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Counties,	Curs, and	Lowns	oj m	ussuemuseus. 14
Oct. 24, 1713 Part of Medfield, Mar. 3, 1722 bounds between Medway and Sherborn established. June 25, 1792 part annexed to Franklin. Nov. 13, 1792 bounds between Medway and Franklin established. Mar. 3, 1829 bounds between Medway and Holliston established and part of each town annexed to the other town. Feb. 23, 1832 bounds between Medway and Franklin Statement Medway and Franklin established. Mar. 13, 1839 part of Each marked and hounds established. Feb. 23, 1870 part included in the new town of Nortolk. Feb. 24, 1855 part established as Millis.	Part of Medway. Part of Dorchester called Uncataquissett, May 39, 1712 Blue Hill lands divided between Milton and Braintree. April 22, 1868 part included in the new town of Hyde Park. May 1, 1868 the act amended and bounds established. April 16, 1855 bounds between Milton and Quincy established and part of each town annexed to the other town.	Part of Dedham. Aug. 22, 1712 bounds between Needham and Dedham established. Nov. 3, 1714 bounds between Needham and Dedham established. June 22, 1797 bounds between Needham and Natick established and part of each town annexed to the other town. April 6, 1881 part established as Wellesley.	Parts of Franklin, Medway, Walpole, and Wrentham. April 19, 1871 bounds between Norfolk and Wrentham established.	Part of Brainland and the Planes, and part of that part of Dorchester called "Squantum and the Farms" annexed. Feb. 10, 1814 part of "Squantum and the Farms" annexed. Feb. 12, 1819 part of Porchester annexed. Feb. 21, 1820 bounds between Quincy and Dorchester annexed. A portlesser established, and part of Squantum annexed. May 2, 1855 part of Squantum annexed. April 24, 1856 part of Braintee annexed. April 16, 1885 bounds between Quincy and Milton established and part of each town annexed (when you want to great the part of Braintee annexed. April 19, 1885 Quincy incorporated as a city. June 11, 1888 act of incorporation accepted by the town.
24, 1713	Feb. 24, 1885 May 7, 1662	Nov. 5, 1711	Feb. 23, 1870	22, 1792
Oct.	Feb.	Nov.	Feb.	
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Medway,	Millis, .	Needham,	Norfolk,	Quinci,

NORFOLK COUNTY - Continued.

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NOTE OTHE CORREGUE	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc.	Part of Braintree. June 22, 1811 certain estates in Braintree re-annexed. Mar. 21, 1861 bounds between Randolph and Abington established. Feb. 29, 1872 part established as Holbrook. April 16, 1889 part annexed to Avon.	0	lands granted to Roxbury. May 12, 1675 bounds between Roxbury and Dedman established. Mar. 16, 1836 bounds between Roxbury and Boston established. April 19, 1837 bounds between Roxbury and Boston established. April 19, 1837 bounds between Roxbury and Boston established. April 23, 1884 part of Newton annexed. Feb. 24, 1844 part annexed to Brookline. Mar. 12, 1846 Roxbury incorporated as a city. Mar. 25, 1846 act of incorporation accepted by the town. May 2, 1850 act of incorporation accepted tween Roxbury and Boston established. May 24, 1831 part estab-tween Roxbury, and Boston established. May 24, 1831 part estab-	Institut as West Loxoury. April 3, Jobo part annexed to Loxon and bounds established if the act is accepted by both cities. April 16, 1860 the act accepted by Roxbury. May 8, 1860 the act accepted by Boston. June 1, 1867 Roxbury annexed to Boston if this act is accepted. By Doshon June 1, 1867 Roxbury annexed to Boston if this act is accepted by hoth cities. Sept. 9, 1867 the act accepted by both. Jan. 5, 1868 the act took effect.
THE COUNTY	First mentioned in Records of the State, or therein recorded as Established or Incorporated.	Mar. 9, 1793	Sept. 28, 1630		
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	CITIES AND TOWNS.	•	•		
	TIE	Randolph, .	Roxbury,		
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Counties, Citt	es, ana Lowns of	Muss	uchuseus. 145
Name changed from Stoughtonham. Feb. 16, 1789 part of Stoughton annexed. Mar. 12, 1793 bounds between Sharon and Roxborough established and parts of Sharon and Stoughton annexed. Or Poxborough. Feb. 28, 1804 part annexed to Roxborough. Feb. 28, 1804 part annexed to Walpole. June 21, 1811 part annexed to Walpole. June 21, 1811 part annexed to Walpole. June 20, 1833 bounds between Sharon and Foxborough established and part of each town annexed to the other town. Feb. 28, 1869 part annexed to Foxborough. Mar. 26, 1864 part of Stoughton annexed. May 1, 1847 part annexed to Walpole. Mar. 24, 1899 bounds between Sharon and Canton established.	Part of Dorchester. April 25, 1733 part annexed to Decham. Dec. 10, 1737 part annexed to Dedham. Dec. 11, 1735 pour annexed to Dedham. Dec. 11, 1735 pour between Stoughton and Decham established. June 21, 1765 part established as the district of Stoughtonham. Nov. 29, 1770 part annexed to Bridgewater. June 10, 1737 part included in the new town of Foxborough. June 11, 1780 part annexed to Decham. Feb. 16, 1789 part annexed to Sharon. Mar. 12, 1793 part annexed to Sharon. Mar. 12, 1793 part annexed to Roxborough. Feb. 23, 1797 part established as Canton. Feb. 8, 1798 part annexed to Bridgewater. Mar. 31, 1847 part of Canton annexed. Mar. 26, 1864 part annexed to Sharon. Feb. 21, 1888 part established as Avon.	Part of Stoughton established as the district of Stoughtonham. Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. June 10, 1778 part included in the new town of Foxborough. Feb. 25, 1783 name changed to Sharon.	Part of Dedham. June 19, 1778 part included in the new town of Foxborough. Feb. 28, 1804 part of Sharon amexed. June 21, 1811 part of Sharon amexed and part of Dedham renamexed. Mar. 27, 1823 part of Foxborough amexed. Mar. 28, 1864 part of Foxborough amexed. April 30, 1852 part of Dedham amexed. Feb. 23, 1870 part included in the new town of Norfolk. Feb. 23, 1872 part included in the new town of Norfolk. Feb. 23, 1872 part included in the new town of Norfolk. Feb. 23, 1872 part amexed. Walpole and Dover established. May 1, 1874 part of Sharon annexed.
Feb. 25, 1783	Dec. 22, 1726	June 21, 1765	Dec. 10, 1724
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Sharon,	Stoughton, .	ybno	Walpole,
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NORFOLK COUNTY - Concluded.

NORFOLK COUNTY - Concausea.	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc.	Part of Needham.	Part of Roxbury. April 21, 1852 part of Dedham annexed upon payment of \$400 by West Roxbury. April 30, 1852 the act accepted by West Roxbury. July 4, 1853 \$400 paid by West Roxbury to Dedham, and the act in effect. April 2, 1870 bounds between West Roxbury and Boston established. April 12, 1870 bounds between West Cometery annexed to Boston. May 29, 1873 West Roxbury an nexed to Boston it has act is accepted by both places. Oct. 7, 1873 the act accepted by both. Jan. 5, 1874 the act took effect.	Part of Dedham.	The plantation of Wessagnsens. Mar. 31, 1847 bounds between Weymouth and Abington established.	Common land. Nov. 27, 1719 part included in the new town of Bellinghan. Mar. 2, 1778 part established as Franklin. June 10, 1778 part included in the new town of Foxborough. Feb. 3, 1819 bounds between Wrentham and Foxborough established. Feb. 18, 1830 bounds between Wrentham and Atleborough established and part of Atleborough annexed. Feb. 7, 1831 part manexed to Foxborough. Feb. 23, 1870 part included in the new town of Norfolk. April 19, 1871 bounds between Wrentham and Norfolk established.
TACA	First mentioned in Records of the State, or therein recorded as Established or Incorporated.	April 6, 1881	May 24, 1851	April 2, 1897	Sept. 2, 1635	Oct. 15, 1673
	CHIES AND TOWNS.	Wellesley,	West Roxbury,	Westwood,	Weymouth,	Wrentham,

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Part of Bridgewater and certain lands adjoining. June 14, 1727 part included in the new town of Hanover. Mar. 31, 1847 bounds between Abington and Weymouth established. Mar. 21, 1861 bounds between Abington and Randolph established. Mar. 21, 1861 bounds between Abington and Hingham established. Mar. 2, 1861 bounds ostablished as Rockland. Mar. 4, 1875 part included in the new town of South Abington.	Part of Duxbury called the New Plantation. June 3, 1662 certain lands granted to Bridgewater. Feb. 11, 1691 lands between Bridgewater et al. 16, 11, 1691 lands between Bridgewater et al. 16, 11, 1691 lands between Bridge annexed. June 10, 1712 part included in the new town of Abing-ton. Nov. 20, 1770 part of Stoughton annexed. Feb. 8, 1798 part of Stoughton annexed. Feb. 8, 1798 part of Stoughton annexed. Feb. 8, 1798 part of Stoughton annexed. June 14, 1823 part established as West Bridgewater. June 14, 1823 part established as East Bridgewater. Feb. 20, 1824 part annexed to Halfax. Feb. 23, 1838 bounds between Bridgewater and East Bridgewater established. Mar. 20, 1836 bounds between Bridgewater and East Bridgewater established and part of each town annexed to the other town.	North Bridgewater authorized to change its name. May 5, 1874 Brock. ton adopted as the name. April 24, 1875 part annexed to South Abingon, and parts of East Bridgewater and South Abingon and nexed. April 9, 1881 Brockton incorporated as etty. May 23, 1881 the act accepted by the town. May 8, 1893 part of West Bridge. water annexed to Brockton if the act is accepted by Brockton. Nov. 7, 1898 act accepted by Brockton. Mar. 1, 1894 act of May 8, 1893 though the second of the first accepted by Brockton.	Part of Plympton. Feb. 8, 1793 bounds between Carver and Plympton established. Jan. 29, 1849 Extra marsex of to Vareham. Mar. 24, 1849 bounds between Carver and Middleborough established. May 16, 1901 bounds between Carver and Wareham established.
1712	1656	Mar. 28, 1874	9, 1790
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June 10, 1712	June 3,1656	Mar.	June
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Abington,	Bridgewater,	Ввосктом,	Carver,
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PLYMOUTH COUNTY-Continued.

Counties,	C_i	ities, and	l T c	w	ıs o	f Massac	chusetts. 153
June 14, 1727 Parts of Abington and Scituate, May 15, 1857 bounds between lanover and Pembroke established. May 15, 1857 bounds between lanover and South Scituate established and part of each town unrocked to the other town. Mar. 23, 1878 bounds between lanover and Rockland established and part of each town unrocked to the other town. Mar. 23, 1878 bounds between lanover and Rockland established and part of each to the other town. April 23, 1885 bounds between Propose established.	Part of Pembroke.	Common land called Barecove. May 13, 1640 land at Conihasset granted to Hingham. April 26, 1770 part established as the district of Cohasset. Mar. 21, 1861 bounds between Hingham and Abington established. April 30, 1887 bounds between Hingham, Cohasset, Norwell, and Scituate established.	The plantation called "Nantascot," May 26, 1647 Hull is mentioned as a town.	Part of Plymouth. April 14, 1857 part of Duxbury annexed.	Part of Middleborough. June 1, 1867 bounds between Lakeville and Taunton established.	Part of Rochester. April 8, 1853 bounds between Marion and Rochester established. Feb. 13, 1859 bounds between Marion and Wareham established. Feb. 13, 1866 bounds between Marion and Wareham established. April 23, 1897 bounds between Marion and Wareham established.	Name changed from Rexhame though not recorded. Mar. 7, 1643 bounds established. Mar. 5, 1661 certain lands granted to Marshfield and Duxbury. Feb. 23, 1683 bounds between Marshfield and Dux bury established. Mar. 21, 1712 part included in the new town of Pembroke. Mar. 10, 1788 part of Schuate amexed. June 14, 1813 bounds between Marshfield and Duxbury established. May 11, 1887 bounds between Marshfield and Schuate established.
14, 1727	Feb. 22, 1820	2, 1635	29, 1644	June 16, 1726	13, 1853	May 14, 1852	Mar. 1, 1642
June	Feb.	Sept.	May	June	May	May	Mar.
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Hanover,	Hanson,	Hingham,	Huff, .	Kingston,	Lakeville,	Marion,	Marshfield, .

PLYMOUTH COUNTY-Continued.

CITIEB AND TOWNS.	First mentioned in Records of the State, or therein recorded as Established or Incorporated.	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc.
Mattapoisett,	May 20, 1857	Part of Rochester.
Middleborough,	June 1, 1669	Common land called Namassakett, Sept. 28, 1680 certain lands at Assowamsett Neck and places adjacent granted to Middleborough, July 4, 1734 part included in the new town of Halifax. Mar. 24, 1849 bounds between Middleborough and Carver established. May 13, 1853 part established as Lakeville.
North Bridgewater,	June 15, 1821	Part of Bridgewater. Jan. 26, 1825 bounds between North Bridgewater and West Bridgewater established. Mar. 28, 1874 name authorized to be changed. May 5, 1874 Brockton adopted as the name.
Norwell,	Feb. 27, 1888	South Scituate authorized to change its name. Mar. 5, 1888 Norwell adopted as the name. April 30, 1897 bounds between Norwell and Hingham established.
Pembroke,	Mar. 21, 1712	Part of Duxbury called Mattakeeset, a tract of land known as the Major's Purchase, and the land called Marshfield upper lands at Mattakeeset. July 4, 1724 part included in the new town of Halifax. Feb. 22, 1829 part established as Hanson. Mar. 6, 1835 bounds be-
		tween Pembroke and Hanover established. April 23, 1885 bounds between Pembroke and Hanover established.

—, 1620 Common land. June 7, 1670 the bounds between Plymouth and Sand-wich established. Jan. 19, 1663 bounds ordered to be recorded. June 4, 1707 part established as Plympton. June 16, 1726 part established as Kingston. July 10, 1739 part included in the new town of Wareham. Jan. 29, 1827 part annexed to Wareham.	Part of Plymouth. July 4, 1734 part included in the new town of Halifax. June 9, 1790 part established as Carver. Feb. 8, 1793 bounds between Plympton and Carver established. Mar. 16, 1831 part annaxed to Halifax. Feb. 6, 1863 bounds between Plympton and Halifax established and part of each town annexed to the other town.	Common land called Green's Harbour. Mar. 2, 1641 Rexhame is in the list of places for which constables were chosen. June 1, 1641 Rexhame is mentioned in a list of towns; the name then disappears from the records, and the town afterward became Marshfield.	Gommon land called Sippican. June 11, 1714 bounds between Rochester and Tiverton established. July 0.1739 part included in the new town of Wareham. April 9, 1836 part established a Marion. April 8, 1835 part established as Marion. April 8, 1835 bounds between Rochester and Marion established. May 20, 1837 part established. April 8, 1835 bounds between Rochester and Warcham established. April 20, 1864 bounds between Rochester and Warcham established. Feb. 15, 1866 bounds between Rochester and Warcham established. June 3, 1887 bounds between Rochester and Warcham established.	Part of Abington. Mar. 23, 1878 bounds between Rockland and Hanover established and part of each town annexed to the other town.
-, 1620	June 4, 1707	Mar. 2, 1641	June 4, 1686	Mar. 9, 1874
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PLYMOUTH COUNTY - Concluded.

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From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary,	IROUPOGREGOI as a CD3 (Examenon) coc-	Common land. Oct. 4, 1636 the town of Scituate was authorized to dispose of lands. Nov. 39, 1640 land granted to Scituate. Mar. 7, 1645 bounds established. June 14, 1727 part included in the new town of Hanover. Mar. 10, 1788 part annexed to Marshifield. June 14, 1825 part annexed to Cohasset. Mar. 20, 1849 bounds between Scituate and part annexed to Cohasset.	Conassetestabilished and part of each town ammercat by the country own. Feb. 14, 1849 part established as South Scituate. May 11, 1887 bounds between Scituate and Marshfield established. April 30, 1897 bounds between Scituate, Cohasset, and Hingham established.	Parts of Abington and East Bridgewater. April 24, 1875 part annexed to Brockton, and part of Brockton annexed. Mar. 5, 1886 South Abington authorized to change its name. May 3, 1886 name changed to Whitman.	Part of Scituate. May 15, 1857 bounds between South Scituate and Hanover established. Feb. 11, 1878 bounds between South Scituate and Hanover established and part of each fown annexed to the other town. Feb. 27, 1888 South Scituate anthorized to change its name. Mar. 5, 1888 name changed to Norwell.	Part of Rochester and a plantation in Plymouth called Agawam. Jan. 20, 1827 parts of Carver and Plymouth amexed. Feb. 18, 189 bounds between Wareham and Marfon established. April 20, 1864 bounds between Wareham and Rochester established. April 20, 1864 bounds between Wareham and Rochester established. Feb. 13, 1866 bounds between Wareham and Marion scalalished. Feb. 13, 1866 bounds	between Wareham and Rochester established. June 3, 1887 bounds between Wareham and Rochester established. April 14, 1897 bounds between Wareham and Rochester established. April 13, 1897 bounds between Wareham and Bourne established. April 23, 1897 bounds between Wareham and Bourne established. April 23, 1897 bounds between Wareham and Rarion established. May 16, 1901	bounds between Wareham and Carver established.
First mentioned in Records of the State, or therein recorded	as Established or Incorporated.	July 1, 1633		4, 1875	Feb. 14, 1849	July 10, 1739		
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CITIES AND TOWNS.				ingto	tuat			
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		Scituate,		South Abington,	South Scituate, .	Wareham,		

Feb. 16, 1822 Part of Bridgewater. Jan. 26, 1825, bounds between West Bridge- water and North Bridgewater established. May 8, 1833 part of West Bridgewater annexed to Brockton if the act is accepted by Brockton. Nov. 7, 1893 act accepted by Brockton. Mar. 1, 1894 act of May 8, 1893 took full effect. Mar. 5, 1886 South Abington authorized to change its name. May 3, 1886 name changed to Whitman. SUFFOLK COUNTY. Incorporated May 10, 1643.	Common land called Tri-mountain. Nov. 7, 1632 " ordered that the neck of land betwixt Powder Horne Hill and Puller Poynte shall belong to Boston." Mar. 4, 1633 bounds between Boston and Roxbury established. May 14, 1634 "Boston shall have convenient enlargement at Mount Wooliston," to be reported to the next general court. Sept. 23, 1634 Mount Wooliston and Rumney Marshe amaxed. Mar. 4, 1635 Deer, Hog. Long, and Spectacle Islands granted Boston. July 8, 1635 bounds between Boston and Charles town established. Mar. 28, 1636 bounds between Boston and Charlestown and Boston and Orochester established. Mar. 9, 1637 Noddle's Island annexed. May 13, 1649 "Mount Woollaston" established as Braintree. Oct. 7, 1641 bounds between Boston and Roxbury, at Muddy River, established. Oct. 7, 1641 bounds between Boston and Roxbury, at Muddy River, established. Nov. 13, 1765 part called Windig River established as Brookline. Jan. 10, 1739 part called Windig Hare established as Brookline. Jan. 10, 1739 part called Windig Hare established as Erockine. Mar. 4, 1622 hourds between Boston and Rowbine established. Mar. 22, 1832 bounds between Boston and Hog Island by the town. Feb. 22, 1835 bounds between Boston and Brookline established. Mar. 23, 1836 bounds between Boston and Brookline established. Mar. 23, 1836 Pumpson's Island set off from Dorchester and annexed. Nar. 3, 1822 boston while it shall be used for charitable purposes. Mar. 16, 1836 bounds between Boston and for charitable purposes.
Feb. 16, 1822 Mar. 5, 1886 SUFFOLK CO	Sept. 7,1630
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West Bridgewater,	Bostow,

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SUFFOLK COUNTY - Concluded.

From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc.	Roxbury established. April 19, 1837 bounds between Boston and Roxbury established. May 3, 1850 part of Roxbury annexed and bounds established. May 21, 1855 part of Orchester annexed. April 3, 1860 part of Roxbury annexed and bounds established if the act is accepted by both cities. April 16, 1860 the act accepted by Roxbury. May 8, 1890 the act accepted by Boston. June 4, 1867 Roxbury annexed if the act is accepted by both cities. Sept. 9, 1857 the act accepted by both cities. Sept. 9, 1857 the act accepted by both poston. June 4, 1869 Dornester annexed if the act is accepted by both places. June 4, 1869 Dornester annexed if the act is accepted by both places. June 4, 1879 bounds between 19 foston and West Roxbury established. June 18, 1870 bounds between 19 foston and West Roxbury established. June 18, 1872 part of West Roxbury (Atomit Hope Cemebry) annexed. April 2, 1879 bounds between Boston and Brook. June established. May 14, 1872 bounds between Boston and Brook. June established. May 14, 1872 bounds between Boston and Brook. June act is accepted by both places. Oct. 1, 1873 acts of amexation accepted by both places. Oct. 1, 1873 acts of amexation accepted by Boston, Charlestown, Brighton, and West Roxbury. Jun. 5, 1874 acts of amexation accepted by Newton. Juny 1, 1875 the act to Brookline annexed. May 23, 1873 acts of Amexation accepted by Newton. July 1, 1875 the act took effect. May 2, 1879 between Boston and Brookline established. April 2, 1899 bounds between Boston and Brookline established. April 18, 1899 bounds between Boston and Brookline established.
First mentioned in Records of the State, or therein recorded as Established or Incorporated.	Sept. 7, 1630
CITIES AND TOWNS.	Bosrow-Con

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bounds between Boston and Newton established. Mar. 29, 1898 bounds between Boston and Cambridge established. April 1, 1898 bounds between Boston and HydoPark established. May 13, 1898 bounds between Boston and Newton established. April 18, 1990 certain land in the Charlestown district ceded to the United States.	. Jan. 10, 1739 Part of Boston called Winnissimet, Rumney Marsh, and Pullen Point excepting Noddle's Island and Hog Island. Feb. 22, 1841 part annexed to Saugus. Mar. 19, 1846 part established as North Chelsea. Mar. 13, 1877 Chelsea incorporated as a city. Mar. 23, 1877 the act of incorporation accepted by the town.	Mar. 19, 1846 Part of Chelsea. Mar. 27, 1852 part established as Winthrop. Mar. 24, 1871 name changed for Revere if accepted within ninety days. April 3, 1871 the act accepted.	. Mar. 24, 1871 North Chelsea authorized to change its name. April 3, 1871 name changed to Revere.	Winthrop, Mar. 27, 1852 Part of North Chelsea.
. Sept. 7, 1630	, 1739	,1846	, 1871	, 1852
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Sept.	Jan.	Mar.	Mar.	Mar.
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Возтом — Сон		North Chelsea, .		
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WORCESTER COUNTY. INCORPORATED APRIL 2, 1731.

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Feb. 22, 1765 The plantation of Dorchester-Canada. Mar. 6, 1767 part included in the new town of Ashby. June 27, 1785 part included in the new town of Gardner. Nov. 16, 1792 part annexed to Ashby. Feb. 16, 1815 part of Gardner annexed. Jan. 28, 1824 part of Westminster annexed.	Mar. 6, 1762 The plantation called Payquage. Oct. 15, 1783 part included in the district of Ornage. Oct. 20, 1785 part included in the new town of Gerry. Feb. 26, 1799 part annexed to Royalston. Mar. 7, 1803 part annexed to Royalston. Peb. 28, 1805 part of Gerry annexed. Feb. 7, 1816 part of Ornage annexed. June II, 1829 certain common lands annexed. Feb. 3, 1830 part of New Salem annexed. Mar. 16, 1837 part of New Salem called Little Grant annexed. Mar. 16, 1837
22, 1765	6, 1762
Feb.	Mar.
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Asbburnham,	Athol, .
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WORCESTER COUNTY - Continued.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	First mentioned in Records of the State, or therein recorded as Established or Incorporated.	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc.
Auburn,	Feb. 17, 1837	Name changed from Ward. May 24, 1851 part annexed to Millbury.
Barre,	Nov. 7, 1776	Name changed from Hutchinson.
Berlin,	Mar. 16, 1784	Parts of Bolton and Marlborough established as the district of Berlin. Feb. 8,1791 part of Lancaster annexed to the district of Berlin. Feb. 15,1806 bounds between Berlin and Northborough established and part of each town annexed to the other town. Feb. 6, 1812 the district of Berlin made the town of Berlin.
Blackstone,	Mar. 25, 1845	Part of Mendon.
Bolton, · · ·	June 24, 1738	Part of Lancaster. Mar. 16, 1784 part included in the new district of Berlin. Feb. 11, 1329 part of Marlborough annexed. Mar. 16, 1838 bounds between Botton and Marlborough established. Mar. 20, 1868 part annexed to Hudson.
Boylston,	Mar. 1, 1786	Part of Shrewsbury. Jan. 30, 1808 part included in the new town of West Boylston. Feb. 10, 1820 part annexed to West Boylston. June 17, 1820 part annexed to West Boylston.
Brookfield,	Oct. 15, 1673	Common land called Quobauge. Nov. 12, 1718 Brookfield invested with the privileges of a town. Jan. 16, 1742 part included in the new town of Western. June 10, 1791 bounds between Brookfield and New Braintree established and next of each town amexed to

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the other town. Mar. 8, 1792 bounds between Brookfield and New Braintree established and part of each town annexed to the other town. Feb. 28, 1812 part established as North Brookfield. Feb. 8, 1823 part annexed to Wave. Mar. 3, 1848 part established as West Brookfield. April 15, 1854 part of North Brookfield annexed.	Part of Oxford established as the district of Charlton. (An act passed Nov. 21, 1754 establishing the town appears to have been considered as void.) Ang. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. Jan. 5, 1789 part annexed to Oxford. June 26, 1792 part annexed to Sturbridge. Feb. 23, 1899 part annexed to part included in the new town of Southbridge.	Part of Lancaster.	Parts of Greenwich, Hardwick, and Petersham. Feb. 12, 1803 bounds between Dana and Petersham established. June 19, 1811 bounds between Dana and Greenwich established. Feb. 4, 1842 parts of Hardwick and Petersham annexed. April 10, 1882 bounds between Dana and Petersham established.	The district of New Sherburn to be called by the name of Douglas. Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. Feb. 27, 1841 bounds between Douglas and Webster established. April 25, 1864 bounds between Douglas and Uxbridge established.	Part of Oxford and certain common lands. June 25, 1794 part of a gore of common land known as Middlesex Gore annexed. Feb. 15, 1816 part included in the new town of Southbridge. Feb. 23, 1822 part annexed to Southbridge. Mar. 6, 1832 part included in the new town of Webster.	Part of Lunenburg. Mar. 6, 1767 part included in the new town of Ashly. Feb. 26, 1733 certain common lands annexed. Feb. 27, 1796 part annexed to Westminster. Feb. 16, 1813 part annexed to Westminster. Mar. 3, 1829 part annexed to Ashlyy. Mar. 8, 1872 Fitch-burg incorporated as a city. April 8, 1872 act of incorporation accepted by the town.
Oct. 15, 1673	Jan. 10, 1755	Mar. 14,1850	Feb. 18, 1801	5, 1746	2, 1732	3, 1764
Oct.	Jan.	Mar.	Feb.	June	Feb.	Feb.
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Brookfield Con.	ou,	,		e de	٧,	F тсивико,
rooki	Charlton,	Clinton,	Dana,	Douglas,	Dudley,	тсп
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TORCESTER COUNTY - Continued.

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WONCESTED COOK I - Consumer.	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc.	Parts of Ashburnham, Templeton, Westminster, and Winchendon. Mar. 2, 1787 part annexed to Winchendon. Feb. 22, 1734 part of Winchendon annexed. Feb. 16, 1815 part annexed to Ashburnham. May 24, 1851 part of Winchendon annexed.	Parts of Athol and Templeton. Feb. 26, 1799 part annexed to Royalston. Reb. 28, 1806 part annexed to Athol. Feb. 5, 1814 name changed to Phillipston.	The plantation of Hassanamisco. June 14, 1823 certain common lands annexed. Mar. 3, 1826 part of Shrewsbury annexed. Mar. 3, 1842 part of Sutton annexed.	The plantation called Lambstown. Jan. 31, 1751 part of Hardwick and the precinct of New Braintree made a district. Feb. 18, 1801 part included in the new town of Dana. June 16, 1814 part of New Braintree annexed. Feb. 7, 1831 certain common lands annexed. Feb. 6, 1833 certain common land called Hardwick Gore annexed. Feb. 6, 1832 part annexed to Dana.	Parts of Groton, Lancaster, and Stow. Feb. 25, 1783 part included in the new district of Boxborough.
WOR	First mentioned in Records of the State, or therein recorded as Established or Incorporated.	June 27, 1785	Oct. 20, 1786	. April 18, 1735	Jan. 10, 1739	June 29, 1732
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	CITIES AND TOWNS.	•				0
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		Gardner,	Gerry, .	Grafton,	Hardwick,	Harvard,
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9,1741 Part of Worcester called North Worcester. Mar. 27, 1793 bounds between Holden and Paxone sabilished. Feb. 13, 1804 part annexed to Paxton. Jan. 30, 1808 part included in the new town of West Boylston. Mar. 19, 1831 part of Faxton annexed. April 9, 1838 part annexed to Paxton.	Part of Milford.	Part of Rutland established as the district of Hubbardston. Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. Feb. 16, 1810 part annexed to Princeton.	Rutland District. Nov. 7, 1776 name changed to Barre.	Common land called Nashaway. Oct. 11, 1672 bounds established. June 5, 1713 additional lands granted to Lancaster. June 29, 1732 part included in the new town of Harvard. June 24, 1738 part established as Bolton. June 23, 1740 part established as Leominster. Feb. 27, 1768 part of Shrewsbury. April 25, 1781 part established as Sterling. Feb. 8, 1791 part annexed. Feb. 25, 1793 part annexed to Shrewsbury. April 25, 1781 part established as Sterling. Feb. 8, 1791 part annexed to Rerlin. Mar. 12, 1793 bounds between Lancaster and Sterling established. Mar. 7, 1837 part annexed to Sterling and bounds established. Mar. 14, 1850 part established as Clinton.	Common land called Towtaid. April 12, 1753 part made the district of Spencer. Feb. 12, 1765 part included in the new district of Paxton. April 10, 1778 a parish set off from Leicester and other towns established as Ward.	Part of Lancaster. April 13, 1838 part of certain common land called No Town annexed.	The south part of Turkey Hill. Feb. 3, 1764 part established as Fifetburg. Mar. 3, 1846 bounds between Lunenburg and Shirley established. April 25, 1848 bounds between Lunenburg and Shirley established.
9, 1741	April 7, 1886	June 13, 1767	June 17, 1774	18, 1653	Feb. 15, 1713	23, 1740	Aug. 1, 1728
· Jan.	April	June	June	May	Feb.	June	Aug.
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Holden, .	Hopedale, .	Hubbardston,	Hutchinson,	Lancaster,	Leicester, .	Leominster,.	Lunenburg,.
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WURCESTER COUNTY - Continued.

From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc.	The township of Qunshapage. May 20, 1669 certain lands granted to Mendon. June 29, 1710 certain lands sunexed. June 1, 1714 purchase of land from the Indians in 1691 confirmed. Nov. 27, 1719 part included in the new town of Bellingham. June 27, 1727 part established as Uxbridge. June 14, 1732 part included in the new town of Upton. A pril 24, 1770 part of Uxbridge annexed. April 24, 1770 part of Uxbridge annexed. April 11, 1780 part established as Milford. Mar. 25, 1845 part established as Blackstone. Mar. 7, 1872 bounds between Mendon and Bellingham established.	Part of Mendon. Mar. 27, 1835 bounds between Milford, Holliston, and Hopkinton established, and parts of Holliston and Hopkinton annexed to Milford, and part of Milford annexed to Hopkinton. April 1, 1839 bounds between Milford and Holliston established. April 7, 1836 part established as Hopedale.	Part of Sutton. May 24, 1851 part of Auburn annexed.	Common land called New Braintree and part of the town of Hardwick eatablished as the district of New Braintree. Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. June 10, 1791 bounds between New Eraintree and Brookfield established and part of each town annexed to the other town. Mar. 8, 1792 bounds between New Braintree and Brookfield established and part of each town annexed to the other town. June 10, 1814 part annexed to Hardwick.
First mentioned in Records of the State, or therein recorded as Established or Incorporated.	. May 15, 1667	April 11, 1780	June 11, 1813	Jan. 31, 1751
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CITIES AND TOWNS.	•	•	٠	intre
CITIE	Mendon,	Milford,	Millbury,	New Braintree, .
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Jan. 24, 1766 Part of Westborough established as the district of Northborough. Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. Fieb. 15, 1866 bounds between Northborough and Berlin established and part of each town annexed to the other town. June 29, 1867 part of Marlborough annexed and bounds established.	Part of Uxbridge established as the district of Northbridge. Aug. 23, 1175 the district made a town by general act. April 20, 1789 part of Sutton annexed Peb. 17, 1801 part of Sutton annexed. June 15, 1831 part annexed to Sutton. Mar. 7, 1837 bounds between Northbridge and Sutton established. Mar. 16, 1844 part of Suttonannexed. April 30, 1856 bounds between Northbridge and Uxbridge established and part of cach town annexed to the other town.	Feb. 28, 1812 Part of Brookfield. April 15, 1854 part annexed to Brookfield.	Part of Rutland established as the district of Oakham. Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act.	Common land. Feb. 2, 1732 part included in the new town of Dudley. Nov. 21, 1754 part established as the district of Charlton. April 10, 1178 a parish set off from Oxford and other towns established as	Ward. Jan. 5, 1739 part of Charlton annexed. Feb. 18, 1732 part of Sutton annexed. Feb. 23, 1809 part of Charlton annexed. Mar. 6, 1832 part included in the new town of Webster. Mar. 22, 1838 the Oxford North Gore annexed.	Parts of Leicester and Rutland established as the district of Paxton. July 14, 1772 part of Rutland adjudged to belong to the district of Paxton. Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act. Mar. 27, 1793 bounds between Paxton and Holden established. Feb. 13, 1804 and of Holden annexed. Feb. 30, 1809 hounds between	Paxton and Rutland established. Mar. 19, 1831 part annexed to Holden. April 9, 1838 part of Holden annexed. May 24, 1851 part of Rutland annexed.
24, 1766	July 14, 1772	28, 1812	June 7, 1762	31, 1693		Feb. 12, 1765	
Jan.	July	Feb.	June	May		Feb.	
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Northborough,	Northbridge,	North Brookfield,	Oakham,	Oxford, .		Paxton,	

WORCESTER COUNTY - Continued.

				WORC	WORCESTER COUNTY - Continuen.
CITIES AND TOWNS.	Town	38.	First n in Rethe E the E therein as Est	First mentioned in Records of the State, or therein recorded as Established or Incorporated.	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc.
Petersham,		•	April	. April 20, 1754	The plantation called Niehewoag. Feb. 18, 1801 part included in the new town of Dana. Feb. 12, 1803 bounds between Petersham and Dana established. Feb. 4, 1842 part annexed to Dana. April 10, 1882 bounds between Petersham and Dana established.
Phillipston,		•	Feb.	5, 1814	Name changed from Gerry. Mar. 29, 1837 bounds between Phillipston and Royalston established. April 5, 1892 part of Phillipston annexed to Templeton.
Princeton,		•	Oct.	Oct. 20, 1759	Part of Rutland and certain common lands adjacent established as the district of Princeton. April 24, 1771 the district and all lands adjacent not belonging to any town or district established as the town. Mar. 6, 1773 all lands which did not belong to Princeton when it was a district are set off as they were before the passage of the act of April 24, 1771. Feb. 16, 1810 part of Illubardston annexed. April 24, 1835 part of the common lands of No Town annexed. April 22, 1870 part of Westminster annexed.
Royalston,			Feb.	Feb. 19, 1765	Common land called Royalshire. June 17, 1780 part annexed to Winchendon. Oct. 15,1783 part included in the new district of Orange. Feb. 26, 1799 parts of Athol and Gerry annexed. Mar. 7, 1803 part of Athol annexed. Mar. 29, 1837 bounds between Royalston and Phillipston established.

Counties,	Citi	es, and Tov	vns of A	1 assac	chuse	tts. 1	67
Feb. 23, 1713 Common land called Naquag. June 18, 1725 Ruthand granted the privileges that other towns enjoy. April 12, 1753 part established as the Ruthand district. Oct. 20, 1759 part established as Princeton. June 7, 1762 part established as the district of Oakham. Reb. 17, 1765 part included in the new town of Paxton. June 13, 1767 part established as Hubbardston. July 14, 1772 part adjudged to belong to Paxton. Peb. 20, 1829 bounds between Ruthand and Paxton established. May 24, 1851 part annexed to Paxton.	Part of Rutland. June 17, 1774 Rutland District established as Hutchinson.	Common land. Aug. 16, 1722 Shrewsbury is mentioned in the list of frontier towns. Dec. 19, 1723 Shrewsbury endowed with equal powers with any other town in the province. June 3, 1762 part annexed to Werborough. Feb. 27, 1768 part annexed to Tancaster. Feb. 26, 1781 part of Lancaster annexed. Mar. 1, 1786 part established as Boyleton. Mar. 2, 1733 part annexed to Westborough. Mar. 3, 1826 part annexed to Grafton.	Part of Marlborough. Mar. 7, 1786 part of Framingham annexed. Mar. 5, 1886 and Vestborough established. Mar. 24, 1843 part annexed to Marlborough. May 16, 1991 bounds between Southborough and Marlborough established.	Parts of Charlton, Dudley, and Sturbridge. Feb. 23, 1822 part of Dudley annexed. April 6, 1839 part of Sturbridge annexed. May 4, 1871 bounds between Southbridge and Sturbridge established.	Part of Leicester established as the district of Spencer. Aug. 23, 1775 the district made a town by general act.	Part of Lancaster. Mar. 12, 1793 bounds between Sterling and Lancaster established. Jan. 30, 1808 part included in the new town of West Boylston. Mar. 7, 1837 bounds between Sterling and Lancas.	uer establisheu.
23, 1713	April 12, 1753	6, 1720	6, 1727	Feb. 15, 1816	April 12, 1753	April 25, 1781	
Feb.	April	Dec.	July	Feb.	April	April	•
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nd,	ind,	ndav	boro	ıbrid	er,	ng,	
Rutland,	Rutland, District of,	Shrewsbury,	Southborough,	Southbridge,	Spencer,	Sterling,	
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WORCESTER COUNTY - Continued.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Towns.		First n in Rethe S the S therein as Est	First mentioned in Records of the State, or therein recorded as Established or Incorporated.	From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc.
Sturbridge, .	•	•	June	June 24, 1738	Common land called New Medifeld. June 26, 1792 part of Charlton annexed. June 25, 1794 part of Middlesex Gore annexed. Feb. 15, 1816 part included in the new town of Southbridge. April 6, 1839 part annexed to Southbridge. May 4, 1871 bounds between Sturbridge and Southbridge established.
Sutton, .		•	Oct.	Oct. 28, 1714	Common land. June 21, 1715 " certain common lands allowed to the proprietors of Sutton." June 5, 1728 part annexed to Westborough. June 14, 1735 part included in the new town of Upton. April 10, June 14, 1735 part included in the new town of Upton. April 10, Ward. April 20, 1736 part annexed to Northbridge. June 5, 1739 and annexed to Northbridge. June 5, 1739 and established as Ward. Part annexed to Northbridge. June 11, 1813 part established as Millbury. June 15, 1831 part of Northbridge annexed. Mar. 7, 1837 bounds between Sutton and Northbridge established. Mar. 2, 1832 part annexed to Grafton. Mar. 16, 1844 part annexed to Northbridge.
Templeton,		•	Mar.	Mar. 6, 1762	The plantation called Narragansett Number Six. June 27, 1785 part included in the new town of Gardner. Oct. 20, 1786 part included in the new town of Gerry. April 5, 1892 part of Phillipston annexed.
Upton,		•	June	June 14, 1735	Parts of Hopkinton, Mendon, Sutton, and Uxbridge. Jan. 24, 1763 part annexed to Westborough. Mar. 8, 1805 part of Hopkinton annexed.

Counties,	Citie	s, a	ти 1	owns of me	issuu	iuse	118. 1	Ué
Part of Mendon. June 14, 1735 part fielded in the new town of Upton. April 94, 1770 part annexed to Mendon. July 14, 1772 part established as the district of Northbridge. April 39, 1856 bounds between Uxbridge and Northbridge established and part of each town annexed to the other town. April 25, 1864 bounds between Uxbridge and Douglas established.	The parish set off from Lelcester, Oxford, Sutton, and Worcester. Feb. 17, 1837 name changed to Auburn.	Name changed from Western.	Common land and parts of Dudley and Oxford. Feb. 27, 1841 bounds between Webster and Douglas established.	Part of Marlborough called Chauney, and other lands. June 5, 1728 part of Suton amexed. June 3, 1762 part of Shrewsbury annexed. Jan. 24, 1763 part of Upton annexed. Jan. 24, 1766 part established as the district of Northborough. Mar. 2, 1733 part of Shrewsbury annexed. Mar. 5, 1835 bounds between Westborough and Southborough established.	Parts of Boylston, Holden, and Sterling. Feb. 10, 1829 part of Boylston annexed. June 17, 1820 part of Boylston annexed.	Part of Brookfield.	Parts of Brimfield, Brookfield, and Kingsfield (now Palmer). Feb. 3, 1823 part annexed to Ware. Feb. 7, 1831 part annexed to Palmer. Mar. 13, 1834 name changed to Warren.	
June 27, 1727	April 10, 1778	13, 1834	6, 1832	Nov. 18, 1717	30, 1808	3, 1848	16, 1742	
June	April	Mar.	Mar.	Nov.	Jan.	Mar.	Jan.	
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				gh,	West Boylston,	West Brookfield,		
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Uxbridge,	Ward,	Warren,	Webster,	Westborough,	Cet	est	Western,	
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WORCESTER COUNTY - Concluded.

From what Established or Incorporated, Change of Boundary, Incorporation as a City, Extinction, etc.	The plantation called Narragansett Number Two established as the district of Westminster. April 26, 1170 the district made a town. June 27, 1185 part included in the new town of Gardner. Reb. 27, 1786 part of Richburg annexed. Feb. 16, 1813 part of Richburg annexed. Feb. 16, 1813 part of Richburg an. raced. Jan. 28, 1824 part annexed to Ashburnham. April 10, 1838 part of the common lands called No Town annexed. April 29, 1870 part annexed to Princeton.	The plantation called Ipswich-Canada. June 17, 1780 part of Royalston annexed and the bounds of Winchendon extended to embrace all the lands on the north as far as the New Hampshire state line. June 27, 1785 part included in the new town of Gardner. Mar. 2, 1787 part of Gardner annexed. Reb. 22, 1784 part annexed to Gardner. ner. May 24, 1851 part annexed to Gardner.	The plantation called Quansigamond. Jan. 9, 1741 part called North Vorcester established as Holden. April 10, 1775 the parish set off from Worcester and other towns established as Ward. June 14, 1785 certain common lands annexed. Mar. 22, 1838 ération Goreannexed. Feb. 29, 1848 Worcester incorporated as a city. Mar. 18, 1848 act of incorporation accepted by the town.
in Records of the State, or the State, or therein recorded as Established or Incorporated.	Oct. 20, 1759 7	June 14, 1764	Oct. 15, 1684 7
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CITIES AND TOWNS.	Westminster,	Winchendon,	Worcester,

CITIES IN THE COMMONWEALTH,

WITH THE DATES OF THEIR INCORPORATION AND THEIR POPULATION.

NAME.	Incorporated.	POPULATION, 1890. (U. S. Census.)	Population, 1895. (State Census.)	POPULATION, 1900. (U. S. Census.)
Boston	Feb. 23, 1822,	448,477	496,920	560,892
Salem	Mar. 23, 1836,	30,801	34,473	35,956
Lowell	Apr. 1, 1836,	77,696	84,367	94,969
Cambridge .	Mar. 17, 1846,	70,028	81,643	91,886
New Bedford .	Mar. 9, 1847,	40,733	55,251	62,442
Worcester .	Feb. 29, 1848,	84,655	98,767	118,421
Lynn	Apr. 10, 1850,	55,727	62,354	68,513
Newburyport .	May 24, 1851,	13,947	14,552	14,478
Springfield .	Apr. 12, 1852,	44,179	51,522	62,059
Lawrence .	Mar. 21, 1853,	44,654	52,164	62,559
Fall River .	Apr. 12, 1854,	74,398	89,203	104,863
Chelsea	Mar. 13, 1857,	27,909	31,264	34,072
Taunton	May 11, 1864,	25,448	27,115	31,036
Haverhill .	Mar. 10, 1869,	27,412	30,209	37,175
Somerville .	Apr. 14, 1871,	40,152	52,200	61,643
Fitchburg .	Mar. 8, 1872,	22,037	26,409	31,531
Holyoke	Apr. 7, 1873,	35,637	40,322	45,712
Gloucester .	Apr. 28, 1873,	24,651	28,211	26,121
Newton	June 2, 1873,	24,379	27,590	33,587
Malden	Mar. 31, 1881,	23,031	29,708	33,664
Brockton	Apr. 9, 1881,	27,294	33,165	40,063
Northampton .	June 23, 1883,	14,990	16,746	18,643
Waltham	June 2, 1884,	18,707	20,876	23,481
Quincy	May 17, 1888,	16,723	20,712	23,899
Woburn	May 18, 1888,	13,499	14,178	14,254
Pittsfield	June 5, 1889,	17,281	20,461	21,766
Chicopee	Apr. 18, 1890,	14,050	16,420	19,167
Marlborough .	May 23, 1890,	13,805	14,977	13,609
Medford	May 31, 1892,	11,079	14,474	18,244
Everett	June 11, 1892,	11,068	18,573	24,336
Beverly	Mar. 23, 1894,	10,821	11,806	13,884
North Adams .	Mar. 22, 1895,	16,074	19,135	24,200
Melrose	Mar. 18, 1899,	8,519	11,965	12,962

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS.

[As established by Chapter 396 of the Acts of 1891 and Chapter 519 of the Acts of 1896. See also Revised Laws, Chapter 11, Section 422.]

DISTRICT No. 1.

Towns.	Population 1890.	Towns.	Population 1890.
Berkshire County. Adams, Alford, Becket, Cheshire, Clarksburg, Dalton, Egremont, Florida, Great Barrington, Hancock, Hinsdale, Lanesborough, Lee, Lenox, Monterey, Mount Washington, New Marlborough, North Adams, Otis, Peru,	9,213 297 946 1,308 884 2,885 845 4,612 506 1,739 1,018 3,785 2,889 495 148 125 1,305 16,074 583 305	Berkshire Co.—Con. West Stockbridge, Williamstown, Windsor, Franklin County. Ashfield, Bernardston, Buckland, Charlemont, Colrain, Conway, Deerfield, Gill, Greenfield, Hawley, Heath, Leyden, Monroe, Rowe, Shelburne, Whately,	1,492 4,221 612 1,025 770 1,570 972 1,671 1,451 2,910 960 5,252 515 503 407 282 541 1,553 779
Pittsfield, Richmond, Sandisfield, Savoy, Sheflield, Stockbridge, Tyringham, Washington,	17,281 796 807 569 1,954 2,132 412 434	Hampden County. Agawam, Blandford, Chester, Granville, Holyoke, Montgomery,	3,352 871 1,295 1,061 35,637 266

DISTRICT No. 1- Concluded.

Towns.	Population 1890.	Towns.	Population 1890.
Hampden Co.—Con. Russell. Southwick. Tolland, Westfield, West Springfield, Hampshire County. Chesterfield, Cummington, Goshen,	879 914 393 9,805 5,077 608 787 297	Hampshire Co Hatfield, Huntington, Middlefield, Plainfield, Southampton, Westhampton, Williamsburg, Worthington,	1,246 1,385 455 435 1,017 477 2,057 714 170,297

DISTRICT No. 2.

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_ Franklin County.		Hampshire Co Con.	
Erving,	972	Enfield,	952
Leverett,	702	Granby,	765
Montague,	6,296	Greenwich,	526
New Salem,	856	Hadley	1,669
Nouthfield	1,869		14,990
Northfield,		Northampton,	486
Orange,	4,568	Pelham,	
Shutesbury,	453	Prescott,	376
Sunderland,	663	South Hadley,	4,261
Warwick,	565	Ware,	7,329
Wendell,	505	· ·	
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Hampden County.		Worcester County.	
Brimfield,	1,096		6,319
Chicanas		Athol,	
Chicopee,	14,050	Barre,	2,239
East Longmeadow,* .		Brookfield,	3,352
Hampden,	831	Dana,	700
Holland,	201	Hardwick,	2,922
Longmeadow,	2.183	New Braintree,	573
Ludlow,	1,939	North Brookfield, .	3,871
Monson,	3,650	Oakham,	738
Palmer.	6,520	Petersham,	1,050
0 + 0 11	44,179	TOT 1331 4	502
Springheld,	700	Phillipston,	1,030
Wales,		Royalston,	
Wilbraham,	1,814	Templeton,	2,999
		Warren,	4,681
Hampshire County.		West Brookfield, .	1,592
Amherst,	4,512	Winchendon,	4,390
Belchertown,	2,120		
Easthampton,	4,395	Total,	173,951
Zamoviimi protij	1,000	20.000,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,

^{*} East Longmeadow was incorporated from a part of Longmeadow, May 19, 1894.

DISTRICT No. 3.

Towns.	Population 1890.	Towns.	Population 1890.
Middlesex County. Hopkinton, Worcester County. Auburn,	4,088 1,532	Worcester Co.—Con, Paxton,	445 980 1,449 7,655
Blackstone,	6,138 1,847 1,908 2,944	Southbridge, Spencer, Sturbridge, Sutton, Upton,	8,747 2,074 3,180 1,878
Grafton, Holden, Leicester, Mendon,	5,002 2,623 3,120 919	Uxbridge,	3,408 7,031 5,195 3,019
Millbury, Northbridge, Oxford,	4,428 4,603 2,616	Worcester,	84,655
	DISTRIC	OT No. 4.	
Middlesex County. Acton,. Ashby,. Ashland,. Ayer,. Bedford,.	1,897 825 2,532 2,148 1,092	Middlesex Co.—Con. Waltham, Wayland, Westford, Weston, Norfolk County.	18,707 2,060 2,250 1,664
Billerica, Boxborough, Burlington, Carlisle,	2,380 325 617 481	Wellesley,	3,600 2,074
Chelmsford, Concord, Dunstable, Framingham, Groton,	2,695 4,427 416 9,239 2,057	Berlin,	884 827 770 10,424 22,037
Groton,	4,670 3,197 987 1,025 13,805	Hubbardston, Lancaster, Leominster,	8,424 1,095 1,346 2,201 7,269
Maynard, Natick, Pepperell, Shirley, Stow, Stow, Sudbury, Townsend, Typngeboxy	2,700 9,118 3,127 1,191 903	Lunenburg, Northborough, Princeton, Southborough, Sterling,	1,146 1,952 982 2,114 1,244
Townsend	1,197 1,750 662	Westminster, Total,	1,688

DISTRICT No. 5.

Towns.	Population 1890.	Towns.	Population 1890.
Essex County. Andover,	6,142 44,654 787 4,814 3,742 10,158	Middlesex Co.—Con. Lowell, North Reading, Reading, Tewksbury, Wilmington, Woburn,	77,696 874 4,088 2,515 1,213 13,499
Middlesex County. Dracut,	1,996	Total,	172,178

DISTRICT No. 6.

Essex Cou	nty.			Essex Co.	Co	n.	
Amesbury, .			9,798	Merrimac, .			2,633
Beverly, .			10,821	Middleton, .			924
Boxford, .			865	Newbury, .			1,427
Bradford,* .			3,720	Newburyport	t		13,947
Danvers, .		. :	7,454	Rockport, .			4,087
Essex,			1,713	Rowley, .			1,248
Georgetown,		. :	2,117	Salem,			30,801
Gloucester, .		. '	24,651	Salisbury, .			1,316
Groveland, .			2,191	Swampscott.			3,198
Hamilton, .			961	Topsfield, .			1,022
Haverhill,* .			27,412	Wenham, .			886
Ipswich, .			4,439	West Newbu	ry,.		1,796
Manchester,			1,789		,		
Marblehead,			8,202	Total, .			169,418
			· ·				,

DISTRICT No. 7.

Essex County. Lynn,	55,727 880 3,673	Middlesex Co.—Con. Wakefield, 6,982 Suffolk County.
Middlesex County.	5,0,0	Boston, Ward 4, . 12,842 Ward 5, . 12,412
Everett	11,068	Chelsea, 27,909
Malden,	23,031	Revere, 5,668
Melrose,	8,519	
Stoneham,	6,155	Total, 174,866
]	

^{*} Bradford annexed to the city of Haverhill under the provisions of chapter 365 of the Acts of 1896.

DISTRICT No. 8.*

Towns.	Population 1890.	Towns.	Population 1890.
Middlesex County. Arlington,	5,629 70,028 11,079 40,152 4,861	Suffolk County. Boston, Ward 10, Ward 11, Total,	8,205 21,660 161,614

DISTRICT No. 9.*

Boston, Ward 1, 19,633 Bo Ward 2, 17,297 Ward 3, 13,094 Ward 6, 18,447 Ward 7, 13,145	Suffolk Co.—Con. ston, Ward 9, Ward 13, inthrop,	12,660 22,375 2,726 ————————————————————————————————————
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DISTRICT No. 10.*

Norfolk County. Milton,	4,278 16,723 12,585 26,367	Suffolk Co. — Con. Boston, Ward 16, Ward 17, Ward 18, Ward 19, Ward 20, Ward 24,	18,048 15,638 16,035 23,016 24,335 29,638
Ward 14, Ward 15,	18,049	Total,	204,712

DISTRICT No. 11.*

Bristol County. North Attleborough, Middlesex County. Belmont, 2,098 Middlesex Co. — Con. Holliston, Newton, Sherborn, Watertown, Watertown,	2,619 24,379 1,381 7,073
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^{*} Districts Nos. 8, 9, 10 and 11, as here given, were established by Chapter 519 of the Acts of 1896.

DISTRICT No. 11 - Concluded.

Towns.	Population 1890.	Towns.	Population 1890.
Norfolk County. Bellingham, Brookline, Dedham,* Dover, Fox borough, Franklin, Hyde Park, Medfield, Medway, Millis, Needham, Norfolk, Norwood, Sharon, Walbole.	1,334 12,103 7,123 727 2,933 4,831 10,193 2,985 913 3,035 913 3,733 1,534 2,604	Norfolk Co.—Con. Westwood,* Wrentham,. Suffolk County. Boston, Ward 21, Ward 22, Ward 23, Ward 25, Worcester County. Hopedale, Milford, Total,	22,930 20,011 24,997 12,032 1,176 8,780

DISTRICT No. 12.

Bristol County. Attleborough, Berkley, Dighton, Easton, Mansfield, Norton, Raynham, Rehoboth, Seekonk, Taunton,	7,577 894 1,889 4,493 3,432 1,785 1,340 1,786 1,317 25,448	Plymouth Co.—Con Brockton, Carver, Duxbury, East Bridgewater, Halifax, Hanover, Hanson, Hingham, Hull, Kingston, Lakeville,		27,294 994 1,908 2,911 562 2,093 1,267 4,564 989 1,659 935
Norfolk County. Avon,	1,384	Marshfield, Middleborough, .		1,713 6,065
Braintree,	4,848	Norwell,		1,635
Canton,	4,538	Pembroke,		1,320
Cohasset,	2,448	Plymouth,		7,314
Holbrook,	2,474	Plympton,		597
Randolph,	3,946	Rockland,	-	5,213
Stoughton,	4,852	Scituate,		2,318
Weymouth,	10,866	West Bridgewater,		1,917
DI		Whitman,		4,441
Plymouth County.	4.000			
Abington,	4,260	Mad-1		177 595
Bridgewater,	4,249	Total,		171,535

^{*} Westwood was incorporated from a part of Dedham, April 2, 1897.

DISTRICT No. 13.

Towns.	Population 1890.	Towns.	Population 1890.
	4,023 1,442 1,003 1,954 2,899 602 2,567 2,734 2,98 1,219 4,642 1,819 919 1,291 1,760	Bristol Co.—Con. Somerset, Swansea, Westport, Dukes County. Chilmark, Cottage City, Edgartown, Gay Head, Gosnold, Tisbury,* West Tisbury,* Nantucket County. Nantucket,	2,106 1,456 2,599 353 1,080 1,156 139 135 1,506
Bristot Coun Acushnet, . Dartmouth, . Fairhaven, . Fall River, . Freetown, . New Bedford,	 1,027 3,122 2,919 74,398 1,417 40,733	Plymouth County. Marion, Mattapoisett, Rochester, Wareham,	871 1,148 1,012 3,451 173,068

^{*} West Tisbury was incorporated from a part of Tisbury, April 28, 1892.

COUNCILLOR DISTRICTS.

[As established by Chapter 509 of the Acts of 1896. See also Revised Laws, Chapter 11, Section 423.]

I.—The Cape, First and Second Plymouth, and the Second and Third Bristol Senatorial Districts. Legal voters, 66,467.

Cape District. — Barnstable, Bourne, Brewster, Chatham, Dennis, Eastham, Falmouth, Harwich, Mashpee, Orleans, Provincetown, Sandwich, Truro, Wellfleet, and Yarmouth, in the county of Barnstable; and Chilmark, Cottage City, Edgartown, Gay Head, Gosnold, Tisbury, and West Tisbury, in the county of Dukes County, and Nantucket.

Plymouth Districts.—Abington, Bridgewater, Brockton, Carver, Cohasset (Norfolk County), Duxbury, East Bridgewater, Halifax, Hanover, Hanson, Hingham, Hull, Kingston, Lakeville, Marion, Marshfield, Mattapoisett, Middleborough, Norwell, Pembroke, Plymouth, Plympton, Rochester, Rockland, Scituate, Wareham, West Bridgewater, and Whitman.

Bristol Districts. — Acushnet, Dartmouth, Dighton, Fairhaven, Fall River, Freetown, New Bedford, Somerset, Swansea, and Westport.

II.—The First Bristol, First and Second Norfolk, and Seventh and Eighth Suffolk Senatorial Districts. Legal voters, 71,524.

Bristol District. - Attleborough, Berkley, Easton, Mansfield, North Attleborough, Norton, Raynham, Rehoboth, Seekonk, and Taunton.

Norfolk Districts.— Avon, Bellingham, Braintree, Brookline, Canton, Dedham,* Dover, Foxborough, Franklin, Holbrook, Hyde Park, Medfield, Medway, Millis, Milton, Needham, Norfolk, Norwood, Quincy, Randolph, Sharon, Stoughton, Walpole, Wellesley, Westwood,* Weymouth, and Wrentham.

Suffolk Districts. - Wards Nos. 16, 20, 21, 22, 23, and 24, Boston.

^{*} Westwood was incorporated from a part of Dedham, April 2, 1897.

- III. The First and Second Suffolk, and the First, Second, and Third Middlesex Senatorial Districts. Legal voters, 70,352.
- Suffolk Districts. Chelsea, Revere, Winthrop, and Wards Nos. 1, 3, 4, and 5, Boston.
- Middlesex Districts. Arlington, Ashland, Belmont, Cambridge, Framingham, Holliston, Hopkinton, Natick, Newton, Sherborn, Somerville, Watertown, and Weston.
- IV.—The Third, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, and Ninth Suffolk Senatorial Districts. Legal voters, 71,260.
- Suffolk Districts. Wards Nos. 2, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 17, 18, 19, and 25, Boston.
- V.— The First, Second, Third, and Fourth Essex, and the Middlesex and Essex Senatorial Districts. Legal voters, 70,420.
- Essex Districts.—Amesbury, Beverly, Bradford,* Danvers, Essex, Georgetown, Gloucester, Groveland, Hamilton, Haverhill,* Ipswich, Wards Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 7, Lynn, Manchester, Marblehead, Merrimac, Nahant, Newbury, Newburyport, Rockport, Rowley, Salem, Salisbury, Swampscott, Wenham, and West Newbury.
- Middlesex and Essex District.—Ward No. 6, Lynn, Lynnfield, Middleton, North Reading, Peabody, Saugus, Stoneham, Wakefield, and Woburn.
- VI. The Fifth Essex, and the Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, and Seventh Middlesex Senatorial Districts. Legal voters, 70,696.
- Essex District. Andover, Boxford, Lawrence, Methuen, North Andover, and Topsfield.
- Middlesex Districts.—Acton, Ashby, Ayer, Bedford, Billerica, Boxborough, Burlington, Carlisle, Chelmsford, Concord, Dracut, Dunstable, Everett, Groton, Hudson, Lexington, Lincoln, Littleton, Lowell, Malden, Marlborough, Maynard, Medford, Melrose, Pepperell, Reading, Shirley, Stow, Sudbury, Tewksbury, Townsend, Tyngsborough, Waltham, Wayland, Westford, Wilmington, and Winchester.

^{*} Bradford annexed to the city of Haverhill under the provisions of chapter 365 of the Acts of 1896.

- VII.—The First, Second, Third, Fourth, and Fifth Worcester Senatorial Districts. Legal voters, 66,109.
- Worcester Districts.—Ashburnham, Athol, Auburn, Barre, Berlin, Blackstone, Bolton, Boylston, Brookfield, Charlton, Clinton, Dana, Douglas, Dudley, Fitchburg, Gardner, Grafton, Hardwick, Harvard, Holden, Hopedale, Hubbardston, Lancaster, Leicester, Leominster, Lunenburg, Mendon, Milford, Millbury, New Braintree, Northborough, Northbridge, North Brookfield, Oakham, Oxford, Paxton, Petersham, Phillipston, Princeton, Royalston, Rutland, Shrewsbury, Southborough, Southbridge, Spencer, Sterling, Sturbridge, Sutton, Templeton, Upton, Uxbridge, Warren, Webster, Westborough, West Boylston, West Brookfield, Westminster, Winchendon, and Worcester.
- VIII. The Berkshire, Berkshire and Hampshire, Franklin and Hampshire, and First and Second Hampden Senatorial Districts. Legal voters, 73,974.
- Berkshire District. Adams, Cheshire, Clarksburg, Dalton, Florida, Hancock, Hinsdale, Lanesborough, New Ashford, North Adams, Peru, Pittsfield, Savoy, Williamstown, Windsor.
- Berkshire and Hampshire District.—Alford, Becket, Blandford, Chester, Chesterfield, Cummington, Easthampton, Egremont, Goshen, Great Barrington, Hadley, Hatfield, Huntington, Lee, Lenox, Middlefield, Monterey, Mount Washington, New Marlborough, Northampton, Otis, Plainfield, Richmond, Russell, Sandisfield, Sheffield, Southampton, South Hadley, Stockbridge, Tyringham, Washington, Westhampton, West Stockbridge, Williamsburg, and Worthington.
- Franklin and Hampshire District.—Amherst, Ashfield, Belchertown, Bernardston, Buckland, Charlemont, Colrain, Conway, Deerfield, Enfield, Erring, Gill, Granby, Greenfield, Greenwich, Hawley, Heath, Leverett, Leyden, Monroe, Montague, New Salem, Northfield, Orange, Pelham, Prescott, Rowe, Shelburne, Shutesbury, Sunderland, Ware, Warwick, Wendell, and Whately.
- Hompden Districts.—Agawam, Brimfield, Chicopee, East Longmeadow, Granville, Hampden, Holland, Holyoke, Longmeadow, Ludlow, Monson, Montgomery, Palmer, Southwick, Springfield, Tolland, Wales, West Springfield, Westfield, and Wilbraham.

SENATORIAL DISTRICTS.

[As established by Chapter 509 of the Acts of 1896. See also Revised Laws, Chapter 11, Section 424.]

[Average ratio for the State, 14,020 +.]

THE COUNTY OF SUFFOLK (including Ward 3, Cambridge, Middlesex County) — Nine Senators.

[Ratio for one Senator, 13,951 +.]

First District. — Chelsea, Revere, Winthrop, and Ward No. 1, Boston. Legal voters, 14,494.

Second District. - Wards Nos. 3, 4, and 5, Boston, and Ward 3, Cambridge. Legal voters, 12,577.

Third District. — Wards Nos. 2, 6, and 8, Boston. Legal voters, 13,720.
Fourth District. — Wards Nos. 7, 9, and 17, Boston. Legal voters, 14,542.

Fifth District. — Wards Nos. 10, 12, and 18, Boston. Legal voters, 16,568.

Sixth District. — Wards Nos. 13, 14, and 15, Boston. Legal voters, 13,500.

Seventh District. - Wards Nos. 16, 20, and 24, Boston. Legal voters, 13,529.

Eighth District. — Wards Nos. 21, 22, and 23, Boston. Legal voters, 13,704.

Ninth District. — Wards Nos. 11, 19, and 25, Boston. Legal voters, 12,930.

THE COUNTIES OF ESSEX AND MIDDLESEX — Thirteen Senators.

[Ratio for one Senator, 14,184 +.]

First Essex District. — Wards Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 7, Lynn, Nahant, and Swampscott. Legal voters, 13,196.

Second Essex District. - Beverly, Danvers, Marblehead, and Salem. Legal voters, 14,496.

Third Essex District. - Essex, Gloucester, Hamilton, Ipswich, Manchester, Newbury, Newburyport, Rockport, Rowley, and Wenham. Legal voters, 14,363.

- Fourth Essex District.—Amesbury, Bradford,* Georgetown, Groveland, Haverhill,* Merrimac, Salisbury, and West Newbury. Legal voters, 13,589.
- Fifth Essex District. Andover, Boxford, Lawrence, Methuen, North Andover, and Topsfield. Legal voters, 14,059.
- First Middlesex District. Ashland, Framingham, Holliston, Hopkinton, Natick, Newton, Sherborn, Watertown, and Weston. Legal voters, 14,791.
- Second Middlesex District. Wards Nos. 1, 2, 4, and 5, Cambridge. Legal voters, 14,556.
- Third Middlesex District.—Arlington, Belmont, and Somerville. Legal voters, 13,934.
- Fourth Middlesex District. Everett, Malden, and Melrose. Legal voters, 13,463.
- Fifth Middlesex District. Lexington, Lincoln, Marlborough, Medford, Sudbury, Waltham, Wayland, and Winchester. Legal voters, 14,661.
- Sixth Middlesex District. Acton, Ashby, Ayer, Bedford, Billerica, Boxborough, Burlington, Carlisle, Concord, Dunstable, Groton, Hudson, Littleton, Wards Nos. 5 and 9, Lowell, Maynard, Pepperell, Reading, Shirley, Stow, Tewksbury, Townsend, Tyngsborough, Westford, and Wilmington. Legal voters, 14,136.
- Seventh Middlesex District. Chelmsford, Dracut, and Wards Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, and 8, Lowell. Legal voters, 14,377.
- Middlesex and Essex District. Ward No. 6, Lynn, Lynnfield, Middleton, Peabody, and Saugus, in the county of Essex; North Reading, Stoneham, Wakefield, and Woburn, in the county of Middlesex. Legal voters, 14,776.

THE COUNTY OF WORCESTER-Five Senators.

[Ratio for one Senator, 13,221 + .]

- First District. Wards Nos. 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8, Worcester. Legal voters, 12,959.
- Second District. Berlin, Bolton, Boylston, Clinton, Harvard, Holden, Lancaster, Sterling, West Boylston, and Wards Nos. 1, 2, and 3, Worcester. Legal voters, 13,327.
- Third District. Ashburnham, Athol, Fitchburg, Gardner, Leominster, Lunenburg, Royalston, Westminster, and Winchendon. Legal voters, 13,880.

^{*} Bradford annexed to the city of Haverhill under the provisions of chapter 365 of the Acts of 1896.

Fourth District.—Barre, Brookfield, Charlton, Dana, Dudley, Hardwick, Hubbardston, Leicester, New Braintree, North Brookfield, Oakham, Paxton, Petersham, Phillipston, Princeton, Rutland, Southbridge, Spencer, Sturbridge, Templeton, Warren, Webster, and West Brookfield. Legal voters, 13,120.

Fifth District.—Auburn, Blackstone, Douglas, Grafton, Hopedale, Mendon, Milford, Millbury, Northborough, Northbridge, Oxford, Shrewsbury, Southborough, Sutton, Upton, Uxbridge, and Westborough. Legal voters, 12,823.

THE COUNTIES OF BERKSHIRE, FRANKLIN, HAMPDEN AND HAMPSHIRE - Five Senators.

[Ratio for one Senator, 14,794 +.]

Berkshire District. — Adams, Cheshire, Clarksburg, Dalton, Florida, Hancock, Hinsdale, Lanesborough, New Ashford, North Adams, Peru, Pittsfield, Savoy, Williamstown, and Windsor. Legal voters, 14.124.

Berkshire and Hampshire District.—Alford, Becket, Egremont, Great Barrington, Lee, Lenox, Monterey, Mount Washington, New Marlborough, Otis, Richmond, Sandisfield, Sheffield, Stockbridge, Tyringham, Washington, and West Stockbridge, in the county of Berkshire; Chesterfield, Cummington, Easthampton, Goshen, Hadley, Hatfield, Huntington, Middlefield, Northampton, Plainfield, South Hadley, Southampton, Westhampton, Williamsburg, and Worthington, in the county of Hampshire; and Blandford, Chester, and Russell, in the county of Hampden. Legal voters, 14,774.

Franklin and Hampshire District.—Ashfield, Bernardston, Buckland, Charlemont, Colrain, Conway, Deerfield, Erving, Gill, Greenfield, Hawley, Heath, Leverett, Leyden, Monroe, Montague, New Salem, Northfield, Orange, Rowe, Shelburne, Shutesbury, Sunderland, Warwick, Wendell, and Whately, in the county of Franklin; and Amherst, Belchertown, Enfield, Granby, Greenwich, Pelham, Prescott, and Ware, in the county of Hampshire. Legal voters, 14,324.

First Hampden District.—Brimfield, Holland, Monson, Palmer, Springfield, Wales, and Wilbraham. Legal voters, 15,615.

Second Hampden District.—Agawam, Chicopee, East Longmeadow, Granville, Hampden, Holyoke, Longmeadow, Ludlow, Montgomery, Southwick, Tolland, West Springfield, and Westfield. Legal voters, 15.137. THE COUNTY OF NORFOLK (excluding Cohasset) -Two Senators.

[Ratio for one Senator, 15,450.]

First District. -- Braintree, Canton, Holbrook, Hyde Park, Milton, Quincy, Randolph, and Weymouth. Legal voters, 15,502.

Second District.—Avon, Bellingham, Brookline, Dedham,* Dover, Foxborough, Franklin, Medfield, Medway, Millis, Needham, Norfolk, Norwood, Sharon, Stoughton, Walpole, Wellesley, Westwood,* and Wrentham. Legal voters, 15,398.

THE COUNTY OF PLYMOUTH (including Cohasset, in Norfolk County)— Two Senators.

[Ratio for one Senator, 13,810 +.]

First District. — Abington, Carver, Cohasset (Norfolk County), Duxbury, East Bridgewater, Halifax, Hanover, Hanson, Hingham, Hull, Kingston, Marshfield, Norwell, Pembroke, Plymouth, Plympton, Rockland, Scituate, and Whitman. Legal voters, 13,926.

Second District. - Bridgewater, Brockton, Lakeville, Marion, Mattapoisett, Middleborough, Rochester, Wareham, and West Bridgewater. Legal voters, 13,695.

THE COUNTY OF BRISTOL - Three Senators.

[Ratio for one Senator, 14,165.]

First District. Attleborough, Berkley, Easton, Mansfield, North Attleborough, Norton, Raynham, Rehoboth, Seekonk, and Taunton. Legal voters, 13,391.

 $Second\ District.$ – Dighton, Fall River, Somerset, and Swansea. Legal voters, 15,902.

Third District. - Acushnet, Dartmouth, Fairhaven, Freetown, New Bedford, and Westport. Legal voters, 13,202.

THE COUNTIES OF BARNSTABLE, DUKES COUNTY, AND NANTUCKET - One Senator.

Cape District.—Barnstable, Bourne, Brewster, Chatham, Dennis, Eastham, Falmouth, Harwich, Mashpee, Orleans, Provincetown, Sandwich, Truro, Wellfleet, and Yarmouth, in the county of Barustable; Chilmark, Cottage City, Edgartown, Gay Head, Gosnold, Tisbury, and West Tisbury, in the county of Dukes County, and Nantucket. Legal voters, 9,742.

^{*} Westwood was incorporated from a part of Dedham, April 2, 1897.

REPRESENTATIVE DISTRICTS.

[As established by Chapter 509, Acts of 1896. See also Revised Laws, Chapter 11, Section 425.]

[Average ratio for the State, 2,336 +.]

SUFFOLK COUNTY.

FIFTY-TI	HREE REPRESENTATI	VES.
DISTRICT		
1 Boston, 1st Ward.	Legal voters, 4,785.	Two representatives,
2.—Boston, 2d Ward.	Legal voters, 4,357.	Two representatives.
3 Boston, 3d Ward.	Legal voters, 3,538.	Two representatives.
4.—Boston, 4th Ward.	Legal voters, 3,311.	Two representatives.
5 Boston, 5th Ward.	Legal voters, 3,266.	Two representatives.
6 Boston, 6th Ward.	Legal voters, 4,190.	Two representatives.
7 Boston, 7th Ward.	Legal voters, 4,237.	Two representatives.
8 Boston, 8th Ward.	Legal voters, 5,173.	Two representatives.
9 Boston, 9th Ward.	Legal voters, 5,504.	Two representatives.
10 Boston, 10th Ward.	Legal voters, 6,007.	Two representatives.
11 Boston, 11th Ward.	Legal voters, 4,886.	Two representatives.
12 Boston, 12th Ward.	Legal voters, 5,731.	Two representatives.
13 Boston, 13th Ward.	Legal voters, 4,795.	Two representatives.
14 Boston, 14th Ward.	Legal voters, 4,381.	Two representatives.
15 Boston, 15th Ward.	Legal voters, 4,324.	Two representatives.
16 Boston, 16th Ward.	Legal voters, 3,933.	Two representatives.
17 Boston, 17th Ward.	Legal voters, 4,801.	Two representatives.
18 Boston, 18th Ward.	Legal voters, 4,830.	Two representatives.
19 Boston, 19th Ward.	Legal voters, 4,467.	Two representatives.
20 Boston, 20th Ward.	Legal voters, 5,225.	Two representatives.
21 Boston, 21st Ward.	Legal voters, 4,793.	Two representatives.
22 Boston, 22d Ward.	Legal voters, 4,879.	Two representatives.
23 Boston, 23d Ward.	Legal voters, 4,032.	Two representatives.
24 Boston, 24th Ward.	Legal voters, 4,371.	Two representatives.
25 Boston, 25th Ward.	Legal voters, 3,577.	Two representatives.
26 Chelsea, 1st Ward an	d 2d Ward. Legal v	oters, 3,192. One rep-
resentative.		

- 27.—Chelsea, 3d Ward and 4th Ward. Legal voters, 2,758. One representative.
- 28.—Chelsea, 5th Ward, Revere, and Winthrop. Legal voters, 3,759.

 One representative.

ESSEX COUNTY.

THIRTY-THREE REPRESENTATIVES.

- 1. Amesbury. Legal voters, 2,310. One representative.
- Merrimae, Newburyport, 6th Ward, Salisbury, and West Newbury. Legal voters, 2,145. One representative.
- 3.—Haverhill, 4th Ward and 6th Ward. Legal voters, 2,543. One representative.
- 4. Haverhill, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, and 3d Ward. Legal voters, 2,530. One representative.
- 5. Haverhill, 5th Ward. Legal voters, 2,383. One representative.
- Lawrence, 1st Ward and 2d Ward, and Methuen. Legal voters, 4,462. Two representatives.
- 7. Lawrence, 3d Ward, 4th Ward, 5th Ward, and 6th Ward. Legal voters, 6,884. Three representatives.
- Andover, Middleton, and North Andover. Legal voters, 2,445.
 One representative.
- 9. Boxford, Bradford,* Georgetown, and Groveland. Legal voters, 2,543. One representative.
- Danvers, Peabody, and Topsfield. Legal voters, 4,708. Two representatives.
- Lynn, 3d Ward, and Swampscott. Legal voters, 4,528. Two representatives.
- Lynn, 1st Ward, 5th Ward, and 7th Ward, and Lynnfield. Legal voters, 4,447. Two representatives.
- Lynn, 2d Ward and 4th Ward, and Nahant. Legal voters, 4,449.
 Two representatives.
- Lynn, 6th Ward, and Saugus. Legal voters, 4,476. Two representatives.
- 15. Marblehead. Legal voters, 2,295. One representative.
- 16.—Salem, 1st Ward and 2d Ward. Legal voters, 2,542. One representative.
- 17.—Salem, 3d Ward and 5th Ward. Legal voters, 2,540. One representative.

^{*} Bradford annexed to Haverhill under the provisions of chapter 365, Acts of 1896.

- Salem, 4th Ward and 6th Ward. Legal voters, 2,329. One representative.
- 19.—Beverly, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, 3d Ward, 4th Ward, 5th Ward, and 6th Ward, Essex, Gloucester, 8th Ward, Hamilton, Manchester, and Wenham. Legal voters, 4,868. Two representatives.
- 20. Gloucester, 1st Ward, 3d Ward, 4th Ward, 5th Ward, and 6th Ward. Legal voters, 4,666. Two representatives.
- 21.—Gloucester, 2d Ward and 7th Ward, and Rockport. Legal voters, 2.477. One representative.
- 22. Ipswich, Newbury, Newburyport, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, 3d Ward, 4th Ward, and 5th Ward, and Rowley. Legal voters, 4,712. Two representatives.

MIDDLESEX COUNTY.

FORTY-SEVEN REPRESENTATIVES.

- 1. Cambridge, 1st Ward. Legal voters, 3,747. One representative.
- 2. Cambridge, 2d Ward. Legal voters, 4,707. Two representatives.
- 3. Cambridge, 3d Ward. Legal voters, 2,462. One representative.
- 4.—Cambridge, 4th Ward. Legal voters, 3,999. Two representatives.
- 5. Cambridge, 5th Ward. Legal voters, 2,103. One representative.
- 6. Somerville, 1st Ward. Legal voters, 2,272. One representative.
- 7.—Somerville, 2d Ward and 4th Ward. Legal voters, 6,328. Three representatives.
- 8. Somerville, 3d Ward. Legal voters, 3,239. One representative.
- Medford, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, 4th Ward, and 5th Ward. Legal voters, 2,265. One representative.
- 10. —Everett, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, 3d Ward, 4th Ward, 5th Ward, and 6th Ward. Legal voters, 4,090. Two representatives.
- Malden, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, 3d Ward, 4th Ward, 5th Ward, 6th Ward, and 7th Ward. Legal voters, 6,522. Three representatives.
- 12. Medford, 3d Ward and 6th Ward, and Winchester. Legal voters, 2,446. One representative.
- Arlington and Lexington. Legal voters, 2,393. One representative.
- 14.—Belmont and Watertown. Legal voters, 2,301. One representative.
- 15.— Waltham, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, 3d Ward, 4th Ward, 5th Ward, 6th Ward, and 7th Ward. Legal voters, 4,574. Two representatives.

- Newton, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, 3d Ward, 4th Ward, 5th Ward, 6th Ward, and 7th Ward. Legal voters, 5,617. Two representatives.
- 17.—Bedford, Concord, Lincoln, and Weston. Legal voters, 1,830.

 One representative.
- 18.-Natick. Legal voters, 2,334. One representative.
- Ashland, Holliston, Hopkinton, and Sherborn. Legal voters, 2,387. One representative.
- 20. Framingham. Legal voters, 2,308. One representative.
- 21. Marlborough, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, 3d Ward, 4th Ward, 5th Ward, 6th Ward, and 7th Ward, Sudbury, and Wayland. Legal voters, 4,299. Two representatives.
- 22.—Boxborough, Hudson, Maynard, and Stow. Legal voters, 2,214.

 One representative.
- 23.—Acton, Ayer, Littleton, Shirley, and Westford. Legal voters, 2,155. One representative.
- 24.—Ashby, Groton, Pepperell, and Townsend. Legal voters, 2,088.
 One representative.
- Chelmsford, Dunstable, Lowell, 4th Ward, 7th Ward, and 8th Ward, and Tyngsborough. Legal voters, 6,646. Three representatives.
- 26.—Lowell, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, 3d Ward, and 6th Ward. Legal voters, 7,521. Three representatives.
- 27.—Billerica, Burlington, Carlisle, Dracut, Lowell, 5th Ward, 9th Ward, North Reading, Tewksbury, and Wilmington. Legal voters, 5,726. Two representatives.
- 28.—Reading and Woburn, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, 3d Ward, 4th Ward, 5th Ward, 6th Ward, and 7th Ward. Legal voters, 4,511.
 Two representatives.
- 29. Wakefield. Legal voters, 1,885. One representative.
- 30. Stoneham. Legal voters, 1,757. One representative.
- 31.—Melrose. Legal voters, 2,851. One representative.

WORCESTER COUNTY.

TWENTY-EIGHT REPRESENTATIVES.

- DISTRICT
 1.—Athol, Phillipston, and Royalston. Legal voters, 2,234. One representative.
 - 2.—Ashburnham, Gardner, Templeton, and Winchendon. Legal voters, 4,347. Two representatives.
 - 3.—Barre, Dana, Hardwick, Hubbardston, Petersham, and Westminster. Legal voters, 2,152. One representative.

- 4.—Holden, New Braintree, North Brookfield, Oakham, Princeton, and Rutland. Legal voters, 2,370. One representative.
- Brookfield, Sturbridge, Warren, and West Brookfield. Legal voters, 2,449. One representative.
- Leicester, Paxton, and Spencer. Legal voters, 2,445. One representative.
- 7.—Charlton, Dudley, Oxford, Southbridge, and Webster. Legal voters, 4,236. Two representatives.
- 8.—Auburn, Douglass, Millbury, and Sutton. Legal voters, 2,281.

 One representative.
- O.—Blackstone, Grafton, Northbridge, Shrewsbury, and Uxbridge.
 Legal voters, 4,544. Two representatives.
- Hopedale, Mendon, Milford, Upton, and Westborough. Legal voters, 4,584. Two representatives.
- Berlin, Boylston, Clinton, Northborough, Southborough, Sterling, and West Boylston. Legal voters, 4,562. Two representatives.
- Bolton, Fitchburg, 6th Ward, Harvard, Lancaster, and Lunenburg. Legal voters, 2,235. One representative.
- Fitchburg, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, 3d Ward, 4th Ward, and 5th Ward. Legal voters, 4,282. Two representatives.
- 14. Leominster. Legal voters, 2,260. One representative.
- 15. Worcester, 1st Ward. Legal voters, 2,788. One representative.
- 16. Worcester, 2d Ward. Legal voters, 2,686. One representative.
- 17. Worcester, 3d Ward. Legal voters, 2,695. One representative.
- 18. Worcester, 4th Ward. Legal voters, 2,577. One representative.
- 19. Worcester, 5th Ward. Legal voters, 2,646. One representative.
- 20. Worcester, 6th Ward. Legal voters, 2,656. One representative.
- 21. Worcester, 7th Ward. Legal voters, 2,554. One representative.
- 22, Worcester, 8th Ward. Legal voters, 2,526. One representative.

HAMPSHIRE COUNTY.

FIVE REPRESENTATIVES.

- Goshen, Hadley, Hatfield, Northampton, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, 3d Ward, 4th Ward, 5th Ward, 6th Ward, and 7th Ward, Westhampton, and Williamsburg. Legal voters, 4,669. Two representatives.
- Chesterfield, Cummington, Easthampton, Huntington, Middlefield, Plainfield, Southampton, and Worthington. Legal voters, 2,388. One representative.

- Amherst, Granby, South Hadley, and Pelham. Legal voters, 2,497. One representative.
- 4.—Belchertown, Enfield, Greenwich, Prescott, and Ware. Legal voters, 2,334. One representative.

HAMPDEN COUNTY.

THIRTEEN REPRESENTATIVES.

DISTRICT

- Brimfield, Holland, Monson, Palmer, and Wales. Legal voters, 2,538. One representative.
- Agawam, East Longmeadow, Granville, Hampden, Longmeadow, Ludlow, Southwick, Tolland, and Wilbraham. Legal voters, 2,423. One representative.
- Springfield, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, and 8th Ward. Legal voters, 4,760. Two representatives.
- 4.—Springfield, 3d Ward, 4th Ward, and 5th Ward. Legal voters, 4,958. Two representatives.
- Springfield, 6th Ward and 7th Ward. Legal voters, 2,522. One representative.
- 6.—Chicopee, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, 3d Ward, 4th Ward, 5th Ward, and 6th Ward. Legal voters, 2,454. One representative.
- Chicopee, 7th Ward, and Holyoke, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, 3d Ward, 4th Ward, and 5th Ward. Legal voters, 4,696. Two representatives.
- 8.—Holyoke, 6th Ward and 7th Ward. Legal voters, 2,196. One representative.
- Blandford, Chester, Montgomery, Russell, West Springfield, and Westfield. Legal voters, 5,021. Two representatives.

FRANKLIN COUNTY.

FOUR REPRESENTATIVES.

- Ashfield, Buckland, Charlemont, Colrain, Conway, Hawley, Heath, Monroe, Rowe, and Shelburne. Legal voters, 2,621.
 One representative.
- Bernardston, Gill, Greenfield, and Leyden. Legal voters, 2,265.
 One representative.
- 3. Deerfield, Leverett, Montague, Sunderland, Wendell, and Whately.

 Legal voters, 2,792. One representative.
- Erving, New Salem, Northfield, Orange, Shutesbury, and Warwick. Legal voters, 2,654. One representative.

BERKSHIRE COUNTY.

NINE REPRESENTATIVES.

DISTRICT

- Clarksburg and North Adams, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, 3d Ward, 4th Ward, 5th Ward, 6th Ward, and 7th, Ward. Legal voters, 4,279. Two representatives.
- 2.—Dalton, Hancock, Lanesborough, New Ashford, and Williamstown. Legal voters, 2,404. One representative.
- Adams, Cheshire, Florida, Savoy, and Windsor. Legal voters, 2,197. One representative.
- 4.—Pittsfield, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, 3d Ward, 4th Ward, 5th Ward, 6th Ward, and 7th Ward. Legal voters, 4,801. Two representatives.
- 5.—Becket, Hinsdale, Lenox, Peru, Richmond, Washington, and West Stockbridge. Legal voters, 1,929. One representative.
- Lee, New Marlborough, Otis, Sandisfield, Stockbridge, and Tyringham. Legal voters, 2,378. One representative.
- 7.—Alford, Egremont, Great Barrington, Monterey, Mount Washington, and Sheffield. Legal voters, 2,198. One representative.

NORFOLK COUNTY. (Excluding Cohasset.)

THIRTEEN REPRESENTATIVES.

- Dedham,* Norwood, and Westwood.* Legal voters, 2,835. One representative.
- 2. Brookline. Legal voters, 3,243. One representative.
- 3. Hyde Park. Legal voters, 2,772. One representative.
- 4.—Canton and Milton. Legal voters, 2,267. One representative.
- 5.—Quincy, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, 3d Ward, 4th Ward, 5th Ward, and 6th Ward. Legal voters, 4,325. Two representatives.
- Braintree and Weymouth. Legal voters, 4,370. Two representatives.
- 7. Avon, Holbrook, and Randolph. Legal voters, 2,237. One representative.
- 8.—Sharon, Stoughton, and Walpole. Legal voters, 2,471. One representative.
- Dover, Medfield, Millis, Needham, and Wellesley. Legal voters, 2,304. One representative.
- Bellingham, Foxborough, Franklin, Medway, Norfolk, and Wrentham. Legal voters, 4,076. Two representatives.

^{*} Westwood was incorporated from a part of Dedham, April 2, 1897.

BRISTOL COUNTY.

EIGHTEEN REPRESENTATIVES.

DISTRICT

- 1. Attleborough, North Attleborough, Norton, Rehoboth, and Seekonk. Legal voters, 4,663. Two representatives.
- Easton, Mansfield, and Raynham. Legal voters, 2,459. One representative.
- Taunton, 5th Ward, 7th Ward, and 8th Ward. Legal voters, 2,252. One representative.
- 4. Taunton, 2d Ward, 3d Ward, and 4th Ward. Legal voters, 2,250.

 One representative.
- Berkley, Dighton, and Taunton, 1st Ward and 6th Ward. Legal voters, 2,237. One representative.
- Acushnet, Dartmouth, Fairhaven, and Freetown. Legal voters, 2,409. One representative.
- 7.— New Bedford, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, and 3d Ward. Legal voters, 4,879. Two representatives.
- New Bedford, 4th Ward, 5th Ward, and 6th Ward. Legal voters, 5,217. Two representatives.
- 9. Fall River, 1st Ward and 2d Ward, and Westport. Legal voters, 3,900. Two representatives.
- 10.—Fall River, 3d Ward, 4th Ward, and 5th Ward. Legal voters, 5,402. Two representatives.
- 11.—Fall River, 6th Ward, 7th Ward, 8th Ward, and 9th Ward, Somerset, and Swansea. Legal voters, 6,827. Three representatives.

PLYMOUTH COUNTY.

(Including Cohasset, in Norfolk County.)

TWELVE REPRESENTATIVES.

- $1.-{\rm Kingston}$ and Plymouth. Legal voters, 2,439. One representative.
- Duxbury, Marshfield, Norwell, Pembroke, and Scituate. Legal voters, 2,606. One representative.
- 3.—Cohasset, Hingham, and Hull. Legal voters, 2,113. One representative.
- 4.—Hanover, Hanson, and Rockland. Legal voters, 2,541. One representative.

- Abington and Whitman. Legal voters, 2,874. One representative.
- 6.—Carver, Lakeville, Marion, Mattapoisett, Rochester, and Wareham. Legal voters, 2,137. One representative.
- 7.—Halifax, Middleborough, and Plympton. Legal voters, 2,147.

 One representative.
- 8.—Bridgewater, East Bridgewater, and West Bridgewater. Legal voters, 2,233. One representative.
- Brockton, 3d Ward and 4th Ward. Legal voters, 2,315. One representative.
- 10.—Brockton, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, and 5th Ward. Legal voters, 3,727. Two representatives.
- 11.—Brockton, 6th Ward and 7th Ward. Legal voters, 2,489. One representative.

BARNSTABLE COUNTY.

THREE REPRESENTATIVES.

DISTRICT

- Barnstable, Bourne, Falmouth, Mashpee, and Sandwich. Legal voters, 2,902. One representative.
- 2. Chatham, Dennis, Harwich, and Yarmouth. Legal voters, 2,566.

 One representative.
- 3. Brewster, Eastham, Orleans, Provincetown, Truro, and Well-fleet. Legal voters, 2,152. One representative.

DUKES COUNTY.

ONE REPRESENTATIVE.

DISTRICT

 Chilmark, Cottage City, Edgartown, Gay Head, Gosnold, Tisbury, and West Tisbury. Legal voters, 1,236. One representative.

NANTUCKET COUNTY.

ONE REPRESENTATIVE.

DISTRICT

1. - Nantucket. Legal voters, 886. One representative.

CITIES AND TOWNS ALPHABETICALLY,

WITH THE

Congressional, Councillor, Senatorial and

Representative District of each.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Con- gres- sional.	Coun- cillor.	Senatorial.	Representative.
Abington, Acton, Acushnet, Adams, Agawam, Aiford, Amesbury, Amherst, Andover, Arlingtou, Ashburnham, Ashby, Ashfield, Ashland, Athol, Atthol, Attholorough, Auburn, Avon, Ayer, Barnstable, Barre, Becket, Bedford, Belingham, Bellingham, Bellingham, Belmont, Berlin, Bernardston, Beverly,	12 4 13 1 1 1 6 2 5 8 4 4 1 1 2 12 12 13 12 4 13 12 11 12 11 12 16	16188858637683372726 17868232785	Ist Plymouth, 6th Middlesex, 3d Bristol, Berkshire, 2d Hampden, Berks. & Hamps., 4th Essex, Frank. & Hamps., 5th Essex, 3d Middlesex, 3d Middlesex, 6th Middlesex, Ist Middlesex, 1st Bristol, 5th Worcester, 6th Middlesex, 6th Middlesex, 1st Bristol, 5th Worcester, 2d Norfolk, 6th Middlesex, 6th Middlesex, 1st Bristol, 5th Worcester, 1st Bristol, 5th Worcester, 1st Bristol, 5th Worcester, 1st Bristol, 2d Norfolk, 3d Middlesex, 1st Bristol, 2d Worcester, 2d Worceste	5th Plymouth. 23d Middlesex. 6th Bristol. 3d Berkshire. 2d Hampden. 7th Berkshire. 1st Essex. 3d Hampshire. 8th Essex. 13th Middlesex. 2d Worcester. 24th Middlesex. 1st Franklin. 19th Middlesex. 1st Bristol. 8th Worcester. 1st Bristol. 8th Worcester. 2d Middlesex. 1st Bristol. 8th Worcester. 7th Norfolk. 23d Middlesex. 1st Barnstable. 3d Worcester. 5th Berkshire. 17th Middlesex. 4th Hampshire. 10th Norfolk. 14th Middlesex. 5th Bristol. 11th Worcester. 2d Franklin. 19th Essex.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Con- gres- sional.	Coun- çillor.	Senatorial.	Representative.
Billerica,	4 3 1 4	6 7 8 7	6th Middlesex, 5th Worcester, Berks. & Hamps., 2d Worcester,	27th Middlesex. 9th Worcester. 9th Hampden. 12th Worcester.
Boston, .	7th District, Wards 4, 5. 8th District, Wards 10, 11 9th District, Wards 12, 3, 6, 7, 8, 9, 13 10th District, Wards 12, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 24 11th District, Wards 21, 22, 28, 25	2d District, Wards 16, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24 3d District, Wards 1, 3, 4, 5, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 17, 18, 19, 25 4th Dis., W'ds 2, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 17, 18, 19, 25	1st Suffolk, W'd 1, 2d Suffolk, W'ds 3, 4, 5, 3d Suffolk, W'ds 2, 6, 8, 4th Suffolk, W'ds 7, 9, 17, 5th Suffolk, W'ds 10, 12, 18, 6th Suffolk, W'ds 13, 14, 15, 7th Suffolk, W'ds 16, 20, 24, 8th Suffolk, W'ds 21, 22, 23, 9th Suffolk, W'ds 11, 19, 25, }	1stto25thSuffolk.
Bourne, Boxborough, Boxford, Boylston, Braintree, Brewster, Bridgewater, Brimfield,	13 4 6 4 12 13 12 2	1 6 6 7 2 1 1 8	Cape, 6th Middlesex, 5th Essex, 2d Worcester, 1st Norfolk, Cape, 2d Plymouth, 1st Hampden,	1st Barnstable. 22d Middlesex. 9th Essex. 11th Worcester. 6th Norfolk. 3d Barnstable. 8th Plymouth. 1st Hampden. Wards 3, 4,
Brockton, .	12	1	2d Plymouth,	9th Plymouth. Wards 1, 2, 5, 10th Plymouth. Wards 6, 7, 11th Plymouth.
Brookfield, Brookline, Buckland, Burlington,	2 11 1 4	7 2 8 6	4th Worcester, 2d Norfolk, Frank. & Hamps., 6th Middlesex,	5th Worcester. 2d Norfolk. 1st Franklin. 27th Middlesex.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Con- gres- sional.	Coun cillor.	Senatorial.	Representative.
Cambridge, .	8	3 {	2d Suffolk, W'd 3, 2d Middlesex, W'ds 1, 2, 4, 5,	Ward 1, 1st Middlesex. Ward 2, 2d Middlesex. Ward 3, 3d Middlesex. Ward 4, 4th Middlesex. Ward 5, 5th Middlesex.
Canton, Carlisle, Carver, Charlemont, . Charlton, . Chatham, . Chelmsford, .	12 4 13 1 3 13 4	2 6 1 8 7 1 6	1st Norfolk, . 6th Middlesex, . 1st Plymouth, . Frank. & Hamps., 4th Worcester, . Cape, . 7th Middlesex, .	4th Norfolk. 27th Middlesex. 6th Plymouth. 1st Franklin. 7th Worcester. 2d Barnstable. 25th Middlesex. Wards 1, 2,
Chelsea,	7	3	1st Suffolk, .	26th Suffolk. Wards 3, 4, 27th Suffolk. Ward 5, 28th Suffolk.
Chester,	1 1 1	8 8 8	Berkshire, Berks. & Hamps., Berks. & Hamps.,	3d Berkshire. 9th Hampden. 2d Hampshire. W'ds 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6,
Chicopee, .	2	8	2d Hampden,	6th Hampden. Ward 7,
Chilmark, Clarksburg, Clinton, Cohasset, Colrain, Concord, Conway, Cottage City, Cummington,	13 1 4 12 1 4 1 13 1	1 8 7 1 8 6 8 1 8	Cape, Berkshire, 2d Worcester, 1st Plymouth, Frank. & Hamps., 6th Middlesex, Frank. & Hamps., Cape, Berks. & Hamps.,	7th Hampden. 1st Dukes. 1st Berkshire. 11th Worcester. 3d Plymouth. 1st Franklin. 17th Middlesex. 1st Franklin. 1st Dukes. 2d Hampshire.
Dalton,	1 2 6 13 11 1 13 12 3 11	8 7 5 1 2 8 1 1 7 2	Berkshire, 4th Worcester, 2d Essex, 3d Bristol, 2d Norfolk, Frank & Hamps., Cape, 2d Bristol, 5th Worcester, 2d Norfolk,	2d Berkshire. 3d Worcester. 10th Essex. 6th Bristol. 1st Norfolk. 3d Franklin. 2d Barnstable. 5th Bristol. 8th Worcester. 9th Norfolk.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Con- gres- sional.	Coun-	Senatorial.	Representative.
Dracut, Dudley,	5 3	6 7	7th Middlesex, . 4th Worcester, .	27th Middlesex. 7th Worcester.
Dunstable, . Duxbury, .	12	6 1	6th Middlesex, . 1st Plymouth, .	25th Middlesex. 2d Plymouth.
E. Bridgewater, Eastham,	12 13	1	1st Plymouth, Cape,	8th Plymouth. 3d Barnstable.
Easthampton, . E. Longmeadow	2 2	8	Berks. & Hamps., 2d Hampden,	2d Hampshire. 2d Hampden.
Easton, Edgartown, .	12 13	2 1	1st Bristol,	2d Bristol. 1st Dukes.
Egremont, .	1	8	Berks. & Hamps.,	7th Berkshire.
Enfield, Erving,	$\frac{2}{2}$	8	Frank. & Hamps., Frank. & Hamps.,	4th Hampshire. 4th Franklin.
Essex, Everett,	6 7	5 6	3d Essex, 4th Middlesex, .	19th Essex. 10th Middlesex.
Fairhaven, .	13	1	3d Bristol,	6th Bristol. Wards 1, 2,
Fall River, .	13	1	2d Bristol, .	9th Bristol. Wards 3, 4, 5, 10th Bristol. Wards 6, 7, 8, 9,
Falmouth, .	13	1	Cape,	11th Bristol. 1st Barnstable. Ward 6.
Fitchburg, .	4	7	3d Worcester,	12thWorcester. Wards 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 13thWorcester.
Florida,	1	8	Berkshire,	3d Berkshire.
Foxborough, . Framingham, .	11 4	2 3	2d Norfolk, 1st Middlesex	10th Norfolk. 20th Middlesex.
Franklin, . Freetown, .	11 13	2 1	2d Norfolk, 3d Bristol,	10th Norfolk. 6th Bristol.
Gardner,	4	7	3d Worcester, .	2d Worcester.
Gay Head, . Georgetown, .	13 6	1 5	Cape,	1st Dukes. 9th Essex.
Gill,.	ĭ	8	Frank. & Hamps.,	2d Franklin. Ward 8, 19th Essex.
Gloucester, .	6	5	3d Essex, .	Wards 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 20th Essex. Wards 2, 7, 21st Essex.
Goshen,	1	8	Berks. & Hamps.,	1st Hampshire.
Gosnold, Grafton,	13 3	7	Cape,	1st Dukes. 9th Worcester.
Granby, Granville,	2 1	8	Frank. & Hamps., 2d Hampden,	3d Hampshire. 2d Hampden.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Con- gres- sional.	Coun- cillor.	Senatorial.	Representative.
Gt. Barrington,	1	8	Berks. & Hamps.,	7th Berkshire.
Greenfield,	î	8	Frank, & Hamps.,	2d Franklin.
Greenwich, .	2	8	Frank. & Hamps	4th Hampshire.
Groton,	4	6	6th Middlesex, .	24th Middlesex.
Groveland, .	6	5	4th Essex,	-9th Essex.
Hadley,	2	8	Berks. & Hamps.,	1st Hampshire.
Halifax,	12	ĭ	1st Plymouth,	7th Plymouth.
Hamilton, .	6	5	3d Essex,	19th Essex.
Hampden, .	2	8	2d Hampden,	2d Hampden.
Hancock, .	1	8	Berkshire,	2d Berkshire.
Hanover,	12	1	1st Plymouth, .	4th Plymouth.
Hanson,	12	1	1st Plymouth, .	4th Plymouth.
Hardwick, .	2	7	4th Worcester, .	3d Worcester.
Harvard,	4	7	2d Worcester, .	12th Worcester.
Harwich, .	13	1	Cape, Berks. & Hamps.,	2d Barnstable.
Hatfield,	1	8	Berks. & Hamps.,	1st Hampshire.
				Wards 4, 6,
				3d Essex.
Haverhill, .	6	5	4th Essex, . {	Wards 1, 2, 3,
			1	4th Essex. Ward 5,
		}		5th Essex.
Hawley,	1	8	Frank. & Hamps.,	1st Franklin.
Heath,	î	8	Frank. & Hamps.,	let Franklin.
Hingham, .	12	i	1st Plymouth,	3d Plymouth,
Hinsdale, .	1	8	Berkshire,	5th Berkshire.
Holbrook, .	12	2	1st Norfolk,	7th Norfolk.
Holden,	3	7	2d Worcester, .	4th Worcester.
Holland,	2	8	1st Hampden, .	1st Hampden.
Holliston, .	11	3	1st Middlesex, .	19th Middlesex.
			(Wards 1, 2, 3, 4, 5,
Holyoke,	1	8	2d Hampden,	7th Hampden.
Horjone,			za ziampach,	Wards 6, 7,
II	11		F41 TV	8th Hampden.
Hopedale, .	11	7 3	5th Worcester, .	10th Worcester.
Hopkinton, .	3	7	1st Middlesex, .	19th Middlesex.
Hudson, .	4 4	6	4th Worcester, . 6th Middlesex, .	3d Worcester. 22d Middlesex.
Hudson,	12	1		3d Plymouth.
TT A	12	8	1st Plymouth, . Berks. & Hamps.,	2d Hampshire.
Hyde Park, .	11	$\frac{\circ}{2}$	1st Norfolk,	3d Norfolk.
rejuctant, .		-	ISO ZIOIIOIN,	04 21011014
Ipswich,	6	5	3d Essex,	22d Essex.
Kingston, .	12	1	1st Plymouth, .	1st Plymouth.
			1	

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Con- gres- sional.	Coun- cillor.	Senatorial.	Representative.
Lakeville, . Lancaster, . Lanesborough,	12 4 1	1 7 8	2d Plymouth, 2d Worcester, Berkshire,	6th Plymouth. 12th Worcester. 2d Berkshire. Wards 1, 2,
Lawrence, .	5	6	5th Essex, . {	6th Essex. Wards 3, 4, 5, 6, 7th Essex.
Lee, Leicester, Lenox, Leominster, .	1 3 1 4	8 7 8 7	Berks. & Hamps., 4th Worcester, Berks. & Hamps., 3d Worcester,	6th Berkshire. 6th Worcester. 5th Berkshire. 14th Worcester.
Leverett, Lexington, . Leyden, Lincoln,	2 4 1 4 4	8 6 8 6	Frank. & Hamps., 5th Middlesex, Frank. & Hamps., 5th Middlesex, 6th Middlesex.	3d Franklin. 13th Middlesex. 2d Franklin. 17th Middlesex. 23d Middlesex.
Littleton, . Longmeadow,.	2	8	2d Hampden, 6th Middlesex, Wards 5, 9	2d Hampden. Wards 4, 7, 8, 25th Middlesex.
Lowell,	5	6	7th Middlesex, Wards 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8	Wards 1, 2, 3, 6, 26th Middlesex. Wards 5, 9, 27th Middlesex.
Ludlow, Lunenburg, .	2 4	8 7	2d Hampden, 3d Worcester,	2d Hampden. 12th Worcester. Ward 3, 11th Essex.
Lynn,	7	5 {	Wards 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7 Mid'sex & Essex, Ward 6	Wards 1, 5, 7, 12th Essex. Wards 2, 4, 13th Essex. Ward 6, 14th Essex.
Lynnfield, .	5	5	Mid'sex & Essex,	12th Essex.
Malden, Manchester, . Mansfield, .	7 6 12	6 5 2 5	4th Middlesex, 3d Essex, 1st Bristol,	11th Middlesex. 19th Essex. 2d Bristol.
Marblehead, . Marion, . Marlborough, . Marshfield, .	6 13 4 12	5 1 6 1	2d Essex, 2d Plymouth, 5th Middlesex, 1st Plymouth,	15th Essex. 6th Plymouth. 21st Middlesex. 2d Plymouth.
Mashpee, Mattapoisett, Maynard,	13 13 4	1 1 6	Cape,	1st Barnstable. 6th Plymouth. 22d Middlesex.
Medfield, Medford,	8	6	2d Norfolk, . 5th Middlesex,	9th Norfolk. Wards 1, 2, 4, 5, 9th Middlesex. Wards 3, 6, 12th Middlesex.

CITIES AND TOWNS. Congressional. Councillor. Senatorial. Representa Medway,	k. sex. ster. th. ire. ster.
Melrose, 7 6 4th Middlesex, 3lst Middlesex, Mendon, 3 7 5th Worcester, 1bth Worcester, 1bth Worcester, 2d Essex, Methuen, 5 6 5th Essex, 6th Essex, 6th Essex, Middleborough, 12 1 2d Plymouth, 7th Plymou 7th Plymou Middlefield, 1 8 Berks, & Hamps, 2d Hampsh Middleton, 6 5 Mid'sex & Essex, th Essex,	th. ire. ster.
Melrose, 7 6 4th Middlesex, 3lst Middlesex, Mendon, 3 7 5th Worcester, 1bth Worcester, 1bth Worcester, 2d Essex, Methuen, 5 6 5th Essex, 6th Essex, 6th Essex, Middleborough, 12 1 2d Plymouth, 7th Plymou 7th Plymou Middlefield, 1 8 Berks, & Hamps, 2d Hampsh Middleton, 6 5 Mid'sex & Essex, th Essex,	th. ire. ster.
Mendon,	th. ire. ster.
Merrimac, 6 5 4th Essex, 2d Essex, Methuen, 5 6 5th Essex, 6th Essex, Middleborough, 12 1 2d Plymouth, 7th Plymou Middlebeld, Middlebeld, 1 8 Berks, & Hamps, 2d Hampsh Middlebeld, Middlebeld, 6 5 Mid'sex & Essex, 8th Essex,	th. ire. ster.
Methuen, 5 6 5th Essex, 6th Essex. Middleborough, 12 1 2d Plymouth, 7th Plymou Middlefield, 1 8 Berks. & Hamps, 2d Hampshi Middleton, 6 5 Mid*ex & Essex. 5th Essex.	ster. ter.
Middleborough, 12 1 2d Plymouth, 7th Plymou Middlefield, 1 8 Berks, & Hamps, 2d Hampshi Middleton, 6 5 Mid'sex & Essex, 8th Essex,	ster. ter.
Middlefield, . 1 8 Berks. & Hamps., 2d Hampshi Middleton 6 5 Mid'sex & Essex. 8th Essex.	ster. ter.
Middleton, . 6 5 Mid'sex & Essex, 8th Essex.	ster.
Tribert Total Tribert Tribert Tribert	ter.
Milford, 11 7 5th Worcester, . 10th Worces	
Millbury, . 3 7 5th Worcester, . 8th Worcest	
Millis, 11 2 2d Norfolk, 9th Norfolk	
Milton, 10 2 1st Norfolk, 4th Norfolk	
Monroe, 1 8 Frank. & Hamps., 1st Franklin	
Monson, 2 8 1st Hampden, . 1st Hampde Montague, . 2 8 Frank. & Hamps., 3d Franklin	
Monterey, . 1 8 Berks. & Hamps., 7th Berkshi	
Montgomery, . 1 8 2d Hampden, . 9th Hampde	
Mt. Washington 1 8 Berks. & Hamps., 7th Berkshi	re.
Nahant 7 5 1st Essex 13th Essex.	
27	202
Natick, 4 3 Ist Middlesex, 18th Middle Needham, 11 2 2d Norfolk, 9th Norfolk	
New Ashford, 1 8 Berkshire, 2d Berkshir	
(Wards 1, 2,	
7th Rristo	1.
New Bedford, 13 1 3d Bristol, . { Wards 4, 5,	
8th Bristo	1.
New Braintree, 2 7 4th Worcester, . 4th Worces	
Newbury, 6 5 3d Essex, 22d Essex.	
(Ward 6,	
Newburyport, 6 5 3d Essex, 2d Essex.	
wards 1, 2,	
(22d Essex	
New Marlboro', 1 8 Berks. & Hamps., 6th Berkshi	
New Salem, . 2 8 Frank. & Hamps., 4th Franklin	
Newton, 11 3 1st Middlesex, . 16th Middle	
Norfolk, 11 2 2d Norfolk, 10th Norfol North Adams, 1 8 Berkshire, 1st Berkshire	
North Adams, 1 8 Berkshire, 1st Berkshi	
Northampton, 2 8 Berks. & Hamps., 1st Hampsh North Andover. 5 6 5th Essex. 8th Essex.	ne.
North Andover, 5 6 5th Essex, 8th Essex. N. Attleborough 11 2 1st Bristol 1st Bristol.	
	stor
Northborough, A 7 5th Worcester, 11th Worcester, 5th Worcester, 9th Worcester,	
Northfield, 2 8 Frank. & Hamps., 4th Worcest	
North Reading, 5 5 Mid'sex & Essex, 27th Middle	
Norton 12 2 1st Bristol 1st Bristol .	
Norwell, 12 1 1st Plymouth, . 2d Plymout	h.
Norwood, . 11 2 2d Norfolk, 1st Norfolk.	

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Con- gres- sional.	Coun- cillor.	Senatorial.	Representative.
Oakham, Orange, Orleans, Otis, Oxford,	2 2 13 1 3	7 8 1 8 7	4th Worcester, Frank. & Hamps., Cape, Berks. & Hamps., 5th Worcester, .	4th Worcester. 4th Franklin. 3d Barnstable. 6th Berkshire. 7th Worcester.
Palmer, Paxton, Peabody, Pelham, Pembroke, Pepperell, Peru, Petersham, Phillipston, Pittsfield, Plainfield, Plymouth, Plympton, Prescott, Princeton,	2 3 5 12 4 1 2 2 1 1 12 12 12 4 13	8 7 5 8 1 6 8 7 7 8 8 1 1 8 7	Ist Hampden, 4th Worcester, Mid'sex & Essex, Frank. & Hamps., 1st Plymouth, 6th Middlesex, Berkshire, 4th Worcester, 4th Worcester, Berkshire, Berks & Hamps., 1st Plymouth, 1st Plymouth, Frank. & Hamps., 4th Worcester, Cape,	1st Hampden. 6th Worcester. 10th Essex. 3d Hampshire. 2d Plymouth. 24th Middlesex. 5th Berkshire. 3d Worcester. 1st Worcester. 4th Berkshire. 2d Hampshire. 1st Plymouth. 7th Plymouth. 4th Hampshire. 4th Worcester. 3d Barnstable.
Quincy,	10	2	1st Norfolk,	5th Norfolk.
Randolph, Raynham, Reading, Rehoboth, Revere, Richmond, Rochester, Rockland, Rockport, Rowe, Rowley, Rowley, Royalston, Russell, Rutland,	12 12 15 12 7 1 13 12 6 1 6 2 1	2 2 6 2 3 8 1 1 5 8 5 7 8 7	lst Norfolk, Ist Bristol, 6th Middlesex, 1st Bristol, 1st Suffolk, Berks. & Hamps., 2d Plymouth, 1st Plymouth, 3d Essex, Frank. & Hamps., 3d Essex, 3d Worcester, Berks. & Hamps.,	7th Norfolk. 2d Bristol. 28th Middlesex. 1st Bristol. 28th Suffolk. 5th Berkshire. 6th Plymouth. 4th Plymouth. 21st Essex. 1st Franklin. 22d Essex. 1st Worcester. 9th Hampden. 4th Worcester.
Salem, Salisbury, .	6	5	$\left\{ \begin{array}{c} \text{2d Essex,} & \cdot & \left\{ \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \end{array} \right. \end{array} \right.$	Wards 1, 2, 16th Essex. Wards 3, 5, 17th Essex. Wards 4, 6, 18th Essex. 2d Essex.
Sandisfield, .	i	8	Berks. & Hamps.,	6th Berkshire.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Con- gres- sional.	Coun-	Senatorial.	Representative.
Sandwich, Saugus, Savoy, Scituate,	13 7 1 12	1 5 8 1	Cape, Mid'sex & Essex, Berkshire, Ist Plymouth,	1st Barnstable. 14th Essex. 3d Berkshire. 2d Plymouth.
Sharon, Sheffield, Shelburne,	12 11 1 1	2 2 8 8 8	1st Bristol, 2d Norfolk, Berks. & Hamps., Frank. & Hamps., 1st Middlesex,	1st Bristol. 8th Norfolk. 7th Berkshire. 1st Franklin. 19th Middlesex.
Sherborn, Shirley, Shrewsbury, Shutesbury, Somerset,	3 2 13	6 7 8	6th Middlesex, 5th Worcester, Frank. & Hamps., 2d Bristol.	23d Middlesex. 9th Worcester. 4th Franklin. 11th Bristol.
Somerville, .	8	3	3d Middlesex,	Ward 1, 6th Middlesex. Wards 2, 4, 7th Middlesex.
Southampton, . Southborough,	1 4	8 7 7	Berks. & Hamps., 5th Worcester,	Ward 3, 8th Middlesex. 2d Hampshire. 11th Worcester.
Southbridge, . South Hadley, Southwick, . Spencer, .	3 2 1 3	7 8 8 7	4th Worcester, Berks. & Hamps., 2d Hampden, 4th Worcester,	7th Worcester. 3d Hampshire. 2d Hampden. 6th Worcester.
Springfield, .	2	8	1st Hampden,	Wards 1, 2, 8, 3d Hampden. Wards 3, 4, 5, 4th Hampden.
Sterling, Stockbridge, .	4 1	7 8 5	2d Worcester, Berks. & Hamps.,	Wards 6, 7, 5th Hampden. 11th Worcester. 6th Berkshire.
Stoneham, Stoughton, Stow, Sturbridge,	7 12 4 3	5 2 6 7 6	Mid'sex & Essex, 2d Norfolk, 6th Middlesex, 4th Worcester,	30th Middlesex. 8th Norfolk. 22d Middlesex. 5th Worcester.
Sudbury, Sunderland, Sutton, Swampscott,	4 2 3 6 13	8 7 5	5th Middlesex, Frank. & Hamps., 5th Worcester, 1st Essex, 2d Bristol.	21st Middlesex. 3d Franklin. 8th Worcester. 11th Essex. 11th Bristol.
Swansea, .	10			Wards 5, 7, 8, 3d Bristol.
Taunton,	12	2	1st Bristol, . {	Wards 2, 3, 4, 4th Bristol. Wards 1, 6, 5th Bristol.

And the same of th				
CITIES AND TOWNS.	Con- gres- sional.	Coun- cillor.	Senatorial.	Representative.
Templeton, Tewksbury, Tisbury, Tolland, Topsfield, Townsend, Truro, Truro, Tyngsborough, Tyringham,	2 5 13 1 6 4 13 4 1	7 6 1 8 6 6 1 6 8	4th Worcester, 6th Middlesex, Cape, 2d Hampden, 5th Essex, 6th Middlesex, Cape, 6th Middlesex, Berks. & Hamps.,	2d Worcester. 27th Middlesex. 1st Dukes. 2d Hampden. 10th Essex. 24th Middlesex. 3d Barnstable. 25th Middlesex. 6th Berkshire.
Uxbridge, .	3	47	5th Worcester, .	9th Worcester.
Wakefield, Wales, Walpole, Waltham, Ware, Warenam, Warren, Warwick, Washington, Watertown, Wayland, Webster, Wellesley, Wellfleet, Wendell, Wenham, Westborough, Westborough, W. Bridgew'r, W. Brookfield, Westford, Westford,	7 7 2 11 4 2 13 2 1 11 4 3 4 13 2 6 6 3 3 12 2 1 4 1	582681788836721857717868	Mid'sex & Essex, lst Hampden, 2d Norfolk, 5th Middlesex, Frank & Hamps, 2d Plymouth, 4th Worcester, Frank & Hamps, lst Middlesex, 5th Middlesex, 4th Worcester, 2d Norfolk, Cape, Frank & Hamps, 3d Essex, 5th Worcester, 2d Yorcester, 2d Yorcester, 2d Hampden, 6th Middlesex, 6th Middlesex, 8th Worcester, 8th Worcester, 9th Middlesex, 9th Widdlesex, 9th	29th Middlesex. 1st Hampden. 8th Norfolk. 15th Middlesex. 4th Hampshire. 6th Plymouth. 5th Worcester. 4th Franklin. 5th Berkshire. 14th Middlesex. 21st Middlesex. 7th Worcester. 9th Norfolk. 3d Branklin. 19th Essex. 10th Worcester. 11th Worcester. 11th Vorcester. 8th Plymouth. 5th Worcester. 9th Hampden. 23d Middlesex. 1st Hampshire.
Westminster, . West Newbury,	6	7 5	3d Worcester, 4th Essex,	3d Worcester. 2d Essex.
Weston, Westport, W. Springfield, W. Stockbridge,	4 13 1 1	3 1 8 8	1st Middlesex, 3d Bristol, 2d Hampden, Berks. & Hamps.,	17th Middlesex. 9th Bristol. 9th Hampden. 5th Berkshire.
West Tisbury, Westwood, Weymouth,	13 11 12	1 2 2 8	Cape,	1st Dukes. 1st Norfolk. 6th Norfolk.
Whately, Whitman, Wilbraham,	1 12 2	8 1 8	Frank. & Hamps., 1st Plymouth, 1st Hampden,	3d Franklin. 5th Plymouth. 2d Hampden.
Williamsburg,	ĩ	8	Berks. & Hamps.,	1st Hampshire.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Con- gres- sional,	Coun- cillor.	Senatorial.	Representative.
Williamstown, Wilmington, Winchendon, Winchester, Windsor, Winthrop, Woburn,	1 5 2 8 1 9 5	8 6 7 6 8 3 5	Berkshire, 6th Middlesex, 3d Worcester, 5th Middlesex, Berkshire, 1st Suffolk, Mid'sex & Essex,	2d Berkshire. 27th Middlesex. 2d Worcester. 12th Middlesex. 3d Berkshire. 28th Suffolk. 28th Middlesex. Ward 1, 15th Worcester. Ward 2.
Worcester, .	3	7 <	1st Worcester, Wards 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 2d Worcester, Wards 1, 2, 3	Ward 4, 16th Worcester. Ward 3, 17th Worcester. Ward 4, 18th Worcester. Ward 5, 19th Worcester. Ward 6, 20th Worcester. Ward 7, 21st Worcester. Ward 8,
Worthington, . Wrentham, .	1 11	8 2	Berks. & Hamps., 2d Norfolk,	2d Hampshire. 10th Norfolk.
Yarmouth, .	13	1	Cape,	2d Barnstable.

VALUATION OF THE COMMONWEALTH.

[Established by Chapter 198 of the Acts of 1901.* See Revised Laws, Chapter 12, Sections 100 and 101.]

BARNSTABLE COUNTY.

Т	OWN	ıs.		Polls.	Property.	Tax of \$1,000 includ'g Polls at one-tenth of mill each.
Barnstable,				1,047	\$4,693,532 00	\$1 48
Bourne, .				507	2,443,878 00	76
Brewster,				229	593,465 00	20
Chatham,				571	947,585 00	33
Dennis, .				668	1,223,312 00	42
Eastham,				148	336,607 00	11
Falmouth,				852	8,314,250 00	2 52
Harwich,				680	1,228,527 00	43
Mashpee,				84	181,195 00	06
Orleans, .				300	660,667 00	22
Provincetow	n,			1,162	1,902,316 00	67
Sandwich,				364	1,043,547 00	34
Truro, .				203	362,530 00	13
Wellfleet,				264	829,062 00	27
Yarmouth,			٠	506	2,009,425 00	64
Total,				7,585	\$26,769,898 00	\$8 58

BERKSHIRE COUNTY.

Adams, .			2,369	\$5,267,004 00	\$1 78
Alford, .			83	182,723 00	06
Becket, .			325	494,075 00	18
Cheshire,		. 3	332	723,240 00	24
Clarksburg,		. /	282	237,838 00	10
Dalton, .			757	3,111,936 00	98
Egremont,		. 1	219	457,596 00	16
Florida, .			110	150,674 00	06

^{*} This schedule constitutes the basis of apportionment for State and county taxes until the year 1904, when a new apportionment will be made.

BERKSHIRE COUNTY-CONCLUDED.

Towns.			Polls.	Property.	Tax of \$1,000, includ'g Polls at one-tenth of mill each.
Great Barrington,. Hancock, Hinsdale,			1,619 125 394	\$4,401,390 00 314,629 00 656,571 00	\$1 45 10 23
Lanesborough, . Lee,			230 1,020 743	466,395 00 1,858,909 00 3,805,762 00	16 65 1 19
Monterey, Mount Washington, New Ashford,	:		125 27 35	233,250 00 90,681 00 53,284 00	08 03 02
New Marlborough, North Adams, Otis,	:		326 5,775 155	576,314 00 14,010,501 00 213,541 00	20 4 67 08
Peru,			5,906 170	117,808 00 16,291,105 00 336,769 00	04 5 35 12
Sandisfield, Savoy, Sheffield,			192 150 456	318,073 00 158,429 00 913,233 00	11 06 31
Stockbridge,	:	•	496 103 106	3,788,777 00 224,058 00 243,609 00	1 16 08 08
West Stockbridge, Williamstown, Windsor,			321 941 149	518,056 00 2,764,673 00 193,263 00	18 90 07
Total,		٠	24,122	\$63,174,116 00	\$20 88

BRISTOL COUNTY.

Acushnet, .			278	\$678,355 00	\$0 23
Attleborough,			3,086	7,219,803 00	2 42
Berkley,			241	429,729 00	15
Dartmouth, .			849	2,964,232 00	95
Dighton, .			474	818,443 00	29
Easton,	,		1,377	5,583,830 00	1 77
Fairhaven			950	2,542,940 00	84
FALL RIVER, .			27,904	75,787,057 00	24 94
Freetown, .			372	931,386 00	31
Mansfield			1,009	2,040,426 00	70
NEW BEDFORD,			15,875	62,377,329 00	19 82
North Attleborou	gh,		2,004	4,066,461 00	1 39
Norton,		.	480	921,240 00	32
Raynham, .			377	848,268 00	29
Rehoboth, .			445	785,193 00	27

BRISTOL COUNTY - CONCLUDED.

		BKI	STC)L (COUNTY	CONCECDED:	
То	W1	īs.			Polls.	Property.	Tax of \$1,000 includ'g Poll at one-tent of mill each.
Seekonk,					355	\$997,068 00	\$0 33
Somerset,					561	1,102,458 00	38
Swansea,					478	1,035,669 00	35 7 60
TAUNTON,				•	8,463 738	23,121,640 00	56
Westport,	•	•		•	100	1,677,074 00	50
Total,		٠		٠	66,316	\$195,928,601 00	\$63 91
		COL	JNI	Y (OF DUK	ES COUNTY.	
Chilmark,					112	\$227,561 00	\$0 08
Cottage City,					292	1,683,625 00	52
Edgartown,					372	783,980 00	27
Gay Head,					38	25,680 00	01
Gosnold,					39	230,723 00	07
Tisbury,					314	1,035,359 00	33
West Tisbury	ŗ,				151	412,915 00	14
Total,					1,318	\$4,399,843 00	\$1 42
				ESS	SEX COU	UNTY.	
Amesbury,					2,661		1
Andover,						\$5,488,994 00	\$1.87
					1,496	\$5,488,994 00 5,715,389 00	1 82
BEVERLY,			:	:	1,496 3,780	5,715,389 00 17,542,243 00	1 82 5 51
BEVERLY, Boxford,			:	:	1,496 3,780 218	5,715,389 00 17,542,243 00 811,371 00	1 82 5 51 26
Beverly, Boxford, Danvers,		:	•	•	1,496 3,780 218 2,178	5,715,389 00 17,542,243 00 811,371 00 5,449,023 00	1 82 5 51 26 1 81
BEVERLY, Boxford, Danvers, Essex,		· · ·		:	1,496 3,780 218 2,178 490	5,715,389 00 17,542,243 00 811,371 00 5,449,023 00 1,101,235 00	1 82 5 51 26 1 81 37
BEVERLY, Boxford, Danvers, Essex, . Georgetown,					1,496 3,780 218 2,178 490 557	5,715,389 00 17,542,243 00 811,371 00 5,449,023 00 1,101,235 00 1,031,126 00	1 82 5 51 26 1 81 37 36
BEVERLY, Boxford, Danvers, Essex, . Georgetown, GLOUCESTER					1,496 3,780 218 2,178 490 557 7,777	5,715,389 00 17,542,243 00 811,371 00 5,449,023 00 1,101,235 00 1,031,126 00 16,744,477 00	1 82 5 51 26 1 81 37 36 5 67
BEVERLÝ, Boxford, Danvers, Essex, . Georgetown, GLOUCESTER Groveland,		:			1,496 3,780 218 2,178 490 557 7,777 646	5,715,389 00 17,542,243 00 811,371 00 5,449,023 00 1,101,235 00 1,031,126 00 16,744,477 00 1,000,968 00	1 82 5 51 26 1 81 37 36 5 67
BEVERLY, Boxford, Danvers, Essex, Georgetown, GLOUCESTER Groveland, Hamilton,	,			•	1,496 3,780 218 2,178 490 557 7,777 646 333	5,715,389 00 17,542,243 00 811,371 00 5,449,023 00 1,031,126 00 1,031,126 00 16,744,477 00 1,000,968 00 2,687,782 00	1 82 5 51 26 1 81 37 36 5 67 36 82
BEVERLY, Boxford, Danvers, Essex, . Georgetown, GLOUCESTER Groveland, Hamilton, HAVERHILL,	,			•	1,496 3,780 218 2,178 490 557 7,777 646 333 10,769	5,715,389 00 17,542,243 00 811,371 00 5,449,023 00 1,101,235 00 1,031,126 00 16,714,477 00 1,000,968 00 2,687,782 00 27,631,878 00	1 82 5 51 26 1 81 37 36 5 67 36 82 9 15
BEVERLY, Boxford, Danvers, Essex, Georgetown, GLOUCESTER Groveland, Hamilton, HAVERHILL, Ipswich,	,			•	1,496 3,780 218 2,178 490 557 7,777 646 333 10,769 1,093	5,715,389 00 17,542,243 00 811,371 00 5,449,023 00 1,101,235 00 1,031,126 00 16,744,477 00 1,000,968 00 2,687,782 00 27,631,878 00 3,384,717 00	1 82 5 51 26 1 81 37 36 5 67 36 82
BEVERLY, BOXford, Danvers, Essex, Georgetown, GLOUCESTER Groveland, Hamilton, HAVERHILL, Ipswich, LAWRENCE,	,				1,496 3,780 218 2,178 490 557 7,777 646 333 10,769 1,093 16,630	5,715,389 00 17,542,243 00 811,371 00 5,449,023 00 1,101,235 00 16,714,477 00 1,000,968 00 2,687,782 00 27,631,878 00 3,384,717 00	1 82 5 51 26 1 81 37 36 5 67 36 82 9 15 1 10
BEVERLY, BOXford, Danvere, ESSEX, Georgetown, GLOUCESTER Groveland, Hamilton, HAVERNILL, IDSWich, LAWRENCE, LYNN,	,			•	1,496 3,780 218 2,178 490 557 7,777 646 333 10,769 1,093	5,715,389 00 17,542,243 00 811,371 00 5,449,023 00 1,101,235 00 16,714,477 00 1,000,968 00 2,687,782 00 27,631,878 00 3,384,717 00 40,933,477 00 579,877 00	1 82 5 51 26 1 81 37 36 5 67 36 82 9 15 1 10 13 63
BEVERLY, BOXford, Danvers, Essex, Georgetown, GLOUGESTER Groveland, Hamilton, HAVERHILL, Ipswich, LAWRENCE, LYNN, LYNN,					1,496 3,780 218 2,178 490 557 7,777 646 333 10,769 1,993 16,630 20,281	5,715,389 00 17,542,243 00 811,371 00 5,449,023 00 1,101,235 00 1,031,126 00 16,744,477 00 1,000,68 00 22,687,782 00 27,631,878 00 3,384,717 00 40,933,477 00 53,167,271 00	1 82 5 51 26 1 81 37 36 5 67 36 82 9 15 1 10 13 63 17 57 23 3 14
BEVERLY, BOXford, Danvere, ESSEX, Georgetown, GLOUCESTER Groveland, Hamilton, HAVERNILL, IDSWich, LAWRENCE, LYNN,	,			•	1,496 3,780 218 2,178 490 557 7,777 646 333 10,769 1,093 16,630 20,281 264	5,715,389 00 17,542,243 00 811,371 00 5,449,023 00 1,101,235 00 1,031,126 00 16,744,477 00 1,000,968 00 2,687,782 00 27,631,878 00 3,384,717 00 40,933,477 00 53,167,271 00 679,877 00 10,549,210 00 6,843,862 00	1 82 5 51 26 1 81 37 36 5 67 36 82 9 15 1 10 13 63 17 57 23 3 14 2 23
BEVERLY, BOXford, Danvere, Essex, Georgetown, GLOUCESTER Groveland, Hamilton, HAVERHILL, Ipswich, LAWRENCE, LYNN, Lynnfield, Manchester,	,			•	1,496 3,780 218 2,178 490 557 7,777 646 333 10,769 1,093 16,630 20,281 264 560	5,715,389 00 17,542,243 00 811,371 00 5,449,023 00 1,101,235 00 16,714,477 00 1,000,968 00 27,681,782 00 27,683,878 00 3,384,717 00 40,993,477 00 53,167,271 00 679,877 00	1 82 5 51 26 1 81 37 36 5 67 36 82 9 15 1 10 13 63 17 57 23 3 14

ESSEX COUNTY - CONCLUDED.

То	WNS	8.			Polls.	Property.	Tax of \$1,000 includ'g Polls at one-tenth of mill each.
					236	\$564,655 00	\$0 19
					292	7,250,439 00	2 15 39
Newbury, Newburypoi	•				415	1,192,715 00 11.100,459 00	3 67
North Andov			*	•	4,282 1,234	5,000,463 00	1 58
D - 1 - 1	ei,				3,230	8,609,841 00	2 84
1) 1	:			•	1,225	2,849,295 00	96
D 1 '		•	:		418	714,023 00	25
7	:	•			9,809	30,240,228 00	9 82
Salisbury,					403	700,987 00	25
Saugus, .					1,355	3,705,464 00	1 22
Swampscott,					1,064	6,515,273 00	2 01
Topsfield,					293	945,873 00	31
					264	1,093,751 00	35
West Newbu	ry,			-	458	949,760 00	32
Total,					99,605	\$288,569,627 00	\$94 34

FRANKLIN COUNTY.

						1
Ashfield,				295	\$553,956 00	\$0 19
Bernardston,				216	430,344 00	15
Buckland,				440	571,271 00	21
Charlemont,				314	346,274 00	13
Colrain, .				454	625,532 00	23
Conway,				395	676,746 00	24
	Ċ			596	1,394,366 00	47
Erving, .		•		265	405,581 00	15
Gill,				232	491,398 00	17
	٠					2 22
Greenfield,	٠			2,390	6,775,994 00	06
Hawley, .				134	146,706 00	
Heath, .				131	160,769 00	06
Leverett,				205	276,885 00	10
Leyden, .				103	200,026 00	07
Monroe, .				105	148,211 00	05
Montague,				1,602	3,767,705 00	1 26
New Salem,				232	295,205 00.	11
BT - 41 /2 11				482	1,035,129 00	35
Orange, .				1,704	3,393,498 00	1 16
Rowe, .	•		1	196	230,776 00	09
Shelburne,				447	955,389 00	32
Shutesbury,				119	179,151 00	06
Cl				258	453,287 00	16
	٠					12
Warwick,				162	352,998 00	12

FRANKLIN COUNTY - CONCLUD

	FRA	NKL	IN	COUNT	Y — CONCLUDED.	
Tov	VNS.			Polls.	Property.	Tax of \$1,000, includ'g Polls at one-tenth of mill each.
Wendell, Whately,	:	•	:	143 273	\$239,519 00 451,477 00	\$0 08 16
Total, .				11,893	\$24,558,193 00	\$8 37
		H	AM:	PDEN C	OUNTY.	
Agawam, Blandford, Brimfield, Chester, Chester, Chicopes, East Longmea Granville, Hampden, Holland, Hollyoke, Lungmeadow, Ludlow, Monson, Montgomery, Palmer, Russell, Southwick, Springfield, West Springfie Westfield, Wilbraham, Total,				713 225 269 401 4,758 325 250 2250 2250 230 31,278 218 729 992 82 2,043 189 261 18,322 21,806 3,427 374 47,238	\$1,489,391 00 462,674 00 407,387 00 772,244 00 9,804,053 00 514,781 00 389,525 00 393,468 00 8,5777 00 42,505,136 00 1,037,996 00 1,642,224 00 2,019,083 00 487,921 00 487,921 00 515,978 00 78,526,387 00 268,527 00 5,415,042 00 8,768,921 00 8,768,921 00 8,768,921 00	\$0 51 16 15 127 3 34 18 13 14 03 13 55 69 05 1 05 16 18 24 78 05 10 1 76 2 91 28 \$51 35
		HA	MP		COUNTY,	¥
Amherst, Belchertown, Chesterfield, Cummington, Easthampton, Enfield, Goshen,				1,112 569 173 231 1,314 287 77	\$3,449,122 00 \$84,362 00 285,376 00 295,542 00 3,117,108 00 903,221 00 134,877 00	\$1 12 32 10 11 1 04 29 05

HAMPSHIRE COUNTY - CONCLUDED.

Town	s.			Polls.	Property.	Tax of \$1,000 includ'g Polls at one-tenth of mill each.
Granby, Greenwich, .				218 143	\$487,626 00 260,429 00	\$0 16 09
Hadiey,	•	•		567	1,024,688 00	36
Hatfield, .	·		·	542	1,154,956 00	39
Huntington, .				334	544,484 00	19
Middlefield, .			'	98	221,148 00	07
NORTHAMPTON,				4,308	12,814,289 00	4 18
Pelham,				110	191,283 00	07
Plainfield, .				128	175,539 00	06
Prescott, .				110	166,429 00	06
South Hadley,				1,037	2,855,011 00	94
Southampton,				266	498,946 00	17
Ware,				1,920	4,538,211 00	1 52
Westhampton,				111	228,020 00	08
Williamsburg,				486	920,285 00	32
Worthington,	٠		•	185	294,030 00	10
Total, .				14,326	\$35,447,982 00	\$11 79

MIDDLESEX COUNTY.

Acton, .			638	\$1,908,864 00	\$0 62
Arlington,			2,381	9,314,670 00	2 96
Ashby, .			272	651,413 00	22
Ashland,			472	1,054,789 00	36
Ayer, .			762	1,597,257 00	54
Bedford,			284	1,177,167 00	37
Belmont,			1,042	5,866,899 00	1 82
			688	2,479,930 00	79
Boxborough,			92	239,110 00	08
D			186	573,344 00	19
CAMBRIDGE,			25,117	100,489,019 00	31 88
Carlisle, .			146	378,448 00	13
Chelmsford,			1,109	2,578,264 00	86
Concord,			1,401	5,354,483 00	1 71
Dracut, .			791	2,047,263 00	68
Dunstable,			130	322,916 00	11
EVERETT,			6,777	18,793,843 00	6 17
Framingham,			3,150	10,301,769 00	3 33
Groton, .			537	3,225,783 00	1 00
Holliston,			799	1,544,967 00	53
Hopkinton,			824	1,795,042 00	61
Hudson,.			1,662	3,335,476 00	1 14
Lexington,			1,168	5,769,389 00	1 80
Lincoln,.			340	2,552,290 00	78

MIDDLESEX COUNTY - CONCLUDED.

Towns. Polls. Property Littleton, 351 \$961,56 LOWELL, 25,145 77,068,66 MALDEN, 9,499 31,850,16 MARLBOROUGH, 3,971 9,533,26 MAYDARD, 51,04 21,086,29 MEDROSE, 3,650 18,226,57 Natick, 2,942 6,367,06 NEWTON, 9,171 64,754,08 North Reading, 249 555,44 North Reading, 1,148 2,428,16 Reading, 1,486 4,693,35 Sherborn, 298 \$61,06 Shirley, 459 \$55,66 Shirley, 459 \$55,56 SOMERVILLE, 16,848 54,998,35 Stoneham, 1,863 5,275,06 Stow, 312 \$812,00 Sudbury, 360 1,302,64 Tewksbury, 625 2,013,56 Tewksbury, 625 2,013,56 Townsend, 575 1,190,51 Tyngsborough, 209 496,26 WALTHAM, 6,560 21,316,37 WALTHAM, 6,560 21,316,37 WALTHAM, 6,560 21,316,37 WALTOWN, 9,61 11,632,66	at one-tent of mill each. 15 00
LOWELL, 25,145 77,088,66 MALDEN, 9,499 31,850,11 95,33,26 MARLEOROUGH, 3,971 9,533,26 MAUDROND, 5,104 21,186,21 9,533,26 MELDROND, 5,104 MELDROND, 5,104 MELROSE, 3,650 13,296,57 Natick, 2,942 6,387,00 Newton, 9,171 64,754,08 North Reading, 9,171 64,754,08 North Reading, 1,148 4,983,32 Sherborn, 298 861,06 Sherborn, 298 861,06 Sherborn, 1,863 54,983,32 Stoneham, 5,275,03 Stow, 312 812,03 Stow, 312 812,03 Stow, 312 812,03 Stow, 312 812,03 Stowen, 575 1,190,51 Townsend, 575 1,190,51 Townsend, 575 1,190,51 Townsend, 575 1,190,51 Myngsborough, 209 496,22 Wakefield, 2,617 8,006,00 Wakefield, 2,617 8,006,00 Wakefield, 2,761 11,632,64 Wayland, 690 1,830,761	16 00 25 04
MALDEN, 9,499 31,580,10 MARLBOROUGH, 3,971 9,533,20 MARYDORD, 910 2,132,33 MEDROSE, 5,104 21,086,28 MELROSE, 3,650 13,296,57 Natick, 2,942 6,367,00 NewTon, 9,171 64,754,08 North Reading, 249 555,44 Pepperell, 1,148 2,428,10 Reading, 1,486 4,693,35 Shirley, 499 859,56 Shirley, 459 859,56 Stowerville, 16,848 54,998,36 Stowendam, 1,863 5,275,00 Stow, 312 312,00 Sudbury, 360 1,302,64 Townsend, 575 1,190,51 Tyngsborough, 209 496,22 Wakefield, 2,617 8,006,00 Waltham, 6,560 21,316,37 Watertown, 2,761 11,632,64 Wayland, 690 14,830,27	10 26 26 22 00 3 18 2 20 0 71 12 20 0 6 67 6 600 4 25 6 600 19 84 6 600 19 84 6 600 15 2 8 8 00 2 8 6 00 30 5 50 17 50
MARLBOROUGH, 3,971 9,533,26 Maynard, 910 2,132,33 MEDFORD, 5,104 21,086,22 MELROSE, 3,650 13,296,57 Natick, 2,942 6,367,00 Newron, 9,171 64,754,0s North Reading, 249 555,4 Reading, 1,486 4,693,3s Sherborn, 298 861,06 Shirley, 459 859,5 SOMERVILLE, 16,843 5,275,0s Stow, 312 812,02 Stow, 312 812,02 Stow, 360 1,302,6t Townsend, 575 1,190,5t Tymgsborough, 209 496,2s Wakefield, 2,617 8,006,0t Walantam, 6,560 21,316,33 Watertown, 2,761 11,632,6t Wayland, 690 1,830,7t	18
Maynard, 910 2,132,31 Meldford, 5,104 21,086,25 Melrose, 3,650 13,296,57 Natick, 2,942 6,367,00 Newron, 9,171 64,754,00 North Reading, 249 555,42 Pepperell, 1,148 2,428,11 Reading, 1,148 4,983,35 Sherborn, 298 861,06 Shirley, 459 859,65 Somerville, 16,848 54,998,36 Stow, 312 812,05 Sudbury, 360 1,302,66 Townsend, 575 2,013,57 Townsend, 575 1,190,51 Tyngsborough, 209 496,22 Wakefield, 2,617 8,006,00 Walantam, 6,560 21,316,33 Watertown, 2,761 11,632,64 Wayland, 690 1,830,75	22 00
MEDFORD, 5,104 21,086,28 MELROSE, 3,650 13,296,57 Natick, 2,942 6,367,00 Newyon, 9,171 64,754,08 North Reading, 249 555,47 Pepperell, 1,148 2,428,16 Reading, 1,486 4,693,33 Sherborn, 298 861,06 Somerville, 16,848 54,098,35 Stomerville, 16,848 5,275,03 Stow, 312 312,02 Sudbury, 360 1,302,64 Tewksbury, 625 2,013,52 Townsend, 575 1,190,51 Tyngsborough, 209 496,22 Wakefield, 2,617 8,006,00 WALTHAM, 6,560 21,316,37 Watertown, 2,761 11,632,64 Wayland, 690 1,830,75	12 00 6 67 6 00 4 25 6 00 6 67 6 00 2 16 6 00 19 84 6 00 19 00 10 00
MELROSE, 3,650 13,296,51 Natick, 2,942 6,387,00 Newton, 9,171 64,754,08 North Reading, 249 555,42 Pepperell, 1,148 2,428,11 Reading, 1,486 4,693,32 Sherborn, 298 861,06 Shirley, 459 859,56 Somerville, 16,848 54,098,33 Stoneham, 1,863 5,275,03 Stow, 312 812,02 Sudbury, 360 1,302,64 Tewksbury, 625 2,013,57 Townsend, 575 1,190,51 Tyngsborough, 209 496,22 Wakefield, 2,617 8,006,00 WALTHAM, 6,560 21,316,33 Watertown, 2,761 11,632,64 Wayland, 690 1,830,75	66 00 4 25 100 00 2 16 16 60 19 84 16 00 19 10 00 82 10 00 1 52 18 00 28 16 00 30 15 00 17 50
Natick, 2,942 6,387,00 NEWTON, 9,171 64,754,06 North Reading, 249 555,42 Pepperell, 1,148 2,428,16 Reading, 1,486 4,693,35 Sherborn, 298 861,06 Shirley, 459 859,56 Somerville, 16,848 54,998,36 Stow, 312 812,00 Sudbury, 360 1,302,64 Tewksbury, 625 20,13,52 Townsend, 575 1,190,51 Tyngsborough, 209 496,22 Wakefield, 2,617 8,006,00 Waltham, 6,560 21,316,37 Watertown, 2,761 11,632,66 Wayland, 690 1,830,75	00 00 2 16 66 00 19 84 10 00 82 10 00 15 82 28 80 0 28 86 00 30 17 50
NEWYON, 9,171 64,754,0s North Reading, 249 555,4* Pepperell, 1,148 2,428,16 Reading, 1,486 4,693,3* Sherborn, 298 861,06 Shirley, 459 859,5 SOMERVILLE, 16,843 5,275,0* Stoneham, 1,863 5,275,0* Stow, 312 812,0* Sudbury, 360 1,302,6* Tewksbury, 625 2,013,5* Townsend, 575 1,190,5* Tyngsborough, 209 496,2* Wakefield, 2,617 8,006,00 WALTHAM, 6,560 21,316,3* Watertown, 2,761 11,632,6* Wayland, 690 1,830,7*	16 00 19 84 16 00 19 10 00 82 10 00 1 52 18 00 28 16 00 30 17 50
North Reading, 249 555,44 Pepperell, 1,148 2,428,16 Reading, 1,486 4,693,33 Sherborn, 298 861,06 Shirley, 459 859,56 Stoneham, 1,863 5,275,03 Stoneham, 1,863 5,275,03 Stow, 312 812,02 Sudbury, 360 1,392,64 Tewksbury, 625 2,013,55 Townsend, 575 1,190,51 Tyngsborough, 209 496,26 Wakefield, 2,617 Waltham, 6,560 21,316,37 Watertown, 2,761 11,632,66 Wayland, 660 1,830,76	19 19 19 19 19 19 10 10 10 10 11 152 15 16 10 10 15 10 17 50 17 50
Pepperell, 1,148 2,428,10 Reading, 1,486 4,693,35 Sherborn, 298 861,06 Shirley, 459 859,56 SOMERVILLE, 16,848 54,275,06 Stow, 312 312,05 Stow, 312 312,06 Sudbury, 360 1,302,64 Townsend, 575 1,190,51 Tyngsborough, 209 496,22 Wakefield, 2,617 8,006,00 WALTHAM, 6,560 21,316,37 Watertown, 2,761 11,632,66 Wayland, 690 1,830,75	00 00 82 00 00 1 52 88 00 28 66 00 30 05 00 17 50
Reading, 1,486 4,983,38 Sherborn, 298 881,06 Shirley, 459 859,56 Shoneham, 16,848 54,988,36 Stoneham, 1,863 5275,02 Stow, 312 812,02 Sudbury, 360 1,392,64 Tewksbury, 625 2,013,57 Townsend, 575 1,190,51 Tyngsborough, 209 496,22 Wakefield, 2,617 8,006,00 Walamam, 6,560 21,316,37 Watertown, 2,761 11,632,64 Wayland, 690 1,830,75	1 52 8 00 28 6 00 30 17 50
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SOMERVILLE, 16,848 54,998,36 Stoneham, 1,863 5,275,06 Stow, 312 812,00 Sudbury, 360 1,392,64 Tewksbury, 625 2,013,85 Townsend, 575 1,190,51 Tyngsborough, 209 496,28 Wakefield, 2,617 8,006,00 WALTHAM, 6,560 21,316,37 Wayland, 690 1,830,71 Wayland, 690 1,830,71	5 00 17 50
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Sudbury, 360 1,302,64 Tewksbury, 625 2,013,55 Townsend, 575 1,190,51 Tyngsborough, 209 496,22 Wakefield, 2,617 8,006,00 WALTHAM, 6,560 21,316,37 Watertown, 2,761 11,632,66 Wayland, 690 1,830,71	
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Townsend, 575 1,190,51 Tyngsborough, 209 496,28 Wakefield, 2,617 8,006,00 WALTHAM, 6,560 21,316,31 Watertown, 2,761 11,632,66 Wayland, 690 1,830,71	
Tyngsborough, 209 496,28 Wakefield, 2,617 8,006,00 WALTHAM, 6,560 21,316,37 Watertown, 2,761 11,632,66 Wayland, 690 1,830,71	
Wakefield, 2,617 8,006,00 Waltham, 6,560 21,316,37 Watertown, 2,761 11,632,65 Wayland, 690 1,830,77	
Waltham, 6,560 21,316,37 Watertown, 2,761 11,632,65 Wayland, 690 1,830,75	
Watertown, 2,761 11,632,65 Wayland, 690 1,830,75	
Wayland, 690 1,830,75	
1,000,1	68 00 60
Westford, 697 1,500,33	39 00 51
Weston,	
Wilmington,	
Winchester, 1,933 9,394,53	
WOBURN, 3,891 10,952,99	
Total,	
NANTUCKET COUNTY.	
Nantucket, 838 \$3,469,77	78 00 \$1 10
NORFOLK COUNTY.	
Avon,	
Bellingham,	29 00 \$0 30
Braintree, 1,680 5,035,33	

NORFOLK COUNTY-CONCLUDED.

Т	OW2	īs.		Polls.	Property.	Tax of \$1,000, includ'g Polls at one-tenth of mill each.
Brookline,				5,630	\$91,152,751 00	\$27 21
Canton, .				1,259	4,599,200 00	1 47
Cohasset,				639	6,427,940 00	1 94
Dedham,				2,034	9,498,035 00	2 98
Dover, .				175	1,023,497 00	32
Foxborough,				852	2,121,190 00	71
Franklin,				1,260	3,465,355 00	1 14
Holbrook.				666	1,411,389 00	48
Hyde Park,				3,200	10,914,863 00	3 51
Medfield,				553	1,633,607 00	53
Medway,				783	1,418,381 00	49
Millis, .				262	714,944 00	23
Milton				1,719	24,768,019 00	7 41
Needham,				1,131	3,631,816 00	1 17
Norfolk,.				238	601,581 00	20
Norwood,				1,670	4,625,415 00	1 52
QUINCY,				6,409	20,956,671 00	6 77
Randolph,				1,154	2,269,221 00	78
Sharon, .				532	1,949,433 00	62
Stoughton,				1,532	3,168,250 00	1 08
Walpole,				1,032	2,709,686 00	89
Wellesley.	Ċ			1,030	10,083,085 00	3 05
Westwood,				259	1,366,415 00	42
Weymouth,				3,345	6,833,521 00	2 33
Wrentham,				731	1,572,000 00	53
Total,				40,666	\$225,552,715 00	\$69 98

PLYMOUTH COUNTY.

Abington, Bridgewater, BROCKTON, Carver, Duxbury, East Bridgew	•			1,460 1,262 11.991 230 558 880	\$2,503,175 2,743,729 28,751,178 999,481 1,757,164 1,676,655	00 00 00 00	\$0	88 93 60 31 57 58
Halifax,.				157	287,149	00		10
Hanover,			. 1	587	1,388,171	00		46
Hanson.				402	715,002	00		25
Hingham,				1,199	4,817,979	00	1	53
Hull, .				369	4,007,347	00	1	20
Kingston,				517	1,691,354	00		55
Lakeville,				269	579,987	00		20
Marion, .				307	1,446,139	00		45

PLYMOUTH COUNTY-Concluded.

Т	own	s.			Polls.	Property.	Tax of \$1,000 includ'g Poll at one-tent of mill each.
Marshfield.				.	500	\$1,446,377 00	\$0 47
Mattapoisett					302	1,757,405 00	54
Middleborou	gh.				2,056	4,322,164 00	1 47
Norwell.	.,				473	1,001,745 00	34
Pembroke.					364	632,091 00	22
Plymouth,					2,453	8,406,493 00	2 70
Plympton,					155	340,327 00	11
Rochester,		i.			244	548,659 00	18
Rockland.					1.738	3,261,762 00	1 13
Scituate.		·	Ĭ.		672	2,728,013 00	86
Wareham,		i.			900	2,716,846 00	88
West Bridge	wat	er			441	1,297,242 00	42
Whitman,					1,946	3,707,131 00	1 28
Total,					32,432	\$85,530,715 00	\$28 21

SUFFOLK COUNTY.

BOSTON, CHELSEA, Revere, . Winthrop,	:	•	166,354 9,521 2,797 1,540	\$1,179,109,963 00 24,194,507 00 10,415,310 00 7,077,586 00	\$361 28 8 02 3 32 2 22
Total,	•		180,212	\$1,220,797,366 00	\$374 84

WORCESTER COUNTY.

	_	 	 1	1	
Ashburnham			451	\$975,078 00	\$0 33
Athol, .	΄.		2,070	4,342,333 00	1 48
Auburn,			391	650,592 00	23
Barre, .			620	1,553,917 00	52
Berlin, .			251	522,633 00	18
Blackstone,			1,535	2,679,023 00	94
Bolton, .			239	489,233 00	17
Boylston,			465	422,834 00	17
Brookfield,			820	1,476,601 00	51
Charlton,			548	973,701 00	34
Clinton, .			3,767	7,776,130 00	2 65
Dana, .	٠		244	346,602 00	13
Douglas,			596	1,058,568 00	37

WORCESTER COUNTY-CONCLUDED.

Towns.	Polls.	Property.	Tax of \$1,000, includ'g Polls at one-tenth of mill each.
Dudley,	819 8,615 3,319 1,232 705 309 656 872 374 565 565 577 3,540 254 3,599 1,169 1	\$1,153,314 00 25,479,711 00 5,541,471 00 2,599,084 00 1,637,632 00 1,126,419 00 1,1318,426 00 4,853,205 00 665,271 00 3,440,877 00 2,971,760 00 7,750,347 00 931,845 00 564,105 00 2,272,416 00 4,853,1075 00 2,272,416 00 4,855,775 00 318,601 00 1,542,941 00 298,748 00 646,957 00 278,238 00 1,542,941 00 4,861,041 00 3,984,121 00 1,244,765 00 1,294,440 00 4,861,041 00 3,984,121 00 916,294 00 916,294 00 916,294 00 917,247,705 00 1,244,765 00	\$0 42 8 31 1 95 88 3 55 36 45 1 51 23 1 06 96 2 62 31 19 2 07 78 15 72 46 1 54 11 53 10 21 10 29 10 20 42 45 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 1
Winchendon,	1,524 33,713 96,279	2,649,979 00 123,372,802 00 \$264,691,745 00	93 39 43 \$86 99

RECAPITULATION.

Con	INT	ies.		Polls.	Property.	Tax of \$1,000, includ'g Polls at one-tenth of mill each.
Barnstable,				7,585	\$26,769,898 00	\$8 58
Berkshire,				24,122	63,174,116 00	20 88
Bristol, .				66,316	195,928,601 00	63 91
Dukes Count	у,			1,318	4,399,843 00	1 42
Essex, .				99,605	288,569,627 00	94 34
Franklin,				11,893	24,558,193 00	8 37
Hampden,				47,238	159,510,354 00	51 35
Hampshire,				14,326	35,447,982 00	11 79
Middlesex,				156,081	556,345,153 00	178 24
Nantucket,				838	3,469,778 00	1 10
Norfolk, .				40,666	225,552,715 00	69 98
Plymouth,				32,432	85,530,715 00	28 21
Suffolk, .				180,212	1,220,797,366 00	374 84
Worcester,				96,279	264,691,745 00	86 99
Total,				778,911	\$3,154,746,086 00	\$1,000 00

A LIST

Of the Counties, Cities and Towns in the Commonwealth, with the Census of Inhabitants in 1895 and 1900, and of Legal Voters in 1895, revised and corrected by the Bureau of Statistics of Labor.

Also, a List of Registered Voters in 1901, prepared by the Secretary of the Commonwealth.

			POPUL	ATION.		Regis-
COUNTIES, CI	TIES		State	U. S.	Legal	tered
AND TOWN	S	- 1	Census	Census	Voters	Voters
2212 201121	~ .	- 1	1895	1900	1895	1901
		1	2000	2000	2000	
BARNSTABLE	E.			4.004	7 000	7 750
Barnstable,			4,055	4,364	1,220	1,152
Bourne,			1,580	1,657	434	438
Brewster,			901	829	266	240
Chatham,			1,809	1,749	603	497
Dennis,			2,545	2,333	738	624
Eastham,			476	502	152	140
Falmouth,			2,655	3,500	721	733
Harwich,			2,532	2,334	693	611
Mashpee,			330	303	90	83
Orleans,			1,198	1,123	342	264
Provincetown, .			4,555	4,247	920	704
Sandwich,			1,580	1,448	437	377
			815	767	188	141
Wellfleet,			968	988	284	262
Yarmouth,			1,655	1,682	532	429
Totals,			27,654	27,826	7,620	6,695
Berkshire						
Adams,			7,837	11,134	1,470	1,676
Alford,			280	272	90	71
Becket,			888	994	211	207
			1,176	1,221	319	287
Clarksburg,			1,009	943	214	196
		:	3,210	3,014	769	653
Dalton,			836	758	235	197
		:	425	390	99	76
Great Barrington,		:	4,794	5,854	1,226	1,272
Hancock,		:	511	451	121	95
Hinsdale,	:	:	1,650	1,485	364	291
Hinsdale, Lanesborough, .			848	780	243	181
Zunderen dagn,			0.20	100		101
-			1			

					Popul	ATION.		Regis-
COUNT	ES,	CIT	ES		State	U.S.	Legal	tered
AND	TO	WNS			Census	Census	Voters	Voters
					1895	1900	1895	1901
BERKSE	****	2 0	on			İ	1	
Lee,		•	011.		4,066	3,596	958	924
Lenox, .					2,872	2,942	673	566
Monterey,					464	455	120	97
Mount Washi	ingt	on,			136	122	33	26
New Ashford	1,				116	107	37	36
New Marlbor	oug	h,			1,288	1,282	378	312
NORTH ADAM	18,*			•	19,135	24,200	4,065	4,070
Otis, . Peru, .	•	•			518 305	476 253	162 79	134
Peru,	•			•	20,461	21,766	4,801	68 4,700
PITTSFIELD, Richmond,	•			•	701	679	170	143
Richmond, Sandisfield, Savoy, Sheffield. Stockbridge,	•	•	•	•	802	661	240	186
Savov	•	•	•	•	504	506	154	136
Sheffield.	•	•	•	•	1,897	1,804	494	397
Stockbridge.	•	•			2,077	2,081	538	511
Tyringham.		i.			363	386	102	104
Washington,					423	377	105	74
West Stockbi	ridg	е,.			1,257	1,158	327	249
Williamstown	n,*				4,887	5,013	1,234	834
Stockbridge, Tyringham, Washington, West Stockbr Williamstown Windsor,	•		٠		556	507	155	146
Totals,					86,292	95,667	20,186	18,915
	IST	OL.				,		
Acushnet,					1,115	1,221	315	247
Attleborough Berkley	,				8,288	11,335	1,814	1,696
Berkley,				•	955	949	276	187
Dartmouth,		•			3,107	3,669	811	750
Dignton, .	•	•			1,797	1,802	470	389
Easton, .	•		•	•	4,452	4,837	1,124 893	1,003 668
Attleborough Berkley, . Dartmouth, Dighton, . Easton, . Fairhaven, FALL RIVER, Freetown, Mansfield,		•		•	3,338 89,203	3,567 104,863	14,566	14,830
Freetown	•	•		•	1,405	1,394	390	284
Mansfield.	•				3,722	4,006	933	793
NEW BEDFOR					55,251	62,442	10,096	9,173
North Attleb	oroi	igh.			6,576	7,253	1,541	1,481
Norton, .					1,614	1,826	443	375
Raynham,					1,518	1,540	402	272
Rehoboth,					1,810	1,840	519	328
Seekonk,.					1,465	1,673	346	254
Somerset,					1,983	2,241	481	387
Swansea,.					1,627	1,645	385	356
TAUNTON,					27,115	31,036	5,993	5,859
Westport,	•		•	•	2,678	2,890	697	499
Totals,					219,019	252,029	42,495	39,831

^{*} Part of Williamstown annexed to North Adams, 1900.

					POPUL	ATION.		Regis-
COUNTI	ES,	CITI	ES		State	U. S.	Legal	tered
AND	TOT	VNS.			Census	Census	Voters	Voters
					1893	1900	1895	1901
DUKES	Co	TTNIMI	D-					
Chilmark,		UMI.			304	324	107	107
Cottage City,					1,038	1,100	252	220
Edgartown.					1,125	1,209	340	324
Gay Head,					169	173	41	27
Gosnold, .					140	164	46	35
Tisbury, .					1,002	1,149	301	281
West Tisbury	,	•			460	442	149	143
771 - 4 - 1 -					4.000	1 5 6 1	1 000	1 107
Totals,	•	•	•	•	4,238	4,561	1,236	1,137
Es	SEI	ζ.						
Amesbury,				.)	9,986	9,473	2,310	1,770
Andover,					6,145	6,813	1,305	1,218
BEVERLY,					11,806	13,884	3,034	2,749
Boxford, .					727	704	191	176
Danvers, .		:			8,181	8,542	1,756	1,676
					1,587	1,663	492	407
Georgetown, GLOUCESTER,					2,050	1,900	601	519
GLOUCESTER,				•	28,211	26,121	6,411	5,114
Groveland,			•	•	2,333	2,376	592	554
Hamilton, HAVERHILL,*					1,356 30,209	1,614 37,175	262 7,456	268 7,541
Ipswich, .	•		•	•	4,720	4,658	1,070	891
LAWRENCE,					52,164	62,559	10,178	10,800
LYNN, .				•	62,354	68,513	15,437	13,073
Lynnfield,		•			818	888	228	189
Manchester,					1,876	2,522	450	476
Marblehead,					7,671	7,582	2,295	1,940
Merrimac,					2,301	2,131	613	505
Methuen,.					5,690	7,512	1,168	1,393
	٠				838	839	228	179
Nahant, .					865	1,152	209	256
Newbury,					1,489	1,601	428	371
NEWBURYPO	RT,				14,552	14,478	3,507	3,262
North Andov	er,				3,569	4,243	912	904
Peabody,. Rockport,	٠				10,507 5,289	11,523 4,592	2,647 1,055	2,485 957
Rowley, .					1,272	1,391	381	359
SALEM, .				:	34,473	35,956	7,411	7,464
Salisbury,				:	1,300	1,558	394	392
Saugus, .					4,497	5,084	1,152	1,081
Swampscott,					3,259	4,548	874	1,004
Topsfield,					1,033	1,030	305	257
					1			

^{*} The town of Bradford was annexed to the city of Haverhill, in accordance with the votes of said town and city, under the provisions of chapter 365, Acts of 1896. Act took effect Jan. 4, 1897.

					Popul	ATION.		Regis-
COUNTI	ES,	CITI	ES		State	U.S.	Legal	tered
AND	TO	WNS			Census	Census	Voters	Voters
					1895	1900	1895	1901
Esse		<i>(</i> 1						
Wenham,	x —	· Con.			886	847	274	217
West Newbu	ry,				1,643	1,558	464	398
Totals,			٠		330,393	357,030	77,282	70,845
FRA	NKI	LIN.						
Ashfield, .					1,013	955	300	242
Bernardston,					778	792	222	183
Buckland,			٠		1,548	1,446	416	393
Charlemont,					1,041	1,094	294	242
Colrain, .			0		1,610	1,749	409	303
Conway, .					1,304	1,458	236	308
Deerfield,*		۰			3,007	1,969	722	. 446
Erving, .					964	973	241	228
Gill, .		•	۰		1,082	1,015	280	187
Greenfield,*	٠				6,229	7,927	1,657	1,848
Hawley, .		۰			468	429	143	116 116
Heath, .				•	476	441	124	
Leverett, .		•		•	744	744	235	144
Leyden, .				•	363	379	106	98
Monroe, .					298	305	72	53
Montague,				•	6,058	6,150	1,287	1,257
New Salem,			۰	•	869	807	240	190
Northfield,				•	1,851	1,966	456	399
Orange, .					5,361	5,520	1,444	1,341
Rowe, .	0			•	498	549	111 416	118 362
Shelburne,		•		•	1,560	1,508		
Shutesbury,				•	444	382 771	137 192	103 167
Sunderland,	٠		•	•	696 599	619	136	116
Warwick,		٥		•	529	492	135	124
Wendell, .	٠	•	•		755		221	201
Whately,.	٠	٠	٠	•	199	769	221	201
Totals,	٠	•	٠	٠	40,145	41,209	10,332	9,285
	MPD	EN.				0 500	***	100
Agawam,					2,408	2,536	530	486
Blandford,			٠		849	836	256	195
Brimfield,					962	941	260	195
Chester, .	٠			•	1,429	1,450	379	298
CHICOPEE, East Longme Granville, Hampden	1			•	16,420	19,167	2,749	2,736
East Longme	ado	W,		•	1,591	1,187	239	200 204
Granville,		•		•	1,005 743	1,050	255 180	177
	۰			•	199	782 169	180 54	44
Holland, .	٠					45,712		6,863
HOLYOKE,				•	40,322	40,712	6,597	0,803
						1		

^{*} Part of Deerfield annexed to Greenfield, 1896.

			Popul	ATION.		Regis-
COUNTIES, C			State	U. S.	Legal Voters	Voters
AND TO	1 21 13 1		Census 1895	Census - 1900	1895	1901
Hampden-	- Con.					
Longmeadow.			620	811	143	165
Ludlow,			2,562	3,536	372	332
Monson,			3,746	3,402	851	721
Montgomery,			275	273	79	71
l'almer,			6,858	7,801	1,196	1,323
Russell,			846	793	181	159
Southwick, .			961	1,040	261	245
Telland			51,522 309	62,059 275	12,240 84	11,891 46
Tolland,			783	773	177	185
Westfield			10,663	12,310	2,752	2,630
West Springfield			6,125	7,105	1,374	1,300
Wilbraham, .	: :		1,740	1,595	359	289
,						
Totals, .			152,938	175,603	31,568	30,755
Намрени	RE.					
Amherst, .			4,785	5,028	1,339	988
Belchertown, .			2,161	2,292	557	470
Chesterfield, .			589	611	192	158
Cummington, .			750	748	225	203
Eastnampton, .			4,790	5,603	965 234	965 241
Cochon			990	1,036 316	73	64
Cummington, Easthampton, Enfield, Goshen, Granby, Greenwich, Hadley,			748	761	182	151
Greenwich		•	481	491	146	121
Hadley,	: :		1,704	1,789	398	347
Hatfield.			1,262	1,500	320	228
Limitington			1,450	1,475	319	313
Middlefield, .			386	410	86	68
Middlefield, NORTHAMPTON, Pelham			16,746	18,643	3,290	3,122
			486	462	137	95
Plainfield, .			450	404	135	115
Prescott,			401	380	126	86
Southampton, .			1,054	1,012	282	198
South Hadley,			4,443	4,526	839	717
Ware, Westhampton,		•	7,651 476	8,263 469	1,271 120	1,211 114
Williamsburg,		•	1,955	1,926	468	433
			648	675	184	174
Totals, .		٠	54,710	58,820	11,888	10,572
MIDDLES	EX.		1.070	0.100	5 4 5	400
Acton,			1,978	2,120 8,603	545	480 1,464
Arlington, .		۰	6,515 804	8,603	1,545 259	247
Ashby,			004	010	209	4+1
				1		

					POPUL	ATION.		Regis-
COUNTII	ES,	CITI	ES		State	U. S.	Legal	tered Voters
AND	TOT	WNS.		1	Census	Census	Voters	
					1895	1900	1895	1901
MIDDLE	SEX	— Ce	on.	1				
Ashland, .					2,090	1,525	482	337
Ayer, .					2,101	2,446	515	559
Bedford, .					1,169	1,208	264	236
Belmont, . Billerica, . Boxborough, Burlington,					2,843	3,929	550	585
Billerica, .					2,577	2,775	640	622
Boxborough,					307	316	80	71
Burlington,					574	593	140	128
Cambinibul,				•	81,643	91,886	17,018	14,293
Carlisle, .		•			492	480	125	124
Chelmsford,					3,162	3,984	771	830 885
Concord, .					5,175	5,652	943	594
Dracut, .		•			2,443 400	3,253 427	534 134	107
Dunstable, Everett,	•	•		•	18,573	24,336	4,090	4,421
Framingham,		•		•	9.512	11,302	2,308	2,470
Groton, .	•	•			2,192	2,052	494	425
Holliston,	•		:	•	2,718	2,598	734	580
Hopkinton,	•	•	•		2,984	2,623	902	727
Hudson, .	•	•			5,308	5,454	1,296	1,153
Hudson, . Lexington,	•	•			3,498	3,831	848	886
Lincoln, .					1,111	1,127	229	207
Littleton,					1,136	1,179	274	233
LOWELL, .					84,367	94,969	16,408	15,478
MALDEN,					29,708	33,664	6,522	6,054
MARLBOROUG	н,				14,977	13,609	3,445	2,774
Maynard,					3,090	3,142	598	580
MEDFORD,					14,474	18,244	3,321	3,550
MELROSE,					11,965	12,962	2,851	2,610
Natick, .					8,814	9,488	2,334	2,414
NEWTON,					27,590	33,587	5,617	5,900
North Readin					835	1,035	228	186
	٠				3,321	3,701	800	709
Reading, .	٠		•		4,717	4,969	1,184 269	1,156 236
Sherborn, Shirley, .	•	•			1,446 1,399	1,483 1,680	315	313
Somerville,		•	•	•	52,200	61,643	11,839	9,499
Stoneham,*	٠	•	•	•	6,284	6,197	1,757	1,523
Stow, .	•	:	•	:	920	1,002	240	209
Sudbury,.	:	•		:	1,141	1,150	319	258
Tewksbury,				i.	3,379	3,683	423	400
Townsend,				·	1,780	1,804	535	436
Tyngsboroug	h.				635	773	157	148
Wakefield,					8,304	9,290	1,885	2,169
WALTHAM,					20,876	23,481	4,574	4,614
Watertown,					7,788	9,706	1,751	1,810
Wayland,					2,026	2,303	535	506
Westford,					2,418	2,624	506	437
Weston, .					1,710	1,834	394	349

^{*} Part of Woburn annexed to Stoneham, 1895.

					POPUL	ATION.		Regis-
COUNTIE	ES,	CITI	ES		State	U.S.	Legal Voters	tered Voters
AND	TO	WNS.		- 1	Census	Census	Voters	1 OLCES
				- 1	1895	1900	1895	1901
MIDDLE	SEX	- Ce	n.					
Wilmington,					1,420	1,596	333	306
Winchester,					6,150	7,248	1,390	1,395
WOBURN,*	٠				14,178	14,254	3,327	3,150
Totals,					499,217	565,696	109,577	101,833
Totals,	•	•	٠		490,211	505,050	103,011	101,000
NAN'	ruc	KET.						
					3,016	3,006	886	788
					ĺ			
	RFC	DLK.					120	450
Avon,					1,626	1,741	469	450 243
Bellingham,	٠				1,481	1,682	323 1,331	1,330
Braintree,	٠	•			5,311 16,164	5,981 19,935	3,243	3,678
Conton	٠		•		4,636	4,584	1,096	943
Cohoggot	•	•	•		2,474	2,759	665	555
Braintree, Brookline, Canton, Cohasset, Dedham,†	•	•	•	:	7,211	7,457	1,702	1,570
Dover	•	•	•		668	656	169	140
Foxborough.	•	•		•	3,219	3,266	858	628
Dedham,† Dover, Foxborough, Franklin,.	•	:			5,136	5,017	1,184	852
Holbrook.					2,298	2,229	645	519
Hyde Park,					11.826	13,244	2,772	2,481
Medfield.					1,872	2,926	447	365
Medway, .		:			2,913	2,761	818	618
Millis, .					1,006	1,053	231	174
Milton, .					5,518	6,578	1,171	1,420
Needham,		:			3,511 882	4,016	763 193	743 159
Norfolk, .		•				980		
Norwood,					4,574 20,712	5,480 23,899	1,133 4,325	1,135 4,600
QUINCY, . Randolph,	۰		•	•	3,694	3,993	1,123	985
Sharon,	•	•	•	•	1.717	2,060	423	408
Stoughton,		•		:	5,272	5,442	1,333	1,136
Walpole,	:				2,994	3,572	715	643
Wellesley,					4,229	5,072	694	699
Westwood,†					_	1,112	-	204
Weymouth,					11,291	11,324	3,039	2,633
Wrentham,					2,584	2,720	700	542
							04 707	00.050
Totals,					134,819	151,539	31,565	29,853
n	7350	UTH.						
Ablington,	MC	JUTH.			4,207	4,489	1,258	1,081
Bridgewater,			•	•	4,686	5,806	992	871
BROCKTON				:	33,165	40,063	8,531	8,792
BROCKTON, Carver,					1,016	1,104	269	197
					,,,,,,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		

^{*} Part of Woburn annexed to Stoneham, 1895.

[†] Westwood was incorporated from a part of Dedham, April 2, 1897.

			Popul	ATION.		Regis-
AND		3	State Census 1895	U. S. Census 1900	Legal Voters 1895	tered Voters 1901
PLYMOU Duxbury, East Bridgew Halifax, Hanover, Hanson, Hull, Kingston, Lakeville, Marion, Marshfield, Mattapoisett, Middleborou Norwell, Pembroke, Plymouth, Plympton, Rochester, Rockland, Scituate, Wareham, West Bridge	ater,		1,966 2,884 497 2,051 1,380 1,380 1,748 870 1,760 1,032 1,648 1,523 7,967 1,523 2,246 3,367 1,747	2,075 3,025 522 2,152 1,455 5,059 1,703 1,955 958 902 1,810 1,061 6,885 1,560 1,240 9,592 488 986 5,327 2,470 3,432 1,711	555 780 146 684 386 1,236 1,236 1,236 206 206 1,843 473 473 373 473 473 283 1,511 673 828 461	398 618 111 473 315 984 267 272 459 251 1,476 386 295 1,790 1195 1,586 642 726 324
Whitman, Totals,	•	 •	5,744	6,155	1,616 26,956	1,411 24,675
						ĺ
Boston, . CHELSEA, Revere, . Winthrop,		 •	496,920 31,264 7,423 4,192	560,892 34,072 10,395 6,058	113,393 7,066 1,818 825	110,131 6,084 2,152 1,162
Totals,			539,799	611,417	. 123,102	119,529
Wor	CEST	•	539,199	011,417	. 123,102	119,529
	•		2,148 7,364 1,598 2,278 897 6,039 797 729 3,279 1,877 11,497 2,026	1,882 7,061 1,621 2,059 1,003 5,721 770 1,364 3,062 1,860 13,667 790 2,113	548 1,846 270 543 238 1,393 210 197 760 487 2,418 180 493	361 1,529 268 401 218 1,195 174 132 685 414 2,789 182 424

	1			
	POPUL	ATION.		Regis-
COUNTIES, CITIES	State	U.S.	Legal	tered
AND TOWNS.	Census	Census	Voters	Voters
	1895	1900	1895	1901
Wonensens C.	1		i	
Worcester - Con. Dudley,	3,203	3,553	528	543
FITCHBURG,	26,409	31,531	5,231	5,186
Gardner	9.182	10,813	1,980	2,013
Gardner, Gardner, Grafton, Hardwick, Harvard, Holden, Hopedale, Hubbardston, Lancaster, Leicester, Leominster, Lunenburg, Mendon, Millbury, New Braintree, Northborough, Northbridge, North Brookfield, Oakham, Oxford,	5,101	4,869	990	777
Hardwick,	2,655	3,203	479	410
Harvard,	1,162	1,139	306	249
Holden,	2,602	2,464	522	388
Hopedale,	1,377	2,087	351	467
Hubbardston,	1,274	1,227	338	250
Lancaster,	2,180	2,478	413	342
Leicester,	3,239	3,416	744	683
Leominster,	9,211 1,237	12,392	2,260 357	2,420 243
Mandan	889	1,332 911	263	213
Milford	8,959	11,376	2,323	2,181
Millburg	5,222	4,460	963	730
New Braintree	542	500	112	124
Northborough	1,940	2,164	407	372
Northbridge	5,286	7,036	974	884
North Brookfield	4,635	4,587	1,070	996
Oakham.	605	588	175	164
Oxford.	2,390	2,677	559	532
Paxton,	426	459	131	98
Petersham,	952	853	258	206
Phillipston,	460	441	133	91
Princeton,	952	975	254	203
Royalston,	. 890	958	255	197
Rutland,	. 978	1,334	237	214
Shrewsbury,	1,524	1,626	444	344
Southborough,	2,223	1,921	448	353
Southbridge,	8,250	10,025	1,414 1,570	1,617
Spencer,	7,614 1,218	7,627 1,420	337	1,411 311
Sturbridge	1,213	2,058	423	337
Sutton	3,420	3,328	555	488
Templeton	2,915	3,489	770	719
Unton	2,150	1,937	519	487
Uxhridge.	3,546	3,599	743	691
Warren.	4,430	4.417	859	613
Webster	7,799	8,804	1,248	1,596
Westborough,	5,225	5,400	1,128	936
West Boylston,	2,968	2,314	517	308
West Brookfield,	1,467	1.448	407	347
Westminster,	1,315	1,327	354	321
North Brookfield, Oakham, Oxford, Paxton, Petersham, Phillipston, Princeton, Royalston, Rutland, Southborough, Southborough, Southborough, Southbridge, Spencer, Sterling, Sturbridge, Sutron, Templeton, Upton, Upton, Upton, Westborough, West Boylston, West Boylston, West Brookfield, Westminster, Winchendon, Worcester,	4,490	5,001	1,049	968
WORCESTER,	. 98,767	118,421	21,128	21,981
Totals,	. 306,445	346,958	66,109	63,774
		1		1

RECAPITULATION.

		r of and s.	Popul	ATION.		Regis-	
COUNTIE	s.	Number Cities a Towns.	State Census 1895	U. S. Census 1900	Legal Voters 1895	tered Voters 1901	
Barnstable, ·		15	27,654	27,826	7,620	6,695	
Berkshire, .		32	86,292	95,667	20,186	18,915	
Bristol, .		20	219,019	252,029	42,495	39,831	
Dukes County		7	4,238	4,561	1,236	1,137	
Essex, .		34	330,393	357,030	77,282	70,845	
Franklin, .		26	40,145	41,209	10,332	9,285	
Hampden, .		23	152,938	175,603	31,568	30,755	
Hampshire,		23	54,710	58,820	11,888	10,572	
Middlesex,.		54	499,217	565,696	109,577	101,833	
Nantucket,		1	3,016	3,006	886	788	
Norfolk, .		28	134,819	151,539	31,565	29,853	
Plymouth,.		27	101,498	113,985	26,956	24,675	
Suffolk, .		4	539,799	611,417	123,102	119,529	
Worcester,		59	306,445	346,958	66,109	63,774	
Totals,		353	2,500,183	2,805,346	560,802	528,487	

GOVERNORS AND LIEUT.-GOVERNORS IN MASSACHUSETTS.

CHOSEN ANNUALLY BY THE PEOPLE.

GOVERNORS OF PLYMOUTH COLONY.

1620 Nov. 11, John Carver. 1621 April, William Bradford. 1633 Jan. 1, Edward Winslow. 1634 Mar. 27, Thomas Prence. 1635 Mar. 3, William Bradford.

1636 Mar. 1, Edward Winslow. 1637 Mar. 7, William Bradford.

1638 June 5, Thomas Prence. 1639 June 3, William Bradford.

1644 June 5, Edward Winslow.

1645 June 4, William Bradford. 1657 June 3, Thomas Prence.

1673 June 3, Josiah Winslow. 1680 Dec. 18, Thomas Hinckley.*

DEPUTY-GOVERNORS OF PLYMOUTH COLONY.

1680 Thomas Hincklev.† 1681 James Cudworth.

1682 William Bradford, to 1686 1689 William Bradford, to 1692

CHOSEN ANNUALLY UNDER THE FIRST CHARTER.

GOVERNORS OF MASSACHUSETTS.

1629 Apr. 30, John Endicott.t 1630 Oct. 20, John Winthrop. 1

1634 May 14, Thomas Dudley. 1635 May 6, John Haynes.

1636 May 25, Henry Vane. 1637 May 17, John Winthrop.

1640 May 13, Thomas Dudley. 1641 June 2, Richard Bellingham.

1642 May 18, John Winthrop.

1644 May 29, John Endicott.

1645 May 14, Thomas Dudley.

1646 May 6, John Winthrop. 1649 May 2, John Endicott.

1650 May 22, Thomas Dudley.

1651 May 7, John Endicott. 1654 May 3, Richard Bellingham.

1655 May 23, John Endicott.

1665 May 3, Richard Bellingham. 1672 Dec. 12, John Leverett (act'g).

1673 May 7, John Leverett.

1679 May 28, Simon Bradstreet, to

1686.

^{*} Mr. Hinckley was Governor till the union of the colonies in 1692, except during the administration of Andros.

[†] Previously there was no Deputy-Governor, a Governor pro tem. being appointed by the Governor to serve in his absence.

[†] By the Royal Charter, which passed the seals March 4, 1628-9, Matthew Cradock was appointed the first Governor, and Thomas Goffe.

DEPUTY-GOVERNORS OF MASSACHUSETTS.

1629 Thomas Dudley* .	. to	0 1634	1651 Thomas Dudley t	0 1653
1634 Roger Ludlow .		1635	1653 Richard Bellingham .	1654
1635 Richard Bellingham		1636	1654 John Endicott	1655
1636 John Winthrop .		1637	1655 Richard Bellingham .	1665
1637 Thomas Dudley .		1640	1665 Francis Willoughby .	1671
1640 Richard Bellingham		1641	1671 John Leverett	1673
1641 John Endicott .		1644	1673 Sam'l Symonds, to Oct.	1678
1644 John Winthrop .		1646	1678 Oct., Simon Bradstreet,	1679
1646 Thomas Dudley .		1650	1679 Thomas Danforth .	1686
1650 John Endicott .		1651		

Note. — May 25, 1686, Joseph Dudley assumed the office of President under a commission of King James II., and, with a council, had jurisdiction over the king's dominion of New England. This office he held till Dec. 20, the same year, when Sir Edmund Andros appeared as Governor of New England, appointed by James II. April 20, 1689, Governor Andros was deposed by a revolution of the people.

AFTER THE DISSOLUTION OF THE FIRST CHARTER.

Simon Bradstreet was Governor from May 24, 1689, to May 14, 1692; and Thomas Danforth was Deputy-Governor during the same time.

Deputy-Governor, both of whom had held the same offices before the Charter was granted. On the 13th of the following May the same persons were re-chosen under the Charter; but they never came to New England. On the 20th of October, 1629, John Winthrop was chosen Governor, and John Humphry, Deputy-Governor. On the 30th of April, 1629, John Endicott was chosen, in London, to be Governor of the Plantation in New England, and held the office until the arrival of the Governor (Winthrop) in 1630.

* Thomas Goffe, the first Deputy-Governor, never came to New England. John Humphry was elected, but did not serve.

APPOINTED BY THE KING UNDER SECOND CHARTER.

GOVERNORS OF MASSACHUSETTS.

1692 May 14, Sir William Phipps. 1694 Nov. 17, William Stoughton.* 1699 May 26, Richard Coote, Earl of Bellomont.

1700 July, William Stoughton. 1701 July 7, The Council. 1702 June 11, Joseph Dudley. 1714-15 Feb., The Council. 1714-15 March, Joseph Dudley. 1715 Nov. 9, William Tailer. 1716 Oct. 4, Samuel Shute. 1722 Dec. 27, William Dummer.

1728 July 13, William Burnet. 1729 Sept. 7, William Dummer. 1730 June 30, William Tailer.

1730 Aug. 8, Jonathau Belcher. 1741 Aug. 17, William Shirley.

1749 Sept. 11, Spencer Phips.

1753 Aug. 7, William Shirley. 1756 Sept. 25, Spencer Phips.

1757 April 4, The Council.

1757 Aug. 3, Thomas Pownal. 1760 June 3, Thomas Hutchinson.

1760 Aug. 1, Sir Francis Bernard Bart.

1769 Aug. 1, Thomas Hutchinson.

1771 March, Thomas Hutchinson. 1774 May 13, Thomas Gage.

LIEUT. GOVERNORS IN MASSACHUSETTS.

1692 Wm. Stoughton to July, 1701 | 1730 William Tailer. 1702 Thomas Povey, . . 1706 1733 Spencer Phips.

1705-6 Jan., vacancy to Oct., 1711 1758 Thomas Hutchinson.

1716 William Dummer.

1711 William Tailer.

1771 Andrew Oliver.

1774 Thomas Oliver.

UNTIL THE CONSTITUTION.

1774 Oct., a Provincial Congress. | 1775 July, The Council.

UNDER THE CONSTITUTION.

GOVERNORS OF MASSACHUSETTS.

1780 John Hancock, to	1785	1800 Caleb Strong, .		to 1807
1785 James Bowdoin,	1787	1807 Jas. Sullivau, Dec.	10,	1808
1787 John Hancock, Oct. 8,.	1793	1809 Christopher Gore,		1810
1794 Samuel Adams,	1797	1810 Elbridge Gerry, .		1812
1797 Increase Sumner, June 7,	1799	1812 Caleb Strong, .		1816

^{*} Those whose names are printed in italics were Acting Governors.

[†] In November, 1715, Elizeus Burgess was proclaimed Governor, he having had the appointment in March, 1714; but he never came over to perform his duties, and resigned the office in 1716.

1816 John Brooks, .	. t	o 1823	1866 Alexander H. Bullock, to	1869
1823 Wm. Eustis, Feb. 6,		1825	1869 William Claffin,	1872
1825 Levi Lincoln, .		1834	1872 William B. Washburn,*	1874
1834 John Davis, March 1,		1835	1875 William Gaston,	1876
1836 Edward Everett, .		1840	1876 Alexander H. Rice, .	1879
1840 Marcus Morton, .		1841	1879 Thomas Talbot,	1880
1841 John Davis,		1843	1880 John Davis Long, .	1883
1843 Marcus Morton, .		1844	1883 Benjamin F. Butler, .	1884
1844 George N. Briggs,		1851	1884 George D. Robinson, .	1887
1851 George S. Boutwell,		1853	1887 Oliver Ames,	1890
1853 John H. Clifford, .		1854	1890 John Q. A. Brackett, .	1891
1854 Emory Washburn,		1855	1891 William E. Russell, .	1894
1855 Henry J. Gardner,		1858	1894 Frederic T. Greenhalge,†	1896
1858 Nathaniel P. Banks,		1861	1897 Roger Wolcott,	1900
1861 John A. Andrew,		1866	1900 W. Murray Crane, .	

LIEUT .- GOVERNORS OF MASSACHUSETTS.

1780 Thos. Cushing, to Feb. 28, ‡ 1789 1784 William C. Plunkett, . to 1855 1788 Benjamin Lincoln,
1789 Samuel Adams, 1794 1856 Henry W. Benchley, 1858 1794 Moses Gill, May 20, §
1794 Moses Gill, May 20, § . 1800 1858 Eliphalet Trask,
1801 Sam'l Phillips, Feb. 10, 1802 1861 John Z. Goodrich, Mar. 29, 1861 1802 Edward H. Robbins, 1806 1862 John Nesmith, Sept., 1862 1807 Levi Lincoln, 1809 1863 Joel Hayden, 1866 1809 David Cobb, 1810 1860 William Claflin, 1869 1810 William Gray, 1812 1869 Joseph Tucker, 1873 1812 William Phillips, 1823 1873 Thomas Talbot, ¶ 1875
1802 Edward H. Robbins, 1806 1862 John Nesmith, Sept., 1862 1807 Levi Lincoln, 1809 1863 Joel Hayden, 1866 1809 David Cobb, 1810 1866 William Claflin, 1869 1810 William Gray, 1812 1869 Joseph Tucker, 1873 1812 William Phillips, 1823 1873 Thomas Talbot, 1875
1807 Levi Lincoln, . . 1809 1863 Joel Hayden, . . 1866 1809 David Cobb, . . 1810 1866 William Claflin, . . 1869 1810 William Gray, . . 1812 1869 Joseph Tucker, . . 1873 1812 William Phillips, . . 1873 Thomas Talbot, . . 1875
1809 David Cobb, . . . 1810 1866 William Claffin, . . 1869 1810 William Gray, . . 1812 1869 Joseph Tucker, . . 1873 1812 William Phillips, . . 1823 1873 Thomas Talbot,
1810 William Gray, . . 1812 B69 Joseph Tucker, . . 1873 1812 William Phillips, . . 1873 Thomas Talbot, . . 1875
1812 William Phillips, 1823 1873 Thomas Talbot, ¶ . 1875
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
1824 Marcus Morton, July, 1825 1879 John D. Long, 1880
1826 Thomas L. Winthrop, 1833 1880 Byron Weston, 1883
1833 Samuel T. Armstrong, 1836 1883 Oliver Ames, 1887
1836 George Hull, 1843 1887 John Q. A. Brackett, . 1890
1843 Henry H. Childs, 1844 1890 William H. Haile, . 1893
1844 John Reed, 1851 1893 Roger Wolcott,** 1897
1851 Henry W. Cushman, . 1853 1897 W. Murray Crane, . 1900
1853 Elisha Huntington, . 1854 1900 John L. Bates,

* Resigned May 1, 1874. Chosen U. S. Senator April 17, 1874.
† Mr. Greenhalge died March 5, 1896.
† The Lieutenant-Governors whose names are in italics were Acting Governors also during vacancies in the office of Governor.

§ Mr. Gill died on the 20th of May, 1800, and the Commonwealth, for the only time under the Constitution, was without a Governor and Lieux. Governor. The Council, Hon. Thomas Dawes, President, officiated till the 30th of the month, when Caleb Strong was inaugurated Governor.

| General William Heath was elected in 1806, and declined to accept the office.

** Acting Governor from March 5, 1896.

UNITED STATES SENATORS

FROM MASSACHUSETTS,

From 1789.

Tristram Dalton, .		1789-91	Caleb Strong,		1789-96
George Cabot, .		1791-96	Theodore Sedgwick,		1796-99
Benjamin Goodhue,	. :	1796-1800	Samuel Dexter, .		1799-1800
Jonathan Mason, .		1800-03	Dwight Foster, .		1800-03
John Quincy Adams,		1803-08	Timothy Pickering,		1803-11
James Lloyd, Jr., .		1808-13	Joseph Bradley Varnur	n,	1811-17
Christopher Gore, .		1813-16	Harrison Gray Otis,		1817-22
Eli Porter Ashmun,		1816-18	James Lloyd,		1822-26
Prentiss Mellen, .		1818-20	Nathaniel Silsbee, .		1826-35
Elijah Hunt Mills, .		1820-27	John Davis,		1835-41
Daniel Webster, .		1827-41	Isaac Chapman Bates,		1841-45
Rufus Choate, .		1841-45	John Davis,		1845-53
Daniel Webster, .		1845-50	Edward Everett, .		1853-54
Robert Charles Winthr	op,	1850-51	Julius Rockwell, .		1854-55
Robert Rantoul, Jr.,		1851-51	Henry Wilson,† .		1855-73
Charles Sumner,* .		1851-74	George S. Boutwell,		1873-77
William B. Washburn,		1874-75	George Frisbie Hoar, 1		1877-
Henry Laurens Dawes,		1875-93			
Henry Cabot Lodge, 1		1893-			

^{*} Charles Sumner died March 11, 1874; William B. Washburn chosen to fill vacancy April 17, 1874.

[†] Mr. Wilson was elected Vice-President in 1872; George S. Boutwell chosen to fill vacancy.

^{. †} Mr. Lodge's term wlll expire March 4, 1905; Mr. Hoar's term, March 4, 1907.

SECRETARIES.

List of Persons who have held the Office of Secretary of the COMMONWEALTH, since 1780.

John Avery,	1780-1806	William B. Calhoun,	1848-51
Jonathan L. Austin,	 1806-08	Amasa Walker, .	1851-53
William Tudor, .	1808-10	Ephraim M. Wright,	1853-56
Benjamin Homans,	1810-12	Francis DeWitt, .	1856-58
Alden Bradford, .	1812-24	Oliver Warner, .	1858-76
Edward D. Bangs,	1824-36	Henry B. Peirce, .	1876-91
John P. Bigelow, .	1836-43	William M. Olin, .	1891-
John A. Bolles, .	1843-44		
John G. Palfrey, .	1844-48		

TREASURERS.

List of Persons who have held the Office of TREASURER AND RECEIVER-GENERAL, since 1780.

Henry Gardner, .		1780-83	Thomas Russell, .	1844-45
Thomas Ivers, .		1783-87	Joseph Barrett, .	1845-49
Alexander Hodgdon,		1787-92	Ebenezer Bradbury,	1849-51
Thomas Davis, .		1792-97	Charles B. Hall, .	1851-53
Peleg Coffin,		*1797-1801	Jacob H. Loud, .	1853-55
Jonathan Jackson,		1802-06	Thomas J. Marsh,	1855-56
Thompson J. Skinner,		1806-08	Moses Tenney, Jr.,	1856-61
Josiah Dwight, .		1808-10	Henry K. Oliver, .	1861-66
Thomas Harris, .		1810-11	Jacob H. Loud, .	1866-71
Jonathan L. Austin,		1811-12	Charles Adams, Jr.,	1871-76
John T. Apthorp, .	٠	1812-17	Charles Endicott, .	1876-81
Daniel Sargent, .		1817-22	Daniel A. Gleason,	1881-86
Nahum Mitchell		1822-27	Alanson W. Beard,	1886-89
Joseph Sewall, .		1827-32	George A. Marden,	1889-94
Hezekiah Barnard,		1832-37	Henry M. Phillips,	1894-95
David Wilder.		1837-42	Edward P. Shaw,	1895-1900
Thomas Russell, .		1842-43	Edward S. Bradford,	1900-
John Mills		1843-44		

^{*} Secretary Avery had a warrant to take care of the Treasury on the resignation of Coffin, May 25, 1802.
† Mr. Phillips resigned April 12, 1895, and Mr. Shaw was elected to fill the vacancy April 25, 1895.

ATTORNEYS-GENERAL - SOLICITORS-GENERAL.

[This table was prepared by Mr. A. C. Goodell, Jr., and contributed by him to the Massachusetts Historical Society's proceedings for June, 1895.7

TABLE OF ATTORNEYS-GENERAL BEFORE THE CON-STITUTION.

	CHOSEN.	APPOINTED.
Under the Presidency	of Joseph Dudley	7 :
Benjamin Bullivant, .		Date uncertain, but before July 1, 1686; sworn in, July 26.
Under Sir Edmund A:	ndros:	
James Graham,		Date uncertain, but as early as Aug. 25, 1687, he was "settled in Boston and made attorney-general."
During the inter-chart	er period:	
Anthony Checkley, .	June 14, 1689.	
Under the Province Cl	harter:	
Anthony Checkley, .		. Oct. 28, 1692.
Paul Dudley,		. July 6, 1702.
Paul Dudley,	June 8, 1716.	
Paul Dudley,	June 19, 1717.	
Paul Dudley,*	June 25, 1718.	
John Valentine,	Nov. 22, 1718.	
John Valentine,	June 24, 1719.	
Thomas Newton, †	June 19, 1720.	
(Vacancy; John Read	chosen, but negativ	ved by Governor Shute.)
John Overing,	June 29, 1722.	
John Read,	June 20, 1723.	
(Vacancy; John Read	chosen, but not con	nsented to.)

^{*} Resigned Nov. 22, 1718.

[†] Died May 28, 1721.

CHOSEN. APPOINTED.
John Read, June 28, 1725.
John Read, June 21, 1726.
John Read, June 28, 1727.
Joseph Hiller, June 19, 1728.
(Addington Davenport, Jr., chosen June 12, but declined.)
John Overing, June 26, 1729
Edmund Trowbridge, June 29, 1749
Edmund Trowbridge, May 14, 1762
(Made Justice of the Superior Court of Judicature, March 25, 1767.)
Jeremiah Gridley,* March 25, 1767
Jonathan Sewall, Nov. 18, 1767
(Vacancy from September, 1774, to June 12, 1777.)
Robert Treat Paine, . June 12, 1777, Accepted Aug. 26
Robert Treat Paine, June 19, 1778 (sworn).
Robert Treat Paine, . Feb. 5, 1779.
Robert Treat Paine, Jan. 4, 1780.
SPECIAL ATTORNEY-GENERAL, ETC.
Jonathan Sewall, March 25, 1767.
SOLICITORS-GENERAL, ETC.
Jonathan Sewall, June 24, 1767
(Vacancy from Nov. 18, 1767, to March 14, 1771.)
Samuel Quincy,† March 14, 1771
TABLE OF ATTORNEYS-GENERAL SINCE THE CONSTI-
TUTION.
Robert Treat Paine, . 1780-90 Chester I. Reed 1864-67
James Sullivan, 1790-1807 Charles Allen, 1867-7:
Barnabas Bidwell, . 1807-10 Charles R. Train, 1872-79
Perez Morton, 1810-32 George Marston, 1879-83
James T. Austin, 1832-43 Edgar J. Sherman, 1883-8
John Henry Clifford, . ‡1849-53 Andrew J. Waterman, . 1887-9:
Rufus Choate, 1853-54 Albert E. Pillsbury, . 1891-9
John Henry Clifford, . 1854-58 Hosea M. Knowlton, . 1894-1905
Stephen Henry Phillips, 1858-61 Herbert Parker, 1902-
Dwight Foster, 1861-64

^{*} Died Sept. 7, 1767. † A refugee, 1774 75. † The office of Attorney-General was abolished in 1843 and re-established in 1849.

[§] Resigned during the session of the Legislature of 1867. The vacancy was filled by the election of Charles Allen.

|| Resigned Oct. 1, 1887. The vacancy was filled by the appointment of Andrew J. Waterman.

1866-70

AUDITORS.

List of Persons who have held the Office of Auditor of ACCOUNTS.

[Established by Act of 1849.]

1849-54 | Honry S Briger

David Wilder, Jr., .	1049-04	menty b. Dilggs, .		1900-10
Joseph Mitchell, .	1854-55	Charles Endicott, .		1870-76
Stephen N. Gifford, .	1855-56	Julius L. Clarke,† .		1876-79
Chandler R. Ransom,	1856-58	Charles R. Ladd,† .		1879-91
Charles White,	1858-61	William D. T. Trefry,		1891-92
Levi Reed,*	1861-65	John W. Kimball, .	1	892-1901
Julius L. Clarke, .	1865-66	Henry E. Turner, .	٠	1901-

SECRETARIES OF THE STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION.

List of Persons who have held the Office of Secretary of the STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION.

[See Act of 1837.]

Horace Mann, .		1837-48	Joseph White,	1861-77
Barnas Sears, .		1848-55	John W. Dickinson,	1877-94
George S. Boutw	ell,	1855-61	Frank A. Hill,	1894-

^{*} Resigned Dec. 20, 1865.

David Wilder In

[†] Mr. Clarke resigned, and Mr. Ladd was appointed in his place May 5, 1879.

ORGANIZATION OF THE LEGISLATURE,

Since 1780.

The first General Court, under the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, assembled at Boston on Wednesday, Oct. 25, 1780, and was finally prorogued (having held three sessions) May 19, 1781. From this time until 1832 the political year commenced on the last Wednesday in May, and the General Court held two, and frequently three, sessions during each year. In 1832, by an amendment of the Constitution, the commencement of the political year was changed to the first Wednesday in January.

SENATE.

PRESIDENTS.

Thos. Cushing, resigned, * 1,790 91	Harrison Gray Otis, . 1809-10
Jeremiah Powell 1780-81	Harrison Gray Otis, . 1810-11
T	Samuel Dana, 1811-12
Samuel Adams, (1781–82	Samuel Dana, 1812-13
Samuel Adams, 1782-83	John Phillips, 1813-14
Samuel Adams, 1783-84	John Phillips, 1814–15
Samuel Adams, 1784-85	John Phillips, 1815–16
0 1 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	John Phillips, 1816-17
Samuel Adams, resign a,* { 1785-86	John Phillips, 1817-18
Samuel Phillips, Jr., . 1786-87	John Phillips, 1818-19
Samuel Adams, 1787-88	John Phillips, 1819-20
Samuel Phillips, Jr., . 1788-89	John Phillips, 1820-21
Samuel Phillips, Jr., . 1789-90	John Phillips, 1821-22
Samuel Phillips, 1790-91	John Phillips, 1822-23
Samuel Phillips, 1791-92	Nathaniel Silsbee 1823-24
Samuel Phillips, 1792-93	Nathaniel Silsbee, 1824-25
Samuel Phillips, 1793-94	Nathaniel Silsbee 1825-26
Samuel Phillips 1794-95	John Mills 1826-27
Samuel Phillips, 1795-96	John Mills, 1827-28
Samuel Phillips, 1796-97	Sherman Leland, 1828-29
Samuel Phillips, 1797-98	Samuel Lathron 1829-30
Samuel Phillips, 1798-99	Samuel Lathrop, resign'd, 1830-31
Samuel Phillips, 1799-1800	James Fowler, (1000-51
Samuel Phillips, 1800-01	Leverett Saltonstall, . 1831
Samuel Phillips, res'n'd, † 1801-02	William Thorndike, . 1832
David Cobb,	Benj. T. Pickman, 1833
David Cobb, 1802-03	Benj. T. Pickman, 1834
David Cobb, 1803-04	Benj. T. Pickman, deceased, 1835
David Cobb, 1804-05	George Bliss,
Harrison Gray Otis, . 1805-06	Horace Mann, 1836
John Bacon, 1806-07	Horace Mann, 1837
Samuel Dana, 1807-08	Myron Lawrence, 1838
Harrison Gray Otis, . 1808-09	Myron Lawrence, 1839

^{*} Resigned to serve in Governor's Council.
† Resigned to serve as Lieutenant-Governor.

Ore	<i>janizati</i>	on of	the	Legi.	slature.
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Daniel P. King,	. 1840	Horace H. Coolidge,		. 187	1
Daniel P. King	. 1841	Horace H. Coolidge,		. 1879	2
Daniel P. King, Josiah Quincy, Jr., .	. 1842	Geo. B. Loring,		. 187	3
Phineas W. Leland, resign	ed)	Geo B. Loring	•	187	1
Frederick Robinson.	, { 1843	Goo B Loring	•	187	ĸ.
		Cas B. Loring,		. TO16	2
Josiah Quincy, Jr.,	. 1844	Geo. B. Loring,		. 187	3
Levi Lincoln,	. 1845	John B. D. Cogswell,			
William B. Calhoun, .		John B. D. Cogswell,		. 107	3
William B. Calhoun, .	. 1847	John B. D. Cogswell,		. 187	9
Zeno Scudder,	. 1848	Robert R. Bishop, .		. 188)
Joseph Bell,	. 1849	Robert R. Bishop,.		. 188	L
Zeno Scudder, Joseph Bell, Marshall P. Wilder,	. 1850	John B. D. Cogswell, Robert R. Bishop, Robert R. Bishop, Robert R. Bishop, George Glover Crocke		. 1889	2
Henry Wilson,	. 1891	George Glover Crocke	er,	. 188	3
Henry Wilson	1852	George A. Bruce, .		. 188	1
Charles H. Warren	. 1853	Albert E. Pillsbury		188	5
Charles Edward Cook	. 1854	Albert E. Pillsbury.		. 1886	8
Henry W. Benchley.	. 1855	Halsey J. Boardman	Ť	188	7
Charles H. Warren, Charles Edward Cook, Henry W. Benchley, Elihu C. Baker,	1856	Albert E. Pillsbury, Halsey J. Boardman, Halsey J. Boardman,	•	188	2
Charles W. Upham, .	1857	Harris C. Hartwell,	•	188	á
Charles W. Upham,		Henry H. Sprague,	•	180	ń
		Honey U Sprague,	•	100	1
Charles A. Phelps,	1860	Henry H. Sprague, Alfred S. Pinkerton, Alfred S. Pinkerton, William M. Butler, William M. Butler,	•	190	0
Charles A. Phelps, William Claflin, John H. Clifford,	. 1000	Alfred S. I Illkerton,		100	2
Taba II Clifford	1001	Alfred S. Finkerton,		. 109	3
John H. Chhord,	. 1802	william M. Butler,		. 189	ŧ
Jonathan E. Field,	. 1863	William M. Butler,		. 189	0
Jonathan E. Field,	. 1864	Trearge P Lawrence		189	h .
Jonathan E. Field,	. 1865	George P. Lawrence,		. 189	ī
Joseph A. Pond,	. 1866	George E. Smith, .		. 189	3
Jonathan E. Field, Joseph A. Pond, Joseph A. Pond, George O. Brastow,	. 1867	George P. Lawrence, George E. Smith, . George E. Smith, . George E. Smith, . Rufus A. Soule,		. 189	9
George O. Brastow, .	. 1868	George E. Smith, .		. 190	0
Robert C. Pitman, resigne George O. Brastow,	d, 1 1000	Rufus A. Soule		. 190	1
George O. Brastow	, \ 1909	Rufus A. Soule, .		. 1902	2
Horace H. Coolidge, .	1870	availab 11. Douic,	•	. 400.	
	OLEI	RKS.			
William Baker, Jr., .	1780-84	Charles Calhoun, .		1830-4	2
Samuel Cooper.	1785-95	Lewis Josselvn		1843	

William Baker, Jr., .	1780-84	Charles Calhoun, .	. 1830-42
Samuel Cooper,	1785-95	Lewis Josselyn, .	. 1843
Edward McLane,	1796-99		. 1844-50
Edward Payne Hayman,	1800	Chauncy L. Knapp,	. 1851
George Elliot Vaughan,	1801-02	Francis H. Underwood	, 1852
Wendell Davis,	1803-05	Charles Calhoun,	. 1853-54
John D. Dunbar,	1806-07	Peter L. Cox	. 1855-57
Nathaniel Coffin,	1808-10	Stephen N. Gifford,†	. 1858-86
Marcus Morton,	1811-12	E. Herbert Clapp, .	. 1886-88
Samuel F. McCleary, .	1813-21	YY 70 (1 111	. 1889-
Samuel F. Lyman, .	1822	•	
Paul Willard,	1823-29		

^{*} Appointed Justice of Superior Court. † Died April 18, 1886.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

SPEAKERS.

a	1 100 001	T make on T amounts	1000
Caleb Davis,	1780-81	Luther Lawrence,	. 1822
Caleb Davis, resigned, .	1781-82	Levi Lincoln,	1822-23
Nathaniel Gorham, .	. 1782	William C. Jarvis,	1823-24
Nathaniel Gorham, .	1782-83	William C. Jarvis,	1824-25
Tristram Dalton,	1783-84	Timothy Fuller,	1825-26
Tristram Dalton,	1784-85	William C. Jarvis, .	1826-27
Nathaniel Gorham, .	1785-86	William C. Jarvis, .	1827-28
Artemas Ward,	1786-87	William B. Calhoun, .	1828-29
James Warren,	1787-88	William B. Calhoun, .	1829-30
Theodore Sedgwick, .	1788-89	William B. Calhoun, .	. 1830
David Cobb,	1789-90	William B. Calhoun, .	. 1831
David Cobb,	1790-91	William B. Calhoun, .	. 1832
David Cobb,	1791-92	William B. Calhoun, .	. 1833
David Cobb,	1792-93	William B. Calhoun, .	. 1834
Edward H. Robbins, .	1793-94	Julius Rockwell,	. 1835
Edward H. Robbins, .	1794-95	Julius Rockwell,	. 1836
Edward H. Robbins, .	1795-96	Julius Rockwell,	. 1837
Edward H. Robbins, .	1796-97	Robert C. Winthrop, .	. 1838
Edward H. Robbins, .	1797-98	Robert C. Winthrop, .	. 1839
Edward H. Robbins, .	1798-99	Robert C. Winthrop, .	. 1840
Edward H. Robbins, .	1799-1800	George Ashmun,	. 1841
Edward H. Robbins, .	1800-01	Thomas Kinnicut,	. 1842
Edward H. Robbins, .	1801-02	Daniel P. King,	. 1843
John Coffin Jones, .	1802-03	Thomas Kinnicut, resigned	7, 1844
Harrison Gray Otis, .	1803-04	Samuel H. Walley, Jr.,	. 1844
Harrison Gray Otis, .	1804-05	Samuel H. Walley, Jr.,	. 1845
Timothy Bigelow	1805-06	Samuel H. Walley, Jr.,	. 1846
Perez Morton,	1806-07	Ebenezer Bradbury, .	. 1847
Perez Morton,	1807-08	Francis B. Crowninshield,	. 1848
Timothy Bigelow,	1808-09	Francis B. Crowninshield.	. 1849
Timothy Bigelow,	1809-10	Ensign H. Kellogg, .	. 1850
Perez Morton, resigned,	1810-11	Nathaniel P. Banks, Jr.,	. 1851
Joseph Story,	. 1811	Nathaniel P. Banks, Jr.,	. 1852
Joseph Story, resigned,	1811-12	George Bliss,	. 1853
Eleazer W. Ripley, .	. 1812	Otis P. Lord	. 1854
Timothy Bigelow	1812-13	Otis P. Lord, Daniel C. Eddy,	. 1855
Timothy Bigelow,.	1813-14	Charles A. Phelps,	. 1856
Timothy Bigelow,.	1814-15	Charles A. Phelps,	. 1857
Timothy Bigelow,	1815-16	Julius Rockwell,	. 1858
Timothy Bigelow,.	1816-17	Charles Hale,	. 1859
Timothy Bigelow,	1817-18	John A. Goodwin,	. 1860
Timothy Bigelow,.	1818-19	John A. Goodwin,	. 1861
Timothy Bigelow,	1819-20	Alexander H. Bullock.	. 1862
Elijah H. Mills, resigned,	1820-21	Alexander H. Bullock.	. 1863
Josiah Quincy,	. 1821	Alexander II. Bullock,.	. 1864
		Alexander H. Bullock,	
Josiah Quincy, resigned,	1021-22	mexamuel II. Dunock,	. 1865

James M. Stone,		1866	John Q. A. Brackett,			1886
James M. Stone,		1867	Charles J. Noyes, .			1887
Harvey Jewell,		1868	Charles J. Noyes, .			1888
Harvey Jewell,		1869	William E. Barrett,			1889
Harvey Jewell,		1870	William E. Barrett,			1890
Harvey Jewell,		1871	William E. Barrett,			1891
John E. Sanford,		1872	William E. Barrett,			1892
John E. Sanford,		1873	William E. Barrett,			1893
John E. Sanford,		1874	George v. L. Meyer,			1894
John E. Sanford,		1875	George v. L. Meyer,			1895
John D. Long,		1876	George v. L. Meyer,			1896
John D. Long,		1877	John L. Bates, .			1897
John D. Long,		1878	John L. Bates, .			1898
Levi C. Wade,		1879	John L. Bates, .			1899
Charles J. Noyes,		1880	James J. Myers, .			1900
Charles J. Noyes,		1881	James J. Myers, .			1901
Charles J. Noyes,		1882	James J. Myers, .			1902
George A. Marden, .		1883				
George A. Marden, .		1884				
John Q. A. Brackett, .		1885				
		CLE	RKS.			
Andrew Henshaw, .	17	80-81	William Stowe, .			1854
George Richards Minot,	17	82-91	Henry A. Marsh, .			1855
Henry Warren,	1792	-1802	W. E. P. Haskell, .			1856
Nicholas Tillinghast, .	18	03-05	William Stowe, .		18	357-61
Chas. Pinckney Sumner,	18	06-07	William S. Robinson,		18	862 - 72
Nicholas Tillinghast, .	18	08-09	Charles H. Taylor,			1873
Chas. Pinckney Sumner,	18	10-11	George A. Marden,		18	374-82
Benjamin Pollard,	-18	312-21	Edward A. McLaughli	n,	18	383 –95
Pelham W. Warren, .	18	22-31	George T. Sleeper,			1896
Luther S. Cushing, .	18	32-43	James W. Kimball,		18	397-
Charles W. Storey, .	18	344-50				
Lewis Josselyn,	18	851-52				
William Schouler, .		1853				
			S-AT-ARMS.*			
Benjamin Stevens, .			Charles G. Davis,†		19	901~
John Morrissey,		359-74				
Oreb F. Mitchell,	19	375-85				

^{*} The office of Sergeant-at-Arms was established by law in 1835. Previously to that time Jacob Kuhn was Messenger to the General Court from 1786. William Baker preceded him from the first session under the Constitution in 1780-81, he having also served in a similar position for many years previously thereto.

John G. B. Adams, † . 1886-1900

[†] Mr. Adams died Oct. 19, 1900. Mr. Davis was appointed Acting Sergeant-at-Arms Oct. 24, 1900.

Table showing the Length of the Sessions of the Legislature and the Number of Representatives in each Year since 1832.

1833, 1834, 1835,*						1			
1833, 1834, 1835,* 1836, 1837,						January 4.	March 24.	80 days.	528
1834, 1835,* 1836, 1837,						2.	28.	86 "	574
1835,* 1836, 1837, 1838,						1.	April 2.	92 "	570
1836, 1837, 1838,						7.	8.	92 "	61
1837 , 1838 ,						6.	16.	102 "	619
1838,						4.	20.	107 "	638
						3.	25.	113 "	480
				·		2.	10.	99 '"	52
1840,						1.	March 24.	84 "	52
1841,						6.	18.	72 "	39
1842,*				Ĭ		5.	3.	58 "	330
1843,						4.	24.	80 "	35
0.4.4						3.	16.	.74 "	32
1045						1. 7.	26.	85 "	27
1846,						7.	April 16.	100 "	26
847,	•					6.	16.	111 "	25
848,*						5.	May 10.	127 "	275
849,						3.	2.	120 "	268
OFO			:			2.	3.	122 "	29
851,	•		:			ĩ.	24.	146 "	39
DEO		•	:		:	8.	22.	137 "	40:
0.50		•				5.	25.	142 "	28
854.						4.	April 29.	116 "	310

^{*} There was an extra session of sixty-two days in 1835, to revise the statutes; one of nine days in 1842, to divide the Commonwealth into Congressional Districts; one of three days in 1848, to choose electors of President and Vice-President; one of eighteen days in 1857, to establish districts for the choice of Councillors, Representatives and Senators; one of one hundred and thirteen days in 1859, to revise the general statutes; one of fourteen days in 1860, to consider the subject of the disease among the cattle of the Commonwealth; one of ten days in 1861, to consider the duty of the Commonwealth in relation to public affairs, consequent on the Rebellion; one of eight days in 1863, to provide for raising the quota under the call of the President of the United States of the 17th of October, 1863, for 300,000 men; one of thirty days in 1872, to consider what legislation was necessary by reason of the great fire in Boston, November 9 and 10; one of ten days in 1881 and one of seven days in 1901, to act upon the report of a joint special committee to revise the statutes.

-	_								
		Yеа	R.			Time of Meeting.	Prorogued.	Length of Session.	No. of Reps.
1855,						T 9	May 21.	138 days.	380
	٠	•	•			January 3.	June 6.	158 days.	329
1856, 1857,*	٠	•	•		•	1.	May 30.	144 "	357
1858,	٠		•	•		6.		81 "	240
1000,	٠		•			5.	March 27. April 6.	92 "	240
1859,* 1860,*	٠	•	•		•	4.	April 6.	92 "	240
1861,*	٠	•	•			2.	11.	100 "	240
1862,	٠		•			î.	30.	120 "	240
1863,*	٠	•	•	•	•	7.	29.	113 "	240
1864.	•	•	•	•	•	6.	May 14.	130 "	240
1865.	٠	•	•			4.	17.	137 "	240
1866,	٠	•	•			3.	30.	147 "	240
1867,	٠	•	•	•	٠	2.	June 1.	150 "	240
1868.	٠	•	•	•	•	1.	12.	164 "	240
1869.	٠		•	•		6.	24.	170 "	240
1870.	٠		•	•	•	5.	23.	170 "	240
1871,	٠	•	•			4.	May 31.	148 "	240
1872,*	٠	•	•	•	•	3.	7.	126 "	240
1873,	۰	•	•	•	•	1.	June 12.	163 "	240
1874.	٠		•	•	•	7.	30.	175 "	240
1875.	٠	•	•	•	•	6.	May 19.	134 "	240
1876.		•	•	•		5.	April 28.	115 "	240
1877,		:			:	3.	May 17.	135 "	240
1878,	:		:	:		2.	17.	136 "	240
1879,						Ĩ.	April 30.	120 "	240
1880.	:		•	•	:	7.	24.	109 "	240
1881,*	:	•	:	•		5.	May 13.	129 "	240
1882,		•		•		4.	27.	144 ''	240
1883.	:	:		:	•	3.	July 27.	206 "	240
1884.	:	•	:		•	2.	June 4.	155 "	240
1885.	:	:		:	:	7.	19.	164 "	240
1886,	:	•		:		6.	30.	176 "	240
1887,			·			5.	16.	163 "	240
1888,	:		:	:		4.	May 29.	147 "	240
1889,	·	•	:			2.	June 7.	157 "	240
1890,				:		ī.	July 2.	183 "	240
1891,		•	:			$\hat{7}$.	June 11.	156 "	240
1892,	:	:	:			6.	17.	163 ''	240
1893.	Ĭ.		:		:	4.	9.	157 "	240
1894.			:			3,	July 2.	181 "	240
1895,						2.	June 5.	155 "	240
1896,						1.	10.	162 "	240
1897,					·	6.	12.	158 "	240
1898,						5.	23.	170 "	240
					_		1	151 "	240
1899.						4.		Tor	
1899, 1900, 1901,*	:	:	:		:	3. 2.	July 17. June 19.	196 " 169 "	240 240 240

^{*} See note on preceding page.

JUDICIARY.

Judges of the Superior Court of Judicature of the Province of Massachusetts Bay, from 1692 to 1775.*

CHIEF JUSTICES.

APPOI	NTED.	LEF	T THE BE	ENCH.	DIED.
1692.	William Stoughton,		. 1701.	Resigned.	1701.
1701.	Wait Winthrop,.		. 1701.	Resigned.	1717.
1702.	Isaac Addington,		. 1703.	Resigned.	1715.
1708.	Wait Winthrop, .		. 1717.		1717.
1718.	Samuel Sewall, .		. 1728.	Resigned.	1730.
1729.	Benjamin Lynde,		. 1745.		1745.
1745.	Paul Dudley, .		. 1751.		1751.
1752.	Stephen Sewall, .		. 1760.		1760.
1761.	Thomas Hutchinson,		. 1769.	Acting Governor.	1780.
1769.	Benjamin Lynde,		. 1771.	Resigned.	1781.
1772.	Peter Oliver, .		. 1775.	Removed at Revolution.	1791.
			~ m + ~ -		
		JU	STICE	is.	
1692.	Thomas Danforth,		. 1699.		1699.
1692.	Wait Winthrop, .		. 1701.	Resigned.	1717.
1692.	John Richards, .		. 1694.		1694.
1692.	Samuel Sewall, .			(Appointed C. J., 1718.)	1730.
1695.	Elisha Cooke, .		. 1702.	Removed.	1715.
1700.	John Walley, .		. 1712.		1712.
1701.	John Saffin, .		. 1702.	Removed.	1710.
1702.	John Hathorne, .		. 1712.	Resigned.	1717.
1702.	John Leverett, .		. 1708.	Resigned.	1724.
1708.	Jonathan Curwin,		. 1715.	Resigned.	1718.
1712.	Benjamin Lynde,			(Appointed C. J., 1729.)	1745.
1712.	Nathaniel Thomas,		. 1718.	Resigned.	1718.
1715.	Addington Davenpor	t,	. 1736.		1736.
1718.	Paul Dudley, .			(Appointed C. J., 1745.)	1751.
1718.	Edmund Quincy,		. 1737.		1737.
1728.	John Cushing, .		. 1733.	Removed.	1737.
1733.	Jonathan Remington	,	. 1745.		1745.
1736.	Richard Saltonstall,		. 1756.		1756.
1737.	Thomas Greaves,		. 1738.	Resigned.	1747.
1739.	Stephen Sewall, .			(Appointed C. J., 1752.)	1760.

^{*} The judges died in office, except where otherwise stated.

APPOI			T THE BE	NCH.	DIED.
	Nathaniel Hubbard,		. 1746.	Resigned.	1748.
1745.	Benjamin Lynde,			(Appointed C. J., 1769.)	1781.
1747.	John Cushing, .		. 1771.	Resigned.	1778.
1752.	Chambers Russell,		. 1766.	*	1766.
1756.	Peter Oliver, .			(Appointed C. J., 1772.)	1791.
1767.	Edmund Trowbridge	,	. 1775.	Resigned.	1793.
1771.	Foster Hutchinson,		. 1775.	Removed at Revolution.	1799.
1772.	Nathaniel Ropes,		. 1774.		1774.
1772.	William Cushing,		. 1775.	Removed at Revolution.	1810.
1774.	William Browne,	•	. 1775.	Removed at Revolution.	1802.

Justices of the Superior Court of Judicature and the Supreme Judicial Court of Massachusetts since the Revolution.

CHIEF JUSTICES.

APPOI	NTED.	LEFT THE BE	NCH.	DIED.
1775.	John Adams, .	1776.	Resigned.*	1826.
1777.	William Cushing,	1789.	Resigned.†	1810.
1790.	Nathaniel Peaslee Sa	rgent, 1791.		1791.
1791.	Francis Dana, .	1806.	Resigned.	1811.
1806.	Theophilus Parsons,	1813.		1813.
1814.	Samuel Sewall, .	1814.		1814.
1814.	Isaac Parker, .	1830.		1830.
1830.	Lemuel Shaw, .	1860.	Resigned.	1861.
1860.	George Tyler Bigelo	w, . 1868.	Resigned.	1878.
1868.	Reuben Atwater Cha	pman, 1873.		1873.
1873.	Horace Gray, ; .	1882.		
1882.	Marcus Morton, .	1890.	Resigned.	1891.
1890.	Walbridge Abner Fie	eld, . 1899.		1899.
1899.	Oliver Wendell Holm	nes.		

JUSTICES.

		9 0 8	1101	20.	
1775.	William Cushing,			(Appointed C. J., 1777.)	1810.
1775.	Nathaniel Peaslee	Sargent	,	(Appointed C. J., 1790.)	1791.
1775.	William Reed, .		1776.	Superseded.	1780.
1776.	Jedediah Foster, .		. 1779.		1779.
1776.	James Sullivan, .		. 1782.	Resigned.	1808.

^{*} Mr. Adams never took his seat on the bench.

 $[\]dagger$ Chief Justice Cushing resigned on being appointed one of the Justices of the Supreme Court of the United States.

[‡] Chief Justice Gray vacated his office by accepting an appointment as one of the Justices of the Supreme Court of the United States.

APPOI	NTED	T ISTOR	THE BE	von	
1777.	David Sewall, .			Resigned.*	DIED. 1825.
1782.	Increase Sumner,		. 1797.	Elected Governor.	1799.
1785.	Francis Dana, .			(Appointed C. J., 1791.)	1811.
1790.	Robert Treat Paine,		. 1804.	Resigned.	1814.
1790.	Nathan Cushing,		. 1800.	Resigned.	
1792.	Thomas Dawes, .		. 1802.		1812.
1797.	Theophilus Bradbur			Resigned.	1825.
1800.	Samuel Sewall, .		. 1803.	Removed.§	1803.
1801.			1005	(Appointed C. J., 1814.)	1814.
1801.	Simeon Strong, .		. 1805.	70 1 1	1805.
1802.	George Thacher,		. 1824.	Resigned.	1824.
1806.	Theodore Sedgwick,		. 1813.		1813.
1813.	Isaac Parker, .		1000	(Appointed C. J., 1814.)	1830.
1814.			. 1823.	Resigned.	1855.
	Daniel Dewey, .		. 1815.	70 4	1815.
1814.			. 1842.	Resigned.	1853.
1815.	Samuel Sumner Wild		. 1850.	Resigned.	1855.
1824.	Levi Lincoln,		. 1825.	Elected Governor.	1868.
1825.	Mareus Morton, .		. 1840.	Elected Governor.	1864.
1837.	Charles Augustus D				1866.
1842.			. 1847.	-	1847.
1848.	Charles Edward For		. 1848.	Resigned.	1881.
1848.	Theron Metcalf, .		. 1865.	Resigned.	1875.
1848.	Richard Fletcher,		. 1853.	Resigned.	1869.
1850.	George Tyler Bigelo		•	(Appointed C. J., 1860.)	1878.
1852.	Caleb Cushing, .		. 1853.	Resigned.†	1879.
1853.	Benj. Franklin Thom		. 1859.	Resigned.	1878.
1853.	Pliny Merrick, .		. 1864.	Resigned.	1867.
1859.	Ebenezer Rockwood			Resigned.†	1895.
1860.	Reuben Atwater Cha		,	(Appointed C. J., 1868.)	1873.
1864.	Horace Gray, Jr.,			(Appointed C. J., 1873.)	
1865.	James Denison Colt,		. 1866.	Resigned.	1881.
1866.	Dwight Foster, .		. 1869.	Resigned.	1884.
1866.	John Wells, .		. 1875.		1875.
1868.	James Denison Colt,		. 1881.		1881.
1869.	Seth Ames,		. 1881.	Resigned.	1881.
1869.				(Appointed C. J., 1882.)	1891.
1873.	Wm. Crowninshield En			Resigned.	
1873.	Charles Devens, Jr.,		. 1877.	Resigned.‡	1891.

^{*} Mr. Justice Sewall resigned on being appointed Judge of the United States District Court for the District of Maine.

 $[\]dagger$ Mr. Justice Cushing and Mr. Justice Hoar resigned on being appointed to the office of Λ ttorney-General of the United States.

[†] Mr. Justice Devens resigned on being appointed to the office of Attorney-General of the United States, and was reappointed to the Supreme Bench in 1881.

[§] Mr. Justice Bradbury was removed on account of physical disability.

DIED.

APPOI	NTED.	LEF'	T THE BE	NCH.	DIED.
1875.	Otis Phillips Lord,		. 1882.	Resigned.	1884.
1877.	Augustus Lord Soule	е,	. 1881.	Resigned.	1887.
1881.	Walbridge Abner Fi	eld,		(Appointed C. J., 1890.)	1899.
1881.	Charles Devens,*		. 1891.		1891.
1881.	William Allen, .		. 1891.		1891.
1882.	Charles Allen, .		. 1898.	Resigned.	
1882.	Waldo Colburn, .		. 1885.		1885.
1882.	Oliver Wendell Holm	es,J	r.,	(Appointed C. J., 1899.)	
1885.	William Sewall Gard	lner,	. 1887.	Resigned.	1888,
1887.	Marcus Perrin Know	lton			
1890.	James Madison Mort	on.			
1891.	John Lathrop.				
1891.	James Madison Bark	er.			
1898.	John Wilkes Hamme	ond.			
1899.	William Caleb Lorin	g.			

Justices of the Court of Common Pleas, from its Establishment in 1820 until its Abolition in 1859.

CHIEF JUSTICES. LEFT THE BENCH.

APPOINTED.

ANA A CAL	TILL TILL	T THE DE	HOIII	DIED.
1820.	Artemus Ward,	. 1839.	Resigned.	1847.
1839.	John Mason Williams,	. 1844.	Resigned.	1868.
1844.	Daniel Wells,	. 1854.		1854.
1854.	Edward Mellen,	. 1859.		1875.
	JU	STICE	S.	
1820.	Solomon Strong,	. 1842.	Resigned.	1850.
1820.	John Mason Williams,		(Appointed C. J., 1839.)	1868.
1820.	Samuel Howe,	. 1828.		1828.
1828.	David Cummins, .	. 1844.	Resigned.	1855.
1839.	Charles Henry Warren,	. 1844.	Resigned.	1874.
1842.	Charles Allen,	. 1844.	Resigned.	1869.
1843.	Pliny Merrick,	. 1848.	Resigned.	1867.
1844.	Joshua Holyoke Ward,	. 1848.		1848.
1844.	Emory Washburn, .	. 1847.	Resigned.	1877.
1844.	Luther Stearns Cushing,	. 1848.	Resigned.	1856.
1845.	Harrison Gray Otis Colby	y, 1847.	Resigned.	1853.
1847.	Charles Edward Forbes,	. 1848.	App'd to Sup. Jud. C't.	1881.
1847.	Edward Mellen,		(Appointed C. J., 1854.)	1875.
1848.	George Tyler Bigelow,	. 1850.	App'd to Sup. Jud. C't.	1878.
1848.	Jonathan Cogswell Perkin	ns,1859.		1877.

^{*} See note (†) on page 244.

· APPOINTED.

1855. Albert Hobart Nelson. . 1857.

APPOINTED.		LEFT	THE BE	NCH.	DIED.
1848. Horati	o Byington,		. 1856.		1856.
1848. Thoma	as Hopkinson,		. 1849.	Resigned.	1856.
1849. Ebene.	zer Rockwood	Hoar	, 1855.	Resigned.	1895.
1850. Pliny	Merrick, .		. 1854.	App'd to Sup. Jud. C't.	1867.
1851. Henry	Walker Bisho	p,	. 1859.		1871.
1853. George	e Nixon Brigg	8,	. 1859.		1861.
1854. George	e Partridge Sa	nger,	. 1859.		1890.
1855. Henry	Morris, .		. 1859.		1888.
1856. David	Aiken, .		. 1859.		1895.

Justices of the Superior Court for the County of Suffolk, from its Establishment in 1855 until its Abolition in 1859.

CHIEF JUSTICES.

DIED. 1858.

1858.	Charles Allen,* 1859.	1869.
	JUSTICES.	
1855.	Josiah Gardner Abbott, . 1858.	1891.
1855.	Charles Phelps Huntington, 1859.	1868.
1855.	Stephen Gordon Nash, . 1859.	1894.
1858.	Marcus Morton,† 1859.	1891.

Justices of the Superior Court since its Establishment in 1859.

CHIEF JUSTICES.

APPOI	NTED.	LEF	T THE BE	NCH.	DIED.
1859.	Charles Allen, .		. 1867.	Resigned.	1869.
1867.	Seth Ames,		. 1869.	App'd to Sup. Jud. C't.	1881.
1869.	Lincoln Flagg Brigh	am,	. 1890.	Resigned.	1895.
1890.	Albert Mason.				
		JU	STICE	ES.	
1859.	Julius Rockwell,		. 1886.	Resigned.	1888.
1859.	Otis Phillips Lord,		. 1875.	App'd to Sup. Jud. C't.	1884.
1950	Marcus Morton, .			App'd to Sup. Jud. C't.	1891.

 $[\]ast$ In 1859 Charles Allen became the first Chief Justice of the Superior Court of the Commonwealth.

 $[\]dagger$ In 1859 Marcus Morton became one of the Associate Justices of the Superior Court of the Commonwealth.

▲PPO I			DIED.
1859.	Seth Ames,	(Appointed C. J., 1867.)	1881.
1859.	Ezra Wilkinson, 1882.		1882.
1859.	Henry Vose, 1869.		1869.
1859.	Thomas Russell, 1867.	Resigned.	1887.
1859.	John Phelps Putnam, 1882.		1882.
1859.	Lincoln Flagg Brigham, .	(Appointed C. J., 1869.)	1895.
1867.	Chester Isham Reed, 1871.	Resigned.	1873.
1867.	Charles Devens, Jr., 1873.	App'd to Sup. Jud. C't.	1891.
1869.	Henry Austin Scudder, . 1872.	Resigned.	1895.
1869.	Francis Henshaw Dewey, . 1881.	Resigned.	1887.
1869.	Robert Carter Pitman, . 1891.		1891.
1871.	John William Bacon, 1888.		1888.
1872.	William Allen, 1881.	App'd to Sup. Jud. C't.	1891.
1873.	Peleg Emory Aldrich, . 1895.		1895.
1875.	Waldo Colburn, 1882.	App'd to Sup. Jud. C't.	1885.
1875.	William Sewall Gardner, . 1885.	App'd to Sup. Jud. C't.	1888.
1881.	Hamilton Barclay Staples, . 1891.		1891.
1881.	Marcus Perrin Knowlton, . 1887.	App'd to Sup. Jud. C't.	
1882.	Caleb Blodgett, 1900.	Resigned.	1901.
1882.	Albert Mason,	(Appointed C. J., 1890.)	
1882	James Madison Barker, . 1891.	App'd to Sup. Jud. C't.	
1885.	Charles Perkins Thompson, 1894.		1894.
1886.	John Wilkes Hammond, . 1898.	App'd to Sup. Jud. C't.	
1886.	Justin Dewey, 1900.		1900.
1887.	Edgar Jay Sherman.		
1888.	John Lathrop, 1891.	App'd to Sup. Jud. C't.	
1888.	James Robert Dunbar, . 1898.	Resigned.	
1888.	Robert Roberts Bishop.		
1890.	Daniel Webster Bond.		
1891.	Henry King Braley.		
1891.	John Hopkins.		
1891.	Elisha Burr Maynard.		
1891.	Franklin Goodridge Fessenden.		
1892.	John William Corcoran, . 1893.	Resigned.	
1892.	James Bailey Richardson.		
1893.	Charles Sumner Lilley, . 1900.	Resigned.	
1894.	Henry Newton Sheldon.		
1895.	Francis Almon Gaskill.		
1896.	John Henry Hardy.		
1896.	Henry Wardwell, 1898.	Resigned.	
1898.	William Burnham Stevens.	-	
1898.	Charles Upham Bell.		
1898.	John Adams Aiken.		
1900.	Frederick Lawton.		
1900.	Edward Piter Pierce.		
4000	T 1 T3		

1900. Jabez Fox.

PRESENT ORGANIZATION OF THE COURTS.

[All judges in the Commonwealth are appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of the Council, and hold office during good behavior.]

Supreme Judicial Court.

Oliver Wendell Holmes of Boston, Chief Ju	stice,		Salary,	\$8,500
Marcus Perrin Knowlton of Springfield, Jus	tice,		"	8,000
James Madison Morton of Fall River,	66		"	8,000
John Lathrop of Boston,	66		**	8,000
James Madison Barker of Pittsfield,	4.6		44	8,000
John Wilkes Hammond of Cambridge,	44		66	8,000
William Caleb Loring of Boston,	64		66	8,000

Henry A. Clapp of Boston, Clerk. Henry W. Swift of Boston, Reporter of Decisions.

Superior Court.

Albert Mason of Brookline, Chief Justice,			Salary,	\$7,000
Edgar Jay Sherman of Lawrence, Just	stice,		66	6,500
Robert Roberts Bishop of Newton,	44		63	6,500
Danlel Webster Bond of Waltham,	66		46	6,500
Henry King Braley of Fall River,	44		6.6	6,500
John Hopkins of Millbury,	6.6		**	6,500
Elisha Burr Maynard of Springfield,	6.6		66	6,500
Franklin Goodridge Fessenden of Greenfield,	, "		64	6,500
James Bailey Richardson of Boston,	66		4.6	6,500
Henry Newton Sheldon of Boston,	66		6.6	6,500
Francis Almon Gaskill of Worcester,	66		44	6,500
John Henry Hardy of Arlington,	**		44	6,500
William Burnham Stevens of Stoneham,	**		6.6	6,500
Charles Upham Bell of Andover,	**		44	6,500
John Adams Aiken of Greenfield,	66		44	6,500
Frederick Lawton of Lowell,	4.6		46	6,500
Edward Piter Pierce of Fitchburg,	46		6.6	6,500
Jabez Fox of Cambridge,	66		64	6,500

Probate Courts and Courts of Insolvency.

There is a PROBATE COURT and a COURT OF INSOLVENCY in each county, distinct in their jurisdiction, powers, proceedings and practice, but having the same judge and register. These courts are held by the judge of probate and insolvency appointed for the county; but the judges of the several counties may, in case of necessity or convenience, interchange services, and perform each other's duties.

The names of the judges, registers and assistant registers may be found among the list of County Officers.

Court of Land Registration.

Judge, Leonard A. Jones of Boston. Associate Judge, Charles T. Davis of Worcester. Recorder, Clarence C. Smith of Everett.

Municipal Courts.

Boston.— Chief Justice, John F. Brown. Associate Justices, William J. Forsaith, Frederick D. Ely, John H. Burke, George Z. Adams, Henry S. Dewey, George L. Wentworth, and James P. Parmenter. Special Justices, John A. Bennett, William Sullivan. Clerks, Orsino G. Sleeper, civil business; Oscar F. Timlin, 1st assistant; Henry R. W. Browne, 2d assistant; Walter F. Frederick, 3d assistant; Warren C. Travis, 4th assistant. Frederic C. Ingalls, criminal business; Edward J. Lord, 1st assistant; Sidney P. Brown, 2d assistant; Edward H. Cutler, 3d assistant; John F. Barry, 4th assistant; Harvey B. Hudson, additional assistant.

BRIGHTON DISTRICT. — Justice, Henry Baldwin. Special Justices, James H. Rice, Charles A. Barnard. Clerk, Henry P. Kennedy.

CHARLESTOWN DISTRICT.—Justice, Henry W. Bragg. Special Justices, Simon Davis, William H. Preble. Clerk, William F. Harding.

DORCHESTER DISTRICT. — Justice, Joseph R. Churchill. Special Justices, George M. Reed, George A. Fisher. Clerk, N. Thomas Merritt, Jr.

EAST BOSTON DISTRICT. — Justice, William H. H. Emmons. Special Justices, Albert E. Clary, Joseph H. Barnes, Jr. Clerk, Willard S. Allen.

ROXBURY DISTRICT. — Justice, Solomon A. Bolster. Special Justices, A. Nathan Williams, Joseph N. Palmer. Clerk, Maurice J. O'Connell.

SOUTH BOSTON DISTRICT. - Justice, Joseph D. Fallon. Special Justices, Charles J. Noyes, Josiah S. Dean. Clerk, Frank J. Tuttle.

WEST ROXBURY DISTRICT. - Justice, James M. F. Howard. Special Justices, Henry Austin, J. Albert Brackett. Clerk, Edward W. Brewer.

BROOKLINE. — Justice, Charles II. Drew. Special Justices, Charles F. Perkins, Harvey H. Baker. Clerk, George W. Duncklee.

Police Courts.

Brockton (jurisdiction, Brockton, Bridgewater, East Bridgewater and West Bridgewater).—Justice, Warren A. Reed. Special Justices, Frederick M. Bixby, Herbert H. Chase. Clerk, Harry W. Flagg.

CHELSEA (jurisdiction, Chelsea and Revere).—Justice, Albert D. Bosson. Special Justices, Frank E. Fitz, Samuel R. Cutler. Clerk, Joseph M. Curley.

CHICOPEE. — Justice, Loranus E. Hitchcock. Special Justices, Luther White, James H. Loomis. Clerk, Cornelius J. Driscoll.

FITCHBURG.—Justice, Thomas F. Gallagher. Special Justices, Charles S. Hayden, Charles H. Blood. Clerk, Wylon G. Hayes.

HOLYOKE. — Justice, Edward W. Chapin. Special Justices, John Hildreth, Robert A. Allyn. Clerk, Thomas J. Tierney.

LAWRENCE. — Justice, Andrew C. Stone. Special Justices, Harry R. Dow, Wilbur E. Rowell. Clerk, William F. Moyes.

LEE. - Justice, Patricius H. Casey. Special Justices, Henry C. Phelps, Edward S. Rogers. Clerk, John T. Wilson.

LOWELL.—Justice, Samuel P. Hadley. Special Justices, John J. Pickman, Frederic A. Fisher. Clerk, James F. Savage. Assistant Clerk, Edward W. Trull.

LYNN.—Justice, John W. Berry. Special Justices, William C. Fabens, James H. Sisk. Clerk, Charles Leighton.

Marlborough. — Justice, James W. McDonald. Special Justice, William D. Burdett. Clerk, James F. J. Otterson.

NEWBURYPORT (jurisdiction, Newburyport and Newbury). — Justice, Thomas C. Simpson. Special Justices, Horace I. Bartlett, Nathaniel N. Jones. Clerk, Edward F. Bartlett.

NEWTON. — Justice, John C. Kennedy. Special Justices, Edward H. Mason, George A. Blaney. Clerk, Henry L. Whittlesey.

SOMERVILLE. — Justice, L. Roger Wentworth. Special Justices, John Haskell Butler, Michael F. Farrell. Clerk, Herbert A. Chapin.

Springfield (jurisdiction, Springfield, Agawam, Longmeadow, East Longmeadow, Hampden, West Springfield and Wilbraham).—Justice, Henry W. Bosworth. Special Justices, Alfred M. Copeland, Edwin F. Lyford. Clerk, George Leonard.

WILLIAMSTOWN. - Justice, Sanborn G. Tenney. Special Justice, Michael Monahan.

District Courts.

FIRST BARNSTABLE (court held at Barnstable; jurisdiction in Barnstable, Bourne, Yarmouth, Sandwich, Falmouth and Mashpee).—Justice, Frederick C. Swift. Special Justices, Smith K. Hopkins, Henry M. Hutchings.

SECOND BARNSTABLE (court held at Harwich and Provincetown; jurisdiction in Provincetown, Truro, Wellfleet, Eastham, Orleans, Brewster, Chatham, Harwich and Dennis). — Justice, Raymond A. Hopkins. Special Justices, Tully Crosby, George T. Wyer.

CENTRAL BERKSHIRE (court held at Pittsfield; jurisdiction in Pittsfield, Hancock, Lanesborough, Peru, Hinsdale, Dalton, Washington and Richmond). — Justice, Joseph Tucker. Special Justices, Hiram B. Wellington, Charles L. Hibbard. Clerk, Walter B. Smith.

FOURTH BERKSHIRE (court held at Adams; jurisdiction in Adams, Cheshire, Savoy and Windsor).—Justice, Nelson H. Bixby. Special Justices, Henry L. Harrington, William S. Morton. Clerk, Franklin H. B. Munson.

NORTHERN BERKSHIRE (court held at North Adams; jurisdiction in North Adams, Clarksburg and Florida). — Justice, Carlton T. Phelps. Special Justices, William II. Woodhead, Charles J. Parkhurst. Clerk, Edwin B. Cady.

SOUTHERN BERKSHIRE (court held at Great Barrington; jurisdiction in Sheffield, Great Barrington, Egremont, Alford, Mount Washington, Monterey and New Marlborough). — Justice, Walter B. Sanford. Special Justices, Frank H. Wright, Herbert C. Joyner. Clerk, John S. Stone.

FIRST BRISTOL (court held at Taunton and Attleborough; jurisdiction in Taunton, Rehoboth, Berkley, Dighton, Seekonk, Attleborough, Norton, Mansfield, Easton, Raynham and North Attleborough).—Justice, William H. Fox. Special Justices, Erastus M. Reed, Frederic S. Hall. Clerk, Albert Fuller.

SECOND BRISTOL (court held at Fall River; jurisdiction in Fall River, Freetown, Somerset and Swansea).—Justice, John J. McDonough. Special Justices, Benjamin K. Lovatt, Benjamin Cook, Jr. Clerk, Augustus B. Leonard.

THIRD BRISTOL (court held at New Bedford; jurisdiction in New Bedford, Fairhaven, Acushnet, Dartmouth and Westport).—Justice, Frank A. Milliken. Special Justices, Albert E. Clarke, James L. Gillingham. Clerk, Thomas J. Cobb.

[The second and third district courts of Bristol shall have concurrent jurisdiction in Westport and Freetown.]

DUKES COUNTY (court held at Cottage City, Edgartown and Tisbury; jurisdiction in Edgartown, Cottage City, Tisbury, West Tisbury, Chilmark, Gay Head and Gosnold).—Justice, Edmund G. Eldridge. Special Justice, Beriah T. Hillman.

EASTERN ESSEX (court held at Gloucester; jurisdiction in Gloucester, Rockport and Essex).—Justice, Summer D. York. Special Justices, Lincoln S. Simonds, William W. French. Clerk, Carleton H. Parsons.

FIRST ESSEX (court held at Salem; jurisdiction in Salem, Beverly, Danvers, Hamilton, Middleton, Topsfield and Wenham). — Justice, Daniel E. Safford. Special Justices, Nathaniel J. Holden, Charles W. Richardson. Clerk, William Perry.

SECOND ESSEX (court held at Amesbury; jurisdiction in Amesbury and Merrimac).—Justice, George W. Cate. Special Justices, M. Perry Sargent, William Smeath.

NORTHERN ESSEX (court held at Haverhill; jurisdiction in Haverhill, Groveland, Georgetown and Boxford).—Justice, Ira A. Abbott. Special Justices, Henry N. Merrill, Horace E. Bartlett. Clerk, Horace M. Sargent.

Franklin (court held at Greenfield, Turner's Falls and Shelburne Falls; jurisdiction in Ashfield, Bernardston, Buckland, Charlemont, Colrain, Conway, Deerfield, Gill, Greenfield, Hawley, Heath, Leverett, Leyden, Monroe, Montague, Northfield, Rowe, Shelburne, Shutesbury, Sunderland and Whately).—Justice, Edward E. Lyman. Special Justices, Samuel D. Conant, Henry J. Field. Clerk, William S. Allen.

EASTERN FRANKLIN (court held at Orange; jurisdiction in Orange, Erving, Warwick, Wendell and New Salem).—Justice, Elisha S. Hall. Special Justices, Willard Putnam, Henry S. Ames. Clerk, Israel Newton.

EASTERN HAMPDEN (court held at Palmer; jurisdiction in Palmer, Brimfield, Monson, Holland and Wales). — Justice, William W. Leach. Special Justices, James B. Shaw, Herbert A. McFarland. Clerk, Arthur E. Fitch.

WESTERN HAMPDEN (court held at Westfield and Chester; jurisdiction in Westfield, Chester, Granville, Southwick, Russell, Blandford, Tolland and Montgomery).—Justice, Homer B. Stevens. Special Justices, Willis S. Kellogg, Alfred F. Lilley. Clerk, Harry B. Putnam.

Hampshire (court held at Northampton, Amherst, Cummington, Belchertown, Huntington, Ware and Easthampton; jurisdiction in the county of Hampshire).—Justice, William P. Strickland. Special Justices, Alburn J. Fargo, John W. Mason. Clérk, Haynes H. Chilson.

CENTRAL MIDDLESEX (court held at Concord; jurisdiction in Acton, Bedford, Carlisle, Concord, Lincoln, Maynard, Stow and Lexington).—

Justice, John S. Keyes. Special Justices, Prescott Keyes, Elihu G. Loomis.

FIRST EASTERN MIDDLESEX (court held at Malden; jurisdiction in North Reading, Wakefield, Melrose, Malden, Everett and Medford).—
Justice, John W. Pettengill. Special Justices, Charles M. Bruce, John F. Libby. Clerk, William N. Tyler.

SECOND EASTERN MIDDLESEX (court held at Waltham; jurisdiction in Watertown, Weston and Waltham).—Justice, Enos T. Luce. Special Justices, Samuel P. Abbott, Edward Irving Smith. Clerk, Dudley Roberts.

THIRD EASTERN MIDDLESEX (court held at Cambridge; jurisdiction in Cambridge, Arlington and Belmont).— Justice, Charles Almy. Special Justices, Samuel W. McDaniell, Augustine J. Daly. Clerk, Emerson W. Law.

FOURTH EASTERN MIDDLESEX (court held at Woburn; jurisdiction in Woburn, Winchester, Burlington, Wilmington, Stoneham and Reading).—Justice, Edward F. Johnson. Special Justices, George S. Littlefield, John G. Maguire. Clerk, Arthur E. Gage.

FIRST NORTHERN MIDDLESEX (court held at Ayer; jurisdiction in Ayer, Groton, Pepperell, Townsend, Ashby, Shirley, Westford, Littleton and Boxborough).— Justice, Levi Wallace. Special Justices, Warren H. Atwood, Charles F. Worcester. Clerk, George W. Sanderson.

FIRST SOUTHERN MIDDLESEX (court held at Framingham; jurisdiction in Ashland, Framingham, Holliston, Sherborn, Sudbury and Wayland).—Justice, Willis A. Kingsbury. Special Justices, Lucius H. Wakefield, Walter Adams. Clerk, Joseph H. Ladd.

EAST NORFOLK (court held at Quincy; jurisdiction in Randolph, Braintree, Cohasset, Weymouth, Quincy, Holbrook and Milton).—
Justice, Albert E. Avery. Special Justices, Louis A. Cook, E. Granville Pratt. Clerk, John P. S. Churchill.

NORTHERN NORFOLK (court held at Dedham; jurisdiction in Dedham, Hyde Park, Dover, Norwood, Westwood, Medfield, Needham and Wellesley). — Justice, Emery Grover. Special Justices, Fred J. Hutchinson, Harrison A. Plympton. Clerk, Edward S. Fellows.

SOUTHERN NORFOLK (court held at Stoughton and Canton; jurisdiction in Stoughton, Canton, Avon and Sharon). — Justice, Oscar A. Marden. Special Justices, Bushrod Morse, Henry F. Buswell. Clerk, Michael F. Ward.

WESTERN NORFOLK (court held at Franklin and Walpole; jurisdiction in Bellingham, Foxborough, Franklin, Medway, Millis, Norfolk, Walpole and Wrentham).—Justice, Orestes T. Doe. Special Justices, Henry E. Ruggles, Elbridge J. Whitaker. Clerk, Harry L. Howard.

SECOND PLYMOUTH (court held at Abington and Hingham; jurisdiction in Abington, Whitman, Rockland, Hingham, Hull, Hanover, Scituate, Norwell and Hauson).—Justice, George W. Kelley. Special Justices, Charles H. Edson, Edward B. Pratt. Clerk, Herbert L. Pratt.

THIRD PLYMOUTH (court held at Plymouth; jurisdiction in Plymouth, Kingston, Plympton, Pembroke, Duxbury and Marshfield).—Justice, Charles G. Davis. Special Justices, Daniel E. Damon, Charles Stevenson Davis. Clerk, Benjamin A. Hathaway.

FOURTH PLYMOUTH (court held at Middleborough and Wareham; jurisdiction in Middleborough, Wareham, Lakeville, Marion, Mattapoisett and Rochester).—Justice, Nathan Washburn. Special Justices, Dennis D. Sullivan, Bert J. Allan. Clerk, William L. Chipman.

CENTRAL WORCESTER (court held at Worcester; jurisdiction in Worcester, Millbury, Sutton, Auburn, Leicester, Paxton, West Boylston, Holden and Shrewsbury). — Justice, Samuel Utley. Special Justices, George M. Woodward, Hollis W. Cobb. Clerk, Edward T. Raymond.

FIRST EASTERN WORCESTER (court held at Westborough and Grafton; jurisdiction in Southborough, Westborough and Grafton).—Justice, William E. Fowler. Special Justices, Luther K. Leland, John W. Slattery.

SECOND EASTERN WORCESTER (court held at Clinton; jurisdiction in Clinton, Berlin, Bolton, Boylston, Harvard, Lancaster, Northborough and Sterling).—Justice, Christopher C. Stone. Special Justices, Jonathan Smith, Edmond A. Evans. Clerk, Frank E. Howard.

FIRST NORTHERN WORCESTEP. (court held at Athol and Gardner; jurisdiction in Athol, Petersham, Phillipston, Royalston, Templeton, Gardner and Hubbardston).—Justice, Charles Field. Special Justices, James A. Stiles, Sidney P. Smith. Clerk, Charles B. Boyce.

FIRST SOUTHERN WORCESTER (court held at Southbridge and Webster; jurisdiction in Sturbridge, Southbridge, Charlton, Dudley, Oxford and Webster). — Justice, Henry J. Clark. Special Justices, Victor W. Lamoureux, John M. Cochran. Clerk, Frederick H. Berger.

SECOND SOUTHERN WORCESTER (court held at Blackstone and Uxbridge; jurisdiction in Blackstone, Uxbridge, Douglas and Northbridge).—Justice, Arthur A. Putnam. Special Justices, Francis N. Thayer, William J. Taft.

THIRD SOUTHERN WORCESTER (court held at Milford; jurisdiction in Milford, Mendon, Upton and Hopedale).—Justice, Charles A. Dewey. Special Justice, Lowell E. Fales. Clerk, William G. Pond.

District Attorneys.

[Elected by the several Districts for the term of three years, ending January, 1902.]

NORTHERN DISTRICT. - Middlesex County, George A. Sanderson, Ayer.

EASTERN DISTRICT.—Essex County, W. Scott Peters, Haverhill. Assistant, Roland H. Sherman, Lawrence.

SOUTHERN DISTRICT. — Barnstable, Bristol, Dukes and Nantucket Counties, Lemuel LeBaron Holmes, New Bedford. Assistant, James M. Swift.

SOUTHEASTERN DISTRICT. - Norfolk and Plymouth Counties, Asa P. French, Randolph. Assistant, Robert H. O. Shulz, Dedham.

MIDDLE DISTRICT. - Worcester County, Rockwood Hoar, Worcester.

Assistant, George S. Taft, Uxbridge.

WESTERN DISTRICT. - Hampden and Berkshire Counties, John F. Noxon, Pittsfield.

NORTHWESTERN DISTRICT. - Hampshire and Franklin Counties, Dana Malone, Greenfield.

SUFFOLK DISTRICT. — Oliver Stevens, Boston. First Assistant, Michael J. Sughrue. Second Assistant, John D. McLaughlin. Clerk, Frederic H. Chase.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

- Sheriffs, Registers of Deeds and County Treasurers are elected by the people of the several counties for terms of three years. The current triennial term of Sheriffs expires on the first Wednesday of January, 1905, and that of the Registers of Deeds and County Treasurers in January, 1904.
- Registers of Probate and Insolvency and Clerks of Courts are elected for terms of five years. The current term of the former expires on the first Wednesday in January, 1904; that of the latter in 1907.
- County Commissioners are elected, one annually for each county, except Suffolk and Nantucket, severally for terms of three years; and, except in the counties of Suffolk and Nantucket, two Associate Commissioners are elected every third year, the current term ending in January, 1905.
- By the provisions of section 14 of chapter 20 of the Revised Laws, County Commissioners and Associate Commissioners receive annually from their respective counties a gross amount in full payment for all their services, from which amount the Associate Commissioners receive not less than five dollars for each day of actual service, to an amount not exceeding one hundred and fifty dollars, and ten cents a mile travel each way. The remainder of the gross amount is divided among the County Commissioners in proportion to the services rendered by each. They are also paid the actual expenses incurred by each for transportation.
- By the provisions of section 52 of chapter 165 of the Revised Laws, the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Council, is required to appoint in each county a certain number of Masters in Chancery, who shall hold office for the term of five years, unless sooner removed by the Governor and Council.
- By the provisions of section 6 of chapter 161 of the Revised Laws, the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Council, is required to designate and commission a certain number of Justices of the Peace as Trial Justices in the several counties. By the provisions of section 7 of chapter 161 of the Revised Laws, each Trial Justice holds office for the term of three years from the time of his designation, unless, during that period, he ceases to hold a commission as Justice of the Peace, or unless such designation and commission as Trial Justice are revoked.

BARNSTABLE COUNTY-Incorporated 1685.

China Maran Dayaremany B
Shire Town, Barnstable. Salary.
Judge of Probate and Insolvency-Hiram P. Harriman, Well-
fleet,
Barnstable,
Sheriff — Ulysses A. Hull, Barnstable,
Clerk of Courts — Smith K. Hopkins, Barnstable, 1,250 County Treasurer — Edward L. Chase (Hyannis), Barnstable, 500
Register of Deeds — Andrew F. Sherman, Barnstable, 1,500
County Commissioners (compensation, \$1,300) —
George I. Briggs, Bourne, Term expires January, 1903
Henry H. Fisk, Dennis, " " 1904
Alexander F. Newcomb, Orleans, . " " 1905
Associate Commissioners —
Henry H. Baker, Jr., Barnstable, . Term expires January, 1905
John E. Perry, Chatham, " " 1905
BERKSHIRE COUNTY - Incorporated 1761.
Shire Town, PITTSFIELD.
Salary.
Judge of Probate and Insolvency—Edward T. Slocum, Pitts-
Salary. Judge of Probate and Insolvency—Edward T. Slocum, Pitts- field,
Salary. Judge of Probate and Insolvency—Edward T. Slocum, Pitts field,
Salary. Judge of Probate and Insolvency—Edward T. Slocum, Pitls field,
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Salary. Judge of Probate and Insolvency — Edward T. Slocum, Pitts field,
Salary. Judge of Probate and Insolvency — Edward T. Slocum, Pitts- field,

BRISTOL COUNTY-Incorporated 1685.

Shire Towns, Taunton and New Bedford.
Salary
Judge of Probate and Insolvency - Wm. E. Fuller, Taunton, . \$3,00
Register of Probate and Insolvency - Arthur M. Alger, Taunton, 2,50
Assistant Register - Mabel W. Smith, Taunton, 1,00
Sheriff Edwin H. Evans, Taunton, . \$3,000 and travelling expenses
Clerk of Courts - Simeon Borden, Fall River, \$4,000
Assistant Clerk - Edwin L. Barney, New Bedford, 1,80
County Treasurer George F. Pratt, Taunton, 2,000
Registers of Deeds—
Northern District, Joseph E. Wilbar, Taunton, 2,000
Southern District, George B. Richmond, New Bedford, . 2,200
Assistant Register for Southern District, Marietta Hammond,
New Bedford, 600
Fall River District, Charles E. Mills, Fall River, 2,200
County Commissioners (compensation, \$3,300) —
William R. Black, Taunton, Term expires January, 1903
John I. Bryant, Fairhaven, " " 190.
George T. Durfee, Fall River, " " " 1908
Associate Commissioners —
James E. Allen, Dartmouth, Term expires January, 1903
John Thacher, Attleborough, " " 1908
Master in Chancery —
James M. Swift, Fall River, Term expires April, 1906
DUKES COUNTY Incorporated 1695.
DOKES COUNTY - Incorporated 1095.
Shire Town, EDGARTOWN.
Judge of Probate and Insolvency — Charles G. M. Dunham, Ed-
gartown,
town,
vice of process.
(I.) m
Register of Deeds — Littleton C. Wimpenney, Edgartown, 600 County Commissioners (compensation, \$400) —
Russell Hancock, Chilmark, Term expires January, 1903
William D. Harding Cottage City
William D. Harding, Cottage City, . " " 1904 Gilbert L. Smith, Tisbury, " " 1905

DUKES COUNTY - Concluded.

DUKES COUNTY	r — (Conclud	ed.		
Associate Commissioners — William J. Rotch, West Tisbury, Edwin D. Vanderhoop, Gay Head,		. Term	expire	Januar	y, 1905 1905
ESSEX COUNTY -	[nco	rporate	1 1643.		
Shire Towns, SALEM, LAWRE	NCE	AND N	EWBUR	YPORT.	
			-		Salary.
Judge of Probate and Insolvency — Ro					\$4,500
Register of Probate and Insolvency		remian	1. Ma	noney,	3,300
Salem,	• olom				2,300
Sheriff — Samuel A. Johnson, Salem,					2,500
Clerk of Courts - Edward B. George,					5,200
First Assistant Clerk - Ezra L. Wood					2,600
Second Assistant Clerk - James P. Ha	,				2,000
County Treasurer - E. Kendall Jenkin					2,200
Registers of Deeds —					
Northern District, Aretas R. Sanbo	orn,	Lawren	ce, .		1,700
Southern District, Willard J. Hale	, Ne	wburyp	ort,		4,000
Assistant Register for Southern Di	istric	t, Robe	rt W. C	sgood,	
Salem,			•		1,700
County Commissioners (compensation				_	
Elbridge E. Sawyer, Beverly, .		Term	expire	Januar	
Edward B. Bishop, Haverhill, .	•			11	1904
Wallace Bates, Lynn,	•			••	1905
Associate Commissioners — Sherman Nelson, Georgetown,		Tour	ownien	s Januar	1005
William M. Stewart, Lawrence,	•	Telm	expire	11 11	1905
Masters in Chancery —	٠				1500
William H. Trudel, Haverhill,		Term	expires	Januar	v. 1903
Charles W. Richardson, Salem,		6.0	44	May,	1905
Benjamin C. Ames, Lawrence, .		11	44	Januar	y, 1906
Nathaniel J. Holden, Salem, .		9.6	6.5	April,	1906
Arthur G. Wadleigh, Lynn, .		8.6	6.6	July,	1906
Trial Justices - J. Scott Todd, Rowle					
George H. Poor, Andover; Amo					
Sayward, Ipswich; Joseph T. Wil					
Marblehead; George M. Amerige	, Sai	igus; N	ewton	P. Frye	North
Andover.					

FRANKLIN COUNTY - Incorporated 1811.

Shire Town, GREENFIELD.	
Judge of Probate and Insolvency - Francis M. Thompson,	alary
	\$1,500
Register of Probate and Insolvency - Francis N. Thompson,	4-,
Greenfield,	1,500
Sheriff — Isaac Chenery, Montague,	800
Clerk of Courts — Clifton L. Field, Greenfield,	1,800
County Treasurer — Eugene A. Newcomb, Greenfield,	600
Register of Deeds — John D. Bouker, Greenfield,	1,500
County Commissioners (compensation, \$1,600) —	1,000
Charles Howes, Ashfield, Term expires January	z. 1903
Osgood L. Leach, Northfield, " " "	1904
The Property of the control of the c	1905
Associate Commissioners —	1300
Beriah W. Fay, New Salem, Term expires January	7 1005
Amos Stewart, Colrain,	1905
rimos stewart, Corrain,	1000
HAMPDEN COUNTY — Incorporated 1812.	
Shire Town, Springfield.	
, s	alary.
	\$3,000
Register of Probate and Insolvency - Samuel B. Spooner,	
Springfield,	2,500
Assistant Register — Estelle M. Lapham, Springfield,	1,000
Sheriff - Embury P. Clark, Springfield,	1,500
Clerk of Courts - Robert O. Morris, Springfield,	3,500
Assistant Clerk Charles M. Calhoun, Springfield,	1,300
County Treasurer - M. Wells Bridge, Springfield,	1,800
Register of Deeds - James R. Wells, Springfield,	2,800
County Commissioners (compensation, \$2,500) —	
William H. Brainerd, Palmer, Term expires January	, 1903
Joel H. Hendrick, Springfield, " " "	1904
James M. Sickman, Holyoke, " " "	1905
Associate Commissioners —	
Harrison Loomis, West Springfield, Term expires January	, 1905
William H. Porter, Agawam, " " "	1905
Masters in Chancery —	
Allen Webster, Springfield, Term expires December	, 1904
Henry W. Bosworth, Springfield, . " May,	1905

HAMPSHIRE COUNTY - Incorporated 1662.

Shire Town, NORTHAMPTON.	
Judge of Probate and Insolvency — William G. Bassett, North-	Balary.
	\$1,600
ampton,	φ1,000
Northampton,	1,600
Sheriff - Jairus E. Clark, Northampton,	1,000
Clerk of Courts - William H. Clapp, Northampton,	2,300
County Treasurer - Edwin H. Banister, Northampton,	800
Register of Deeds - Robert W. Lyman, Northampton,	1,600
County Commissioners (compensation, \$1,600) —	-,
Oriville W. Prouty, Hadley, Term expires January	y, 1903
Charles K. Brewster, Worthington, . " " "	1904
Eugene E. Davis, Northampton, . " " "	1905
Associate Commissioners—	
Lyman D. Potter, Enfield, Term expires January	y,1905
Jairus F. Burt, Easthampton, " " "	1905
MIDDLESEX COUNTY — Incorporated 1643. Shire Towns, CAMBRIDGE (EAST) AND LOWELL.	
8	
Judges of Probate and Insolvency —	alary.
	\$4,500
George F. Lawton, Lowell,	
Register of Probate and Insolvency - Samuel H. Folsom, Win-	\$4,500 4,500
Register of Probate and Insolvency — Samuel H. Folsom, Winchester,	\$4,500 4,500 4,000
Register of Probate and Insolvency — Samuel H. Folsom, Winchester,	\$4,500 4,500 4,000 2,500
Register of Probate and Insolvency — Samuel H. Folsom, Winchester,	\$4,500 4,500 4,000 2,500 3,000
Register of Probate and Insolvency — Samuel H. Folsom, Winchester,	\$4,500 4,500 4,000 2,500 3,000 6,000
Register of Probate and Insolvency — Samuel H. Folsom, Winchester,	\$4,500 4,500 4,000 2,500 3,000 6,000 2,600
Register of Probate and Insolvency — Samuel H. Folsom, Winchester,	\$4,500 4,500 4,000 2,500 3,000 6,000 2,600 2,500
Register of Probate and Insolvency — Samuel H. Folsom, Winchester,	\$4,500 4,500 4,000 2,500 3,000 6,000 2,600 2,500 2,000
Register of Probate and Insolvency — Samuel H. Folsom, Winchester,	\$4,500 4,500 4,000 2,500 3,000 6,000 2,600 2,500
Register of Probate and Insolvency — Samuel H. Folsom, Winchester,	\$4,500 4,500 4,000 2,500 3,000 6,000 2,600 2,500 2,000 3,500
Register of Probate and Insolvency — Samuel H. Folsom, Winchester,	\$4,500 4,500 4,000 2,500 3,000 6,000 2,600 2,500 2,000 3,500 2,000
Register of Probate and Insolvency — Samuel H. Folsom, Winchester, Assistant Register — William E. Rogers, Wakefield, Sheriff — John R. Fairbairn, Cambridge, Clerk of Courts — Theodore C. Hurd, Winchester, First Assistant Clerk — John L. Ambrose, Somerville, Second Assistant Clerk — William C. Dillingham, Malden, Third Assistant Clerk — Ralph N. Smith, Cambridge, County Treasurer — Joseph O. Hayden, Somerville, Registers of Deeds — Northern District, Joseph P. Thompson, Lowell,	\$4,500 4,500 4,000 2,500 3,000 6,000 2,600 2,500 2,000 3,500

MIDDLESEX COUNTY - Concluded.

County Commissioners * (compensation,	, \$5	,400) -	-		
Levi S. Gould, Melrose,		Term	expir	es January,	1903
Samuel O. Upham, Waltham, .		44	- 66	66	1904
Francis Bigelow, Natick,		64	66	66	1905
Associate Commissioners —					
Edward E. Thompson, Woburn,		Term	expir	es January,	1905
David T. Strange, Stoneham, .		6.6	6.6	66	1905
Masters in Chancery -					
Gilbert A. A. Pevey, Cambridge,	. Т	'erm e	xpires	April,	1902
Charles H. Conant, Lowell, .		66	66	April,	1902
William V. Thompson, Cambridge,		44	66	September,	1902
Peter A. Fay, Lowell,		66	66	February,	1903
Lloyd Makepeace, Malden, .		6.6	66	June,	1903
Samuel W. Forrest, Melrose, .		6.6	66	September,	1903
George M. Weed, Newton, .		6.6	66	July,	1905
George A. Perkins, Cambridge,		66	66	July,	1905
Trial Justices - Henry C. Mulligan, 1	Vati	ick; G	eorge	L. Hemen	way,
Hopkinton; Henry Boynton, Hudso	n.				

NANTUCKET COUNTY - Incorporated 1695.

Shire Town, NANTUCKET.	S	alary.
Judge of Probate and Insolvency - Thaddeus C. Defriez, .		\$900
Register of Probate and Insolvency - Henry Riddell,		900
Sheriff - Josiah F. Barrett, . \$300 and fees for service of	pro	ocess.
Clerk of Courts - Josiah F. Murphey,		\$600
County Treasurer - Henry Paddock,		200
Register of Deeds - Lauriston Bunker,		600
Trial Justices - George E. Mooers, Allen Coffin.		

NOTE. — The Selectmen of the town of Nantucket have the powers and perform the duties of County Commissioners. The Treasurer of the town is also County Treasurer.

NORFOLK COUNTY - Incorporated 1793.

Shire Town, DEDHAM.	Salary.
Judge of Probate and Insolvency - James H. Flint, Weymouth,	\$2,800
Register of Probate and Insolvency - Jonathan Cobb, Dedham,	2,300
Assistant Register - John D. Cobb, Dedham,	1,200

^{*} The jurisdiction of the County Commissioners of Middlesex extends over Revere and Winthrop, in the County of Suffolk.

NORFOLK COUNTY - Concluded. Salary.
Sheriff - Samuel H. Capen, Dedham, \$1,800
Clerk of Courts - Louis A. Cook, Weymouth, 2,800
Assistant Clerk - Robert B. Worthington, Dedham, 1,800
County Treasurer - Charles H. Smith, Dedham, 2,000
Register of Deeds - John H. Burdakin, Dedham, 3,000
Assistant Register - Edward L. Burdakin, Dedham, 1,600
County Commissioners (compensation, \$4,200) —
Marshall P. Wright, Quincy, Term expires January, 1903
James Hewins, Medfield, " " 1904
Thomas Blanchard, Stoughton, . " " 1905
Associate Commissioners —
Lewis R. Whitaker, Franklin, Term expires January, 1905
John Everett, Canton, " " 1905
Masters in Chancery —
Henry B. Terry, Hyde Park, Term expires July, 1902
William T. Way, Stoughton, " June, 1903
Chester A. Reed, Dedham, " " October, 1903
James E. Tirrell, Quincy, " December, 1903
Norman F. Hasseltine, Brookline, . " March, 1905
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
PLYMOUTH COUNTY - Incorporated 1685,
Shire Town, PLYMOUTH. Salary.
Judge of Probate and Insolvency - Benjamin W. Harris, East
Bridgewater, \$2,000 . Register of Probate and Insolvency — John C. Sullivan, Middle-
borough,
Sheriff - Henry S. Porter, Plymouth, 900
Clerk of Courts - Edward E. Hobart, Plymouth, 2,000
County Treasurer - Albert Davis, Whitman, 1,200
Register of Deeds - John B. Washburn, Plymouth, 2,600
County Commissioners (compensation, \$2,700) -
William Rankin, Brockton, Term expires January, 1903
Jedediah Dwelley, Hanover, " " 1904
Walter H. Faunce, Kingston, " " 1905
Associate Commissioners —
Ezekiel R. Studley, Rockland, Term expires January, 1905
Albert T. Sprague, Marshfield, " " 1905
Masters in Chancery —

SUFFOLK COUNTY - Incorporated 1643.	~ .
Judges of Probate and Insolvency -	Salary.
John W. McKim, Boston,	. \$5,000
Robert Grant, Boston,	. 5,000
Register of Probate and Insolvency - Elijah George, Boston,	. 5,000
Assistant Register - Eugene Tappan, Sharon,	. 2,800
Sheriff - Fred H. Seavey, Winthrop,	. 3,000
Clerk of Supreme Judicial Court - John Noble, Boston, .	. 6,500
Assistant Clerk of Supreme Judicial Court - Clarence H	
Cooper, Boston,	. 2,500
Clerk of Superior Court (Civil Session) - Joseph A. Willard	,
Boston,	. 6,500
Clerk of Superior Court (Criminal Session) - John P. Manning	,
Boston,	. 6,000
County Treasurer - George U. Crocker, Boston.*	
County Auditor - James H. Dodge, Boston.	
Register of Deeds — Thomas F. Temple, Boston,	. 5,500
Assistant Register - Charles W. Kimball, Boston,	. 3,000
Masters in Chancery —	
John H. Sherburne, Boston, Term expires January	, 1902
Andrew Fiske, Boston, " " May,	1902
David Benshimol, Boston, " " Decemb	er, 1902
Henry S. Dewey, Boston, " " Februar	
James F. Farley, Boston, " " Februar	ry, 1903
Charles E. Grinnell, Boston, " June,	1903
Butler R. Wilson, Boston, " " April,	1904
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ber, 1904
Edward J. Jones, Boston, " " May,	1905
James Ballantyne, Boston, " " January	
Henry H. Smith, Hyde Park, " May,	1906

Note.—In the city of Boston the Board of Aldermen have all the powers and duties of County Commissioners, except in relation to trials by jury and recovery of damages in such trials, in cases of laying out and discontinuing highways, and appeals from assessors for abatement of taxes.

^{*} Treasurer of the city of Boston. † Auditor of the city of Boston,

WORCESTER COUNTY - Incorporated 1731.

Shire Towns, Worcester and Fitchburg.
Judge of Probate and Insolvency — William T. Forbes, West-
borough,
Register of Probate and Insolvency - George H. Harlow, Worces-
ter,
Assistant Register — Frederick H. Chamberlain, Worcester, . 2,300
Sheriff — Robert H. Chamberlain, Worcester, 2,500
Clerk of Courts — Theodore S. Johnson, Worcester, 5,200
Assistant Clerk - William T. Harlow, Worcester, 2,300
County Treasurer - Edward A. Brown, Worcester, 2,200
Registers of Deeds—
Worcester District, Daniel Kent, Worcester, 3,000
Assistant Register - Lottie M. Hubbard, Worcester, . 1,200
Northern District, David H. Merriam, Fitchburg, 1,800
County Commissioners (compensation, \$4,950) —
Henry G. Taft, Uxbridge, Term expires January, 1903 Emerson Stone, Spencer,
American Stone, Spencer,
Associate Commissioners—
TT 336 T T 1 1 1 1 T 1 1 T 1 T 1 T 1 T 1 T 1
S. Augustus Howe, Gardner,
Masters in Chancery—
Charles T. Tatman, Worcester, Term expires April, 1903
George M. Woodward, Worcester, . " " February, 1905
Charles R. Johnson, Worcester, . " December, 1905
Charles S. Webster, Worcester, . " June, 1906
Trial Justices - Chauncey W. Carter, Leominster; Sylvander Both-
well, North Brookfield; Albert W. Curtis, Spencer; John W. Tyler,
Warren; Matthew Walker, Barre; Henry E. Cottle, Brookfield;
Frank B. Spalter, Winchendon; Denis Healey, Hardwick; Harry
C. Bascom, Leominster.
,

BOARD OF AGRICULTURE, 1902.

[Established by Act of April 21, 1852. See also chapter 20, P. S.]

Members ex officio.

His Excellency W. Murray Crane.
His Honor John L. Bates.
Hon. Wm. M. Olin, Secretary of the Commonwealth.

H. H. Goodell, M.A., LL.D., President Mass. Agricultural College. C. A. Goessmann, Ph.D., LL.D., Chemist of the Board.

James W. Stockwell, Secretary of the Board.

town (P. O. Blackinton), .

Members appointed by the Governor and Council.

William R. Sessions of Springfield,		Term e	xpire	s 1905
Francis H. Appleton of Peabody, .		66	66	1903
Warren C. Jewett of Worcester, .		66	66	1904

Members chosen by the Incorporated	Societies		
Amesbury and Salisbury, F. W. Sargent of Ames-			
bury,	Term	expires	1903
Barnstable County, John Bursley of West Barn-			
stable,	. "	44	1904
Berkshire, Wesley B. Barton of Dalton,	- 44	6.6	1903
Blackstone Valley, Samuel B. Taft of Uxbridge,	. "	6.6	1903
Deerfield Valley, Arthur A. Smith of Colrain,	. "	66	1905
Eastern Hampden, O. E. Bradway of Monson,	. "	66	1903
Essex, John M. Danforth of Lynnfield Centre,	. "	66	1905
Franklin County, John A. Anderson of Shelburne,	44	66	1904
Hampshire, A. M. Lyman of Montague,	. "	66	1904
Hampshire, Franklin and Hampden, Henry C.			
Comins of Northampton,	66	66	1903
Highland, C. K. Brewster of Worthington,	66	66	1905
Hillside, J. W. Gurney of Cummington,	. "	66	1905
Hingham, Edmund Hersey of Hingham,	66	66	1903
Hoosac Valley, Geo. P. Carpenter of Williams-			

1903

	C202		
Housatonic, Chas. B. Benedict of Egrement,	Term e	xpires	1903
Manufacturers' Agricultural, Oscar S. Thayer of			
Attleborough,	14	6.6	1903
Marshfield, Henry A. Turner of Norwell,	66	6.6	1903
Martha's Vineyard, Johnson Whiting of West			
Tisbury,	66	66	1904
Massachusetts Horticultural, William H. Spooner			
of Jamaica Plain,	6.6	6.6	1903
Massachusetts Society for Promoting Agriculture,			
N. I. Bowditch of Framingham,	6.6	6.6	1903
Middlesex North, Joshua Clark of Tewksbury			
(P. O. Lowell),	6.6	6.6	1904
Middlesex South, Isaac Damon of Wayland (P.O.			
Cochituate),	6.6	66	1905
Nantucket, J. S. Appleton of Nantucket,	6.6	66	1903
Oxford, W. M. Wellington of Oxford,	6.6	6.6	1904
Plymouth County, Augustus Pratt of North			
Middleborough,	6.6	66	1905
Spencer, John G. Avery of Spencer,	6.6	6.6	1904
Union, Enos W. Boise of Blandford,	6.6	6.6	1904
Weymouth, Q. L. Reed of South Weymouth, .	6.6	66	1903
Worcester, J. Lewis Ellsworth of Worcester, .	66	6.6	1905
Worcester East, W. A. Kilbourn of South Lan-			
caster,	66	66	1903
Worcester North-west, T. H. Goodspeed of Athol			2000
Centre,	66	6.6	1904
Worcester South, C. D. Richardson of West			
Brookfield,	66	6.6	1904
Worcester County West, J. Harding Allen of Barre,	6.6	6.6	1905
President, His Excellency W. Murray Crane, ex of	Haio		1000
First Vice-President, William R. Sessions, Spring			
Second Vice-President, Augustus Pratt, North Mic		mah	
, ,	adienore	agn.	
Secretary, James W. Stockwell, Sutton.			

Specialists.

Chemist, Dr. C. A. Goessmann, Amherst.
Entomologist, Prof. C. H. Fernald, Amherst.
Botanist and Pomologist, Prof. S. T. Maynard, Amherst.
Veterinarian, Prof. James B. Paige, Amherst.
Engineer, Wm. Wheeler, Concord.
Ornithologist, E. H. Forbush, Wareham.
Librarian and First Clerk, F. H. Fowler.
Room 136, State House.

STATE DAIRY BUREAU.

[Established by Acts of 1891, chapter 412.]

Chairman, J. Lewis Ellsworth, Worcester, 1903; F. W. Sargent, Amesbury, 1904; C. D. Richardson, West Brookfield, 1905. Executive Officer, James W. Stockwell, Secretary State Board of Agriculture. General Agent, Geo. M. Whitaker, Boston.

BOARD OF EDUCATION.

[Established by Act of April 20, 1837.]

The Board consists of the Governor and Lieutenant-Governor, ex officio, and eight members, one to be appointed annually by the Governor and Council.

Alice Freeman Palmer, Cambridg	e,		Term e	xpire	s 1902
Joel D. Miller, Leominster, .			66	66	1903
Kate Gannett Wells, Boston, .			**	66	1904
Clinton Q. Richmond, North Ada	ms,		66	66	1905
George I. Aldrich, Newton, .			66	66	1906
Elmer H. Capen, Somerville, .			66	66	1907
Elijah B. Stoddard, Worcester,			66	66	1908
George H. Conley, Boston, .			66	**	1909

Frank A. Hill, Secretary.

C. B. Tillinghast, Clerk and Treasurer.

John T. Prince, G. T. Fletcher, James W. MacDonald and Henry T. Bailey, Agents.

Office, Room 339, State House.

STATE NORMAL SCHOOLS.

The general management of the several State Normal Schools is vested by statute in the Board of Education, and all moneys appropriated for their maintenance are expended under its direction.

STATE NORMAL SCHOOL AT FRAMINGHAM.

[Opened at Lexington, July, 1839; transferred to West Newton, September, 1844; removed to Framingham, 1853.]

Principal - Henry Whittemore.

[For women.]

STATE NORMAL SCHOOL AT WESTFIELD.

[Opened at Barre, September, 1839; suspended, 1841; re-opened at Westfield, September, 1844.]

Principal - Clarence A. Brodeur.

[For both sexes.]

STATE NORMAL SCHOOL AT BRIDGEWATER.

[Opened September, 1840.]

Principal — Albert G. Boyden.

[For both sexes.]

STATE NORMAL SCHOOL AT SALEM.

[Opened September, 1854.]

Principal — Walter P. Beckwith.

[For both sexes.]

STATE NORMAL SCHOOL AT WORCESTER.

[Opened September, 1874.]

Principal — E. Harlow Russell.

[For both sexes.]

STATE NORMAL SCHOOL AT FITCHBURG.

[Opened September, 1895.]

Principal—John G. Thompson.

[For both sexes.]

STATE NORMAL SCHOOL AT NORTH ADAMS.

[Opened January, 1897.]

Principal — Frank F. Murdock.

[For both sexes.]

STATE NORMAL SCHOOL AT BARNSTABLE (HYANNIS).

[Opened September, 1897.]

Principal — William A. Baldwin.

[For both sexes.]

STATE NORMAL SCHOOL AT LOWELL.

[Opened October, 1897.]

Principal — Frank F. Coburn.

[For both sexes.]

STATE NORMAL ART SCHOOL AT BOSTON.

[Opened October, 1873.]

Principal — George H. Bartlett.

[For both sexes.]

BOARD OF CHARITY.

[Established by Act of April 30, 1879. See also Acts of 1886, chapter 101, and Acts of 1898, chapter 433.]

Leontine Lincoln, Fall River, Chairman,		. T	erm	expires	1903
Henrietta G. Codman, Brookline, Vice-Che	airman	,	**	6.6	1902
Charles F. Donnelly, Boston,			66	6.6	1902
Henry S. Nourse, Lancaster,			66	66	1903
Laban Pratt, Boston,			66	6.6	1904
Frances G. Curtis, Boston,			66	66	1905
James M. Pullman, D.D., Lynn,			6.6	64	1905
George W. Johnson, Brookfield,			66	66	1906
Edward Hitchcock, M.D., Amherst, .			66	44	1906
John D. Wells Clerk of the Roard Ro	om 27	State	Hon	80	

John D. Wells, Clerk of the Board, Room 37, State House.

Joshua F. Lewis, M.D., Superintendent of State Adult Poor, Room 30, State House.

William P. Derby, M.D., Superintendent of State Minor Wards, Room 43, State House.

BOARD OF INSANITY.

[Established by chapter 433 of the Acts of 1898.]

James B. Ayer, Boston,		Term expires 1902	2
George F. Jelly, Boston, Chairman,		" " 1903	5
Francis B. Gardner, Brockton,		" " 1904	Ł
Albert L. Harwood, Newton,		" " 1905	,
Charles R. Codman, Barnstable,		" " 1906	5

Owen Copp, M.D., Secretary and Executive Officer.
Room 36, State House.

BOARD OF HEALTH.

[Established by Act of March 24, 1886.]

Hiram F. Mills, Lowell, .						Term	expire	1902
Frank W. Draper, Boston,						66	66	1903
Gerard C. Tobey, Wareham,						66	66	1904
James W. Hull, Pittsfield,						66	66	1905
Charles H. Porter, Quincy,				9	٠	66	66	1906
Henry P. Walcott, M.D., Cam	brid	ge,	Chair	man_1		6.6	**	1907
Julian A. Mead, Watertown,						44	66	1908
O 1777 411 11 35 TO	α	4	73		4.4	CL-L- TT		

Samuel W. Abbott, M.D., Secretary, Room 141, State House. X. H. Goodnough, Engineer, Room 139, State House.

RAILROAD COMMISSIONERS.

Clinton White Melrose.

Clinton Wille, McHose,		TOIL	CAPHOR	oury 1, 1002
James F. Jackson, Fall River, Chairma	n, .	4.6	66	July 1, 1903
George W. Bishop, Newtonville, .		66	66	July 1, 1904
William A. Crafts, Boston, Clerk.				
Fred E. Jones, Brookline, Accounta	nt.			
George F. Swain, Boston, Bridge E	ngine	er.		
William J. McCullough, Boston, As	sistan	t Clerk	ċ.	

Term expires July 1 1902

RAILROAD INSPECTORS.

Grafton Upton, Everett,		Term	expires	October 1, 1902
Daniel M. Wheeler, Worcester,		4.6	66	October 1, 1903
Lewellyn H. McLain, Newtonville,		6.6	44	October 1, 1903
John Q. Hennigan, East Milton,		66	66	October 1, 1904
Office No. 20 Pee	 C1++	oot D	oaton	

COMMISSIONERS, ETC.

ARMORIES.

Joseph N. Peterson, Salem, *Chairman*; Josiah Pickett, Worcester; George Howland Cox, Cambridge. *Clerk*, Aug. N. Sampson. Office, State House.

BALLOT LAW.

Homer Albers, Brookline, 1902; Arthur Lincoln, Hingham, 1903; Henry V. Cunningham, Boston, 1904.

BAR EXAMINERS.

Henry S. Dewey, Boston, *Chairman*; Milton Reed, Fall River; Frederick L. Greene, Greenfield, *Secretary*; George S. Taft, Uxbridge; Hollis R. Bailey, Cambridge.

BOSTON, BOARD OF POLICE FOR THE CITY OF.

Robert F. Clark, Boston, *Chairman*, 1903; Harry F. Adams, Boston, 1904; Charles P. Curtis, Jr., Boston, 1905. *Clerk*, Thomas Ryan, Boston. Office, No. 37 Pemberton Square.

BOSTON TRANSIT COMMISSION.

On the part of the Commonwealth. — George G. Crocker, Horace G. Allen, Boston, 1902. On the part of the city of Boston. — Charles H. Dalton, Thomas J. Gargan, George F. Swain, 1902. Secretary, B. Leighton Beal. Office, No. 20 Beacon Street.

BOSTON, PILOTS FOR THE PORT OF.

John C. Ross, Plymouth, Justus A. Bailey, Kingston, 1904. Office, No. 716 Chamber of Commerce.

CATTLE.

Austin Peters, Boston, *Chairman*, 1902; Charles A. Dennen, Pepperell, 1903; Leander F. Herrick, Worcester, *Secretary*, 1904. Office, Room 138, State House.

CHARLES RIVER DAM.

Henry S. Pritchett, Boston; Samuel M. Mansfield, New York; Richard H. Dana, Cambridge.

CIVIL SERVICE.

Charles H. Porter, Quincy, 1902; Charles Theodore Russell, Cambridge, Chairman, 1903; Winthrop L. Márvin, Boston, 1904. Chief Examiner, Henry Sherwin. Secretary, Warren P. Dudley, Room 151, State House. Registrar of Labor, William L. Hicks.

CONCILIATION AND ARBITRATION.

Charles Dana Palmer, Lowell, 1902; Warren A. Reed, Brockton, 1903; Richard P. Barry, Lynn, 1904. Secretary, Bernard F. Supple, Room 128, State House.

CORPORATIONS.

William D. T. Trefry, Marblehead, 1902, Room 235, State House.

COUNTY OFFICERS, ACCOUNTS OF.

Controller, Charles R. Prescott, Malden, 1902. Deputy Controllers, James M. Cushman, Taunton; William H. Wing, Malden; Elmer R. Libby, Somerville. Office, Room 101, State House.

DENTISTRY, BOARD OF REGISTRATION IN.

Thomas J. Barrett, Worcester, 1902; John F. Dowsley, Boston, George E. Mitchell, Haverhill, 1903; George A. Maxfield, Holyoke, Dwight M. Clapp, Boston, 1904.

FALL RIVER, BOARD OF POLICE FOR THE CITY OF.

Rufus W. Bassett, Fall River, 1902; Bradford D. Davol, Fall River, 1903; William Moran, Fall River, 1904.

FALL RIVER, THE BRADFORD DURFEE TEXTILE SCHOOL OF. George W. Wright, Fall River, 1902; Stephen B. Ashley, Fall River, 1904.

FIRE MARSHAL.

Charles W. Whitcomb, Boston, 1904, Room 20, State House. Deputy, Joseph E. Shaw, Lynn, Room 7, State House.

FIREMEN'S RELIEF FUND.

Charles S. Paisler, New Bedford; James C. Crombie, Lawrence; Clifford H. Plummer, Boston.

FISHERIES AND GAME.

Joseph W. Collins, Boston, Chairman, 1904; Edward A. Brackett, Winchester, 1904; John W. Delano, Marion, 1905. Room 238, State House.

FISH, INSPECTOR-GENERAL OF.

Austin B. Bray, Gloucester, 1905.

GAS AND ELECTRIC LIGHT.

Morris Schaff, Pittsfield, 1902; Charles H. Gifford, New Bedford, 1903; Forrest E. Barker, Worcester, *Chairman*, 1904. *Clerk*, Robert G. Tobey, Boston, Room 145, State House.

GAS AND GAS METERS, INSPECTOR OF.

Charles D. Jenkins, Winchester, 1902. First Assistant, Lawrence S. James, Boston, 1903. Second Assistant, Charles H. Stone, Newton, 1903. Office, No. 32 Hawley Street.

GREYLOCK RESERVATION.

Francis W. Rockwell, Pittsfield, 1902; John Bascomb, Williamstown, 1904; Alfred B. Mole, Adams, 1906.

HARBOR AND LAND.

Charles C. Doten, Plymouth, 1902; Woodward Emery, Cambridge, Chairman, 1903; George E. Smith, Everett, 1904. Clerk, Frederick N. Wales, West Newton, Room 131, State House.

HIGHWAYS.

Harold Parker, Lancaster, 1903; William E. McClintock, Chelsea, 1904; John H. Manning, Pittsfield, 1905. Secretary, Austin B. Fletcher, Medford. Office, Pemberton Building, 4th floor, Boston.

INSURANCE.

Frederick L. Cutting, Chelsea, 1903. Deputy, Frank H. Hardison, Somerville. Room 246, State House.

LABOR, BUREAU OF STATISTICS OF.

Chief, Horace G. Wadlin, Reading, 1903. 1st Clerk, Charles F. Pidgin. 2d Clerk, Frank H. Drown. Room 256, State House.

LIQUORS, STATE ASSAYER OF.

Stephen P. Sharples, Cambridge, 1902. Office, No. 13 Broad Street.

LOWELL TEXTILE SCHOOL.

Franklin W. Hobbs, Brookline, 1902; Alphonso S. Covel, Boston, 1904.

LUMBER, SURVEYOR-GENERAL OF.

Ralph L. Abbott, Boston, 1904. Office, No. 44 Kilby Street, Boston.

MEDICINE, BOARD OF REGISTRATION IN.

Augustus C. Walker, Greenfield, 1902; C. Edwin Miles, Boston, 1903; Nathaniel R. Perkins, Boston, 1904; Walter P. Bowers, Clinton, 1905; Samuel H. Calderwood, Boston, 1906; Augustus L. Chase, Randolph, 1907; Edwin B. Harvey, Westborough, Secretary, 1908. Room 159, State House.

METROPOLITAN PARK.

William B. de las Casas, Malden, Chairman, 1902; Edwin U. Curtis, Boston, 1903; David N. Skillings, Winchester, 1904; Edwin B. Haskell, Newton, 1905; Ellerton P. Whitney, Milton, 1906. Secretary, John Woodbury, Lynn. Office, No. 14 Beacon Street, 5th floor, Boston.

METROPOLITAN WATER AND SEWERAGE.

James A. Balley, Jr., Arlington, 1904; Henry P. Walcott, Cambridge, 1905; Henry H. Sprague, Boston, *Chairman*, 1906. *Secretary*, William N. Davenport, Marlborough. Office, No. 1 Ashburton Place, Boston.

NAUTICAL TRAINING SCHOOL.

Robert B. Dixon, Boston, 1902; George E. Belknap, Brookline, 1903; John Read, Cambridge, 1904. Room 110, State House.

NEW BEDFORD TEXTILE SCHOOL.

Andrew G. Pierce, New Bedford, 1902; Joseph F. Knowles, New Bedford, 1904.

PENSION AGENT.

Joseph B. Parsons, Northampton, Room 158, State House.

PHARMACY, BOARD OF REGISTRATION IN.

Amos K. Tilden, Boston, Secretary, 1902; Freeman H. Butler, Lowell, 1903; Charles F. Nixon, Leominster, Chairman, 1904; George M. Hoyt, East Weymouth, 1905; Henry Adams, Springfield, 1906. Room 22, State House.

PRISONS.

Arthur H. Wellman, Malden, 1902; Mary V. O'Callaghan, Worcester, 1903; Henry Parkman, Boston, 1904; Margaret P. Russell, Boston, 1905; Frederick G. Pettigrove, Boston, *Chairman*, 1906. *Secretary*, J. Warren Bailey, Somerville, Room 24, State House.

PUBLIC LIBRARIES.

Elizabeth P. Sohier, Beverly, 1902; Henry S. Nourse, Lancaster, 1903; Samuel S. Green, Worcester, Mabel Simpkins, Yarmouth, 1904; Caleb B. Tillinghast, State Library, Boston, *Chairman*, 1905.

PUBLIC RECORDS.

Robert T. Swan, Brookline, 1904, Room 104, State House.

SAVINGS BANKS.

James O. Otis, Malden, 1902; Starkes Whiton, Hingham, *Chairman*, 1903; Warren E. Locke, Norwood, 1904. *Clerk*, Herbert F. Taylor, Chelsea, Room 124, State House.

STATE AID.

Henry E. Turner, Auditor of Accounts. Samuel Dalton, Adjutant-General. Charles W. Hastings, Clerk of Board. Office, Room 123, State House.

STATE HOUSE CONSTRUCTION.

William Endicott, Jr., Boston; George W. Johnson, Brookfield. Office, State House.

STATE LIBRARY.

Edward Everett Hale, Boston, 1902; Winfield S. Slocum, Newton, 1903; Stephen O'Meara, Boston, 1904. *Librarian*, Caleb B. Tillinghast, Boston.

TAX.

William D. T. Trefry, Marblehead, 1902. Deputy, Harrison Gray Otis, Worcester. Room 235, State House.

WACHUSETT RESERVATION.

Harold Parker, Lancaster, 1903; Augustus G. Bullock, Worcester, 1905; Theodore L. Harlow, Gardner, 1907.

WRECKS AND SHIPWRECKED GOODS.

James W. Bradley, Rockport; Washington F. Pierce, Wellfleet; Isaac H. Folger, Nantucket; John S. Glover, Ipswich; William H. Nickerson, Eastham; William B. Floyd, Winthrop; A. Brooks Anderson, Scituate; Edward W. Chadwick, Edgartown; Wendell L. Hinckley, Yarmouth; Horace E. Baker, Marshfield; Thomas H. G. Douglass, Gloucester; Charles C. Crosby, Nantucket; William McKay, Newburyport; E. Parker Welch, Scituate; Daniel W. Nickerson, Chatham.

ROSTER OF DISTRICT POLICE FORCE.

CHIEF OF THE DISTRICT POLICE, RUFUS R. WADE.

James P. Campbell, Clerk. J. W. Hoitt, Assistant Clerk.
Belle C. Davis, Clerk Boiler Inspection Department.
Central Office: Room 3, State House, Boston.

[See chapters 113 and 389, and section 13, chapter 426 of the Acts of 1888, chapters 302 and 357 of the Acts of 1891, chapter 387 of the Acts of 1893, chapter 281 of the Acts of 1894, chapters 396 and 418 of the Acts of 1895, chapter 546, section 4, of the Acts of 1896, and chapter 261 of the Acts of 1898.]

NAME.	DISTRICT ASSIGNED.	RESIDENCE.
John T. White, .	District No. 1, .	Arlington.
Joseph A. Moore, .	District Nos. 2, 3, 6,	Roslindale.
Edwin Y. Brown, .	District No. 4, .	East Boston.
Joseph M. Dyson, .	District No. 5, .	Worcester.
Warren S. Buxton, .	District No. 7, .	Springfield.
Ansel J. Cheney, .	District No. 8, .	Beverly.
Frank C. Wasley, .	District No. 11, .	Lowell.
Frederick W. Merriam,	District No. 10, .	North Adams.
Henry J. Bardwell, .	District No. 1,	Boston.
Charles E. Burfitt, .	District No. 1, .	Boston.
Joseph Halstrick, .	District No. 2, .	Boston.
Arlon S. Atherton, .	District No. 3, .	Wakefield.
Malcolm Sillars, .	District No. 4, .	Danvers.
Lewis F. F. Abbott,	District No. 5, .	Worcester.
John E. Foulds, .	District No. 6, .	Fall River.
John F. Tierney, .	District No. 6, .	Fall River.
Charles A. Dam, .	District No. 10, .	North Adams.
John J. Sheehan, .	District No. 9, .	Salem.
Edward B. Putnam,	District No. 8, .	Chelsea.
Henry Splaine, .	District No. 9, .	Boston.

District Police Force — Concluded.

Name.		DISTRICT ASSIGNED.	Residence.
James R. Howes,	,	District No. 7,	Holyoke.
Mary A. Nason,		Special duty,	Boston.
Mary E. Halley,		Special duty,	Lawrence.
John E. Griffin,		Special duty,	Sharon.
John H. Plunkett,		Special duty,	Boston.

BOILER INSPECTION DEPARTMENT.

David H. Dyer, .		District No. 2,	Fall River.
Louis Amell,		District No. 7,	 North Adams.
Freeman H. Sanborn	, .	District No. 4,	Chicopee.
Charles Ferguson, .		District No. 5,	Malden.
John H. Kazar, .		District No. 6,	Hyde Park.
John McGrath, .		District No. 8,	Boston.
Everett B. Dyer, .		District No. 1,	Medford.
Sturgis C. Baxter, .		District No. 9,	Boston.
Joseph H. McNeill, .		District No. 10,	Melrose.
James B. DeShazo, .		District No. 3,	Worcester.

DETECTIVE DEPARTMENT.

George Dunham, .		Northern,		Newton.
Jophanus H. Whitney,		Northern,	3	Medford.
Frederick A. Rhoades,		Northern,		Malden.
George C. Pratt, .		South-eastern, .		Abington.
Alfred B. Hodges, .		Southern,		Taunton.
Peleg F. Murray, .		Middle,		Worcester.
Oliver L. Wood, .		Western,		Pittsfield.
James McKay, .		North-western,		Northampton.
Daniel W. Hammond,		Eastern,		Haverhill.
George C. Neal, .		Eastern,		Lynn.
William H. Proctor,		Eastern,		Swampscott.
Simeon F. Letteney,	٠	Southern,		Barnstable.
Thomas A. Dexter, .	٠	Southern,		Edgartown.

MEDICAL EXAMINERS.

[Examiners appointed under chapter 26 of Public Statutes. Associates appointed under chapter 318, Acts of 1898.]

BARNSTABLE COUNTY.

No. 1 Harwi	ch, I	Dennis tham,	Orl	armo eans	uth, and	Brew- East-	}	George N. Munsell, Harwich.
ham.							.)	

- No. 2. Barnstable, Bourne, Sandwich, Mash- / R. H. Faunce, pee and Falmouth, . . . Sandwich.
- No. 3. Provincetown, Truro and Wellfleet, Samuel T. Davis,

Associates .- No. 1, Louis Edmonds, Harwich. No. 3, Edward F. Perry, Wellfleet.

BERKSHIRE COUNTY.

- No. 2. Pittsfield, Lanesborough, Windsor, Dalton, Hinsdale, Peru and Han- Henry Colt, Pittsfield. cock,
- No. 3. Richmond, Lenox, Washington, Charles C. Holcombe, Becket, Lee, Stockbridge, Tyring- Charle Lee.
- No. 4. West Stockbridge, Alford, Great Barrington, Monterey, Sandisfield, New Marlborough, Sheffield, Egremont Great Barrington. and Mount Washington,

Associates. - No. 1, Homer Bushnell, North Adams. No. 2, Lawrence C. Swift, Pittsfield. No. 4, John B. Beebe, Great Barrington.

BRISTOL COUNTY.

- No. 1. Attleborough, North Attleborough, Scekonk, Norton, Mansfield and Attleborough. Attleborough.
- No. 2. Taunton, Raynham, Easton, Berkley / Silas D. Presbrey,
- and Dighton, Taunton.
 No. 3. Fall River, Somerset, Swansea, Augustus W. Buck, Freetown and Westport, . . . Fall River.
- No. 4. New Bedford, Dartmouth, Fairhaven / Garry de N. Hough, and Acushnet, New Bedford.

Associates .- No. 1, Joseph B. Gerould, North Attleborough. No. 2, Charles A. Atwood, Taunton. No. 3, John H. Gifford, Fall River. No. 4, John T. Bullard, New Bedford.

DUKES COUNTY.

No. 1	- Edgartown and Cottage City,	Thomas J. Walker, Edgartown.
NT 0	Tishney West Wishesses and Occupald	TX72112 T 1. /771 1.

- Tisbury, West Tisbury and Gosnold, William Leach, Tisbury. No. 3. - Chilmark and Gay Head, . . . Vacancy.

Associates. - No. 1, Edward P. Worth, Edgartown.

ESSEX COUNTY.	
No. 1. — Gloucester and Rockport,	Sumner F. Quimby, Gloucester.
No. 2. — Ipswich, Rowley, Hamilton and Essex,	George G. Bailey, Ipswich.
No. 3. — Newburyport, Newbury, West Newbury, Amesbury and Salisbury,	Randolph C. Hurd, Newburyport.
No. 4. — Haverhill and Merrimac,	John F. Croston, Haverhill.
No. 5 Lawrence, Methuen, Andover and North Andover,	George W. Dow, Lawrence.
No. 6. — Georgetown, Boxford, Topsfield and Groveland,	
No. 7 Beverly, Wenham and Manchester, .	Charles W. Haddock Beverly.
No. 8 Peabody, Danvers, Middleton and	Horace K. Foster,

Lynnfield, Peabody.

No. 9. - Lynn, Saugus, Nahant and Swamp- | Joseph G. Pinkham, scott, Lynn.

Charles A. Carleton. No. 10. - Salem and Marblehead, . . Salem.

Associates.—No. 1, James H. Knowles, Gloucester. No. 2, Stephen A. Pedrick, Rowley. No. 3, Daniel D. Murphy, Amesbury. No. 4, Francis W. Authony, Haverhill. No. 5, Victor A. Reed, Lawrence. No. 7, George A. Stickney, Beverly. No. 8, S. Chase Tucker, Peabody. No. 9, Herbert W. Newhall, Lynn. No. 10, Frank S. Atwood, Salem.

FRANKLIN COUNTY.

Northern District.—Orange, Warwick, New Stanton J. Ten Broeck, Salem and Wendell, Orange.

Eastern District.—Bernardston, Erving, Gill, Greenfield, Leverett, Montague, Northfield, Shutesbury and Sun-Greenfield. derland, . .

Western District. — Ashfield, Buckland, Charlemont, Colrain, Conway, Deerfield, Francis J. Canedy, Hawley, Heath, Leyden, Monroe, Shelburne. Rowe, Shelburne and Whately,

Associates. - Northern, Francis E. Johnson, Erving. Eastern, George P. Twichell, Greenfield. Western, George R. Fessenden, Ashfield.

HAMPDEN COUNTY.

No. 1 Brimfield, Holland, Palmer, Monson and Wales,	William Holbrook, Palmer.
No. 2. — Springfield, Chicopee, Agawam, East Longmeadow, Longmeadow, Ludlow, West Springfield, Wilbraham and Hampden,	Theodore F. Breck, Springfield.
No. 3. — Holyoke,	Frank Holyoke, Holyoke.
No. 4. — Blandford, Chester, Granville, Montgomery, Russell, Southwick, Tolland and Westfield,	George H. Janes, Westfield.

Associates. — No. 1, George H. Wilkins, Palmer. No. 2, Everett A. Bates, Springfield. No. 3, Frank A. Woods, Holyoke. No. 4, James H. Holland, Westfield.

HAMPSHIRE COUNTY.

No. 1. — Northampton, Chesterfield, mington, Goshen, Hatfield, field and Williamsburg, .	Cum- Plain-	Christopher Seymour, Northampton.
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No. 2. — Easthampton, Huntington, Middle-field, Southampton, Westhampton and Worthington,

No. 3. — Amherst, Granby, Hadley, Pelham | Herbert B. Perry, and South Hadley, Amherst.

No. 4. — Belchertown, Enfield, Greenwich, Worthington W. Miner, Prescott and Ware, Ware.

Associates. - No. 1, William P. Stutson, Cummington. No. 2, William J. Parmelee, Worthington. No. 3, Adolph Franz, South Hadley. No. 4, George F. Thomson, Belchertown.

MIDDLESEX COUNTY.

No. 1 Cambridge, Belmont and Arlington,	William D. Swan, Cambridge.
No. 2. — Malden, Somerville, Everett and Medford,	
No. 3. — Melrose, Stoneham, Wakefield, Wilmington, Reading and North Reading,	Ernest S. Jack, Melrose.
No. 4. — Woburn, Winchester, Lexington and Burlington,	Harrison G. Blake, Woburn.
No. 5.—Lowell, Dracut, Tewksbury, Billerica, Chelmsford and Tyngsborough,	John C. Irish, Lowell.
No. 6. — Concord, Carlisle, Bedford, Lincoln, Littleton, Acton and Boxborough,	
No. 7. — Newton, Waltham, Watertown and Weston,	Julian A. Mead, Watertown.

MIDDLESEX COUNTY - Concluded.

No. 8. — Framingham, Wayland, Natick, Sherborn, Holliston, Hopkinton and Ashland,	Zabdiel B. Adams, Framingham.
No. 9 Marlborough, Hudson, Maynard, Stow and Sudbury,	
No. 10 Ayer, Groton, Westford, Dunstable,	Paniamin II Hautwall

Associates.—No. 2, Herbert S. Johnson, Malden. No. 3, Paul II. Provandie, Melrose. No. 5, Joe V. Meigs, Jr., Lowell. No. 7, Edward R. Utley, Newton. No. 8, William Richards, Natick. No. 9, George A. Oviatt, Sudbury. No. 10, Walter J. Sleeper, Westford.

NANTUCKET COUNTY.

One District, John S. Grouard, Nantucket.

Associate. - Ellinwood B. Coleman, Nantucket.

NORFOLK COUNTY.

No. 1. — Dedham, Needham, Wellesley, West- Andrew H. Hodgdon, wood, Norwood and Dover, Andrew H. Hodgdon,
No. 2.—Hyde Park and Milton, { Charles Sturtevant, Hyde Park.
No. 3. — Quincy and Randolph, { Frederick E. Jones, Quincy.
No. 4. — Weymouth, Braintree and Holbrook, John C. Fraser, Weymouth.
No. 5.—Avon, Stoughton, Canton, Walpole William O. Faxon, and Sharon, Stoughton.
No. 6 Franklin, Foxborough and Wren- J. Cushing Gallison, tham, Franklin.
No. 7.— Medway, Medfield, Millis, Norfolk Norman P. Quint, and Bellingham, Medway.
No. 8.— Brookline, Harry M. Cutts, Brookline.
No. 9.—Cohasset, Oliver H. Howe,

Associates.—No. 1, John W. Pratt, Dedham. No. 2, Henry R. Hitch-cock, Hyde Park. No. 5, E. H. Ewing, Stoughton. No. 6, Francis A. Brag, Foxborough. No. 8, Everett M. Bowker, Brookline.

PLYMOUTH COUNTY.

No. 1 Brockton, West Bridgewater, Whitman	Bridgewater, Bridgewater	East and	A. Elliot Paine, Brockton.
Whitman, .)

No. 2.—Abington, Rockland, Hanover, Han- Henry W. Dudley, son, Norwell and Pembroke, . . . Abington.

PLYMOUTH COUNTY - Concluded.

- No. 3. Plymouth, Halifax, Kingston, Plymp- Edgar D. Hill, ton and Duxbury, Plymouth,
- No. 4. Middleborough, Wareham, Mattapoisett, Carver, Rochester, Lakeville and Marion, Lake-Wareham.
- No. 5.—Hingham, Hull, Scituate and Marsh- J. Winthrop Spooner, field, Hingham.

Associates.—No. 1, Fred J. Ripley, Brockton. No. 2, Gilman Osgood, Rockland. No. 3, Nathaniel K. Noyes, Duxbury. No. 4, A. Vincent Smith, Middleborough.

SUFFOLK COUNTY.

Boston, Chelsea, Revere and Winthrop, . {Frank W. Draper, Boston. Associate. — George Stedman, Boston.

WORCESTER COUNTY.

- No. 1.—Athol, Petersham, Phillipston and James Oliver, Royalston, Athol.
- No. 3. Fitchburg, Ashburnham, Leominster, Lunenburg, Princeton and Westminster, Fitchburg.
- No. 5. Grafton, Southborough and Westborough,
- No. 6.— Hopedale, Mendon, Milford and Up- William J. Clarke, ton, Milford.
- No. 7.—Blackstone, Douglas, Northbridge William L. Johnson, and Uxbridge, Wuxbridge.
- No. 8.—Chariton, Dudley, Oxford, South Cary C. Bradford, bridge, Sturbridge and Webster, . Southbridge.
- No. 9.—Brookfield, North Brookfield, Spen- Ephraim W. Norwood, cer, Warren and West Brookfield, Spencer.
- No. 10. Barre, Dana, Hubbardston, Hardwick, New Braintree, Oakham and Rutland. Rutland.
- No. 11. Worcester, Auburn, Holden, Leiees ter, Millbury, Paxton, Shrewsbury, Sutton and West Boylston, Worcester.

Associates. — No. 1, H. H. Burns, Athol. No. 3, Joseph R. Palardy, Fitchburg. No. 4, James J. Goodwin, Clinton. No. 7, Leonard D. White, Uxbridge. No. 8, J. R. Woodward, Oxford. No. 9, C. A. DeLand, Warren. No. 10, Henry J. Walcott, Jr., Barre. No. 11, Walter T. Clark, Worcester.

STATE INSTITUTIONS.

INSANE HOSPITALS.

The government of each is vested in a board of seven Trustees, five of whom shall be men and two of whom shall be women, one to be appointed annually by the Governor and Council, and the place of the senior member, as arranged in the following order, to be vacated each year:—

WORCESTER.

Rockwood Hoar, Worcester, 1902. Thomas Russell, Boston, 1903.

Sarah E. Whitin, Northbridge, 1904.

Frances M: Lincoln, Worcester, 1905.

Samuel B. Woodward, Worcester, 1906.

Thomas H. Gage, Worcester, 1907.

George W. Wells, Southbridge, 1908.

Superintendent - Hosea M. Quinby, M.D.

[The Worcester Insane Asylum, Ernest V. Scribner, M.D., Superintendent, is also under charge of above Trustees.]

TAUNTON.

Nathaniel B. Borden, Fall River, 1902.

Gerard C. Tobey, Wareham, 1903. Elizabeth C. M. Gifford, New Bedford, 1904.

Susan E. Learoyd, Wakefield (Secretary), 1905. Loyed E. Chamberlain, Brockton, 1906.

Henry R. Stedman, Brookline, 1907.

William C. Lovering, Taunton (Chairman), 1908.

Superintendent - John P. Brown, M.D.

NORTHAMPTON.

Elisha Morgan, Springfield, 1902. Alvan Barrus, Goshen, 1903.

Sarah T. Woodworth, Chicopee,

Sarah M. Butler, Northampton,

Frederic W. Chapin, M.D., Springfield, 1906.

William D. MacIonis, Pittsfield,

Lyman D. James, Williamsburg,

Superintendent - John A. Houston, M.D.

DANVERS.

Solon Bancroft, Reading (Secretary), 1902.

Samuel W. Hopkinson, Haverhill (Chairman), 1903.

Orville F. Rogers, M.D., Boston, 1904. Ada T. Brewster, Andover, 1905. William B. Sullivan, Danvers, 1906.

Horace H. Atherton, Sangus, 1907. Mary Ward Nichols, Danvers, 1908.

Superintendent - Arthur H. Harrington, M.D.

WESTBOROUGH.

George B. Richmond, New Bedford, 1902.

Eliza C. Durfee, Fall River, 1903. Benj. W. Childs, Worcester, 1903. John L. Coffin, Northborough, 1904. John M. Merriam, Framingham, 1905.

Sarah B. Williams, Taunton, 1906. Alden Speare, Newton, 1906.

Superintendent - George S. Adams, M.D.

MEDFIELD INSANE ASYLUM.

William O. Blaney, Boston, 1902. Edwin V. Mitchell, Medfield, 1903. Sarah J. Rand, Newton, 1904. Benjamin S. Atwood, Whitman, 1905.

John G. Park, Groton, 1906. Elizabeth Thurber, Plymouth, 1907.

Ira G. Hersey, Hingham, 1908.

Superintendent - Edward French, M.D.

MASSACHUSETTS HOSPITAL FOR EPILEPTICS.

[By chap. 483 of the Acts of 1895, seven Trustees, appointed by the Governor.]

Trustees — Henry M. Phillips, Adelaide A. Calkins, Springfield, 1902; Henry P. Jaques, Lenox, 1903; Charles A. Clongh (Secretary), Mabel W Stedman, Boston, 1904; William N. Bullard (Chairman), Boston, 1905; Walter W. Schofield, Dalton, 1906.

Superintendent - Everett Flood, M.D.

STATE COLONY FOR THE INSANE.

[By chap. 451 of the Δ cts of 1900, seven Trustees, appointed by the Governor.]

Trustees — George N. Harwood, Barre, 1903; Annie Coes, Worcester, Alice M. Spring, Fitchburg, 1904; William II. Baker, Lynn, 1905; Charles V. Dasey, Boston, Edmund A. Whitman, Cambridge, 1906; Herbert B. Howard, Boston, 1907.

MASSACHUSETTS SCHOOL FOR THE FEEBLE-MINDED.

AT WALTHAM.

[By Public Statutes, chap. 87, sect. 55, six Trustees, appointed by the Governor for the term of three years.]

Trustees — Francis J. Barnes, Cambridge, Elizabeth E. Coolidge, Boston, 1902; Frank G. Wheatley, North Abington, Thomas W. Davis, Belmont, 1903; John S. Damrell, Boston, William W. Swan, Brookline, 1904.

Superintendent - Walter E. Fernald, M.D.

HOSPITAL COTTAGES FOR CHILDREN.

AT BALDWINVILLE.

[By chap. 407 of the Λcts of 1892, five Trustees, appointed by the Governor.]

Trustees — David H. Coolidge, Lizzie R. Doherty, Charles H. Allen, Boston, Arthur H. Lowe, Fitchburg, Merrick Bemis, Worcester, 1902. Superintendent — Hartstein W. Page, M.D.

MASSACHUSETTS HOSPITAL FOR DIPSOMANIACS AND INEBRIATES.

AT FOXBOROUGH.

Trustees — Benjamin H. Hartwell, Ayer, 1902; Anna P. Williams, Boston, 1903; S. Homer Woodbridge, Newton, 1904; Samuel G. Webber, Newton, 1905; John T. G. Nichols, Cambridge, 1906.

Superintendent - Charles E. Woodbury, M.D.

LYMAN AND INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS.

[This Board of Trustees was established by sect. 8, chap. 291, Acts of 1879, amended by chap. 428 of the Acts of 1895, and it has charge of the government of the Lyman School for Boys at Westborough and the Industrial School for Girls at Lancaster.]

Michael J. Sullivan, Chicopee, 1902.

Elizabeth G. Evans, Boston (Secretary), 1903.

Melvin H. Walker, Westborough (Chairman), 1904.

Elizabeth C. Putnam, Boston, 1905.

Henry C. Greeley, Clinton (Treasurer), 1905.

Edmund C. Sanford, Worcester, 1906.

George H. Carleton, Haverhill, 1906.

LYMAN SCHOOL FOR BOYS AT WESTBOROUGH.

Superintendent — Theodore F. Chapin. Physician — Francis E. Corey, M.D.

STATE INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL FOR GIRLS AT LANCASTER.

Superintendent — Mrs. F. F. Morse.

Physician — Clara P. Fitzgerald, M.D.

MASSACHUSETTS CHARITABLE EYE AND EAR INFIRMARY.

AT BOSTON.

[By chap. 28 of the Resolves of 1872, two Trustees, appointed by the Governor.]

Trustees - William D. Sohier, Beverly; Eben S. Draper, Hopedale.

MASSACHUSETTS GENERAL HOSPITAL.

AT BOSTON.

[By chap. 46 of the Acts of 1864, four Trustees, appointed by the Governor.]

Trustees — William S. Bigelow, David P. Kimball, Boston, Henry S. Howe, Brookline, John M. Harlow, Woburn, 1902.

MASSACHUSETTS HOMŒOPATHIC HOSPITAL.

AT BOSTON.

[By chap. 358 of the Acts of 1890, five Trustees, appointed by the Governor.]

Trustees—N. Emmons Paine, Newton, Henry F. Harris, Worcester, 1902; William L. Morse, Marlborough, 1903; Erastus T. Colburn, Newton, Sidney M. Hedges, Boston, 1904.

MASSACHUSETTS STATE SANATORIUM.

AT RUTLAND.

Trustees - Wellington E. Parkhurst, Clinton, 1902; Frederick B. Percy, Brookline, 1903; Albert C. Getchell, Worcester, 1904; John C. Hammond, Northampton, 1905; Angustine W. Esleeck, Holyoke, 1906. Superintendent - Walter T. Marcley, M.D.

PERKINS INSTITUTION AND MASSACHUSETTS SCHOOL FOR THE BLIND.

AT SOUTH BOSTON.

[By chap. 96 of the Acts of 1864, four Trustees, appointed by the Governor.]

Trustees — William L. Richardson, Melvin O. Adams, Boston, Norwood P. Hallowell, Medford, Francis W. Hunnewell, Wellesley, 1902.

Superintendent - Michael Anagnos.

SOLDIERS' HOME IN MASSACHUSETTS.

AT CHELSEA.

[By chap. 282 of the Acts of 1889, three Trustees, appointed by the Governor.]

Trustees - Arnold A. Rand, Boston, 1902; Elisha S. Converse, Malden, 1903; Silas A. Barton, Waltham, 1904.

Superintendent - George W. Creasey.

STATE PRISON.

AT BOSTON (CHARLESTOWN DISTRICT).

Warden — Benjamin F. Bridges, Deerfield. Deputy Warden — Nathan D. Allen. Cherk — Edward A. Darllng. Physician and Surgeon — Joseph I. McLaughlin, M.D. Chaplain — Rev. John W. F. Barnes.

Agent for Discharged Convicts - George E. Cornwall. Office, State House.

MASSACHUSETTS REFORMATORY.

AT CONCORD (CONCORD JUNCTION P. O.).

Superintendent—Joseph F. Scott, Concord. Deputy Superintendent—Charles S. Hart. Physician—Theodore Chamberlain, M.D., Concord. Clerk—Percy W. Allen. Chaplain—Rev. W. J. Batt.

REFORMATORY PRISON FOR WOMEN.

AT SHERBORN (SOUTH FRAMINGHAM P.O.).

Superintendent — Frances A. Morton, Sherborn. Physician — Frances W. Potter, M.D., Boston. Chaplain — Emily L. Herndon, South Framingham. Clerk—Susie P. Brooks.

STATE HOSPITAL AND STATE FARM.

[Chap. 297, Acts of 1884; chap. 264, Acts of 1887.]

Trustees of the State Hospital and State Farm—J. White Belcher (Chairman), Randolph, Anna F. Prescott, Boston, Joseph A. Smart, Andover, 1902; Sarah D. Fiske, Malden, 1903; Jacob H. Hecht, Boston, Leonard Huntress, Lowell, Payson W. Lyman (Secretary), Fall River, 1904.

STATE HOSPITAL.

(At Tewksbury.)

Superintendent and Resident Physician—John H. Nichols, M.D. Assistant Superintendent and Physician—Joseph B. Howland, M.D. Assistant Physicians—Arthur K. Drake, M.D., Ernest B. Emerson, M.D., George A. Pierce, M.D., Harold C. Goodwin, M.D., Hannah Lowell, M.D. Clerk—Hiram P. Dinsmore.

STATE FARM.

(At Bridgewater.)

Superintendent — Hollis M. Blackstone. Deputy Superintendent — Benjamin F. Robinson. Resident Physician — Charles A. Drew, M.D. Assistant Physicians — Butler Metzger, M.D., Alfred Elliott, M.D. Clerk — Henry J. Strann.

COLLEGES IN MASSACHUSETTS.

WITH THEIR PRESIDENTS AND TRUSTEES.

HARVARD COLLEGE.

(Cambridge.)

[Founded 1636.]

CORPORATION.

CHARLES WILLIAM ELIOT, President.

Fellows.

Henry P. Walcott.

Henry L. Higginson.

Samuel Hoar.

Francis C. Lowell.

Arthur T. Cabot.

Charles F. Adams, 2d, Treasurer.

BOARD OF OVERSEERS.

Members ex Officio.

Charles W. Eliot, President of the University. Charles F. Adams, 2d, Treasurer of the University.

Elective Members.

[Term of office expires June, 1902.]

Solomon Lincoln.

David W. Cheever.

George B. Shattuck. Edwin P. Seaver.

Francis Rawle.

[Term of office expires June, 1903.]

Charles J. Bonaparte. James J. Storrow. George A. Gordon.

Charles F. Folsom. Francis L. Higginson.

[Term of office expires June, 1904.]

Moorfield Storey. Winslow Warren.
John Noble. Henry S. Huidekoper.

[Term of office expires June, 1905.]

William A. Bancroft.

Stephen M. Weld.

Charles E. Norton.

George E. Adams.

William Everett.
[Term of office expires June, 1906.]

Samuel Hill. William Lawrence.

William Lawrence. George F. Hoar.

Arthur Lincoln.

HARVARD COLLEGE - Concluded.

[Term of office expires June, 1907.]

Robert Grant. Charles F. Adams. Augustus Hemenway.

Moses Williams. Charles S. Fairchild.

Winthrop H. Wade, Secretary of the Board of Overseers.

WILLIAMS COLLEGE.

(Williamstown.) [Chartered 1793.]

CORPORATION.

JOHN H. HEWITT, Acting President.

Trustees.

Rev. Robert R. Booth. James M. Barker. Rev. William W. Adams. Horace E. Scudder. Rev. Charles C. Hall. Rev. Henry Hopkins. Francis L. Stetson.

Albert C. Houghton. Charles S. Cole, Treasurer Hamilton W. Mabie. Rev. Daniel Merriman. Joseph E. Simmons. William Rumsey. Eugene Delano. James R. Garfield. James R. Dunbar.

William H. Hollister, Jr. Rev. Charles H. Burr, Secretary.

Rev. E. B. Parsons, Secretary of the Faculty.

AMHERST COLLEGE.

(Amherst.)

[Incorporated Feb. 21, 1825.]

CORPORATION.

JOHN E. SANFORD, President.

Trustees.

Rev. George Harris. G. Henry Whitcomb. Rev. E. Winchester Donald. Rev. Michael Burnham. Rev. William Hayes Ward. D. Willis James.

Rev. Charles H. Parkhurst.

Walter M. Howland.

Rev. Williston Walker. Charles M. Pratt. Charles H. Allen.

Arthur H. Dakin. Frank N. Look. George A. Plimpton.

Rev. Howard S. Bliss. Mason W. Tyler.

Joseph W. Fairbanks, Treasurer.

MT. HOLYOKE COLLEGE.

(South Hadley.) [Founded 1837.]

Miss MARY EMMA WOOLLEY, President of the Faculty.

Trustees.

Rev. Judson Smith, President.

Sidney E. Bridgman. William Skinner. A. Lyman Williston. Rev. Henry A. Stimson. Edward Hitchcock. Hon. William Whiting. Rev. John L. R. Trask. Governor W. Murray Crane. Charles A. Young. John F. Anderson, Jr. G. Henry Whiteomb. Elbridge Torrey. Mrs. A. Lyman Williston. Miss Sarah P. Eastman. Charles E. Garman.

Mrs. Moses Smith, Mrs. Marion C. Atwell, \ Chosen by the Alumna. Dr. Mary Dole,

Miss Mary E. Woolley, Ex Officio. Sidney E. Bridgman, Secretary. A. Lyman Williston, Treasurer. Robert L. Williston, Assistant Treasurer.

COLLEGE OF THE HOLY CROSS.

(Worcester.)

[Founded 1843. Incorporated March 24, 1865.]

Rev. Joseph F. Hanselman, S.J., President. Rev John Harpes, S.J., Vice-President.

Board of Trustees.

Rev. Joseph F. Hanselman, S.J., President. Rev. John Harpes, S.J., Vice-President. Rev. Charles C. Jones, S.J., Treasurer. Rev. James L. Smith, S.J., Secretary.

Rev. Thomas McLoughlin, S.J. Rev. Thomas E. Murphy, S.J. Rev. Albert R. Peters, S.J. Rev. James V. Kelley, S.J.

Rev. George Mansell, S.J. Rev. Martin J. Scott, S.J.

TUFTS COLLEGE.

(Medford.)

[Incorporated March 20, 1850.]

Rev. ELMER H. CAPEN, President.

Trustees.

Henry B. Metcalf, President.

Timothy T. Sawyer. William W. Spaulding. Newton Talbot. David Cummings. Rev. Elmer H. Capen. Frederick S. Pearson. Charles S. Fobes. Charles E. Morrison. Hosea M. Knowlton. Sumner Robinson. Thomas H. Armstrong. William H. Sherman. John W. Hammond. Hosea W. Parker. Walter E. Parker. Rev. Frederick W. Hamilton. Lorin Low Dame. Henry B. Metcalf. Rev. Henry W. Rugg Albert Metcalf. Rev. J. Coleman Adams. J. Frank Wellington. Byron Groce. Rev. William E. Gibbs. Arthur E. Denison. Arthur E. Mason. Henry D. Williams. Robert R. Andrews, D.D.S.

William Oscar Cornell.

Hosca M. Knowlton, Vice-Iresident. Henry W. Rugg, Secretary
Newton Talbot, Treasurer.

MASSACHUSETTS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY.

(Boston.)

[Incorporated April 10, 1861.]

MEMBERS OF THE CORPORATION.

HENRY S. PRITCHETT, President. Francis H. Williams, Secretary.

GEORGE WIGGLESWORTH, Treasurer.

John D. Runkle. Howard Stockton. William Endicott. Eliot C. Clarke. Howard A. Carson. Nathaniel Thayer. Charles J. Paine. Charles F. Choate. Charles Fairchild. Hiram F. Mills. David R. Whitney. Percival Lowell. Alexander S. Wheeler. Arthur T. Lyman. Charles Merriam. James P. Tolman.

MASSACHUSETTS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY - Concluded.

Thornton K. Lothrop. Charles C. Jacksou. Samuel M. Felton. Desmond FitzGerald. Samuel Cabot. Francis Blake. Charles W. Hubbard. Thomas L. Livermore. A. Lawrence Rotch.

John R. Freeman.

George A. Gardner.

William H. Lincoln.

J. B. Sewall.
Charles L. Lovering.
A. Lawrence Lowell.
James P. Munroe.
William L. Putnam.
Charles G. Weld.
Eben S. Draper.
Robert S. Peabody.
Elihu Thomson.
Elliott C. Lee
James P. Stearns.
Lucius Tuttle.

On the part of the Commonwealth.

His Excellency Governor W. Murray Crane.

Hon. Oliver Wendell Holmes, Chief Justice of the Supreme Judicial

Court.

Frank A. Hill, Secretary of the Board of Education

BOSTON COLLEGE.

(Boston.)

[Incorporated April 1, 1863.]

Trustees.

Rev. W. G. READ MULLAN, S.J., President.
Rev. Alphonse Charlier, S.J., Secretary.
Rev. John D. Whitney, S.J., Treasurer.
Rev. Francis O'Neill, S.J. Rev. John McQuaid, S.J.
Timothy Fealy, S.J.

MASSACHUSETTS AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE.

(Amherst.)

[Incorporated April 29, 1863.]

HENRY H. GOODELL, President.

Trustees.

[Term of office expires Jan. 1, 1903.] Samuel C. Damon. James Draper.

MASSACHUSETTS AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE - Concluded.

[Term of office expires Jan. 1, 1904.]

Merritt I. Wheeler. Henry S. Hyde.

[Term of office expires Jan. 1, 1905.]

William R. Sessions. Charles L. Flint.

[Term of office expires Jan. 1, 1906.]

William H. Bowker. George H. Ellis.

[Term of office expires Jan. 1, 1907.]

Elmer D. Howe. J. Howe Demond. [Term of office expires Jan. 1, 1908.]

Nathaniel I. Bowditch.

William Wheeler. [Term of office expires Jan. 1, 1909.]

Charles A. Gleason. Elijah W. Wood.

Trustees ex Officio.

Henry H. Goodell, President of the College.

Frank A. Hill, Secretary of the Board of Education.

James W. Stockwell, Secretary of the Board of Agriculture.

Officers.

President - His Excellency W. Murray Crane. Vice-President - Henry S. Hyde, Springfield. Secretary - James W. Stockwell, Sutton. Treasurer - George F. Mills, Amherst. Auditor - Charles A. Gleason, New Braintree.

WORCESTER POLYTECHNIC INSTITUTE.

(Worcester.)

[Incorporated May 10, 1865.]

CORPORATION.

Hon. STEPHEN SALISBURY, A.M., President. Rev. DANIEL MERRIMAN, D.D., Secretary. CHARLES G. WASHBURN, S.B., A.B., Treasurer.

Hon. George F. Hoar, LL.D. Charles H. Morgan, Esq. G. Henry Whitcomb, A.M. Rev. Austin S. Garver, A.M.

Rev. Spenser B. Meeser. Elmer P. Howe, S.B. James Logan, Esq.

On the part of the Board of Education.

Mayor of the city of Worcester, Ex Officio.

BOSTON UNIVERSITY.

(Boston.)

[Incorporated May 26, 1869.]

WILLIAM F. WARREN, President. Office, No. 12 Somerset Street.

CORPORATION.

William Claffin, President.
Alden Speare, Vice-President.
Willard T. Perrin, Secretury.
Richard W. Husted, Treasurer.
William F. Warren, Member ex Officio.

Lorenzo D. Baker.
John L. Bates.
E T. Burrowes.
William Claffin.
William R. Clark.
Chester C. Corbin.
Edward H. Dunn.
Sarah A. Emerson.
Austin B. Fletcher.
John D. Flint.
R. S. Foster.
W. J. Hayen.

Richard W. Husted.

Charles T. Gallagher.
W. F. Mallalieu.
Joshua Merrill.
Charles Parkhurst.
Willard T. Perrin.
John D. Pickles.
William W. Potter.
George Skene.
Aiden Speare.
Daniel Steele.
Edward M. Taylor.
Silas Peirce.
Charles Leeds.

WELLESLEY COLLEGE.

(Wellesley.)

[Incorporated March 17, 1870.]

CAROLINE HAZARD, President.

CORPORATION.

Board of Trustees.

Alexander McKenzie, President of the Board. Alvah Hovey, Vice-President. Mrs. Henry F. Durant, Secretary. Alpheus H. Hardy, Treasurer.

WELLESLEY COLLEGE - Concluded.

William Claffin.
William F. Warren.
William H. Willcox.
Lilian Horsford Farlow.
Alice Freeman Palmer.
Horace E. Scudder.
Edwin Hale Abbot.
William Lawrence.
Louise McCoy North.
Adaline Emerson Thompson.
Sarah E. Whitin.

Henry E. Cobb.
Andrew Fiske.
William H. Lincoln.
Winifred Edgerton Merrill.
Rowland G. Hazard.
Anson Phelps Stokes, Jr.
Samuel B. Capen.
Cornelia Warren.
Joseph L. Colby.
Herbert J. Wells.
Caroline Hazard, Ex Officio.

SMITH COLLEGE.

(Northampton.)

[Incorporated March 3, 1871.]

Rev. L. Clark Seelye, President.

Trustees.

Rev. John M. Greene, D.D.
A. Lyman Williston.
Rev. Robert M. Woods.
Hon. Rodney Wallace.
Hon. Charles N. Clark.

William H. Baldwin, Jr. John B. Clark, Ph.D., LL.D. Rev. Arthur L. Gillette, D.D. Mrs. Mary Duguid Dey, A.B. Mrs. Justina R. Hill.

Rt. Rev. Wm. Lawrence, D.D. Mrs. Helen R. Thayer.

Charles N. Clark, Treasurer.

CLARK UNIVERSITY.

(Worcester.)

[Incorporated March 31, 1887.]

G. STANLEY HALL, President.

CORPORATION.

Board of Trustees.

George F. Hoar, President of the Board. Thomas H. Gage, Treasurer.
Stephen Salisbury, Vice-President.
G. Stanley Hall, Secretary.

Edward Cowles.

John D. Washburn.

A. G. Bullock.

Charles H. Clark. Rockwood Hoar. Philip W. Moen.

CITIES AND TOWNS IN MASSACHUSETTS,

WITH THE

POST-OFFICES THEREIN.

[The spelling of the names of post-offices is that established by the Post-Office Department.]

TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.	TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.
101115.		TOWNS.	
Abington,	· Abington. · North Abington.	Attleborough,	Attleboro. 8. Attleboro.
Acton, .	Acton. North Acton. Least Acton. South Acton. West Acton.	Auburn, .	Hebronville. Dodgeville. Auburn. West Auburn. Avon.
Acushnet,	· Acushnet. Longplain.		. Ayer.
Adams, .	· Adams. · Maple Grove.		Barnstable. West Barnstable. Centreville.
Agawam,	· Agawam. Feeding Hills.		Marstons Mills. Hyannis.
Alford, .	. Alford.		South Hyannis.
Amesbury,	· Amesbury.	Barnstable,	. Hyannisport. Cotuit.
Amherst,	Amherst. North Amherst. South Amherst. Cushman.		Santuit. Osterville. Craigville. Wianno. Cummaquid.
Andover,	· Andover. Ballardvale.		Barre. Barre Plains.
Arlington,	· Arlington.* · Arlington Heights.*	Barre, .	White Valley. Bogue.
Ashburnham	Ashburnham. N. Ashburnham. S. Ashburnham.	Becket, .	. Becket. West Becket. Becket Centre.
Ashby, .	. Ashby.	Bedford,	. Bedford.
Ashfield,	Ashfield. South Ashfield. Spruce Corner. Watson.	Belchertown,	(Bellingham.
Ashland,	. Ashland.	Bellingham,	North Bellingham. South Bellingham. Caryville.
Athol, .	Athol Centre. South Athol.	Belmont,	Belmont. Waverley.

^{*} Stations in the Boston Postal District.

TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.	TOT	VNS. POST-OFFICES.
Berkley, .	Berkley. Myricks.		1.377 Cambridge Street, Brighton.* 2. Perkins, cor. Franklin
Berlin,	Berlin. West Berlin. South Berlin.		Street, East Somerville.* 3. 380 Centre St., Jamaica
Bernardston,	Bernardston.		Plain.*
Beverly,	Beverly Farms. North Beverly. Prides Crossing.		4. Exchange Building, 53 State Street, Boston.* 5. 63 Warren Avenue, Station A.* 6. 775 Dudley Street, Up-
Billerica, .	Billerica. North Billerica. East Billerica. South Billerica.		ham's Corner.* 7. 123 Massachusetts Ave., Back Bay.* 8. Pearl, cor. Marshall St.,
Blackstone, .	Blackstone. East Blackstone. Millville.		Winter Hill.* 9.244 Boylston St, Back Bay.*
	Blandford.		10. 109 Green St., Boston.* 11. 329 Warren Street, Rox- bury.*
25000000	Bolton.		12. 3101 Washington Street,
Boston Bridge Br	rlington. rlington Heights. ack Bay. sulevard. righton. rookline. mbridge, mbridge, mbridgeport. sarlestown. sate Boston. sat Cambridge. verett. sate Boston. sate Cambridge. verett. sate Plain. slden. slden. slden. slden. slden. slden. schupflege. orth Postal Station. evere. oxbury. oxbury Crossing. omerville. suth Boston. slation A. Fest Roxbury. Fest Somerville. Vinthrop.	Boston. Sub-Stations.	Roxbury.* 13. 210 North Street, Boston.* 14. Chamber of Commerce, Boston.* 15. 380 Dudley Street, Roxbury.* 16. Joy, cor. Myrtle Street, Boston.* 17. 1024 Saratoga Street, East Boston.* 18. 1129 Washington Street, Station A.* 19. 21 Massachusetts Ave., Back Bay.* 20. 276 Massachusetts Ave., Back Bay.* 21. 269 Pearl Street, Cambridgeport.* 22. 157 Bunker Hill Street, Charlestown.* 23. 574 Main Street, Charlestown.* 24. 176 Saratoga Street, East Boston.* 25. 672 Centre St., Jamaica Plain.* 26. 138 Beach St., Revere.* 27. 64 Walnut Street, Dorchester.*

 $[\]boldsymbol{\ast}$ Stations for the sale of stamps and money orders and the registration of mail matter.

TOWNS. POST-OFFICES. 28, 3730 Washington Street, Jamaica Plain.* 29. 146 Harrison Avenue, Boston.* 30. 297 Main Street, Charlestown.* 31. 56 Hanover Street, Boston.* 32.707 Washington Street, Boston.* 33. 1378 Cambridge Street, Cambridgeport.* 34. 610 Tremont Street, Station A.* 35.675 Broadway, South Boston.* Winthrop Avenue, 36. 1 Revere.* 37. 586 Dorehester Avenue, South Boston.* 38. 152 Paul Gore Street, Jamaica Plain.* 39.146 Cross St., Somerville.* Sub-Stations. 40. 68 Market St., Brighton.* 41.1152 Tremont St., Roxbury Crossing.* 42. 735 Huntington Avenue, Roxbury Crossing.*
43. 183 Washington Ave., Chelsea.* 44.55 Elm Street, West Somerville.* 45, 476 Blue Hill Avenue, Roxbury.* 46, 620 Atlantic Avenue, Boston.* 47. 573 Talbot Ave., New Dorchester.* 48, 1181 Washington Street. New Dorchester.* 49. 83 Concord Ave., Cambridge.* 50.526 Salem St., Maplewood, Malden.* 51. 383 Columbus Avenue, Station A.*

52. 263 Highland Avenue,

53. 459 Dudley Street, Rox-

54. Union Square, Brigh-

Somerville.*

bury.*

TOWNS. POST-OFFICES. 55. 260 Broadway, Somerville.* 56. Washington Ave. and Shirley Street, Winthrop.* 57, 210 Blue Hill Avenue, Roxbury.* 58. 1953 Beacon Street, Boulevard.* 59. 575 Columbus Avenue, Station A.* 60. 1 Putnam Square, Cambridge.* 61. 241 Dorchester Street, South Boston.* 62, 2269 Massachusetts Av., North Cambridge.* 63. Beach and Lynn streets, Malden.* Sub-Stations 64. 341 Washington Street, New Dorchester.* 65. 3 Milton Avenue, New Dorchester.* 66, 1621 Beacon Street, Boulevard.* 67. Central Station, West Roxburv.* 68. 939 Dorchester Avenue, Dorchester.* 69. 1758 Dorchester Ave., New Dorchester.* 70. 1 Railroad Street, Everett.*
71. 723 Broadway, Everett.* 72. 372 Washington Ave., Chelsea.* 73. 305 Sumner Street, East Boston.* 74. 529 Medford St , Somerville.* 75. 760 Washington Street, New Dorchester.* 76. 17 Beacon St , Buston.* Bourne.

Pocasset.

Buzzards Bay.

Monument Beach.

Bournedale.

Cataumet.

Sagamore.

Bourne. .

Boxborough, . West Acton P. O.

^{*} Stations for the sale of stamps and money orders and the registration of mail matter.

TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.	TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.
Boxford,	Boxford. East Boxford. West Boxford. Boylston.	Chelmsford,	Chelmsford. North Chelmsford. South Chelmsford. West Chelmsford.
Boylston,	Boylston Centre	Chelsea,	. Chelsea.*
Braintree,	Braintree. South Braintree.	Cheshire,	. Cheshire.
Brewster,	(East Braintree.	Chester, . Chesterfield,	. North Chester. Littleville. Chesterfield. West Chesterfield. Bisbees.
Bridgewater	Bridgewater. Scotland. State Farm. Brimfield.	Chicopee,	Chicopee. Chicopee Falls. Fairview. Willimansett.
Brimfield,	East Brimfield.	Chilmark,	. Chilmark.
Brockton,	Brockton. Campello.	Clarksburg,	Clarksburg (N. Adams P.O.).
Brookfield,	Brookfield.	Clinton,.	Briggsville.
Brookline,	. Brookline.*	ouncon,.	(Cohasset.
Buckland,	. Buckland.	Cohasset,	.{ Nantasket.
Burlington,	. Burlington.†		(Beechwood.
Cambridge,	Cambridge.* Cambridgeport.* North Cambridge.* East Cambridge.*	Colrain,	Colerain. Lyonsville. Adamsville. ¿Elmgrove. Griswoldville.
Canton, .	Canton. Ponkapog. Canton Junction.		Line. Shattuckville.
Carlisle,	. Carlisle.	~ 7	Concord.
Carver, .	Carver. North Carver.	Concord,	. Concord Junction. Westvale.
	East Carver.	Conway,	. Conway.
Charlemont	(Charlemont.	Cottage City, Cummington	(Cummington.
	(Charlton.	Dalton	, { W. Cummington. Swift River.
Charlton,	Charlton City. Charlton Depot. Dodge.	Dana, .	Dana. North Dana.
${\it Chatham},$	Chatham. Chathamport. North Chatham. South Chatham. West Chatham.	Danvers,	Danvers. Danvers Centre. Danversport. Tapleyville. Hathorne.

^{*} Stations in the Boston Postal District.
† Rural free delivery from Woburn.
‡ Rural free delivery from Danvers.

TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.	TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.
Dartmouth,	Dartmouth. North Dartmouth. South Dartmouth. Nonguitt.	Egremont,	. North Egremont. South Egremont. Egremont Plain.
	Dedham.	Enfield, .	Enfield.
Dedham,	. Endicott. Islington.	Erving, .	Erving. Farley. Essex.
D = 0.17	(East Dedham.	Essex, . Everett, .	South Essex.
Deerfield,	East Deerfield.	Fairhaven,	. Fairhaven.
Dennis, .	Dennis, Dennisport{ East Dennis.	Fall River,	Fall River. Flint Village. Falmouth.
	South Dennis. West Dennis.		Falmouth Heights. Teaticket.
Dighton,	Dighton. North Dighton. West Dighton. Segreganset.	Falmouth,	Megansett. North Falmouth. East Falmouth. West Falmouth.
Douglas,	· Douglas. East Douglas.		Menauhant. Woods Hole.
Dover, .	. Dover.		Quissett. Hatchville. Waquoit.
Dracut, .	· Collinsville.	Fitchburg,	Fitchburg. West Fitchburg.
Dudley, .	· Dudley. West Dudley.	Florida,	. Hoosac Tunnel.
Dunstable,	Dunstable. Duxbury. North Duxbury.	Foxborough,	Foxboro. North Foxboro. East Foxboro. Foxvale.
Duxbury,	South Duxbury. West Duxbury. Island Creek. Millbrook.	Framinghan	Framingham. S. Framingham. (Saxonville.
East Bridge water, .	- SE. Bridgewater Elmwood.		Nobscot. Montwait. Franklin.
Eastham,	· { Eastham. North Eastham.	Franklin,	Wadsworth.
	Easthampton.	Freetown,	Assonet. East Freetown.
	w, East Longmeadow. Easton. North Easton.	Gardner,	Gardner. South Gardner. West Gardner.
Easton, .	South Easton. Eastondale.	Gay Head,	. Gayhead.
Edgartown,	(Easton Center. . Edgartown.	Georgetown, Gill, .	. Georgetown Riverside.

^{*} Station in the Boston Postal District.

TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.	TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.
Gloucester,	Gloucester. Magnolia. Bayview. West Gloucester. Lanesville. Annisquam. Goehen.	Harwich,	Harwich. Harwichport. North Harwich. East Harwich. South Harwich. West Harwich. Pleasant Lake.
Goshen, . Gosnold,	'{ Lithia. Cuttyhunk. Tarpaulin Cove.	Hatfield,	Hatfield. North Hatfield. West Hatfield.
Grafton, Granby,	Grafton. North Grafton. Saundersville. Farnumsville. Fisherville. Granby.	Haverhill,	Haverhill. East Haverhill. Ayers Village. Bradford. Wardhill. Saunders Hill (branch office).
Granville,	Granville. Granville Center. West Granville.	Hawley, .	Hawley. West Hawley.
Great Ba rington, Greenfield,	r-{Great Barrington. Housatonic. Vanduesen. Greenfield.	Heath, .	Heath. North Heath. Cyrus.
Greenwich, Groton, .	Greenwich. Greenwich Village. Groton. West Groton.	Hingham,	Hingham. Hingham Centre. South Hingham. West Hingham. Crow Point.
Groveland,	Groveland. South Groveland.	Hinsdale,	(Accord Hinsdale.
Hadley, . Halifax,	Hadley. North Hadley. Halifax.	Holden, .	Holden. Jefferson. Quinapoxet.
Hampden, Hamilton,	. Hampden. (Hamilton.) Asbury Grove.	Holbrook,	· Holbrook. Brookville.
Hancock,	. Hancock.	Holland,	. Holland.
Hanover,	Hanover. North Hanover. South Hanover. West Hanover.	Holliston,	Holliston. East Holliston. Braggville. Metcalf.
	(Assinippi.	Holyoke,	. Holyoke.
Hanson,	North Hanson. South Hanson.	Hopedale,	· Hopedale. South Milford.
Hardwick,	Hardwick. Gilbertville. Furnace.	Hopkinton,	. { Hopkinton. Woodville. Hayden Row.
Harvard,	Wheelwright. Harvard. Stillriver.	Hubbard stor	n, { Hubbardston. E. Hubbardston. Williamsville.

TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.	TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.
Hudson,	. Hudson.	Lowell, .	Lowell.
Hull.	. Huil. Allerton.	Bowers, .	· Middlesex Village.
1111111,	Surfside.	Ludlow,	· Ludlow. Center.
Huntington,	· Huntington. Norwich.	Lunenburg,	. Lunenburg.
	(Hydepark.	Lynn, .	. Lynn.
Hyde Park,	Clarendon Hills. Readville. East River.	Lynnfield, Malden,	Lynnfield. Lynnfield Centre.
	(Hazelwood.		. Malden.*
Ipswich,	. Ipswich.	Manchester,	
Kingston,	· { Kingston. · { Silverlake.	Mansfield,	Mansfield. East Mansfield. West Mansfield.
Lakeville,	. Lakeville.		(Marblehead.
Lancaster,	· Lancaster. South Lancaster.	Marblehead,	. Nanepashemet. Clifton.
Lanesboro',	Lanesboro. Berkshire.	Marion,	. Marion.
Laurence,	. Lawrence.	Marlborough	, Marlboro.
Lee, .	Lee. East Lee. South Lee. (Leicester.	Marshfield,	otandish.
Leicester,	. Cherry Valley. Rochdale.		Brantrock. Seaview. Green Harbor.
Lenox, .	Lenox. Lenoxdale.	Mashpee,	. Mashpee.
Leominster.	New Lenox Leominster.	Mattapoisett,	(Mattapolsett.) East Mattapoisett.
,	(Leverett.	Maynard,	. Maynard.
Leverett,	North Leverett.	Medfield,	. Medfield. Harding.
Lexington,	Moores Corner. Hillsboro. Lexington. North Lexington.	Medford,	Medford. West Medford. Tufts College. Wellington.
Leyden, .	(East Lexington.)	Medway,	· West Medway.
is green,	West Leyden.	Melrose,	. Melrose. Fells.
Lincoln,	· Lincoln. South Lincoln.	Mendon,	. Mendon.
Littleton,	Littleton. Common.	Merrimac,	· Merrimac. Merrimacport.
Longmeadow	, Longmeadow.	Methuen,	. Methnen.†

^{*} Station in the Boston Postal District.
† Branch of the Lawrence office.

Towns.	POST-OFFICES.	TOWNS. POST-OFFICES	
Middleboro',	Rock.	New Salem, Cooleyville. N. New Salem. Millington.	
Middlefield,	Eddyville. Middlefield. Bancroft.	Newbury, . Byfield. South Byfield. Newburyport, Newburyport.	
Middleton,	Middleton. South Middleton.	(Newton.	
Milford,	. Millord.	Newtonville. Auburndale.	
Millbury,	Millbury. West Millbury.	West Newton. Newton Centre.	
Millis, .	Millis. Rockville.	Newton, . Newton L. Fall Newton U. Fall Chestnut Hill.*	
Milton, .	Milton. East Milton.	Newton Highlan Waban.	ıds.
Monroe, . Monson,	Monroe Bridge. Monson.	Norfolk, . { Norfolk. City Mills. Pondville.	
220100101	(Montague.	North Adams, North Adams.	
Montague,	Montague City. Turners Falls. Millers Falls. Lake Pleasant.	N. Andover, . No.AndoverDep	pot.
Monterey,	. Monterey.	No. Attleboro, Attleboro Falls.	
	,. Montgomery.	Adamsdale. Oldtown.	
Mt. Wash'gt'	n, Mt. Washington. Alandar.	N. Brookfield, North Brookfiel	id.
Nahant,	. Nahant.	N. Reading, . North Reading.	
Nantucket,	· Nantucket. · Siasconset.	Northampton. Florence.	
Natick, .	. { Natick. North Natick. South Natick.	Leeds. Northampton, Loudville. Westfarms. Smiths Ferry.	
Needham,	Needham. Highlandville. Charles River.	Bay State.	
New Ashford		Northboro', . Northboro. Chapinville.	
New Bedfor	(Shawmut.	Northbridge, Northbridge Cen Whitinsville, Ulinwood, t	tre.
N. Braintre	e, New Braintree.	(Northfield.	
N. Marlboro	Hartsville.	Northfield Farn Northfield, .{ East Northfield West Northfield Mount Hermon.	d.

^{*} Station in the Boston Postal District.
† The post-office building is in the town of Uxbridge.

TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.	TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.
Norton,	Norton. East Norton. Chartley. Norton Furnace. Barrowsville.	Plymouth,	Plymouth. Chiltonville. North Plymouth. Manomet. Raymond.
Norwell, .	Norwell.	Plympton,	. Plympton.
Norwood, .	Norwood.	Prescott,	Prescott. North Prescott.
Oakham, .	Oakham. Coldbrook Springs. Orange.	Princeton,	Princeton. East Princeton. Mt. Wachusett. Princeton Depot.
Orange,	North Orange.	Provincetow	n, Provincetown.
Orleans, .	Crieans. East Orleans. South Orleans.	Quincy, .	Quincy. Atlantic. Wollaston. Houghs Neck.*
Otis,	Otis. West Otis.	Randolph,	. Randolph.
	Oxford. North Oxford.	Raynham,	· Raynham. · North Raynham.
	(Palmer.	Reading,	. Reading.
Palmer,	Bondsville. Thorndike. Three Rivers.	Rehoboth,	Rehoboth. North Rehoboth. South Rehoboth.
Paxton,	Paxton.	Revere, .	Revere.† Franklin Park.
Peabody,	Peabody. West Peabody.	Richmond,	Richmond. RichmondFurnace.
Pelham,	. Pelham.	Rochester,	Rochester. North Rochester.
Pembroke, .	Pembroke. North Pembroke. East Pembroke.	Rockland,	· Rockland.
	(Pepperell.	Rockport,	Rockport.
Pepperell, .	East Pepperell.	Rowe, .	Rowe.
Peru, .	. Peru.	Rowley, .	Rowley.
Petersham,	Petersham.	Royalston,	South Royalston.
Phillipston,	. Phillipston.		Russell.
Pittsfield,	Pittsfield. West Pittsfield.	Russell,	* Fairfield.
Plainfield,	(Pontoosuc Plainfield.	Rutland,	. North Rutland. West Rutland.

^{*} Consolidated with Quincy office.
† Station in the Boston Postal District.

TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.	TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.
Salem, .	. Salem.	Southampton,	Southampton.
Salisbury,	Salisbury. Cushing. Sandisfield. New Boston.	Southboro', .	Southboro. Cordaville. Fayville. Southville.
Sandisfield,	Montville. South Sandisfield.	Southbridge,	Southbridge. Globe Village.
	Sandwich.	Southwick, .	Southwick.
Sandwich.	Forestdale.	Spencer, .	Spencer.
Saugus, .	South Sandwich. Springhill. Saugus.* East Saugus.*	Springfield, .	Springfield. Indian Orchard. Brightwood. Sixteen Acres.
Savoy, .	Cliftondale.* Savoy. Savoy Centre. Brier.	Sterling,	Sterling. Sterling Junction. West Sterling. Pratts Junction.
	Newstate. Scituate. Egypt.	Stockbridge,	Stockbridge. Glendale. Curtisville.
	Scituate Centre.	Stoneham, .	Stoneham.
Scituate,	North Scituate. Greenbush. Mount Blue. Sandhills.	Stoughton, .	Stoughton. North Stoughton. West Stoughton.
	(Minot.	Stow,	Stow. Gleasondale.
Seekonk,	. Seekonk.	G. 1.17	Sturbridge.
Sharon,	Sharon. Sharon Heights	Sturbridge, .	Fiskdale.
Sheffield,	Sheffield. Ashleyfalls.		North Sudbury. South Sudbury.
	(Shelburne.	Sunderland,	Sunderland.
Shelburne,	. Bardwells Ferry. Shelburne Falls.	Sutton	Sutton.† West Sutton.‡
Sherborn,	Sherborn. South Sherborn.		Manchaug. Wilkinsonville.
Shirley,	Shirley.	Swampscott, .	Swampscott. Beachbluff.
Shrewsbury,	. Shrewsbury.		Swansea. North Swansea.
Shutesbury,	. Shutesbury.	Swansea	South Swansea.
Somerset,	Somerset. Pottersville.		Touisset. Hortonville.
Somerville,	Somerville.†		Swansea Centre.
So. Hadley,	So. Hadley Falls.	Taunton, .	East Taunton. Oakland. Walker.

^{*} Stations in the Lynn Postal District. † Stations in the Boston Postal District. ‡ Rural free delivery from Millbury.

TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.	TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.
Templeton,	Templeton. East Templeton. Baldwinsville. Otter River.	Wellesley, .{	Wellesley. Wellesley Hills. Wellesley Farm. Wellfleet.
Tewksbury,	· Tewksbury. Wamesit.	Wellfleet, . }	South Wellfleet.
Tisbury,	Vineyard Haven. West Chop.	Wendell, .	Wendell Depot. Locks Village.
Tolland,	. Tolland.	Wenham, .	Wenham. Wenham Depot.
Topsfield,	. Topsfield.	6	West Boylston.
Townsend,	.{Townsend. Townsend Harbor. West Townsend.	W. Boylston, . } West Bridge- }	Oakdale. W. Bridgewater.
	(Truro.	water, }	Westdale.
Truro, .	. North Truro.	W. Brookfield, W. Newbury,	West Brookfield. West Newbury.
Tyngsboro',	. Tyngsboro.	West Spring-	West Springfield.
Tyringham,	. Tyringham.	4010	Mittineague. Merrick.
Upton, .	· { Upton. West Upton.	1	West Stockbridge. W. Stockbridge
Uxbridge,	· Uxbridge. · North Uxbridge.	West Stock- bridge, .	Centre. Stateline.
Wakefield,	.{ Wakefield. Greenwood. Montrose.	West Tisbury,	Rockdale Mills. West Tisbury. North Tisbury.
Wales, .	. Wales.	Westborough,	Westboro.
Walpole,	. { Walpole. East Walpole. South Walpole.		Westfield. Mundale. Wyben.
Waltham,	. Waltham.	{	Westford. Coldspring.
Ware, .	. Ware.	Westford, .{	Forge Village. Graniteville.
Wareham,	Wareham. East Wareham. South Wareham. West Wareham. Onset.	Westhampton, Westminster,	Nashoba. Westhampton. Westminster. Westmins'r Depot.
Warren,	Warren. West Warren.	westminster,	So. Westminster. Weston.
Warwick,	. Warwick.		Kendal Green.
Washington,			Stonybrook.
Watertown,	·{ Watertown. Bemls. Mount Auburn.	Westport, .	Westport. Westport Point. North Westport. South Westport.
Wayland,	Wayland. Cochituate.		Central Village. Acoaxet.
Webster,	. Webster.	Westwood, .	Westwood.

TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.	TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.
	(Weymouth. North Weymouth.	Winchendon,	Winchendon. Waterville.
	East Weymouth. South Weymouth.	Winchester, .	Winchester.
Weymouth,	. \ Nash. Weymouth	Windsor, .	Windsor. East Windsor.
	Heights. Weymouth Centre.	Winthrop, .	Winthrop.*
	Porter.	Woburn, .	Woburn.
Whately,	· { Whately. East Whately.	Worcester, .	Worcester. Quinsigamond. Greendale.
Whitman,	Whitman. East Whitman.		Webster Square.
Wilbraham,	Wilbraham. No. Wilbraham.	Worthington,	Worthington. So. Worthington. W. Worthington. Ringville.
Williamsb'g	· · { Williamsburg. Haydenville.		Wrentham.
Williamst'w	n, Williamstown. S. Williamstown. Blackinton.	Wrentham, .	West Wrentham. Plainville. Sheldonville.
	(Williamstown Sta.		Yarmouth.
Wilmington,	Wilmington. N. Wilmington.	Yarmouth, .	South Yarmouth. West Yarmouth. Yarmouth Port.

^{*} Station in the Boston Postal District.

ABRIDGMENT OF UNITED STATES POSTAL REGULATIONS.

POSTAGE

TO ANY PART OF THE UNITED STATES AND THE TERRITORIES; AND TO THE DOMINION OF CANADA.

Two cents for each ounce, or fraction thereof, on letters, sealed packages, mail matter, wholly or partly in writing.

Two cents per ounce, or fraction thereof, on drop-letters where free delivery by carriers is established; where such free delivery is not established, the rate is one cent.

One cent for two ounces, or fraction thereof, on almanacs, books (printed), calendars, catalogues, engravings, pamphlets, photographs, posters, printed cards, proof sheets, corrected proof sheets and manuscript accompanying the same, circulars, seeds, bulbs, roots, scions and plants.

One cent for every four ounces on newspapers and magazines of the second class.

One cent for each ounce, or fraction thereof, on blank books, blank cards, card-boards, and other flexible material, envelopes, merchandise, sample cards, samples of ores.

FOR POSTAGE TO GREAT BRITAIN AND OTHER FOREIGN COUNTRIES,

REGISTRATION OF MAIL MATTER.

The Registry System is intended to give to registered mail the greatest security within the province of the Post-office Department, and this special security is obtained by a distinctive cover for the matter, its retention in special custody, and a system of records and receipts showing a complete chain of receipts from the time it leaves the hands of the sender until it is delivered to the addressee.

Any class of mail matter may be registered at any post-office in the United States.

The fee on registered matter, domestic or foreign, is eight cents for each letter or parcel, to be affixed in stamps, in addition to the postage. Full prepayment of postage and fee is required.

Every letter presented for registration must be fully and legibly addressed and securely sealed by the sender, and all letters and other articles must also have the name and address of the sender endorsed thereon in writing or print before they can be registered.

Registered mail matter can only be delivered to the addressees in person or on their written order. All persons calling for registered matter should be prepared to furnish reasonable proof of their identity, as it is impossible otherwise, at large post-offices, to guard against fraud.

Safety is considered before celerity in the transmission of registered mail, and as delays are sometimes necessary to secure proper receipts at points of transfer, due allowance should be made by those mailing such matter and those to whom it is addressed, as registered mails cannot be handled with the same despatch as ordinary mail matter.

A return receipt, signed by addressee and showing delivery, is returned to the sender of each domestic registered letter or parcel, for which there is no extra charge. The sender of any foreign registered article may obtain assurance of its receipt at the foreign office of delivery by endorsing it with the words, "Return receipt requested."

Letters and packages containing money or articles of value should be registered, and never deposited for transmission by ordinary mail.

The Post-office Department is liable to an amount not exceeding ten dollars, or the actual value when that is less than ten dollars, for the loss in the mails of any piece of first-class registered mail matter.

MONEY ORDERS.

The fees or charges on domestic orders are as follows: -

For	sums	not e	excee	edi	ng \$2	2 50, .				3 cents.
66	66	over	\$2	50	and	not ex	ceeding	\$5,		5 cents.
66	4.6	6.6	\$5	00	6.6	66	66	\$10,		8 cents.
6.6	6.6	66	\$10	00	6.6	66	66	\$20,		10 cents.
66	66	66	\$20	00	66	66	44	\$30,		12 cents.
66	66	66	\$30	00	66	66	66	\$40,		15 cents.
66	66	66	\$40	00	6.6	64	4.6	\$50,		18 cents.
66	66	66	\$50	00	6.6	66	6.6	\$60,		20 cents.
66	66	44	\$60	00	6.6	66	44	\$75,		25 cents.
6.6	6.6	66	\$75	00	6.6	6.6	44	\$100.		30 cents.

A single money order may include any amount from one cent to one hundred dollars inclusive, but must not contain a fractional part of a cent.

The postmaster of any foreign money-order office in the United States—the same being designated by the Postmaster-General—will furnish a blank form of application, on which the sender must enter all the particulars of the amount (in United States money), names, address, etc., and must state the full name and exact residence of the person to whom

. . 100 00

. 100 00

the order is to be made payable. The postmaster will then issue an international order, to be sent by the remitter to the payee, in the case of "direct" orders.

The fees on all international orders are: -

For	sums	not	exce	edin	g \$10	0,				10 cents.
6.6	6.6	over	\$10	and	not	exceeding	\$20,			20 cents.
6.6	6.6	6.6	\$20	6.6	6.6	66	\$30,			30 cents.
6.6	6.6	6.6	\$30	6.6	6.6	66	\$40,			40 cents.
6.6	66	6.6	\$40	44	6.6	4.6	\$50,			50 cents.
6.6	6.6	66	\$50	66	6.6	44	\$60,			60 cents.
6.6	66	6.6	\$60	66	6.6	66	\$70,			70 cents.
66	6.6	6.6	\$70	6.6	6.6	6.6	\$80,			80 cents.
6.6	6.6	6.6	\$80	6.6	6.6	4.6				90 cents.
4.6	6.6	66	\$90	66	66	66 8				1 dollar.

There is no limitation to the number of international orders that may be issued, in one day, to a remitter, in favor of the same payee.

The maximum amount for which a single international money order may be drawn is:—

For orders payable in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ire-

land, New South Wales, Tasmania, the Cape Colony, Jamaica and the Windward Islands, \$50 00 Germany, . . . \$97 00 Denmark, . . 100 00 France and Algeria, . 100 00 . 98 75 Canada. . . 98 75 The Hawaiian Islands, . 100 00 Belgium, Switzerland, . . . Japan, . . . 100 00 . 100 00 Newfoundland, . . 100 00 New Zealand, . . . 100 00 . . 100 00 Italy, . . . 100 00 Portugal, . Queensland, . The Netherlands, . . 100 00 . . 100 00

MONEY-ORDER OFFICES IN MASSACHUSETTS.

Victoria, .

Leeward Islands, .

. 100 00

. 100 00

Sweden, . . .

Norway, . .

Offices marked with the asterisk (*) are international as well as domestic money-order offices, and as such are authorized to issue money orders for sums payable in every country of the globe except Russia, Spain and South America.

Abington.	Allerton.	Ashburnham.
Acton.	*Amesbury.	Ashby.
Acushnet.	Station.	Ashfield.
Adams.	No. 1 (Salisbury Pt.).	*Ashland.
Station.	*Amherst.	Ashleyfalls.
No.1 (Maple Grove).	*Andover.	Assinippi.
Agawam.	Annisquam.	Assonet.

*Cambridgeport.

*Charlestown.

*Athol.

Athol Centre.

*Back Bay.

*Boulevard.

*Brighton.

*Brookline.

*Cambridge.

*Attleboro. *Chelsea. *Attleboro Falls. Chestnut Hill. Auburn. *Dorchester. *East Boston. Avon. *East Cambridge. *Aver. Baldwinsville. *Everett. Ballardvale. *Jamaica Plain. Bancroft. *Malden. Bardwells Ferry. Mattapan. *New Dorchester. Barnstable. *Barre. *North Cambridge. 15 (380 Dudley Street, *North Postal Station. Barre Plains. Barrowsville. *Revere. Bay State. Roslindale. *Roxbury. Bavview. Beachbluff. *Roxbury Crossing. Becket. *Somerville. *South Boston. Bedford. *Belchertown. *Station A. Belmont. West Roxbury. Berkshire. *West Somerville. Berlin. Winthrop. Bernardston. Sub-stations. *Beverly. 1 (377 Cambridge St., Station. Allston). No.1 (No. Beverly). 2 (Perkins, cor. Frank-Beverly Farms. lin St., East Somer-Billerica. ville). *Blackinton. 3 (380 Centre Street, Jamaica Plain). Blackstone. 4 (Exchange Building. Blandford. Bolton. 53 State Street. Boston). Bondsville. 5 (63 Warren Avenue, *Boston. Stations. Station A). *Arlington. 6 (775 Dudley Street, Upham's Corner). Arlington Heights.

7 (123 Massachusetts

8 (Pearl, corner Mar-

ter Hill).

Ave., Back Bay).

shall Street, Win-

9 (244 Boylston St., Back Bay). 10 (109 Green Street, Boston). 11 (329 Warren Street, Roxbury). 12 (3101 Washington St., Roxbury). *13 (210 North Street, Boston). 14 (Chamber of Commerce, Boston).

Roxbury). 16 (Joy, cor. Myrtle Street, Boston). 17 (1024 Saratoga St.

East Boston). 18 (1129 Washington St., Station A).

Massachusetts 19 (21 Ave., Back Bay). 20 (276 Massachusetts Ave., Back Bay).

21 (269 Pearl Street, Cambridgeport). 22 (157 Bunker Hill St.,

Charlestown). 23 (574 Main Street,

Charlestown). 24 (176 Saratoga Street,

East Boston). 25 (672 Centre Street,

Jamaica Plain).

26 (138 Beach Street. Revere).

27 (64 Walnut Street, Dorchester).

28 (3730 Washington St., Jamaica Plain).

29 (146 Harrison Ave., Boston). Main Street, 30 (297

Charlestown).

31 (56 Hanover Street, 53 (459 Dudley Street, 73 (305 Sumner Street, Boston). Roxbury). East Boston). 74 (529 Medford Street, 32 (707 Washington St., 54 (Union Sq., Brigh-Boston). Somerville). 33 (1378 Cambridge St., 55 (260 Broadway, 75 (760 Washington Cambridgeport). Somerville). Street, New Dor-34 (610 Tremont St., 56 (Washington Ave. chester). and Shirley St., Station A). 76 (17 Beacon Street, 35 (675 Broadway, Winthrop). Boston). South Boston). 57 (210 Blue Hill Ave., Bourne. 36 (2 Winthrop Ave., Roxbury). Boylston. 58 (1953 Beacon St., Boylston Center. Revere). 37 (586 Dorchester Av., Boulevard). *Braintree. South Boston). 59 (575 Columbus Brantrock. 38 (152 Paul Gore St., Ave., Station A). Brewster. Jamaica Plain). 60 (1 Putnam Square, *Bridgewater. 39 (146 Cross Street, Cambridge). Brightwood. Somerville). 61 (241 Dorchester St., Brimfield. 40 (68 Market Street, South Boston). *Brockton. Brighton). 62 (2269 Massachusetts Sub-stations. 41 (1152 Tremont St., Ave., North Cam-No. 1 (Montello). Roxbury Crossing). bridge). No. 2 (Temple St.). 42 (735 Huntington Av., 63 (Beach and Lynn No. 3 (Belmont St.). streets, Malden). *No. 4 (1 Main St.). Roxbury Crossing) 43 (183 Washington 64 (341 Washington St., Brookfield. Ave., Chelsea). Dorchester). Brookville. 44 (55 Elm Street, West 65 (3 Milton Ave., New Bryantville. Somerville). Dorchester). Buckland. 45 (476 Blue Hill Ave., 66 (1621 Beacon St., Buzzards Bay. Roxbury). Boulevard). Byfield. 46 (620 Atlantic Ave., 67 (Central Station, *Campello. Boston). West Roxbury). *Canton. 47 (573 Talbot Avenue, 68 (939 Dorchester Canton Junction. New Dorchester). Avenue, Dorches- Carlisle. 48 (1181 Washington St., ter). Carver. New Dorchester). 69 (1758 Dorchester Caryville. 49 (83 Concord Avenue, Ave., New Dor- Cataumet. Cambridge). chester). Centerville. 50 (526 Salem St, Ma- 70 (1 Railroad Street, Central Village. plewood, Malden). Everett). Chapinville. 51 (383 Columbus Ave., 71 (723 Broadway, Charlemont. Station A). Everett). Charlton.

52 (263 Highland Ave., 72 (372 Washington Charlton City.

Somerville).

Ave., Chelsea).

Charlton Depot.

Dover.

Enfield. Chartlev. Erving. Chatham. Dunstable. Chelmsford. Duxbury. Essex. Dwight. Fairfield. Cherry Valley. Fairhaven. East Blackstone. Cheshire. East Boxford. *Fall River. *Chester. Chesterfield. East Braintree. Sub-stations. East Brewster. *No.1 (Flint Village). *Chicopee. *No. 2 (1414 So. Main *Chicopee Falls. *East Bridgewater. East Brookfield. Chiltonville. St., Globe Village). City Mills. *East Dedham. *No.3 (1509 No. Main Mechanics-Clayton. Sub-station. Street. ville). Clifton. No. 1 (Endicott). *Clinton. East Deerfield. *No. 4 (754 So. Main East Dennis. Cochesett. Street). *No. 5 (127 Stafford Cochituate. *East Douglass. Cohasset. East Falmouth. Road). Coldbrook Springs. East Foxboro. No.6 (Steep Brook). *No. 7 (Pleasant St. Coldspring. East Freetown. Eastham. and Eastern Ave.). Colerain. *Concord. *Easthampton. *No. 8 (1173 Rodman East Harwich. *Concord Junction. Street). East Lee. Conway. *Falmouth. Cordaville. East Lexington. Falmouth Heights. Cottage City. *East Longmeadow. Farley. East Milton. Farnumsville. Cotuit. *East Northfield. Fayville. Cummington. East Norton. Cartisville. Feeding Hills. Fells. *Dalton. Easton. Easton Center. Fisherville. Dana. *Danvers. Eastondale. Fiskdale. Sub-stations. East Orleans. *Fitchburg. No. 1 (Danversport). *East Pepperell. Sub-stations. No. 2 (Tapleyville). East Princeton. No.1 (West Fitch-East Taunton. Dartmouth. burg). *Davis. East Templeton. No. 2 (168 Fairmont Street). *Dedham. East Walpole. Deerfield. East Wareham. *Florence. Dennis. *East Weymouth. Forge Village. Dennisport. East Whately. Foxboro. East Whitman. *Framingham. Dighton. Dodgeville. Edgartown. *Franklin. Franklin Park. Douglass. Egypt.

Elmwood.

Furnace.

Station. A (So. Gardner). Sub-stations. No. 1 (500 Chestnut Street). *Saunders Hill. *No. 2 (6 Parker St.). *Georgetown. Gilbertville. Gleasondale. Glendale. Globe Village. *Hingham. No. 1 (East Gloucester). Holden. Grafton. *Hollyoke. Graniteville. Granville. No. 2 (Highlands). *Graniteville. Granville. Granville. Granville. Granville. Granville. Granville. Granville. Sub-stations. *Hopedale. *Hopkinton. Green Harbor. Greenwich Village. *Hopkinton. Greenwich. Greenwood. Griswoldville. Groveland. Hyannisport. Halifax. Hamilton. Clarendon Hills. Harding. H	*Gardner.	Hathorne.	Lakeville.
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*No. 2 (6 Parker St.). *Bradford. *Methuen. *Georgetown. Haydenville. Heath. No. 1 (Arlington), Gleasondale. Hebronville. No. 2 (South Law- Gleandale. Highlandville. Plandwille. Globe Village. *Hingham. Plandwille. *Gloucester. Hingham Centre. *Sub-station. Hinsdale. No. 3 (395 Lowell St.). *Sub-station. Hinsdale. Union streets). No. 1 (East Glouces- Holbrook. Plandwille. Plandwille. Goshen. Holden. Plandwille. Granton. *Holyoke. Plandwille. Granby. Sub-stations. Plandwille. Granby. Sub-stations. Plandwille. Granville. No. 1 (South Street). *Great Barrington. No. 3 (So. Holyoke). Plandwille. Greenbush. Plandwille. Plandwille. Plandwille. Green Harbor. Housatonic. Lincoln. Green Harbor. Housatonic. Lincoln. Greenwich Village. Plandson. Littleton Common. Greenwich Village. Plandson. Littleton Common. Greenwood. Hull. Long Meadow. Griswoldville. Huntington. Longplain. Groveland. Hyannis. Plandwille. Groton. Plandson. Littleton Common. Greenwood. Hull. Long Meadow. Griswoldville. Huntington. Longplain. Groveland. Hyannisport. Plandwille. Hadley. Plandwille. Plandwille. Hadley. Plandwille. Plandwille. Hamilton. Clarendon Hills. Plandwille. Hamilton. Clarendon Hills. No. 1 (28 Central St.). No. 2 (Middlesex Village). Ludlow. Center. Lunenburg. Lunenburg. Hardwiek. Ipswich. Plandwille. Hartwille. Islington. Stations. Nahant. Cliftondale.	No. 1 (500 Chestnut	East Haverhill.	*Lawrence.
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Hadley, *Hydepark, Draeut. Halifax, Stations, Sub-stations. Hamilton. Clarendon Hills. No. 1 (28 Central St.). Hampden. East River. No. 2 (Middlesex Villancock. Readville, lage). Hanover. Sub-station. Ludlow. Hanson. No. 1 (Hazelwood). Ludlow Center. Harding. *Indian Orchard. Lunenburg. Hardwick. Ipswich. *Lynn. Hartsville. Islington. Stations. Harvard. Jefferson. Nahant. Harwich. Kendal Green. Cliftondale.	Groveland.	Hyannisport.	Station.
Hamilton. Hampden. Hampden. Hancock. Hancock. Hanover. Hanson. Harding. Hardwiek. Hartwille. Hartsville. Hartsville. Harwich. Kendal Green. Clarendon Hills. No. 1 (28 Central St.). No. 2 (Middlesex Village). Ludlow. Ludlow. Ludlow. Ludlow Center. Lunenburg. Lunenburg. Stations. Stations. Nahant. Cliftondale.	Hadley.		Dracut.
Hampden. East River. No. 2 (Middlesex Vil- Hancock. Readville. lage). Hanover. Sub-station. Ludlow. Hanson. No. 1 (Hazelwood). Ludlow Center. Harding. *Indian Orchard. Lunenburg. Hardwick. Ipswich. *Lynn. Hartsville. Islington. Stations. Harvard. Jefferson. Nahant. Harwich. Kendal Green. Cliftondale.	Halifax.	Stations.	Sub-stations.
Hancock. Readville. lage). Hanover. Sub-station. Ludlow. Hanson. No. 1 (Hazelwood). Ludlow Center. Harding. *Indian Orehard. Lunenburg. Hardwick. Ipswich. *Lynn. Hartsville. Islington. Stations. Harvard. Jefferson. Nahant. Harwich. Kendal Green. Cliftondale.	Hamilton.	Clarendon Hills.	No.1 (28 Central St.).
Hanover. Sub-station. Ludlow. Hanson. No. 1 (Hazelwood). Ludlow Center. Harding. *Indian Orchard. Lunenburg. Hardwick. Ipswich. *Lynn. Hartsville. Islington. Stations. Harvard. Jefferson. Nahant. Harwich. Kendal Green. Cliftondale.	Hampden.	East River.	No.2 (Middlesex Vil-
Hanson. No.1 (Hazelwood). Ludlow Center. Harding. *Indian Orchard. Lunenburg. Hardwick. Ipswich. *Lynn. Hartsville. Islington. Stations. Harvard. Jefferson. Nahant. Harwich. Kendal Green. Cliftondale.	Hancock.	Readville.	lage).
Harding. *Indian Orchard. Lunenburg. Hardwick. Ipswich. *Lynn. Hartsville. Islington. Stations. Harvard. Jefferson. Nahant. Harwich. Kendal Green. Cliftondale.	Hanover.	Sub-station.	Ludlow.
Hardwick, Ipswich. *Lynn. Hartsville. Islington. Stations. Harvard. Jefferson. Nahant. Harwich. Kendal Green. Cliftondale.	Hanson.	No. 1 (Hazelwood).	Ludlow Center.
Hartsville. Islington. Stations. Harvard. Jefferson. Nahant. Harwich. Kendal Green. Cliftondale.	Harding.	*Indian Orehard.	Lunenburg.
Harvard. Jefferson. Nahant. Harwich. Kendal Green. Cliftondale.	Hardwick.	Ipswich.	*Lynn.
Harwich. Kendal Green. Cliftondale.	Hartsville.	Islington.	Stations.
	Harvard.	Jefferson.	Nahant.
Harwichport. Kingston. Saugus.		Kendal Green.	Cliftondale.
	Harwichport.	Kingston.	Saugus.
Hatfield. Lake Pleasant. Saugus Centre.	Hatfield.	Lake Pleasant.	Saugus Centre.

Independent Station.	Merrick.	*Newton Centre.
*Swampscott.	*Merrimac.	Station.
Sub-stations.	Merrimaeport.	*Newton Highlands.
No. 1 (Essex Street,	*Middleboro.	Independent Stations
cor. Chestnut).	Middlefield.	*Auburndale.
No. 2 (39 Market	Middleton.	*Newton.
Square).	*Milford.	*Newton Upper Falls
No. 3 (Lewis and		*Newtonville.
Cherry streets).	Millers Falls.	*West Newton.
No. 4 (31 Central	Millington.	Sub-station.
Square).	Millis.	No. 1 (Nonantum).
No. 5 (578 Chestnut	Mill River.	Newton L. Falls.
Street).	Millville	Nichewaug.
No. 6 (High Rock).		Nobscott.
Lynnfield.	*Mittineague.	Nonquitt.
Lynnfield Center.	*Monroe Bridge.	Norfolk.
Lyonsville.	*Monson.	No. Abington.
Magnolia.	Montague.	*No. Adams.
Manchaug.	Montague City.	No. Amherst.
*Manchester.	Monterey.	*Northampton.
Manomet.	Monument Beach.	No. Andover.
Mansfield.	Mount Hermon.	No. Andover Depot.
*Marblehead.	Mount Tom.	*No. Attleboro.
Marion.	Myricks.	No. Bellingham.
*Marlboro.	Nanepashemet.	No. Billerica.
Marshfield.	Nantasket.	No. Blandford.
Marshfield Hills.	*Nantucket.	*Northboro.
Marstons Mills.	Nash.	*Northbridge.
Mattapoisett.	*Natick.	Northbridge Center.
*Maynard.	*Needham.	*No. Brookfield.
Medfield.	*New Bedford.	No. Chatham.
*Medford.	Sub-stations.	No. Chelmsford.
Sub-stations,	No. 1 (3 Weld St.).	No. Dana.
No.1 (93 Spring St.).	No. 2 (45 Linden	No. Dartmouth.
No. 2 (468 Main St.).	Street).	No. Dighton.
*Medway.	No. 3 (133 County	No. Eastham.
*Melrose.	Street.)	*No. Easton.
Independent Station.	No. 4 (913 So. Water	No. Egremont.
Melrose Highlands.	Street).	No. Falmouth.
Sub-station.	New Boston.	*Northfield.
No. 1 (Wyoming	New Braintree.	*No. Grafton.
Avenue and Hurd	*Newburyport.	No. Hadley.
Street).	New Marlboro.	No. Hanover.
Mendon.	New Salem.	No. Hanson.

No. Harwich.	Plainfield.	*Salem.
No. Hatfield.	Plainville.	Sub-stations.
No. Leominster.	*Plymouth.	No. 1 (122 Boston
No. Leverett.	Plympton.	Street).
No. Middleboro.	Pocasset.	No. 2 (Bakers Isl
No. Natick.	Ponkapog.	and).
No. Oxford.	Pontoosue.	No. 3 (Salem Wil
No. Pembroke.	Pottersville.	lows).
*No. Plymouth.	Prides Crossing.	No. 4 (Leach and
No. Raynham.	Princeton.	Lafayette streets).
No. Reading.	Princeton Depot.	Salisbury.
No. Scituate.	*Provincetown.	*Sandwich.
No. Swansea.	*Quincy.	Santuit.
No. Tisbury.	Stations.	*Saxonville.
No. Truro.	Atlantic.	Scituate.
*No. Uxbridge.	*Wollaston.	Seaview.
No. Westport.	Sub-stations.	Seekonk.
No. Weymouth.	No. 1 (110 Copeland	Segreganset.
No. Wilbraham.	Street).	*Sharon.
No. Wilmington.	No. 2 (233 Washing-	Shattuckville.
Norton.	ton Street).	Sheffield.
Norwell.	No. 3 (Houghs	*Shelburne Falls.
*Norwood.	Neck).	Sheldonville.
Oakdale.	No. 4 (Norfolk	Sherborn.
Oakham.	Downs).	Shirley.
Onset.	No. 5 (25 School	
*Orange.	Street).	Shrewsbury.
*Orleans.	Quissett.	Shutesbury.
Osterville.	Randolph.	Siasconset.
Otis.	Raynham.	Silverlake.
Otter River.	*Reading.	Smiths.
Oxford.	Richmond.	Somerset.
*Palmer.	Riverside.	So. Acton.
Paxton.	Rochdale.	So. Amherst.
*Peabody.	Rochester.	Southampton.
Pembroke.	Rock.	So. Ashburnham.
Pepperell.	*Rockland.	So. Ashfield.
Petersham.	Rockport.	So. Attleboro.
Phillipston.	Rowe.	Southboro.
Pigeoncove.	Rowley.	*So. Braintree.
*Pittsfield.	Royalston.	So. Brewster.
Sub-station.	Russell.	*Southbridge.
No. 1 (40 Pecks		So. Byfield.
Road).	Sagamore.	So. Carver.

020	0. D. 1 03100 110gava	
So. Chatham.	No. 5 (360 Bay St.).	*Waltham.
So. Chelmsford.	No. 6 (Chestnut and	Waquoit.
So. Dartmouth.	Carew streets).	Wardhill.
So. Deerfield.	No. 7 (774 Main St).	
*So. Dennis.	No 8 (372 Belmont	Wareham.
So. Duxbury.	Avenue.)	Warren.
So. Easton.	State Farm.	Warwick.
So. Egremont.	Stateline.	*Watertown.
So. Essex.	Sterling.	Station.
Southfield.	Sterling Junction.	Mount Auburn.
*So. Framingham.	Stillriver.	Sub-stations.
So. Groveland.	Stockbridge.	No. 1 (East Water-
	*Stoneham.	town).
So. Hadley.	Stoughton.	No. 2 (Bemis).
So. Hadley Falls.	-	Waterville.
So. Hanover.	Stow.	
So. Hanson.	Sturbridge.	*Waverley.
So. Harwich.	Sudbury.	Wayland.
So. Hingham.	Sunderland.	*Webster.
So. Hyannis.	Surfside.	*Wellesley.
*So. Lancaster.	Swansea.	*Wellesley Hills.
So. Lee.	*Taunton.	Wellfleet.
So. Lincoln.	Sub-stations.	Wellington.
So. Middleboro.	No. 1 (Whittenton).	
So. Middleton.	No. 2 (Brittania).	Wenham Depot.
So. Natick.	No. 3 (Weir).	West Acton.
So. Orleans.	Teaticket.	West Barnstable.
So. Royalston.	Templeton.	West Berlin.
So. Sherborn.	Tewksbury.	*Westboro.
So. Sudbury.	*Thorndike.	West Boxford.
Southville.	Three Rivers.	West Boylston.
So. Walpole.	Topsfield.	West Bridgewater.
So. Wareham.	*Townsend.	West Brookfield.
So. Wellfleet.	Townsend Harbor.	West Chelmsford.
So. Westminster.	Truro.	West Cummington.
So. Weymouth.	*Tufts College.	West Dennis.
Southwick.	*Turners Falls.	West Duxbury.
So. Williamstown	1. Tyngsboro.	West Falmouth.
So. Yarmouth.	Upton.	*Westfield.
*Spencer.	*Uxbridge.	Westford.
*Springfield.	Vanduesen.	West Groton.
Sub-stations.	Vineyard Haven.	Westhampton.
No. 1 (72 Main	St.). Waban.	West Hanover.
No. 2 (530 Main	St.).*Wakefield.	West Harwich.
No. 3 (802 State	St.). Wales.	West Hingham.
	Ct. 1 - 4777 - 11-	West Manafold

No. 4 (492 Mill St.). *Walpole.

West Mansfield.

*West Medford. Westwood. *Worcester. West Medway. West Yarmouth. Stations. West Millbury. Weymouth. *A (51 Main Street). Westminster. *B (Webster Square). *Weymouth Centre. Westminster Depot. Weymouth Heights. *C (Quinsigamond). West Newbury. Whately. *D (Greendale). West Northfield. *Whitinsville. Sub-stations. 1 (8 Millbury Street). Weston. *Whitman. Wilbraham. 2 (Lake View). West Pittsfield. Wilkinsonville. 3 (580 Southbridge Westport. Westport Point. Williamsburg. Street). West Rutland. *Williamstown. 4 (236 Front Street). West Springfield. Williamstown Station. 5 (Tatunck). West Stockbridge. Williamsville. 6 (Valley Falls). West Stoughton. Willimansett. 7 (Janesville). West Tisbury. Wilmington. Worthington. West Townsend. *Winchendon. Wrentham. Winchendon Springs. West Upton. Yarmouth. Westvale. *Winchester. Yarmouth Port. West Wareham. *Wohnrn. Zoar. West Warren. Woods Hole.

SPECIAL DELIVERY.

Every article of mailable matter bearing a special-delivery stamp, in addition to the lawful postage, will be entitled to an immediate delivery by messenger at any post-office in the United States. The price of the special-delivery stamps is ten cents each. They are sold by postmasters in any required amount and to any person who may apply for them; but they can be used only for the purpose of securing the immediate delivery of mail matter addressed to and received in the mails at any post-office. Under no circumstances are they to be used in the payment of postages of any description, or of the registry fee; nor can any other stamps be employed to secure special delivery except the special-delivery stamps. The special-delivery stamp must be in addition to the lawful postage; and letters not prepaid with at least one full rate of postage, in accordance with the law and regulations, must be treated as held for postage, even though bearing a special-delivery stamp.

Registered letters will be entitled to immediate delivery, the same as ordinary letters, when bearing a special-delivery stamp in addition to the full postage and registry fee required by the law and the regulations.

Special-delivery letters will be delivered by messengers within the carrier limits of a free-delivery office between the hours of 7 A.M. and 11 P.M.; and within a radius of one mile from the post-office at all other offices between 7 A.M. and 9 P.M.

RATES OF FOREIGN POSTAGE.

UNIVERSAL POSTAL UNION.

- The rates for all foreign countries (except Canada and Mexico) are as follows:—
- Prepayment optional, except for registered articles, but on printed matter and samples postage must be at least partially prepaid.
- LETTERS, 5 cents per 15 grammes, a weight very slightly over one-half ounce. Post CARDS, 2 cents each.
- PRINTED MATTER, 1 cent for each two ounces or fraction. Limit of weight, 4 lbs. 6 oz.; limit of length, except to Great Britain and Germany, 18 inches. To Great Britain and Germany, 24 inches, also 18 inches square.
- COMMERCIAL PAPERS (Insurance Documents, Way Bills, Invoices, Papers of Legal Procedure, Manuscripts of Works, etc.), the same as for printed matter, but the lowest charge is 5 cents.
- SAMPLES OF MERCHANDISE.— The rate is the same as for printed matter, but the lowest charge is 2 cents. Limit of weight, 8\frac{3}{4} oz.; limit of length, 12 in.; breadth, 8 in.; depth, 4 in. Except to Great Britain, the British Colonies, France, Belgium, Ireland, Switzerland, Argentine Republic, Egypt, Hawaiian Islands, Austria, Hungary, and Italy, to which countries the limit of weight is 12 oz.
- To Canada, comprising Provinces of Ontario and Quebec, British Columbia, Manitoba, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island, the postage for letters, merchandise and printed matter is the same as in the United States. All matter for Canada must be fully prepaid, except letters, which must be prepaid at least two cents.
- To Mexico the postage for letters and printed matter is the same as in the United States.
- All mail matter may be registered to the above places upon prepayment of eight cents for each address, besides the postage.
- Unmailable Articles. All articles prohibited from domestic mails are also excluded from foreign mails.

- Postal cards and letters addressed "Around the World" are unmailable; as also are letters or packets containing gold or silver substances, pieces of money, jewelry, or precious articles, except that gold or silver coin may be sent by mail to and from Canada.
- Liquids,—ardent, vinous, spirituous or malt,—poisons, explosive and inflammable articles, and envelopes and postal cards upon which obscene.language is written or printed.
- No letter or circular concerning lotteries, so-called gift concerts, or other similar enterprises, offering prizes, or concerning schemes devised and intended to deceive and defraud the public, for the purpose of obtaining money under false pretences, shall be carried in the mail. Any person who shall knowingly deposit or send anything to be conveyed by mail in violation of this section shall be punishable by a fine of not more than five hundred dollars nor less than one hundred dollars, with costs of prosecution.

VOTE FOR PRESIDENT IN 1900.

(BY COUNTIES.)

Note.—The vote given is that for the candidate for ELECTOR-AT-LARGE on each ticket for whom the most ballots were cast. It is in accordance with the report of a committee of the Council on the returns of votes given in the several cities and towns. A summary at the end of the tables gives the aggregate vote for all the candidates for electors at large, in accordance with the said report.

COUNTY OF BARNSTABLE.

CITIES ANI) T(NWC	S.	NE c K i m l e V , Republican.	Bryan, Demo-	Debs. Deno- cratic Social Nom. Paper.	Woolley, Pro- hibition.	Malloney, Socialist Labor Party.	Edward Waldo Emerson.	All others.
Barnstable, Bourne, . Brewster, Chatham, Dennis, . Eastham, Falmouth, Harwich, Mashpee, Orleans, . Provincetow Sandwich, Truro, . Wellfleet, Yarmouth,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			606 206 113 193 342 79 451 271 271 304 157 79 143 246	194 33 14 29 26 10 66 69 3 20 114 92 21 13 23 43	5 1 2 - 3	10 11 3 8 5 6 7 9 1 3 3 12 1 4 5	2 2 1 - - - 1 1		
Totals,				3,372	749	13	88	5	2	-

COUNTY OF BERKSHIRE.

Adams, .		804	396	70	4	39	-	_
Alford, .		21	35	_		_	-	-
Becket, .		101	57	-	6	-		-
Cheshire,		135	76	1	3	-	-	-

COUNTY OF BERKSHIRE - Concluded.

COUNTI	OF DE	WIN SILLI					
CITIES AND TOWNS.	Ng CK i n l CV, Republican.	Bryam, Demo- cratic.	cratic Social Non.	Woolley, Pro-	M alloney, Socialist Lubor Party.	Edward Waldo Emerson.	All others.
Clarksburg,	104 314 113 44 109 589 81 109 81 388 185 57 17 18 42,034 2,089 86 93 64 199 230 522 68	11 217 40 8 436 16 130 282 173 12 4 9 8 5 5 1,143 21 22 1,588 36 96 6 126 126 129 18 80 190 190 190 190 190 190 190 190 190 19	16 6 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	11 11 3 2 2 19 7 5 1 1 16 6 6 6 1 1 - - 3 3 3 3 2 2 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	22 	11	
Totals,	8,980	5,461	117	219	114	5	-

COUNTY OF BRISTOL.

Acushnet, Attleborough, Berkley, Dartmouth, Dighton	•	117 1,083 126 303 209	9 251 6 30 25	- 8 - 4 2	9 81 1 21 10	- 6 - 1	1 1 1 1	11111
Dartmouth		303	30	4	21	1	-	-
Dighton, .		209	25	2	10	_	-	-
Easton,		437	329	23	13	1	-	-
Fairhaven, .		433	7.4	-	11	1	-	-
FALL RIVER,		6,516	4,481	61	157	102	-	-
The second secon	1							

COUNTY OF BRISTOL - Concluded,

CITIES AND TOWNS.	McKinley, Republican.	Eryau, Demo-	Debs, Demo- eratic Social Nom. Paper.	Woolley, Pro-	Marilloney, Socialist Labor Party.	Edward Waldo Emerson.	All others.
Freetown,	174 374 4,429 822 217 165 142 107 221 193 3,078 250 19,396	11 89 2,201 248 27 11 16 32 78 32 1,385 20	139 9 1 1 4 - 34 - 290	8 27 157 30 5 8 6 3 8 177 41 15 628	77 8 - - - - 79 1	1	-

COUNTY OF DUKES COUNTY.

COUNTY OF ESSEX.

Amesbury,		941 767 1,399 115 813 198 252 2,550	332 223 466 17 468 114 108 934	208 12 102 1 16 3 26	20 19 62 2 28 4 1	5 5 14 - 11 1 1	- 3 1 - - -	1111111
GLOUCESTER, .	٠	2,550	934	15	40	7	-	-

COUNTY OF ESSEX - Concluded.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	MeKanley, Republican.	Eryan, Demo- cratic.	Debs, Deno- cratic Social Nom. Paper.	Woolley, Pro-	Malloney, Socialist Labor Party.	Edward Waldo Emerson.	All others.
Groveland, Hamilton, Hamilton, HAVERHILL, Ipswieh, LAWRENCE, LYNN, Lynnfield, Manchester, Marblehead, Merrimae, Methuen, Middleton, Nahant, Newbury, Newbury, North Andover, Peabody, Rockport, Rowley, Salisbury, Salisbury, Saugus, Swampscott, Topsfield, Wenham, West Newbury,	208 140 3,567 506 4,296 5,990 272 800 209 213 90 209 1,390 495 974 450 197 3,114 114 651 118 118 119	157 42 1,524 1,165 4,391 4,272 80 703 102 222 22 27 77 79 28 28 909 90 2,491 205 207 217 205 207 207 207 207 207 207 207 207 207 207	40 1 1,280 2 219 358 - 1 7 18 36 3 - 7 203 4 4 12 3 7 32 8 8 30 13 - 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31	10 8 78 12 66 303 9 20 20 14 27 3 4 11 9 25 32 3 45 7 30 30 30 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 4	14 -43 4 109 166 -4 4 3 11 -1 6 9 29 6 -1 114 -2 1	3 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	
Totals,	32,924	19,781	2,701	954	568	19	-

COUNTY OF FRANKLIN.

							1		
Ashfield,			133	25	_	3	_	_	_
Bernardston.	,		113	30	-	3	1	-	-
Buckland,			152	79	1	6	-	-	-
Charlemont,			150	33		3	-	-	-
Colrain, .			200	22	-	7		-	-
Conway,			151	4.1		10	-	-	-
Deerfield,			252	65	1	2	1	-	-
Erving, .			106	57	3	-	-	-	
Gill, .			129	33	-	6	2		-
Greenfield,			949	448	6	27	2	- '	-

COUNTY OF FRANKLIN - Concluded.

CITIES ANI) T	OWN	s.	NGCKinley, Republican.	Erryann, Demo- cratic.	Debs, Deno- cratic Social Nom. Paper.	Woolley, Pro-	Malloney, Socialist Labor Party.	Edward Waldo Emcrson.	All others.
Hawley, Heath, Leverett, Leyden, Montogue, Montague, New Salem, Northfield, Orange, Rowe, Shelburne, Shutesbury, Sunderland, Warwick, Wendell, Whately, Totals,				61 74 76 43 38 492 112 190 844 65 230 55 124 57 51 90	1 14 7 27 22 433 34 92 92 237 13 33 91 11 28 36 36 33 31	1 1 1 13 2 - - - - 42	4 -4 -2 -8 -3 -12 -16 -4 -11 -5 -2 -2 -2 141	1 4 4		

COUNTY OF HAMPDEN.

		1						
Agawam,		223	166	3	7	1	1	_
Blandford,		88	48	- 1	2	_		
Brimfield,		98	50	_	2	_	_	-
Chester,		147	74	_	2	1	_	-
CHICOPEE,		987	1,167	48	18	Ĝ.	1	_
East Longmeadow,		89	53		6	_	_	_
Omenwille	•	89	53	_	2			
Hommdon		80	39		ű			
Trallowd	•	24	6		i	1	_	
		2,460		116	45	102	1	-
HOLYOKE,			2,691			102	1	-
Longmeadow, .		90	47	2	3		_	-
Ludlow,		182	75	1	7	1	-	-
Monson,		386	164	2	15	-	-	_
Montgomery, .		35	16	-		-	-	
Palmer,		578	403	21	9	1		-
Russell,		81	46	1	3	1	- 1	_
Southwick,		118	51	3	3	1	_	-
SPRINGFIELD, .		5,889	3,767	254	143	47	10	_
Tolland,		28	10		210			_
XXZ o low		126	31	1	1	2		
wates,		120	31	1	1	4		_
		l		1				

COUNTY OF HAMPDEN - Concluded.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	COUNTY OF HAMPDEN - Concluded.											
Westfield,	CITIES AND TOWNS.	6		Debs, Demo- cratic Social Nom. Paper.		Malloney, Socialist Labor Party.	=	All others.				
COUNTY OF HAMPSHIRE. Amherst,	Westfield,	1,204	959	35	11	10	2	-				
Amherst,	Totals,	13,757	10,424	494	296	180	19	-				
Country of Middlesex. Amherst, Belchertown,	581 203	152 71	_	22 7			-					
Granby,	Chesterfield, Cummington, Easthampton, Enfield,	116 573 168	26 194 29	1 16	6 19 6	1 3	-	_				
Huntington, 139 99 - 4 Middlefield, 39 13 - 2 Middlefield, 1518 870 26 57 23 2 Pelham, 49 10 - 3 Plainfield, 85 5 Plainfield, 85 5 5 South Hadley, 409 168 2 9 12 South Hadley, 409 168 2 9 12 South Hampton, 113 21 - 11 3 3 Ware, 500 412 47 14 2 2 - Ware, 500 412 47 14 2 2 - Westhampton, 61 14 - 11 Williamsburg, 212 147 9 21 1 Worthington, 97 12 - 2 Totals, 5,550 2,392 112 213 48 4	Granby, Greenwich,	84 64 219	36 8 31	7	$\frac{7}{4}$	1 -	_					
Plainfield,	Huntington, Middlefield,	139 39 1,518	99 13 870	- 26	$\begin{array}{c} 4\\2\\57\end{array}$	-	- - 2	-				
Wasthampton,	Plainfield,	85 37 409	5 11 168	- - 2	- 9	- 12	-	_				
Totals, 5,550 2,392 112 213 48 4 - COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX. Acton, 289 97 - 4 - 1 -	Ware,	500 61 212	412 14 147	47	14 11 21	2	2 -	1 1 1 1				
Acton, 289 97 - 4 - 1 -	m. t. l.	5,550		112		48	4					
	COL	JNTY O	F MID	DLES:	EX.							
				- 6			1 13	-				

COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX - Continued.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	McKinley, Republican.	Bryan, Demo-	Debs, Demo- cratic Social Nom. Paper.	Woolley, Pro- hibition.	Malloney, Socialist Labor Party.	Edward Waldo Emerson.	All others.
EVERETT, Framingham, Groton, Holliston, Hopkinton, Hudson, Lexington, Lincoln, Littleton, Lowell, Matden, Marleorough, Maynard, Medfore, Medfore, Medfore, Newton, North Reading, Pepperell, Reading, Sherborn, Shirley, Somerville, Stoneham, Stow, Sudbury, Tewksbury, Townsend,	158 260 109 338 337 31 56 5,717 47 497 288 52 2,096 1,327 242 271 315 491 441 96 139 6,727 3,171 1,206 302 2,040 1,546 1,001 1,546 1,001 1,546 1,001 1,546 1,001 1,546 1,001 1,546 1,001 1,546 1,001 1,546 1,001 1,546 1,001 1,546 1,001 1,546 1,001 1,546 1,001 1,546 1,001 1,0	388 899 1699 300 126 1411 211 26 5,249 199 213 228 196 325 345 45 36 375 45 45 45 45 45 47 49 49 49 49 49 49 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40	2 1 1 2 2 1 1 114 2 2 2 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 3 1 1 4 4 7 4 4 2 1 1 7 4 6 8 8 2 2 7 7 6 8 8 3 3 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	8 8 9 4 4 4 6 6 6 100 1-174 2 2 177 14 4 3 3 83 3 24 4 1 34 2 5 5 5 171 1 1 22 2 1 1 26		127 	3

COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX - Concluded.

CITIES AND	TOWNS.	M c K i n l e y, Republican.	Bryann, Demo-	Debs, Demo- cratic Social Nom. Paper.	Woolley, Pro- hibition.	Natloney, Socialist Labor Party.	Edward Waldo Emerson.	All others.
WALTHAM, Watertown, Wayland, Westford, Weston, Wilmington, Winchester, WOBURN,		2,425 810 244 271 203 198 792 1,141	1,164 553 160 80 24 41 333 1,155	22 7 7 3 1 - 6 20	27 23 2 10 24 2 15 22	6 2 1 1 2 - 15 58	3 1 - 4 - 3 -	
Totals,		49,638	29,476	751	1,392	498	193	7
Nantucket,	CC	UNTY	102 OF NO	RFOL	K.	-	-	_
Avon, Bellingham, Braintree, Brookline, Canton, Cohasset, Dedham, Dover, Foxborough, Franklin, Holbrook, Hyde Park, Medfield, Medway, Milton, Needham, Norfolk, Norwood, QUINCY, Randolph,		174 130 622 2,096 377 311 749 68 340 499 260 1,316 228 297 100 749 399 82 82 555 2,358	150 48 307 872 368 82 504 255 121 200 112 656 66 66 66 161 34 302 27 27 373 373 373 373 432	46 1 777 12 4 1 1 25 3 2 4 79 72 1 15 5 5 5 - 19 125 2 2 4 7 125 13 13 13 14 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	4 8 11 27 4 2 18 2 15 23 40 6 23 2 17 22 1 4 4 49 4	1 -1 5 1 -9 -2 3 33 33 -1 -4 1 -3 5 5	- 3 53 53 - 2 1 1 - 4 4 - 16 -	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

COUNTY OF NORFOLK - Concluded.

CITIES ANI	т	own	s.	MeKinley, Republican.	Erwann, Demo- cratic.	Debs, Democratic Social Non. Paper.	Woolley, Pro-	Malloney, Socialist Labor Party.	Edward Waldo Emerson.	All others.
Sharon, .				219	64	_	10	2	_	_
Stoughton,				505	352	23	11	7	-	-
Walpole,				339	141	8	12	2	-	_
Wellesley,				360	160	4	8	1	8	-
Westwood,				93	28	4 2	2	2	_	
Weymouth,				1,217	760	95	38	6	_	-
Wrentham,				349	36	2	8	-	-	-
Totals,				15,144	7,922	682	373	89	87	1

COUNTY OF PLYMOUTH.

Abinatan	454	020	190	09	7.0		
Abington,	. 454		138	23	12	-	-
Bridgewater, .	. 453		39	8		-	-
BROCKTON,	3,655		1,246	73	14	1	_
Carver,	. 65		_	9	_	-	-
Duxbury,	. 145		2	2	-	-	-
East Bridgewater,	. 288		54	7	-	-	-
Halifax,	. 60		6	1	-	-	-
Hanover,	. 231		34	3	3	-	-
Hanson,	. 149		11	6	1	-	-
Hingham,	. 458		6	24	-	-	-
Hull,	. 137	76	-	7	-	-	-
Kingston,	. 200		4	2	-	-	-
Lakeville,	. 92		-	6	-	-	-
Marion,	. 142		-	4	-	-	-
Marshfield,	. 185	36	-	3	-		-
Mattapoisett, .	. 196		-	6	_	_	-
Middleborough, .	. 750		20	49	1	1	-
Norwell,	. 186	- 55	5	1		1	-
Pembroke,	. 117	25	5	2	1	_	-
Plymouth,	. 855	288	53	15	4		-
Plympton,	. 72		6	2	_	-	-
Rochester,	. 99	12	-	3	-	-	_
Rockland,	. 622	366	116	6	4	1	_
Scituate,	. 209	96	3	11	-	-	-
Wareham,	. 262	132	12	10	1	_	-
West Bridgewater,	. 129	43	23	4	-	_	-
Whitman,	. 602	309	205	21	-	2	_
,							
Totals,	. 10,813	4,665	1.988	308	41	6	_
,	, ,	, , , ,					

COUNTY OF SUFFOLK.

CITIES AN	D T	own	s.	Me Kan i ey, Republican.	Exyan, Deno- cratic.	Debs, Deno- cratic Social Nom. Paper.	Woolley, Pro-	Malloney, Socialist Labor Party.	Edward Waldo Emerson.	All others.
BOSTON, CHELSEA, Revere, . Winthrop,				36,241 2,961 1,005 744	45,122 1,704 523 185	1,198 147 25 8	678 74 36 25	430 42 30 4	-	181 2 -
Totals,				40,951	47,534	1,378	813	506	-	183

COUNTY OF WORCESTER.

187 837 158 229 135 412 83 89 301 222 1,255 90 185 228 2,474 1,089 453	37 313 74 43 28 591 12 13 154 67 999 44 120 168 1,300 382 152	12 - 3 2 2 1 1 - 3 107 - 1 31 250 9	5 31 3 11 5 11 15 - 4 1 16 5 4 4 4 4 4 4 7	9	1	
837 158 229 135 412 83 89 301 122 222 1,255 90 185 228 2,474 1,089 453	313 74 43 28 591 12 13 184 67 999 44 120 168 1,300 382 152	12 - 3 2 2 1 - 3 107 - 1 250 9	31 3 11 5 11 15 - 4 1 16 5 4 4 4 4 4	9 - - 2 - - 1 5 - 2 1 5 1	1	
158 229 135 412 83 89 301 222 1,255 90 185 228 2,474 1,089 453	74 43 28 591 12 13 184 67 999 44 120 168 1,300 382 152	3 2 2 2 1 1 -3 31 07 -1 31 250 9	3 11 5 11 15 - 4 1 16 5 4 4 4 4 4 7	1 5 2 1 51	1	
229 135 412 83 89 301 222 1,255 90 185 228 2,474 1,089 453	43 28 591 12 13 184 67 999 44 120 168 1,300 382 152	3 2 2 1 1 -3 3 107 -1 31 250 9	11 5 11 15 - 4 1 16 5 4 4 4 4 7	- - - 1 5 - 2 1 51	1	
135 412 83 89 301 222 1,255 90 185 228 2,474 1,089 453	28 591 12 13 184 67 999 44 120 168 1,300 382 152	3 2 2 1 107 - 1 31 250 9	5 11 15 - 4 1 16 5 4 4 4 4 7	2 		
412 83 89 301 222 1,255 90 185 228 2,474 1,089 453	591 12 13 184 67 999 44 120 168 1,300 382 152	2 2 1 3 107 - 1 31 250 9	11 15 - 4 1 16 5 4 4 4 4 7	2 - - 1 5 - 2 1 51	111111	
83 89 301 222 1,255 90 185 228 2,474 1,089 453	12 13 184 67 999 44 120 168 1,300 382 152	2 1 3 107 - 1 31 250 9	15 - 4 1 16 5 4 4 4 47	1 5 - 2 1 51	111111	
89 301 222 1,255 90 185 228 2,474 1,089 453	13 184 67 999 44 120 168 1,300 382 152	3 107 - 1 31 250 9	4 1 16 5 4 4 47	- 1 5 - 2 1 51	111111	
301 222 1,255 90 185 228 2,474 1,089 453	184 67 999 44 120 168 1,300 382 152	3 107 - 1 31 250 9	4 1 16 5 4 4 4 47	- 1 5 - 2 1 51	111111	
222 1,255 90 185 228 2,474 1,089 453	67 999 44 120 168 1,300 382 152	$ \begin{array}{r} 3 \\ 107 \\ -1 \\ 31 \\ 250 \\ 9 \end{array} $	1 16 5 4 4 47	1 5 - 2 1 51		
1,255 90 185 228 2,474 1,089 453	999 44 120 168 1,300 382 152	107 - 1 31 250 9	16 5 4 4 47	5 - 2 1 51		
90 185 228 2,474 1,089 453	120 168 1,300 382 152	$\begin{array}{c} -1\\ 31\\ 250\\ 9 \end{array}$	5 4 4 47	2 1 51	=	
185 228 2,474 1,089 453	120 168 1,300 382 152	$\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 31 \\ 250 \\ 9 \end{array}$	4 4 47	2 1 51	-	
228 2,474 1,089 453	168 1,300 382 152	31 250 9	4 47	1 51	-	
2,474 1,089 453	1,300 382 152	250 9	47	51	-	
1,089 453	382 152	9				
453	152		4()			
				26	-	
		15	16	16	1	
196	70	1	3	1	4	
118	58	1	1	-	-	
208	75	2	5	2	- /	
312	46	11	3	-	-	
129	30	1	5	-	-	
199	51	3	2	-	-	
347	250	4	2	- 1	-	
1,563	448	35	26	3	-	
145	26	4	2	2	-	
122	20	12	5	2	-	-
868	985	42	25	3		
378	200	9	6	1	- 1	
	97	_	_	-	- 1	
60						
	428	5	4 7	-	- 1	-
	122 868 378	122 20 868 985 378 200	122 20 12 868 985 42 378 200 9	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	122 20 12 5 2 - 868 985 42 25 3 - 378 200 9 6 1 - 60 27

COUNTY OF WORCESTER - Concluded.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	MeKinley, Republican.	Eryan, Demo-	Debs, Demo- eratic Social Nom. Paper.	Woolley, Pro-	Malloney, Socialist Labor Party.	Edward Waldo Emerson,	All others.
Northbridge, Oakham, Oxford, Paxton, Petersham, Phillipston, Princeton, Royalston, Rutland, Shrewsbury, Southborough, Southbridge, Spencer, Sterling, Sturbridge, Sturbridge, Sutton, Templeton, Upton, Upton, Uyton, West Brookfield, Westborough, Westminster, Winchendon, Worcester,	181 147 538 184 583	188 24 129 13 49 9 9 9 20 46 43 72 72 72 72 72 72 72 71 14 263 18 221 6,197	51 -4 -1 1 1 1 1 2 9 1 4 2 2 2 2 2 2 4 65 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 4 6 5 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	26 1 10 -3 2 2 3 6 5 5 6 4 4 9 9 9 11 11 8 4 11 17 17 10 9 9 9 4 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16	5 -1 	1	
Totals,	32,412	17,148	1,035	727	254	6	-

Angregate of Votes for Presidential Electors-at-Large for 1900.

	All others.	'	1	1	1 1	1	1	14	- 1		1	183	1	101
Smerson.	Edward Waldo H	61	10 =	1	191	1	19	103	1	87	9	1	ထ	342
alist Party.	лори А. Непреу.	5	114	3	268	12	179	45 68 88	1	£	40	204	724	2,592
Malloney Socialist Labor Party.	Patrick O'Keefe.	7.0	114	1	268	21	85	458	1	6%	41	206	724	2,599
Hey,	John Bascom,	88	085	070	952	144	293	213	11	370	308	810	728	6,190
Woolley Prohibition.	Edward Kendail,	88	219	020	954	141	296	2 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	Ξ	373	308	30 i	121	6,202
bs, ic Social Paper,	Herbert I.	13	117	107	2,696	45	494	757	-	683	1,986	55.	1,033	9,605
Debs, Democratic Socia Nom. Paper,	Charles S. Grieves.	13	117	003	2,701	45	494	2112		682	1,988	1,978	1,035	9,607
Eryann, Democratic.	Thomas J. Gargan.	749	5,460	0000	19,782	1,873	10,423	2,392	10.5	7,917	4,665	47,527	17,149	156,966
IS IT.	Thomas Wentworth Higginson.	749	5,461	0,000	18,781	1,874	10,424	2,332	102	7,922	4,665	47,534	17,148	156,997
nley,	William BaitidW	3,372	8,979	13,530	32,922	4,937	13,754	0,550	374	15,128	10,811	40,939	32,405	238,784
McKinley, Republican.	Roger Wolcott.	3,372	086,8	13,630	32,924	4,937	13,757	0,550	375	15,144	10,813	40,951	32,412	238,866
	COUNTIES.	Barnstable,	Berkshire,			klin,	Iampden,	Hampshire,	Nantucket,	olk	Plymouth,	lk,	oreester,	Totals,
		Barm	Berk	Dialect	Essex.	Franklin,	Ham	Ham	Nanti	Norfolk.	Plym	Suffo	Wore	T

REPRESENTATIVES-FIFTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS.

(BY DISTRICTS.)

ELECTION, NOVEMBER 6, 1900.

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT NO. 1.

CITIES AND TO	wns.	James H. Bryan of Westfield, Dem- ocratic.	Theodore Koehler of Adams, Democratic Social Nom. Paper.	Hermann Koepke of Pittsfield, So- cialist Labor Party.	George P. Law- rence of North Adams, Repub- lican.	All others.
Adams, Agawam, Alford, Ashfield, Becket, Bernardston, Blandford, Buckland, Charlemont, Cheshire, Chesterfield, Clarksburg, Colrain, Conway, Commington, Dalton, Deerfield, Egremont, Florida, Gill, Goshen, Granville, Great Barrington, Greenfield, Hancock, Hatfield, Hancock, Hatfield, Hawley, Heath,		347 176 35 24 65 27 52 61 28 75 65 11 22 46 24 188 68 41 5 36 67 425 439 21 58	129 5 5 2 25 2 1 1 4 1 1 6 14 1	400 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	690 198 211 114 72 100 75 126 147 124 110 94 91 190 290 290 209 209 106 44 119 36 77 526 840 53 126 66	

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT No. 1—Concluded.

CITIES AND TOWNS. Comparison			/		101 110	. 1 - 00	metata.	
HOLYOKE,	CITIES AND	TOWN	s.	James H. Bryan of Westfield, Dem- ocratic.	Theodore Koehler of Adams, Dem- ocratic Social Nom. Paper.	Hermann Koepke of Pittsfield, So- cialist Labor Party.	George P. Law- rence of North Adams, Repub- lican.	All others.
Totals, 10,924 543 497 16,520 1	HOLYOKE, Huntington, Lanesborough Lee, Lenox, Leyden, Middlefield, Monroe, Monterey, Mout Washir New Ashford, New Marlboro NORTH ADAM Otis, Peru, Plainfield, Richmond, Rowe, Richmond, Rowe, Stehefield, Savoy, Sheffield, Savoy, Tolland, Tyringham, West Springhe Westfield, Washington, Westfield, Westhampton, Whately, Williamsburg, William	ogton,		2,456 94 32 297 203 29 9 9 2 16 14 4 4 8 8 79 968 23 19 1,508 4 39 4 42 44 77 115 35 67 116 9 23 14 4 4 77 116 9 116 9 116 116 116 116 116 116 116	144 12 8 8 4 1 1 1 1 1 43 1 22 2 3 3 2 4 1 15 2 4 1 15 2 4 1 4 2 6 1 4 2 6	208 3 9 1 1 55 1 77 1 1 1 3 2 2 1 2 2 1 1 3 2 2 1 2 2 5	2,250 123 75 347 177 43 34 43 38 54 36 15 16 10 2,032 79 65 68 31 2,013 79 65 66 64 183 220 100 95 219 27 48 33 550 104 1,038 61 71 71 189 483 58	
	Totals, .			10,924	543	497	16,520	1

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT No. 2.

Amherst, 5 Athol, 77 Barre, 22 Belchertown, 11 Brimfield, 22 Belchertown, 21 Brookfield, 22 CHICOPEE, 99 Dana, 2 East Longmeadow, 2 East Longmeadow, 2 East Lorgmeadow, 2 Easthampton, 4 Enfield, 1 Erving, 3 Granby, 3 Greenwich, 4 Hadley, 1	Thomas W. Kene- Thomas W. Kene- fick of Palmer, Democratic. Of Springfield, Democratic So- cial Nom. Paper. All others.
Athol, 77 Barre, 22 Belchertown, 12 Brimfield, 2 Brookfield, 22 CHICOPEE, 99 Dana, 2 East Longmeadow, 2 East Longmeadow, 4 Enfield, 1 Erving, 3 Granby, 3 Greenwich, 4 Hadlev. 1	
Hardwick, Holland, Leverett, Longmeadow, Ludlow, Montague, New Braintree, New Braintree, North Brookfield, NorthAMPTON, Januer, Royalson, Petersham, Petersham, Petersham, Petersham, Prescott, Royalston, Shutesbury, South Hadley, Seringeriand, Syringeriand, Syringerian	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Ware,	104 42 2 - 445 454 37 -

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT No. 2—Concluded.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Frederick H. Gillett of Spring- field, Republican.	Thomas W. Kenefick of Palmer,	Charles Rawbone of Springfield, Democratic So- cial Nom. Paper.	All others.
Warren, Warwick, Wendell, West Brookfield, Wilbraham, Winchendon, Totals,	 288 57 49 137 147 523 17,604	166 31 26 108 71 203 10,666	20 1 2 3 4 657	1

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT No. 3.

CIT	rie	S Al	T div	row	NS.		John R. Thayer of Worcester, Dem- ocratic.	Charles G. Wash- burn of Worces- ter, Republican.	All others.
Grafton, Holden							118 686 117 192 248 304 157	115 364 184 155 208 364 144	- - - 2 -
Millbury, Northbridge Oxford, Paxton, Rutland,	•		•	•			370 329 43 336 358 201 36 67 97	299 304 112 301 404 252 45 92 165	
Shrewsbury Southbridge	,						833	558	_

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT No. 3-Concluded.

CITI	ES A	ND T	row.	NS.		John R Thayer of Worcester, Democratic.	Charles G. Wash- burn of Worces- ter, Republican.	All others.
Spencer, .				ę		700	528	_
Sturbridge, .						123	150	-
Sutton, .						198	147	-
Upton,						143	261	-
Uxbridge						326	312	-
Webster, .						586	609	-
Westborough,						387	445	-
West Boylston	1, .					105	142	-
WORCESTER,	٠					8,979	9,249	_
Totals, .		٠				16,039	15,909	3

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT No. 4.

CIT	ΓIE	S A	ND T	row:	NS.		Charles D. Lewis of Framingham, Democratic.	Charles Q. Tirrell of Natick, Re- publican.	All others.
Acton, . Ashburnhan Ashby, Ashland, Ayer, . Bedford, Berlin, Billerica, Bolton, Boxborough Boylston, Burlington, Carlisle, Chelmsford,				•		 	102 39 26 89 163 27 20 135 10 20 16 23 19	265 157 107 158 226 100 125 324 90 31 74 54 51	

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT No. 4-Concluded.

CITIES	S 2	AND I	Charles D. Lewis of Framingham, Democratic.	Charles Q. Tirrell of Natick, Re- publican.	All others.			
Clinton, . Concord, .						1,036 229	1,208 463	- 1
Dunstable, .						31	50	_
FITCHBURG.						1,401	2,370	1
Framingham,						882	1,352	_
Gardner, .						420	944	_
Groton, .						70	221	_
Harvard, .						52	104	-
Hubbardston,						28	119	-
Hudson, .						496	503	-
Lancaster, .						52	182	-
Leominster,	-					410	1,422	1
Lexington, .	٠					160	427	1
Lincoln, .						38	93	-
Littleton, .	٠					28	129	-
Lunenburg,	٠					25	122	7
MARLBOROUGH	,					988	1,212	1
Maynard, .	٠					164	266	-
Natick,						832	1,228	-
Northborough,	٠		•			69	224	-
Pepperell, .	۰					218	361	_
Princeton, .	٠					16	123	-
Shirley, . Southborough,	۰	•				61	138 143	_
	•	•		•		64 33	186	_
Sterling, .	•	•	•			38	97	-
Stow, Sudbury, .	•	•	٠	•		36	134	_
Townsend, .	•				•	56	195	1
Tyngsborough,		•				24	87	
WALTHAM, .	*					1,199	2,248	_
Wayland, .						169	245	
Wellesley, .		:	·			171	326	2
Westford, .						77	256	ĩ
Westminster,						20	167	_
Weston, .						30	184	
, , , , ,								
Totals, .						10,493	19,718	9
					1			

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT No. 5.

CITIES AND TOV	vns.	Joseph J. Flynn of Lawrence, Democratic.	Charles Franklin Jackman of Methuen, The Peoples Party.	William S. Knox of Lawrence, Republican.	William S. Searle of Methuen, Pro- hibition.	Orion L. Wood- bury of Lowell, Socialist Labor Party.	All others.
Methuen, North Andover, North Reading, Peabody, Reading, Tewksbury, Wilmington,		267 232 5,002 6,859 15 284 293 19 993 181 62 37 '1,222	1 37 27 16 6 - 10 2 1 1 14	720 248 3,988 6,230 101 862 425 117 950 703 237 182 1,124	17 2 80 92 10 38 13 - 14 16 8 2 18	3 1 166 87 - 30 6 1 38 10 9 1 50	-
Totals, .		15,466	115	15,887	310	402	-

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT No. 6.

CITIES AND	то	WNS	Daniel N. Crowley of Danvers, Democratic.	Albert L. Gillen of Haverhill, Dem- ocratic Social Nom. Paper.	William H. Moody of Haverhill, Republican.	Ernest C. Peabody of Haverhill, Socialist Labor Party.	All others.
Amesbury, . Beverly, . Boxford, . Boxford, . Danvers, . Essex, . Georgetown, Groucester, Groveland, . Hamilton, . HAVERHILL, Ipswich, . Manchester, Marblehead,			200 318 14 400 86 66 606 88 29 761 115 70 623	258 100 5 26 6 41 36 62 2 1,743 8 3 21	897 1,393 104 835 181 251 2,486 214 140 3,573 481 251 865	51 33 41 4 12 74 26 171 2 4 20	

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT No. 6-Concluded.

CITIES AND	TOWN	s.	Daniel N. Crowley of Danyers, Democratic.	Albert L. Gillen of Haverhill, Democratic Sovial Nom. Paper.	William H. Moody of Haverhill, Republican.	Ernest C. Peabody of Haverhill, Socialist Labor Party.	All others.
Merrimac, . Middleton, . Newbury, . Newbury, . Newbury PORT Rockport, . Rowley, . Salebury, . Salisbury, . Swampscott, . Topsfield, . Wenham, . West Newbury, . Totals, .			76 19 18 578 127 74 1,985 42 142 39 16 42 6,534	22 1 8 248 22 12 55 8 19 1 1 37	277 74 201 1,250 467 192 3,050 178 525 125 132 186	14 6 4 85 11 2 188 4 16 2 - 6	

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT No. 7.

CITIES AN	D TO	WNS	•	John Cramb of Chelsea, Demo- cratic Social Nom. Paper.	Michael D. Fitz- gerald of Lynn, Socialist Labor Party.	Ernest W. Roberts of Chelsea, Re-	Henry Winn of Malden, Demo- cratic.	All others.
BOSTON: WE CHELSEA, EVERETT, LYNN, MALDEN, . MELROSE,	ards 4	and	5,	82 217 97 426 87 17 4 34 37 13	103 104 116 397 109 26 1 53 14 99 40	1,338 2,819 1,880 5,891 2,802 1,484 108 1,016 578 630 1,049	2,345 1,191 639 3,247 1,479 433 74 411 163 282 551	
Totals, .				1,046	1,062	19,595	10,815	-

344 Representatives, Fifty-seventh Congress.

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT No. 8.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Samuel W. McCallofWin- chester, Re- publican.	Philip T. Nicker- son of Boston, Democratic.	William E. Stacey of Cam- bridge, Socialist Labor Party.	All others.
Arlington,	 798 4,739 5,978 2,017 5,483 886	252 1,336 3,900 566 1,731 185	15 79 448 74 166 24	1 2 - -
Totals,	19,901	7,970	806	3

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT No. 9.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Joseph A. Conry of Boston, Democratic.	John Weaver Sherman of Boston, Dem- ocratic Social Nom. Paper.	Charles T. Witt of Boston, Re- publican.	All others.
Boston: Wards 1, 2, 3, 6, 7, 8, 9, 13,	14,535 166	703 15	5,910 723	1 -
Totals,	14,701	718	6,633	1

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT No. 10.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Henry F. Na- phen of Boston, Democratic.	George B. Pierce of Milton, Re- publican.	All others.
BOSTON: Wards 12, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 24,	21,162 387 1,958 23,507	13,526 756 2,036 16,318	-

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT NO. 11.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	William H. Baker of Newton, Dem- ocratic.	John A. McIsaac of Boston, Dem- ocratic Social Nom. Paper.	Samuel L. Powers of Newton, Re- publican.	Moorfield Storey of Lincoln, Inde- pendent,	All others.
Bellingham, Belmont, Boston: Wards 21, 22, 23, 25, Brookline, Dedham, Dover, Foxborough, Franklin, Holliston, Hopedale, Hyde Park, Medfield, Medway, Milford, Millis, Needham, NEWTON, Norfolk, North Attleborough, Norwood, Sharon, Sherborn, Walpole, Watertown, Westwood, Watertown, Westwood, Wrentham.	41 103 4,902 617 399 18 8 98 213 149 38 506 48 851 30 120 1,170 18 224 42 42 42 153 33 32 42	4 7 391 255 366 20 10 81 29 52 -6 19 11 11 266 21 55 21 25 21 26 27 28 29 29 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	119 290 7,986 1,904 707 59 326 492 255 297 1,293 210 274 808 90 97 3,196 81 705 508 202 22 257 77 48 88 89 81 81 80 81 81 81 81 81 81 81 81 81 81 81 81 81	3 52 1,315 513 76 13 18 18 11 29 10 101 14 12 94 42 381 1 1 8 21 11 15 8 21 15	1
Totals,	10,885	737	21,761	2,858	4

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT No. 12.

(THES AND TOWNS.	George J. Hunt of Taunton, Social- ist Labor Party.	Charles F. King of Holbrook, Democratic.	William C. Lover- ing of Taunton, Republican.	Charles E. Lowell of Whitman, Democratic So- cial Nom. Paper.	Herman T. Regnell of Attleborough, Prohibition.	All others.
Abington, Attleborough, Avon, Berkley, Braintree, Bridgewater, BROCKTON, Canton, Carver, Cohasset, Dighton, Duxbury, East Bridgewater, Easton, Halifax, Hanover, Hanson, Holbrook, Hull, Kingston, Lakeville, Mansfield, Marshfield, Marshfield, Middleborough, Norton, Norwell, Pembroke, Plymouth, Plympton, Randolph, Raynham, Renboboth, Rockland, Scituate, Seekonk, Stoughton, TAUNTON, West Bridgewater, Weymouth, Well, Revented R	37 35 15 24 21 24 3 8 9 1 1 3 8 9 1 1 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	182 202 144 5 258 102 1,720 324 38 73 14 437 78 220 110 52 22 22 114 51 47 22 62 22 144 51 16 9 9 19 63 20 214 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	406 944 166 117 560 396 3,198 343 555 282 184 138 264 4391 58 1199 140 413 238 113 1184 73 334 161 677 1183 150 109 140 258 119 119 129 129 129 129 129 129 129 129	147 10 33 60 35 5 1,166 7 1 1 2 2 2 46 65 65 65 24 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	13 95 3 1 51 11 51 2 2 8 1 1 5 1 2 2 4 3 3 3 8 4 4 3 3 6 6 5 5 1 1 1 1 2 2 4 3 3 6 6 6 7 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	
Totals,	843	7,434	17,788	2,404	483	4

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT NO. 13.

CITIES AND	TOWNS.	Herbert L. Chip- man of Sand- wich, Prohibi- tion.	William S. Greene of Fall River, Republican.	Charles T. Luce of New Bedford, Democratic.	William Swindle- hurst of Fall River, Socialist Labor Party.	All others.
Acushnet, Barnstable, Bourne, Brewster, Chatham, Chilmark, Cottage City, Dartmouth, Dennis, Eastham, Edgartown, Fairhaven, Falhouth, Freetown, Gay Head, Gosnold, Harwich, Marion, Mashpee, Mattapoisett, Nantucket, Nantucket, Nantucket, New Bedford Orleans, Provincetown, Rochester, Sandwich, Somerset, Swansea, Tisbury, Truro, Warelam, Welfileet, West Tisbury, Yarmouth,		15 26 21 7 23 7 7 10 20 20 27 20 27 20 27 21 6 4 20 27 27 14 7 10 20 27 21 20 27 27 20 27 20 27 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	102 566 175 107 157 24 96 249 304 46 6,655 379 140 123 55 123 55 121 245 121 245 121 245 121 245 121 245 121 247 121 121 121 121 121 121 121 121 121 12	8 124 28 8 8 8 93 122 26 25 15 6 6 65 3,178 2 15 2 23 10 81 13 49 9 102 27 27 29 11 17 14 4 38	2 2 3 4 1 1 1 2 2 2 8 8 2 2 1 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
Totals, .		884	16,337	5,954	480	2

For Representatives in the 57th Congress.

FIRST DISTRICT.	
George P. Lawrence of North Adams (Republican), .	16,520 votes.
James H. Bryan of Westfield (Democratic),	10,924 "
Theodore Koehler of Adams (Democratic Social Nom.	
Paper),	543 "
Hermann Koepke of Pittsfield (Socialist Labor Party),	497 "
All others,	1 vote.
,	
SECOND DISTRICT.	7
	17,604 votes.
Thomas W. Kenefick of Palmer (Democratic),	10,666 "
Charles Rawbone of Springfield (Democratic Social	
Nom. Paper),	657 "
All others,	1 vote.
THIRD DISTRICT.	
	16,039 votes.
	15,909 "
All others,	3 "
· ·	Ŭ
FOURTH DISTRICT.	
	19,718 votes.
Charles D. Lewis of Framingham (Democratic),	10,493 "
All others,	9 "
FIFTH DISTRICT.	
William S. Knox of Lawrence (Republican),	15,887 votes.
Joseph J. Flynn of Lawrence (Democratic),	
Orion L. Woodbury of Lowell (Socialist Labor Party),	402 "
William S. Searle of Methuen (Prohibition),	310 "
Charles Franklin Jackman of Methuen (The Peoples	010
Party),	115 "
	211.
SIXTH DISTRICT.	
William H. Moody of Haverhill (Republican),	
Daniel N. Crowley of Danvers (Democratic),	6,534 "
Albert L. Gillen of Haverhill (Democratic Social Nom.	
Paper),	2,725 "
Ernest C. Peabody of Haverhill (Socialist Labor Party),	778 "

SEVENTH DISTRICT.	
Ernest W. Roberts of Chelsea (Republican),	19,595 votes.
Henry Winn of Malden (Democratic),	10,815 "
Michael D. Fitzgerald of Lynn (Socialist Labor Party),	1,062 "
John Cramb of Chelsea (Democratic Social Nom. Paper),	1,046 "
EIGHTH DISTRICT.	10.001
Samuel W. McCall of Winchester (Republican),	19,901 votes.
Philip T. Nickerson of Boston (Democratic),	7,970 " 806 "
William E. Stacey of Cambridge (Socialist Labor Party),	3 "
All others,	5
NINTH DISTRICT.	
Joseph A. Conry of Boston (Democratic),	
Charles T. Witt of Boston (Republican),	6,633 "
John Weaver Sherman of Boston (Democratic Social	
Nom. Paper),	718 "
All others,	1 vote.
TENTH DISTRICT.	
	23,507 votes.
George B. Pierce of Milton (Republican),	
deoige B. I leite of Millon (hepabhean),	10,010
ELEVENTH DISTRICT.	
	21,761 votes.
	10,885 "
Moorfield Storey of Lincoln (Independent),	2,858 "
John A. McIsaac of Boston (Democratic Social Nom.	
Paper),	787 "
All others,	4 "
TWELFTH DISTRICT.	
William C. Lovering of Taunton (Republican),	17.788 votes.
Charles F. King of Holbrook (Democratic),	7,434 "
Charles E. Lowell of Whitman (Democratic Social	.,
Nom. Paper),	2,404 "
George J. Hunt of Taunton (Socialist Labor Party), .	843 "
Herman T. Regnell of Attleborough (Prohibition), .	483 "
All others,	4 66
THIRTEENTH DISTRICT.	
	10 99" viotos
William S. Greene of Fall River (Republican), Charles T. Luce of New Bedford (Democratic),	16,337 votes. 5,954 "
	884 "
William Swindlehurst of Fall River (Socialist Labor	204
	480 "
Party),	2 "
All others,	A

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR IN 1901.

(BY COUNTIES.)

COUNTY OF BARNSTABLE.

CITIES AND TOWNS Sale Court Co									
Brewster, - 106 5 8 - - Chatham, 3 143 14 32 2 - - Dennis, 5 262 10 22 - - Eastham, - 80 3 7 - - Falmouth, 7 386 9 67 - - Harwich, 8 224 13 49 4 - Mashpee, - 56 3 - - - Orleans, 1 119 8 9 - - Provincetown, 10 265 2 58 2 - Sandwich, 3 166 14 64 2 - Truro, 1 72 - 6 - - Wellfleet, - 126 4 11 -	CITIES AND	тот	VNS	.= -	Murray Cr Dalton, nblican.	Lewis tding, n.	Quiney on, Demo	H. Wro pringfic cratic	All others.
Totals, 49 3,001 111 508 16 -	Bourne, Brewster, Chatham, Dennis, Eastham, Falmouth, Harwich, Mashpee, Orleans, Provincetown, Sandwich, Truro, Wellfleet, Yarmouth,			3 5 7 8 1 10 3 1	179 106 143 262 80 386 224 56 119 265 166 72 126 205	14 5 14 10 3 9 13 8 2 14 - 4 5	34 8 32 22 7 67 49 9 58 64 61 11	2 - 4 - 2 2	

COUNTY OF BERKSHIRE.

COUNTY OF BERKSHIRE - Concluded.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Michael T. Berry of Haverhill, Social- ist Labor Party.	W. Murray Crane of Dalton, Re- publican.	John B. Lewis, Jr., of Reading, 1 .0- hibition.	Joslah Quincy of Boston, Demo- cratic.	George H. Wrenn of Springfield, Democratic So- cial.	All others.
Great Barrington, Hancock, Hinsdale, Lanesborough, Lee, Lee, Lenox, Monterey, Mount Washington, New Ashford, New Marlborough, North ADAMS, Otis, Peru, Pittsfield, Richmond, Sandisfield, Savoy, Sheffield, Stockbridge, Tyringham, Washington, West Stockbridge, Williamstown, Windsor,	13 	631 37 162 90 357 139 47 18 17 90 1,694 46 2,375 71 70 58 168 168 158 35 87 248 70	16 4 6 2 18 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	321 15 70 21 165 111 14 4 1 18 724 18 11 977 19 42 21 78 69 10 10 40 47 71 13	17	1
Totals,	330	8,428	188	3,334	284	2

COUNTY OF BRISTOL.

Acushnet, Attleborough, Berkley, Dartmouth, Dighton, Easton, Fairhaven, FALL RIVER, Freetown,		12 2 7 9 5 8 312	42 586 105 107 219 224 198 5,129 95	6 38 4 10 10 6 7 251 2	3 136 5 12 26 168 48 3,697 11	11 2 - 1 16 2 154 2	
Mansfield,	÷	6	209	$1\tilde{2}$	45	4	-

COUNTY OF BRISTOL - Concluded.

CITIES AN	D '	rowı	īs.	Michael T. Berry of Haverhill, Social- ist Labor Party.	W. Murray Crane of Dalton, Re- publican.	John B. Lewis, Jr., of Reading, 1'ro- hibition.	Josiah Quincy of Boston, Demo- cratic.	George H. Wrenn of Springfield, Democratic So- cial.	All others.
New Bedfor North Attlet Norton, Raynham, Rehoboth, Seekonk, Somerset, Swansea, TAUNTON, Westport,	RD,	ough,		243 12 1 1 3 1 - 2 2227 2	3,163 317 78 56 81 45 164 112 2,037 159	202 9 6 4 4 2 3 4 40 14	1,398 117 4 3 8 14 60 19 919 16	110 4 1 1 - 2 68 1	
Totals,				853	13,126	634	6,709	379	-

COUNTY OF DUKES COUNTY.

Chilmark, . Cottage City, . Edgartown, . Gay Head, . Gosnold, . Tisbury, . West Tisbury, Totals, .	:		1 3 2 - 2 7 1 - 16	22 103 168 19 2 141 63 518	10 6 5 1 2 10 11	6 17 18 - 8 24 20	- 2 1 - 4 1 - 8	-
Totals, .	•	•	16	518	45	93	8	-

COUNTY OF ESSEX.

Amesbury,		32	565	19	175	149	-
Andover,		7	452	12	154	7	-
BEVERLY,		40	990	42	224	66	-
Boxford,.		-	79	1	14	1	-
Danvers, .		45	661	14	282	34	-
Essex.		2	90	3	30	1	-
Georgetown,		9	249	1	91	26	_
	1			_	0.1		

COUNTY OF ESSEX - Concluded.

CITIES AND	TOWNS.	Michael T. Berry of Haverhill, Social- ist Labor Party.	W. Murray Crane of Dalton, Re- publican.	John B. Lewis, Jr., of Reading, Pro- hibition.	Josiah Quincy of Boston, Demo- eratic.	George H. Wrenn of Springfield, Democratic So- cial.	All others.
GLOUCESTER, Groveland, Hamilton, HAVERHILL, Ipswich, LAWRENCE, LYNN, Lynnfield, Manchester, Marblehead, Merrimac, Methuen, Middleton, Nahant, Newbury, NEWBURYPORT North Audover Peabody, Rockport, Rowley, Salebury, Salebury, Saugus, Swampscott, Topsfield, West Newbury West Newbury		89 24 3 159 15 337 226 2 37 5 40 4 2 2 7 81 12 74 20 4 245 1 13 4 - 15	2,154 203 124 2,972 488 3,524 4,558 661 673 174 757 84 143 997 339 808 407 2,708 407 347 347 347 347 347 347 347 347 347 34	59 5 4 93 18 75 207 4 12 24 13 22 - 2 3 3 22 5 28 49 3 4 4 20 13 4 4 20 13 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	713 102 23 860 142 3,664 1,850 10 43 459 50 173 11 52 14 412 164 683 109 177 96 52 27 96 52 22 23	32 35 1,149 13 258 272 23 20 28 1 1 2 4 162 5 23 14 4 114 2 15 8 8 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
Totals, .		1,545	25,815	840	12,585	2,491	-

COUNTY OF FRANKLIN.

Ashfield,.		1	118	6	18	-	-
Bernardston,		-	85	3	22	-	-
Buckland,		2	146	5	81	2	-
Charlemont,		-	110	6	21	2	-
Colrain, .		-	123	1	16	2	-
Conway, .		2	117	9	33	1	-
Deerfield,		2	208	7	67	2	-

COUNTY OF FRANKLIN - Concluded.

CITIES AN	DΤ	OWN	s.	Michael T. Berry of Haverhill, Social- ist Labor Party.	W. Murray Crane of Dalton, Re- publican.	John B. Lewis, Jr., of Reading, Pro- hibition.	Josiah Quincy of Boston, Demo- cratic.	George II. Wrenn of Springfield, Democratic So- cial.	All others.
Erving, . Gill, . Greenfield, Hawley, . Heath, . Leverett, . Leyden, . Mouroe, . Montague, Northfield, Orange, . Shelburne, Shelburne, Shutesbury, Sunderland, Warwick, Wendell, Whately,				2 21 - 3 1 1 33 1 1 1 1 - 1 3	96 65 816 43 48 48 36 18 380 65 141 727 46 185 50 50 32	3 1 26 4 - 2 1 - 17 4 5 26 1 1 5 1 3 1 3 1	43 27 363 - 10 6 24 24 3 283 14 78 193 4 35 10 20 21 24 44	1 1 31 - 1 - 25 1 4 4 17 - -	1
Totals,	•	٠	٠	108	3,898	141	1,460	91	1

COUNTY OF HAMPDEN.

A oro was no				7	158	2	75	9	
Agawam,	•		•	1		4			_
Blandford,				-	60	2	25	2	-
Brimfield,				-	68	3	22	2	-
Chester, .				3	92	-	28	3	-
CHICOPEE,				59	825	11	626	161	-
East Longme	ado	w.		1	88	2	28	_	-
Granville,				1	47	_	28	1	-
Hampden,				1	50	_	26	2	
Holland, .				-	17	_	3	2	-
HOLYOKE,				248	1,958	57	2,031	201	-
Longmeadow				-	43	-	7	1	-
Ludlow, .				1	103	2	42	5	-
Monson, .				5	279	12	124	7	-
Montgomery,				1	43	-	9	1	-
Palmer, .				29	476	9	209	45	-

COUNTY OF HAMPDEN - Concluded.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Michael T. Berry of Haverhill, Social- ist Labor Party.	W. Murray Crane of Dalton, Re- publican.	John B. Lewis, Jr., of Reading, Pro- hibition.	Josiah Quincy of Boston, Demo- cratic.	George H. Wrenn of Springfield, Democratic So- cial.	All others.
Russell,	5 2 153 3 23 29 1	71 112 4,407 12 76 424 1,102 96 10,607	78 	29 56 1,924 3 18 189 503 75 6,080	521 - 2 35 42 1 - 1,044	-

COUNTY OF HAMPSHIRE.

						-
Amherst, Belchertown, Chesterfield, Cummington, Easthampton, Enfield, Goshen, Granby, Greenwich, Hadley, Hatfield, Huntington, Middlefield, NORTHAMPTON, Pelham, Plainfield, Prescott, South Hadley, Southampton, Ware.	3 3 1 1 - 19 4 4 - 2 1 1 1 5 2 - 8 8 - 1 - 2 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 -	366 156 59 87 350 1111 25 68 34 135 105 126 26 1,229 54 14 435 66 380	23 13 3 14 3 3 6 1 1 27 4 1 1 5 1 1 15	77 38 5 10 77 77 77 12 - 11 5 25 100 49 2 619 2 2 7 82 7	4 	
Middlefield, NORTHAMPTON, Pelham, Plainfield, Prescott, South Hadley,	 88	26 1,229 32 54 14 435	27 4 1 - 5	619 3 2 7	51	
Southampton, Ware, Westhampton, Williamsburg, Worthington, Totals,				7 237 10 113 6 1,497		
,		,		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		

COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX.

CITIES AND TOWY	Experience of the control of the con	W. Murray Crane of Dalton, Re- publican.	John B. Lewis, Jr., of Reading, Pro- hibition.	Josiah Quincy of Boston, Demo- cratic.	George H. Wrenn of Springfield, Democratic So- cial.	All others.
Acton, Arlington, Ashby, Ashland, Ayer, Beldford, Belmont, Billerica, Boxborough, Burlington, Cambridge, Carlisle, Carlisle, Chelmsford, Concord, Dracut, Dunstable, Evprett, Framingham, Groton, Holliston, Holkiston, Hudson, Lexington, Lincoln, Littleton, Lowell, Maynard, Malden, Malden, Medford, Newton, North Reading, Pepperell, Reading, Somerville, Stoneham, Stow, Sudbury, Tewksbury,	. 14 . 11 . 55 . 32 . 2 . 8 . 1 . 12 . 243 . 12 . 777 . 1 . 288 . 19 . 19 . 19 . 44 . 262 . 90 . 80 . 66 . 63 . 66 . 63 . 64 . 74 . 74 . 74 . 74 . 74 . 74 . 74 . 7	175 516 77 154 163 116 6275 264 40 36 4,622 235 372 235 2437 273 273 273 273 273 273 273 273 273 2	9 4 4 11 22 2 1110 3 12 2 4 - 22 33 12 9 8 6 6 5 5 - 106 636 35 28 26 35 27 74 64 1 - 15	64 140 19 57 74 31 31 66 136 117 12 3,786 6 187 187 187 197 22 22 24 24 26 260 73 23 23 23 24 32 25 26 260 894 8 62 21 16 32 20 1,120 20 21 6 33	2 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 5 5 5 1 7 4 2 6 6 7 7 1 2 2 6 9 2 2 1 9 5 5 1 1 6 3 7 0 7 3 7 4 3 1 3 8 6 8 4 4 - 1 5 7 8 8 3 3 - 7	1

COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX - Concluded.

CITIES AND	TO	WNS.	Michael T. Berry of Haverhill, Social- ist Labor Party.	W. Murray Crane of Dalton, Re- publican.	John B. Lewis, Jr., of Reading, Pro- hibition.	Josiah Quincy of Boston, Demo- cratic.	George H. Wrenn of Springfield, Democratic So- cial.	All others.
Townsend, Tyngsborougl Wakefield, WALTHAM, Watertown, Wayland, Westford, Westord, Winchester, Winchester, WOBURN,			2 3 45 44 19 28 2 - 24 80	114 1,159 1,742 658 184 171 113 109 546 950	18 1 57 17 16 2 4 19 3 7	27 19 480 927 435 74 51 15 19 133 844	28 58 14 9 1 - 1 17 29	
Motolo			1,607	38,593	987	20,403	1,051	2

COUNTY OF NANTUCKET.

		[
Nantucket,	. 8	227	8	58	2	-

COUNTY OF NORFOLK.

Avon, .				7	169	3	131	26	_
Bellingham,	•	•			70	3	20	1	
Deningnam,	•		•	00	603	4	241	85	_
Braintree,				32					-
Brookline,				19	1,575	25	615	11	-
Canton, .				13	293	6	202	8	-
Cohasset,				•1	211	5	85	3	-
Dedham,				27	589	6	345	24	-
Dover, .				_	46	2	9	1	-
Foxborough,				5	194	12	62	3	-
Franklin,				9	287	6	102	4	-
Holbrook,				9	184	1	68	23	-
Hyde Park,				39	969	20	311	89	1
Medfield,				1	119	1	33	1	-
Medway,				7	191	7	76	4	_
			•		58	2	19	1	_
Millis, .				-	98	2	19	T	-

COUNTY OF NORFOLK -- Concluded.

CITIES AN	D	TOWN	ıs.	Michael T. Berry of Haverhill, Social- ist Labor Party.	W. Murray Crane of Dalton, Re- publican.	John B. Lewis, Jr., of Reading, Pro- hibition.	Josiah Quincy of Boston, Demo- cratic.	George H. Wrenn of Springfield, Democratic So- cial.	All others.
Milton, . Needham, Norfolk, . Norwood, QUINCY, . Randolph, Sharon, . Stoughton, Walpole, Wellesley, Westwood, Weymouth, Wrentham,				8 7 38 93 24 1 12 16 6	548 258 62 486 1,943 295 149 316 178 274 89 879 198	5 6 - 5 29 9 2 7 12 - 31	164 67 15 315 961 279 37 166 80 86 30 527 23	7 4 1 25 188 25 - 20 28 4 1 100	
Totals,				435	11,233	211	5,069	688	1

COUNTY OF PLYMOUTH.

			 	1		1 1		1
Abington,			29	329	17	105	125	_
Bridgewater,			9	275	3	68	31	_
BROCKTON,			145	2,860	62	1,428	887	_
Carver, .			3	32	10	16	8	_
Duxbury,			ī	82	_	22	2	_
East Bridgew	ate	r	$\frac{1}{2}$	133	2	36	33	_
Halifax, .		.,.	_	33	$\bar{2}$	5	1	_
Hanover,			8	160	$\frac{2}{2}$	34	21	_
Hanson, .			5	113	4	18	-8	_
Hingham,			4	313	23	160	10	-
Hull, .			1	116	6	57	_	-
Kingston,			4	102	1	21	2	_
Lakeville,			_	33 •	1	6	_	_
Marion, .			-	58	3	13	-	-
Marshfield,			-	86	1	5	-	-
Mattapoisett,			1	96	6	50	-	-
Middleboroug	gh,		13	629	30	149	20	-
Norwell, .			$\frac{2}{3}$	94	2 5	32	-	-
Pembroke,			3	58		8	1	-
Plymouth,			17	508	11	160	42	-
Plympton,			-	33	1	11	2	-
Rochester,			-	57	-	7	-	-

COUNTY OF PLYMOUTH - Concluded.

CITIES AND	TOW		erry of Social- arty.	rane Re-	Jr., Pro-	no-	Wrenn gfield, ic So-	
		Ns.	Michael T. Berry of Haverhill, Social- ist Labor Party.	W. Murray Crane of Dalton, Re- publican.	John B. Lewis, Jr., of Reading, Pro- hibition.	Josiah Quincy of Boston, Demo- cratic.	George H. Wrenn of Springfield, Democratic So- cial.	All others.
Rockland, Scituate, Wareham, West Bridgew Whitman,	ater,		64 15 39	513 108 251 58 554	5 4 12 - 10	198 22 124 9 165	155 1 5 7 208	-
Totals,			365	7,684	228	2,929	1,569	-
Boston,		:	1,353 85 34 5	31,465 2,491 793 577	362 33 13 23	39,073 1,345 350 103	1,281 117 25 3	-
Totals,			1,477	35,326	431	40,871	1,426	-
Ashburnham, Athol, Auburn, Barre, Berlin, Blackstone, Bolton, Boylston, Brookfield, Charlton, Clinton, Dana, Douglas, FITCHBURG, Gardner, Grafton,		COU	NTY O. 1 48 2 2 3 3 25 - 10 3 76 6 29 224 66 8	F WOR 134 756 93 149 110 271 88 55 257 85 1,132 40 195 148 1,764 749 277	1 25 1 7 4 4 10 8 8 3 3 3 8 8 2 2 466 311 8	27 254 71 26 11 400 10 11 166 32 905 17 18 136 850 357 76	1 15 1 - 2 12 1 1 - 24 3 114 - 5 47 228 24 19	

COUNTY OF WORCESTER - Concluded.

CITIES AND TOWN	Michael T. Berry of	ist Labor Party. W. Murray Grane of Dalton, Re-	John B. Lewis, Jr., of Reading, Pro- hibition.	Josiah Quincy of Boston, Demo- cratic.	George H. Wrenn of Springfield, Democratic So- cial.	All others.
Harvard, Holden, Hopedale, Hopedale, Hubbardston, Lancaster, Leicester, Leicester, Leominster, Lunenburg, Mendon, Milfbury, New Braintree, North Brookfield, Northborough, Northbridge, Oakham, Oxford, Paxton, Petersham, Phillipston, Princeton, Royalston, Rutland, Shrewsbury, Southborough, Southon, Westborough, Westbrookfield, Westborough, Westborough, Westbrookfield, Westborough, Westborough, Westborough, Westborough, Westborough, Westborough, Westminster, Winchendon, Worcester,		- 83 9 207 6 331 3 86 4 147 10 261 63 1,092 - 85 2 109 60 683 11 431 1 48 29 318 10 152 10 392 - 57 42 144 - 32 - 70 - 38 1 80 2 103 2 62 2 137 3 122 32 25 17 38 52 1 127 38 52 1 127 4 160 11 195 2 228 32 2 137 3 8 521 1 127 1 127 4 160 11 27 1 127 4 160 11 17 7 120 14 367 2 113 5 371 110 7,629	2 2 2 4 13	44 61 25 13 36 214 339 11 14 617 194 26 288 35 147 12 63 31 11 33 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 4 4 8 14 17 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	2 4 4 10 4 11 10 4 5 13 81 11 1 1 90 4 7 7 2 13 2 2 - 1 26 6 24 5 9 9 3 10 10 3 555 113 1 1 90 6 - 1 295	
Totals,	. 1,8	23,176	589	12,766	1,437	-

AGGREGATE OF VOTES FOR GOVERNOR.

COUN	TIE	s.	Michael T. Berry of Haverhill, Social- ist Labor Party.	W. Murray Crane of Dalton, Re- publican.	John B. Lewis, Jr., of Reading, Pro- hibition.	Josiah Quincy of Boston, Demo- cratic.	George H. Wrenn of Springfield, Democratic So- cial.	All others.
Barnstable, Berkshire, Bristol, . Dukes, . Essex, . Franklin, Hampden, Hampshire, Middlesex, Nantucket,			 49 330 853 16 1,545 108 566 212 1,607	3,001 8,428 13,126 518 25,815 3,898 10,607 4,177 38,593 227	111 188 634 45 840 141 205 162 987	508 3,334 6,709 93 12,585 1,460 6,080 1,497 20,403 58	16 284 379 8 2,491 91 1,044 185 1,051	1 - 2 - 2
Norfolk, Plymouth, Suffolk, Worcester, Totals,		:	435 365 1,477 1,327 	11,233 7,684 35,326 23,176 185,809	211 228 431 589 4,780	5,069 2,929 40,871 12,766 114,362	688 1,569 1,426 1,437 10,671	1 - - - 6

For Governor.

W. Murray Crane of Dalton (Republican),	185,809 votes.
Josiah Quincy of Boston (Democratic),	114,362 "
George H. Wrenn of Springfield (Democratic Social),	10,671 "
Michael T. Berry of Haverhill (Socialist Labor Party),	8,898 "
John B. Lewis, Jr., of Reading (Prohibition),	4,780 "
All others,	6 44

For Lieutenant Governor.

John L. Bates of Boston (Republican),	183,249 votes	s.
John W. Coughlin of Fall River (Democratic), .	111,248 "	
Charles W. White of Boston (Democratic Social), .	11,642 "	
Alfred E. Jones of Everett (Socialist Labor Party),	7,277 "	
William H. Partridge of Newton (Prohlbition), .	4,325 "	
Allothers	77 66	

For Secretary of the Commonwealth.

William M. Olin of Boston (Republican), Willmore B. Stone of Springfield (Democratic), Alonzo H. Dennett of Middleborough (Democratic So-	
cial),	13,393 " 9,631 "
Frederick W. Clark of Boston (Prohibition), All others,	•

For Treasurer and Receiver General.

Edward S. Br	adfo	rd of	Sp	ringf	ield	(Rep	ublica	ın),			173,026	votes.
Joseph L. Cha	alifot	ıx oi	Lo	well	(Der	nocr	atic),				102,129	**
Wendell P. B	oswo	rth	of I	3rocl	ton	(Dei	nocra	tic 8	Bocia	1),	13,126	66
Frederick A.	. Na	gler	of	Spr	ingfi	eld	(Socia	list	Lab	or		
Party),											8,310	66
George E. Ba	tchel	der	of L	ynnf	ield	(Pro	hibiti	on),			6,507	66
All others,											7	66

For Auditor.

Henry E. Turner of Malden (Republican),	169,465 votes.
James F. Dean of Salem (Democratic),	104,457 "
Frank Thompson of Plymouth (Democratic Social),	12,385 "
Frank Keefe of Lynn (Socialist Labor Party),	9,221 "
John H. Smith of Dalton (Prohibition),	6,409 "
All others,	7 "

For Attorney-General.

Herbert Parker of Lancaster (Republican),	171,910	votes.
Arthur A. Putnam of Uxbridge (Democratic),	105,027	66
Clarence E. Spelman of Westfield (Democratic Social), .	11,502	66
John T. Hargraves of Worcester (Socialist Labor Party),	8,839	66
Allen Coffin of Nantucket (Prohlbition),	5,895	66
All others.	8	66

9,805 "

3,033 "

For Executive Councillors.

FIRST DISTRICT.

David F. Slade of Fall River (Republican),	19,715 votes.
Charles J. McGurk of New Bedford (Democratic),	7,643 "
Charles B. Drew of Hanover (Democratic Social),	2,395 "
Herbert L. Chipman of Sandwich (Prohibition),	1,154 "
All others,	1 vote.
SECOND DISTRICT.	
Arthur A. Maxwell of Boston (Republican),	26,074 votes.
Michael J. Collins of Boston (Democratic),	14,120 "
Walter T. McDonough of Hyde Park (Democratic Social),	1,891 "
All others,	1 vote.
· ·	
THIRD DISTRICT.	
Henry D. Yerxa of Cambridge (Republican),	21,177 votes.
George A. Sanderson of Boston (Democratic),	13,090 "
John T. Galvin of Boston (Democratic Social),	2,409 **
All others,	2 "
FOURTH DISTRICT.	
Jeremiah J. McNamara of Boston (Democratic),	23,338 votes.
Timothy J. Donoghue of Boston (Republican),	12,752 "
George G. Cutting of Boston (Democratic Social),	2,349 "
All others,	1 vote.
FIFTH DISTRICT.	

SIXTH DISTRICT.

David I. Robinson of Gloucester (Republican), . . 21,006 votes.

Robert S. Rantoul of Salem (Democratic), . . .

S. Henry Noyes of Newburyport (Democratic Social), .

Edward A. H. Grover of Danvers (Prohibition), . .

S. Herbert Howe of Marlborough (Republican),		23,715	votes.
Francis L. Fletcher of Westford (Democratic),		13,862	6.6
Henry H. Benoit of Lawrence (Democratic Social)	,	1,808	4.6
George M. Buttrick of Everett (Prohibition), .		932	46

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

Lucius Field of Clinton (Republican), Charles M. Day of Winchendon (Democratic), John J. Kelly of Warren (Democratic Social),	:	22,142 votes. 11,753 " 2,157 "
EIGHTH DISTRICT.		
Julius H. Appleton of Springfield (Republican), .		23,939 votes.
Charles E. West of Pittsfield (Democratic),		12,974 "
Edward A. Buckland of Holyoke (Democratic Social),		1,943 "
Henry C. Smith of Williamsburg (Prohibition), .		992 "

All others,

LIST OF THE

Executive and Legislative Departments

OF THE

GOVERNMENT

OF THE

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS,

AND OFFICERS IMMEDIATELY CONNECTED THEREWITH,
WITH PLACES OF RESIDENCE.

1902.



EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

His Excellency W. MURRAY CRANE (R.) of Dalton, GOVERNOR.

His Honor JOHN L. BATES (R.) of Boston, LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR.

Conneil.

District

- I. DAVID F. SLADE (R.) of Fall River.
- II. ARTHUR A. MAXWELL (R.) of Boston.
- III. HENRY D. YERXA (R.) of Cambridge.
- IV. JEREMIAH J. MCNAMARA (D.) of Boston.
- V. DAVID I. ROBINSON (R.) of Gloucester.
- VI. S. HERBERT HOWE (R.) of Marlborough.
- VII. LUCIUS FIELD (R.) of Clinton.
- VIII. JULIUS H. APPLETON (R.) of Springfield.

Private Secretary to the Governor.

JOHN B. SMITH of Boston.

Executive Secretary.

EDWARD F. HAMLIN of Newton.

Executive Stenographer.
Francis Hurtubis, Jr., of Boston.

Committees of the Council.

On Pardons. — His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, Mr. Slade, Mr. Maxwell, Mr. Yerxa, Mr. McNamara.

On Finance. — His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, Mr. Howe, Mr. Field, Mr. Yerxa, Mr. Appleton.

On Harbors and Public Lands. - Mr. Yerxa, Mr. Howe, Mr. Robinson, Mr. Slade, Mr. Maxwell.

On Charitable Institutions. — His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, Mr. Howe, Mr. McNamara, Mr. Robinson, Mr. Maxwell.

On Prisons.—His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, Mr. Robinson, Mr. Appleton, Mr. McNamara, Mr. Field.

On Military and Naval Affairs.—His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, Mr. Robinson, Mr. Field, Mr. Howe, Mr. McNamara.

On Railroads.—His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, Mr. Slade, Mr. McNamara, Mr. Field, Mr. Appleton.

On State House.—His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, Mr. Howe, Mr. Slade, Mr. Yerxa, Mr. Appleton.

On Nominations. - His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, Mr. Field, Mr. Maxwell.

On Accounts .- Mr. Slade, Mr. Howe, Mr. Appleton.

On Warrants. - Mr. Yerxa, Mr. Maxwell, Mr. Robinson.

Messenger to the Governor and Council.

William H. Jarvis, Lynn.

Secretary of the Commonwealth.

WILLIAM M. OLIN (R.) of Boston.

Isaac H. Edgett, 1st Clerk and Deputy, . . . Beverly.

Herbert H. Boynton, 2d Clerk and Deputy, . . . North Abington.

James J. Tracy, Chief of Archives Division, . . Everett.

Trensurer and Receiber-General.

EDWARD S. BRADFORD (R.) of Springfield.

Henry S. Bridge, 1st Clerk, West Medford. James C. Bond, Receiving Teller, Boston.

Eben Sumner, Paying Teller, Newton.

Anditor of Accounts.

HENRY E. TURNER (R.) of Malden.

William D. Hawley, 1st	Clerk,			. Malden.
James Pope, 2d Clerk,				. Melrose.

Attorney-General.

HERBERT PARKER (R.) of Lancaster.

Frederick E. Hurd, Assistant,				. B	oston.
Ralph A. Stewart, Assistant,				. W	Vorcester.
Robert G. Dodge Assistant,				. N	ewburyport.
Arthur W. DeGoosh, Assistant,	,			. C	ambridge.
Frederick H. Nash, Assistant,				. C	ambridge.
Frederick B. Greenhalge, Assist	tant,			. L	owell.

Gobernor's Staff.

Brig. Gen. Samuel Dalton, Boston, Adjutant General.

Brig. Gen. Robert A. Blood, Boston, Surgeon General.

Brig. Gen. William H. Brigham, Hudson, Inspector General.

Brig. Gen. Fred. W. Wellington, Worcester, Commissary General.

Brig. Gen. Henry S. Dewey, Boston, Judge Advocate General.

Col. James G. White, Newton, Inspector General of Rifle Practice.

Lieut. Col. William C. Capelle, Boston, Assistant Adjutant General.

Lieut. Col. James T. Soutter, Boston, Assistant Inspector General.

Lieut. Col. Edward J. Gihon, Wakefield, Assistant Inspector General. Lieut. Col. Henry L. Williams, Northampton, Assistant Inspector

Lieut. Col. Henry L. Williams, Northampton, Assistant Inspecto General.

Lieut. Col. Arthur B. Denny, Brookline, Assistant Inspector General.

Lieut. Col. George H. Benyon, Watertown, Assistant Inspector General. Lieut. Col. Paul R. Hawkins, Springfield, Assistant Inspector General.

Maj. Charles S. Proctor, Lowell, Assistant Quartermaster General.

Maj George E. Hagar, Dalton, Aide-de-Camp.

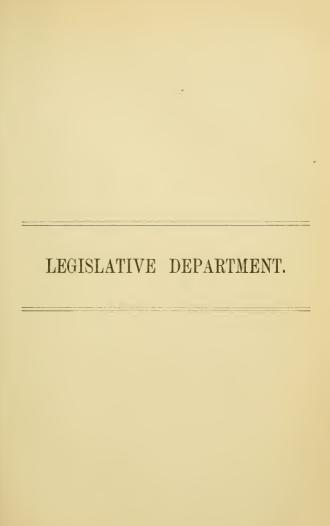
Maj. John E Lancaster, Worcester, Aide-de-Camp.

Maj. James D. Colt, Boston, Aide-de-Camp.

Maj. Guy Murchie, Boston, Aide-de-Camp.

Massachusetts Volunteer Militia.

First Brigade. Brig. Gen. Thomas R. Mathews,		Boston.
Second Brigade. Brig. Gen. Jophanus H. Whitney,	•	. Medford.
Corps of Cadets — Unattached. First Corps Cadets, Lieut. Col. Thomas F. Edmands, Second Corps Cadets, Lieut. Col. Walter F. Peck,		Boston. Salem.
Naval Brigade. Chief of Brigade, Capt. George R. H. Buffinton, .		. Fall River.
Ambulance Corps. Capt. Robert B. Bell,		Lowell
Signal Corps. First Brigade, Lieut. George E. Lovett,		Boston.





BY DISTRICTS. SENATE,

Hon. RUFUS A. SOULE (R.) (Third Bristol), President.

	During the Session.	Adams House.	Adams House.	At home.	At home.	Adams House.	Adams House.	At home.	At home.
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ı	Residence.	, (a)	Ladle	٠,	er,	dford	٠	•	
I	E	Cheshire, .	South Hadley, .	Taunton, .	Fall River,	New Bedford,	Bourne,	Lynn,	Danvers,
ı		•	•	•	•	•		•	•
	NAME.	George Z. Dean (R.),	Henry E. Gaylord (R.), .	Edward C. Holt (R.), .	Andrew H. Morrison (R.),	Rufus A. Soule (R.),	William A. Nye (R. I.), .	Thomas F. Porter (R.), .	J. Frank Porter (R.),
I		•	re,	٠	٠	٠	٠	•	
ı		٠	ıpshi	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠
ı	DISTRICT.	٠	Han	٠	٠	•	٠	٠	٠
	Dis	е,	Berkshire and Hampshire, .	stol,	**		٠	ex, .	•
		Berkshire,	kshir	First Bristol,	second "	, p	۰,	First Essex, .	Second "
		Ber	Ber	Firs	Seco	Third	Cape,	Firs	Seco

During the Session.	At home.	At home.	At home.	Adams House.	Hotel Bellevue.	Hotel Bellevue.	At home.	At home.	At home.	At home.	At home.	At home.
Residence.	Gloucester (Mag-	Haverhill,	Lawrence,	Belchertown,	Springfield,	West Springfield, .	Woburn,	Watertown,	Cambridge,	Somerville,	Melrose,	Wayland (Cochitu- At home, ate).
NAME.	Harry C. Foster (R.),	Carleton F. How (R.),	Archie N. Frost (R.),	Merrick A. Morse (R.),	John F. Marsh (R.),	Henry C. Bliss (R.),	Alva S. Wood (R.),	Henry R. Skinner (R.),	Albert S. Apsey (R.),	Leonard B. Chandler (R.), .	George R. Jones (R.),	Chester B. Williams (R.),
District.	Third Essex,	Fourth "	Fifth "	Franklin and Hampshire, .	First Hampden,	Second " buoses	Middlesex and Essex,	First Middlesex,	Second " buoses	Third "	Fourth "	Fifth "

Westford (West At home.	At home.	Quincy (Wollaston), At home.	At home.	At home.	At home.	At home.	At home.	At home.	At home.	At home.	At home.	At home.	At home.	At home.
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stf	cut,	ney (Norwood, .	Rockland,	dleb	Chelsea,	Boston,	Boston,	Boston,	Boston,	Boston,	Boston,	Boston,	Boston,
We	Dra	Qui	Nor	Roc	Mid	Che	Bos	Bos	Bos	Bos	Bos	Bos	Bos	Bos
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r (R	· (;	Eugene H. Sprague (R.),	£.),	Elisha T. Harvell (R.),	÷	Willard Howland (R.),	Charles S. Sullivan (D.), .	Henry S. Fitzgerald (D.),	William T. A. Fitzgerald (D.),	John A. Sullivan (D.),	Michael J. Sullivan (D.),.	,	÷	÷
etche	John T. Sparks (D.),	ragn	Frank A. Fales (R.),	vell	David G. Pratt (R.),	and	livan	geral	Fitz	van (llivar	John K. Berry (R.),	Edward Seaver (D.),	r (R.
를 69	Sparl	f. Sp	Fal.	Hai	Pra	How	Sul	Fitz	T. A	Sulli	r. Su	Berry	Seave	Dya
oert]	T.	ene I	ık A.	ha T.	id G.	ard 1	rles S	ry S.	iam	A.	aei J	K.	ard	ie A.
Herbert E. Fletcher (R.),	John	Eng	Frai	Elis	Dav	Will	Cha	Hen	Will	Johr	Mich	Johr	Edw	Perlie A. Dyar $(R.)$,
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Sixth	Seventh "	First Norfolk,	Second "	irst 1	Second "	First Suffolk,	Second "	Third	Fourth	Fifth	Sixth	Seventh "	Eighth	Ninth "
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Residence. During the Session.	Worcester, At home.	Worcester, At home.	Leominster, At home.	New Braintree, . Worcester.	Blackstone (Millville), At home.
NAME.	David Manning (R.), Word	John P. Munroe $(R.)$, Worc	Edward F. Blodgett (R.), . Leom	George K. Tufts (R.), New	Cornelius R. Day (R.), Black
District.	First Worcester,			•	•
	First W	Second	Third	Fourth	Fifth

ARRANGEMENT OF THE SENATE.

HON. RUFUS A. SOULE, PRESIDENT.

RIGHT.

- 1. Hon. Archie N. Frost.
- 2. Hon. John T. Sparks.
- 3. Hon. William T. A. Fitzgerald.
- 4. Hon. Albert S. Apsey.
- 5. Hon. Willard Howland.
- 6. Hon. Alva S. Wood.
- 7. Hon. John A. Sullivan.
- 8. Hon. Elisha T. Harvell.
- 9. Hon. William A. Nye.
- 10. Hon. David G. Pratt.
- 11. Hon. John K. Berry.
- 12. Hon. Edward C. Holt. 13. Hon. Thomas F. Porter.
- 14. Hon. Carleton F. How.
- 15. Hon. Harry C. Foster.
- 16. Hon. J. Frank Porter.
- 17. Hon. Chester B. Williams.
- 18. Hon. Eugene H. Sprague.
- 19. Hon. Edward F. Blodgett.
- 20. Hon. George R. Jones.

LEFT.

- 1. Hon. Perlie A. Dyar.
- 2. Hon. John F. Marsh.
- 3. Hon. Edward Seaver.
- 4. Hon. Charles S. Sullivan.
- 5. Hon. Henry S. Fitzgerald.
- 6. Hon. Henry C. Bliss.
- 7. Hon. Henry E. Gaylord.
- 8. (Vacant.)
- 9. Hon. Andrew H. Morrison.
- 10. Hon. Michael J. Sullivan.
- 11. Hon. George K. Tufts.
- 12. Hon. John P. Munroe.
- 13. Hon. George Z. Dean.
- 14. Hon. Leonard B. Chandler.
- 15. Hon. Henry R. Skinner.
- 16. Hon. Cornelius R. Day.
- 17. Hon. Merrick A. Morse.
- 18. Hon. Herbert E. Fletcher.
- 19. Hon. David Manning.
- 20. Hon, Frank A. Fales.

SENATE, ALPHABETICALLY.

Hon. RUFUS A. SOULE (Third Bristol),
PRESIDENT.

Apsey, Albert S.,				Second Middlesex	District.
Berry, John K., .	•			Seventh Suffolk	66
Bliss, Henry C., .				Second Hampden	46
Blodgett, Edward F.,				Third Worcester	"
Chandler, Leonard B.,				Third Middlesex	"
Day, Cornelius R.,				Fifth Worcester	66
Dean, George Z.,.				Berkshire	"
Dyar, Perlie A., .				Ninth Suffolk	"
Fales, Frank A., .				Second Norfolk	66
Fitzgerald, Henry S.,				Third Suffolk	66
Fitzgerald, William T	. A.,			Fourth Suffolk	46
Fletcher, Herbert E.,				Sixth Middlesex	"
Foster, Harry C.,				Third Essex	"
Frost, Archie N.,				Fifth Essex	46
Gaylord, Henry E.,				{ Berkshire and } Hampshire }	"
Harvell, Elisha T.,				First Plymouth	66
Holt, Edward C.,				First Bristol	"
How, Carleton F.,				Fourth Essex	"
Howland, Willard,				First Suffolk	66
Jones, George R.,				Fourth Middlesex	
Manning, David,			,	First Worcester	56

Marsh, John F., .			٠	First Hampden L	District.
Morrison, Andrew H.,				Second Bristol	66
Morse, Merrick A.,			.{	Franklin and Hampshire	46
Munroe, John P.,.				Second Worcester	66
Nye, William A.,				Cape	6.6
Porter, J. Frank, .				Second Essex	66
Porter, Thomas F.,				First Essex	66
Pratt, David G., .				Second Plymouth	66
Seaver, Edward, .				Eighth Suffolk	66
Skinner, Henry R.,			٠	First Middlesex	66
Soule, Rufus A., .				Third Bristol	66
Sparks, John T., .			٠	Seventh Middlesea	g "
Sprague, Eugene H.,				First Norfolk	6.6
Sullivan, Charles S.,		٠		Second Suffolk	66
Sullivan, John A.,			٠	Fifth Suffolk	66
Sullivan, Michael J.,			٠	Sixth Suffolk	66
Tufts, George K., .			٠	Fourth Worcester	66
Williams, Chester B.,				Fifth Middlesex	66
Wood, Alva S., .			.}	Middlesex and Essex	46

OFFICERS OF THE SENATE.

HENRY D. COOLIDGE, CONCORD, . . . Clerk.

WILLIAM H. SANGER, BOSTON, . . Assistant Clerk.

CHARLES G. DAVIS, BOSTON, . . . Sergeant-at-Arms.

REV. EDMUND DOWSE, SHERBORN, . . Chaplain.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

(BY COUNTIES.)

[In this list the politics of the several members are designated as follows: R., Republican; D., Democrat; R. I., Republican Independent; D. I., Democratic Independent; R. C., Republican Citizens; R. L., Republican Liberal; D. S. Democratic Social; D. S. C., Democratic Social Citizens.]

COUNTY OF BARNSTABLE.

No. of District.	District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.			
1{	Barnstable, Bourue, Falmouth, Mashpee, Sandwich,	Moses C. Waterhouse, R.,	Bourne.			
$2\bigg\{$	Chatham, Dennis, Yarmouth,	Charles W. Swift, R.,	Yarmouth.			
3	Brewster, Eastham, Orleans, Provincetown, . Truro, Wellfleet,	Joseph H. Cummings, R .,	Orleans.			
		2.	1			

COUNTY OF BERKSHIRE.

1 {	Clarksburg, . North Adams,	William F. Barrington, D., C. Burr Goodrich, R.,	North Adams.
2	Dalton,	F. Dorr Deming, R.,	Lanesborough_

COUNTY OF BERKSHIRE - Concluded.

No. of District.	District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
3	Adams,	Henry M. Fern, D.,	Adams.
4	Pittsfield,	Frank Bartlett, R., William W. Linnehan, D.,	Pittsfield.
5	Becket, Hinsdale, Lenox, Peru, Richmond, Washington, West Stockbridge,	Frank G. Creamer, D .,	Peru.
6	Lee,	John E. Merritt, R.,	Otis.
7	Alford, Egremont,	$\left. \left. \right. \right. \right\}$ A. Chalkley Collins, R .,	Gt. Barrington.

COUNTY OF BRISTOL.

1{	Attleborough, . N. Attleborough, . Norton, . Rehoboth, . Seekonk, .	Harry Draper Hunt, R., . Thomas W. Williams, R.,	N. Attleboro'. Attleborough.
$2\Big\{$	Easton, Mansfield, Raynham,	$ \left. \right\} \text{Robert Rogerson, } R., \qquad .$	Mansfield.
3 {	Taunton, Wards 5, 7, 8,	John L. Rankin, R.,	Taunton.

COUNTY OF BRISTOL - Concluded.

No. of District.	District.	Name of Répresentative.	Residence.
4 {	Taunton, Wards 2, 3, 4,	$\left\{ ext{Silas D. Reed, } R., . . \right.$	Taunton.
5	Berkley,	Dwight F. Lane, R. I.,	Dighton.
6	Acushnet, Dartmouth, Fairhaven, Freetown,	Handel E. Washburn, R.,	Freetown.
7 {	New Bedford, Wards 1, 2, 3, .	John E. O'Neill, D. I., D., Samuel Ross, R.,	New Bedford.
8 {	New Bedford, Wards 4, 5, 6, .		New Bedford.
9{	Fall River, Wards 1, 2,	Edwin J. Mills, R ., John Nightingale, R .,	Fall River.
10 }	Fall River, Wards 3, 4, 5,	Thomas Donahue, D., . Joseph G. Jackson, D., .	Fall River.
11{	Fall River, Wards 6, 7, 8, 9, Somerset, Swansea,	Frank M Chace, R., Pierre F. Peloquin, R., Thomas B. Rounds, R., .	Fall River.

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COUNTY OF DUKES COUNTY.

Chilmark, Cottage City, Edgartown, Gay Head, Gosnold, Tisbury, West Tisbury, .
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COUNTY OF ESSEX.

No. of District.	District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
1	Amesbury,	Daniel W. Davis, R.,	Amesbury.
2	Merrimac, Newburyport, Ward 6, Salisbury, West Newbury, .	Richard Newell, R .,	W. Newbury.
3 {	Haverbill, Wards 4, 6,	George A. Hall, R.,	Haverbill.
4 {	Haverhill, Wards 1, 2, 3,	$\}$ J. Franklin Batchelder, R ,	Haverhill.
5	Haverhill, Ward 5,	James F. Carey, D. S.,	Haverbill.
6	Lawrence, Wards 1, 2,	Joseph E. Buswell, R ., Karl M. Ebert, R .,	Methuen. Lawrence.
7 }	Lawrence, Wards 3, 4, 5, 6,	$ \begin{cases} \text{Jeremiah J. Desmond, } D., \\ \text{Simon B. Ryan, } D., \\ \text{James T. Maloney, } R., \end{cases} .$	Lawrence.
8	Andover, Middleton, North Andover, .	Maurice E. Tyler, R .,	Middleton.
9	Boxford, Haverhill, Ward 7, Georgetown, . Groveland,	Henry Kimball Palmer, R.,	Georgetown.
10 {	Danvers, Peabody, Topsfield,	Charles H. Goulding, R., . Charles H. Preston, R.,	Peabody. Danvers.
11 }	Lynn, Ward 3, . Swampscott, .	William F. Craig, R., . George H. Jackson, R.,	Lynn.
12 }	Lynn, Wards1, 5, 7, Lynnfield,	Albert S. N. Hickford, R., William B. Phinney, R.,	Lynn.
13 }	Lynn, Wards 2, 4, Nahant,	Francis S. Newhall, R., Charles H. Tucker, R.,	Lynn.
14 {	Lynn, Ward 6, . Saugus,	Warren P. Babb, R., Joseph C. Randlett, R., .	Lynn.

19 2

COUNTY OF ESSEX - Concluded.

No. of District.	District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
15 16 17 18	Marblehead, Salem, Wards 1, 2, Salem, Wards 3, 5, Salem, Wards 4, 6,	Samuel Roads, Jr., D ., Thomas L. Davis, D ., David P. Waters, R ., Joseph F. Pitman, R .,	Marblehead. Salem. Salem. Salem.
19	Beverly,	George H. Gibney, R., Ulysses G. Haskell, R.,	Hamilton. Beverly.
20 }	Gloucester, Wards 1, 3, 4, 5, 6,	John J. Cunningham, R. C., Alphonso Davis, R. L.,	Gloucester.
21 {	Gloucester, Wards 2, 7, Rockport,	J. Manuel Marshall, R. C.,	Gloucester.
$22 \Bigg\{$	Ipswich, Newbury,	Moody Kimball, R., George A. Scofield, D.,	Newburyport. Ipswich.

COUNTY OF FRANKLIN.

1	Ashfield, Buckland, Charlemont, Colrain, Conway, Hawley, Heath, Monroe, Rowe, Shelburne,	Charles E. Ward, R .,	Buckland.
2	Bernardston,	Frank Gerrett, R.,	Greenfield.

COUNTY OF FRANKLIN - Concluded.

No. of District.	District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
3{	Deerfield, Leverett, Montague, Sunderland, Wendell,	Luther W. Clark, D.	Deerfield.
4	Orange, Shutesbury,	Charles H. Green, D.,	Northfield.

COUNTY OF HAMPDEN.

1{	Brimfield, Holland,	Elbridge G. Hastings, R., .	Palmer.
2	Agawam, East Longmeadow, Granville, Hampden, Longmeadow, Ludlow, Southwick, Tolland, Wilbraham,	Arthur G. Crane, R.,	East Long- meadow.
3 {	Springfield, Wards 1, 2, 8,	Elisha H. Brewster, R ., . Henry F. Sampson, R ., .	Springfield.
4 {	Springfield, Wards 3, 4, 5,	Fordis C. Parker, R., George W. Tapley, R., .	Springfield.
5 {	Springfield, Wards 6, 7,	Fred A. Bearse, R.,	Springfield.
6 }	Chicopee, Wards 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, .	Bernard F. Mitchell, D., .	Chicopee.

COUNTY OF HAMPDEN - Concluded.

No. of District.	District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
7 {	Chicopee, Ward 7, Holyoke, Wards 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, .	Thomas E. Begley, D. I.,	Holyoke.
8 }	Holyoke, Wards	Fred F. Bennett, R. C., R.,	Holyoke.
9	Blandford,	Lucien O. Moore, R., Harold P. Moseley, R., .	Montgomery. Westfield.

COUNTY OF HAMPSHIRE.

1	-{-{	Goshen, . Hadley, . Hatfield, . Northampton, Westhampton, Williamsburg,	 Thomas P. Larkin, D.,	Williamsburg. Northampton.
2		Chesterfield, Cummington, Easthampton, Huntington, Middlefield, Plainfield, Southampton, Worthington,	 Henry Ells worth Stanton, R.,	Huntington.
3	{	Amherst, . Granby, . Pelham, . South Hadley,	 Fred M. Smith, R.,	South Hadley.
4	{	Belchertown, Enfield, Greenwich, Prescott, Ware,	$\left. \right\} \text{Arthur E. Newcomb, } R., \text{ .} \right.$	Ware.

COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX.

No. of District.	District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
1	Cambridge, Wd.1,	James J. Myers, R.,	Cambridge.
2	Cambridge, Wd. 2,	Jeremiah F. Donovan, D., James A. Montgomery, D.,	Cambridge.
3	Cambridge, Wd. 3,	George H. Dinan, D.,	Cambridge.
4	Cambridge, Wd. 4,	(Eben H. Googins, R., .) (William J. Rounds, R., .)	Cambridge.
5	Cambridge, Wd. 5,	William H. Lewis, R.,	Cambridge.
6 '	Somerville, Wd.1,	Charles F. Wildes, R.,	Somerville.
7 {	Somerville, Wards 2, 3, 6, 7,	John F. Foster, R., Robert Luce, R.,	Somerville.
8 }	Somerville, Wards	Charles L. Underhill, R. I.,	Somerville.
9 }	Medford, Wards 1, 2, 4, 5,	J. William Williams, R., .	Medford.
0	Everett,	Arthur W. Hatch, R., H. Huestis Newton, R.,	Everett.
1	Malden,	$\begin{cases} \text{Aaron C. Dowse, } R., & \cdot \\ \text{George H. Fall, } R., & \cdot \\ \text{William Schofield, } R., & \cdot \end{cases}$	Malden.
2 {	Medford, Wds. 3, 6, Winchester,	Lombard Williams, R., .	Medford.
3 {	Arlington, Lexington,	J. Howell Crosby, R.,	Arlington.
4 {	Belmont, Watertown,	Thomas L. Creeley, R.,	Belmont.
5	Waltham,	George F. Leslie, R., Charles E. Stearns, R.,	Waltham.
6	Newton,	George P. Bullard, R., William F. Dana, R.,	Newton.
.7{	Bedford, Concord, Lincoln, Weston,	Abram E. Brown, R.,	Bedford.
.8	Natick,	Arthur P. Sleeper, D.,	Natick.
9	Ashland, Holliston, Hopkinton, Sherborn,	Henry M. Cutler, R.,	Holliston.

24

COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX - Concluded.

No. of District.	District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
20	Framingham, .	James R. Entwistle, D., .	Framingham.
21	Marlborough, Sudbury, Wayland,	William M. Brigham, R., . Harrie C. Hunter, R.,	Marlborough.
22	Boxborough,	Albert Littlefield, R., .	Boxborough.
23	Acton,	Webster C. Robbins, R., .	Acton.
$24 \left\{ \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \end{array} \right.$	Ashby, Groton,	Horace I. Whipple, R .,	Pepperell.
25 {	Chelmsford, Dunstable, Lowell, Wards 4, 7, 8, Tyngsborough, .	Eben T. Adams, D., . William H. I. Hayes, R., . Caleb L. Smith, R., .	Chelmsford. Lowell.
26 }	Lowell, Wards 1, 2, 3, 6,	$\begin{cases} \text{Edwards Cheney, } R., \\ \text{Michael J. Mahoney, } D., \\ \text{Frank K. Stearns, } R., \end{cases}.$	Lowell.
27	Billerica, Burlington, Carlisle, Draeut, Lowell, Wds. 5, 9, North Reading, Tewksbury, Wilmington,	Edward L. McMahon, D., Daniel J. O'Brien, D.,	Billerica. Lowell.
28 }	Reading, Woburn,	Henry M. Aldrich, D., Arthur E. Roberts, R., .	Woburn. Reading.
29	Wakefield,	Charles A. Dean, D,	Wakefield.
30	Stoneham,	Sidney A. Hill, R.,	Stoneham.
31	Melrose,	Charles H. Adams, R., D.,	Melrose.

COUNTY OF NANTUCKET.

1 Nantucket, Arthur H. Gard	dner, R., . Nantucket.

COUNTY OF NORFOLK.

1{	Dedham, Norwood, Westwood,			$ \left. \right\} \text{John E. Fisher, } \textit{D.,} $	Dedham.
2	Brookline,		٠	Benjamin C. Dean, D., R.,	Brookline.
3	Hyde Park,			Edward Q. Dyer, R.,	Hyde Park.
4 {	Canton, Milton, .	:		Joseph W. Wattles, Jr., R.,	Canton.
5	Quincy,			Frank E. Badger, R., John McKnight, R.,	Quincy.
6 }	Braintree, Weymouth,	:		Horace R. Drinkwater, D , Gordon Willis, R .,	Braintree. Weymouth.
7	Avon, . Holbrook, Randolph,		:	$ \left. \right\} \text{John J. Collins, } \textit{D.,} . .$	Avon.
8	Sharon, Stoughton, Walpole,	:		Joseph S. Leach, R.,	Walpole.
9	Dover, . Medfield, Millis, . Needham, Wellcslcy,	:	:	Thomas Sutton, R.,	Needham.
10 {	Bellingham, Foxborough Franklin, Medway, Norfolk, Wrentham,		•	Albion F. Bemis, R., George W. Bullard, R., .	Foxborough. Medway.

COUNTY OF PLYMOUTH.

No. of District.	District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
1 {	Kingston, Plymouth,	$\left. \left\{ ight. ight. ight.$ Alexander Holmes, $R.$,	Kingston.
$2 \left\{ \right.$	Duxbury, Marshfield,	Charles N. Gardner, R.,	Norwell.
3	Cohasset,	$\}$ William H. Litchfield, $R.$,	Hull.
4	Hanover, Hanson, Rockland,	Frederic O. MacCartney, D. S., C.,	Rockland.
5 {	Abington, Whitman,	Benjamin Calvin Reed, R.,	Whitman.
6	Carver, Lakeville,	Noble W. Everett, R. I,	Wareham.
7{	Halifax, Middleborough,	William A. Andrews, R ., .	Middleborough.
8{	Bridgewater, East Bridgewater, W. Bridgewater,	$ \left. \right\} \text{Fred E. Fuller, } R., \qquad . \qquad .$	East Bridge- water.
9 }	Brockton, Wards 3, 4,	Edward H. Keith, R.,	Brockton.
10 {	Brockton, Wards	George H. Garfield, R., . Portus B. Hancock, D., .	Brockton.
11 }	Brockton, Wards	William S. Bamford, R., .	Brockton.

COUNTY OF SUFFOLK.

No. of District.	District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
1	Boston, Ward 1, .	(Charles I. Albee, R , A. Dudley Bagley, R , .	Boston.
2	Boston, Ward 2, .	(Joseph F. Hickey, D., Daniel J. Sheehan, D.,	55 66
3	Boston, Ward 3, .	William H. Hayes, D., . James J. Mellen, D.,	65 55
4	Boston, Ward 4, .	Thomas A. Kelley, D., . John H. Quiulan, D,	66 68
5	Boston, Ward 5, .	Martin P. Higgins, D., . John C. Hurley, D.,	66
6	Boston, Ward 6, .	Andrew A. Badaracco, D., Patrick H. Bradley, D.,	66
7	Boston, Ward 7, .	Thomas Mackey, D., John Quinn, Jr., D.,	6 s 6 ¢
8	Boston, Ward 8, .	Thomas F. Keenan, D., Daniel J. Kiley, D.,	8 c
9	Boston, Ward 9, .	(John J. Gartland, Jr., D., . Charles H. Reinhart, D., .	ec 8 c
10	Boston, Ward 10,	Alfred F. Kinney, R., Walter E. Nichols, R., .	5 ¢
11	Boston, Ward 11,	Louis A. Frothingham, R., Robert Homans, R.,	5.6 6.6
12	Boston, Ward 12,	James M. Burke, D., David D. Leahy, D.,	**
13	Boston, Ward 13,	Thomas J. Collins, D. I., . William J. Sullivan, D., .	65 V VL
14	Boston, Ward 14,	David J. Gleason, D., . Edward L. Logan, D., .	8 6 8 6
15	Boston, Ward 15,	David W. Creed, D., William S. McNary, D., .	6 6 8 6
16	Boston, Ward 16,	Richard H. Foley, D., Arthur P. Russell, R., .	66 66

COUNTY OF SUFFOLK - Concluded.

No. of District.	District.	Name of Répresentative.	Residence.
17	Boston, Ward 17,	James M. Curley, D., . John J. Mansfield, D., .	Boston.
18	Boston, Ward 18,	Edwin A. Harney, D., Thomas E. Raftery, D., .	66
19	Boston, Ward 19,	James P. Lennon, D., James H. McInerney, D.,	66
20	Boston, Ward 20,	Wilbur F. Adams, R., . Thomas M. Vinson, R., .	66
21	Boston, Ward 21,	Charles M. Draper, R., Fred A. Emery, R.,	66
22	Boston, Ward 22,	John Duff, R., John Young, Jr., D.,	66
23	Boston, Ward 23,	John A. Coulthurst, D., . Andrew J. Peters, D., .	66
24	Boston, Ward 24,	Edward B. Callender, R., . Fred C. Gilpatric, R.,	66
25	Boston, Ward 25,	James N. Thompson, R., . James I. Wingate, R., .	66
26	Chelsea, Wds. 1, 2,	John E. Beck, R.,	Chelsea.
27	Chelsea, Wds. 3, 4,	Charles P. Brewer, R., .	Chelsea.
28.	Chelsea, Ward 5, Revere, Winthrop,	George T. Sleeper, R., .	Winthrop.

COUNTY OF WORCESTER.

1{	Athol, Phillipston, Royalston,	Edmund C. Shepardson, R.C.,	Athol.
2	Ashburnham, . Gardner, Templeton, Winchendon, .	J. Myron Moore, R.,	Gardner. Ashburnham.

COUNTY OF WORCESTER - Continued.

No. of District.	District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
3	Barre,	Frank W. Fenno, R.,	Westminster.
4	Holden,	Timothy Howard, D.,	No. Brookfield.
5	Brookfield, Sturbridge,	Walter B. Mellen, R.,	Brookfield.
6	Leicester, Paxton, Spencer,	$\left. \begin{array}{c} \text{Eugene D. Marchesseault,} \\ D., \end{array} \right.$	Spencer.
7	Charlton,	Henry Brandes, R.,	Webster. Southbridge.
8	Auburn,	$ \left. \right\} \text{Winfield S. Schuster, } R_{\cdot}, \text{ .} \right $	Douglas.
9	Blackstone, Grafton,	Edward A. Estabrook, R., George W. Maxon, R.,	Grafton. Blackstone.
10 {	Hopedale, Mendon,	Horace C. Adams, R.,	Mendon. Hopedale.
		FI .	

COUNTY OF WORCESTER - Concluded.

No. of District.	District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
11	Berlin, Boylston, Clinton,	Francis D. Newton, R., . Samuel W. Tyler, R., .	Southborough.
12	Bolton, Fitchburg, Ward 6, Harvard, Lancaster, Lunenburg,	$\left.\begin{array}{c} \\ \text{William N. Felton, } \textit{R.,} \\ \end{array}\right$	Bolton.
13 }	Fitchburg, Wards 1, 2, 3, 4, 5,	Henry G. Greene, R., James Pearce, R.,	Fitchburg.
14	Leominster,	Wooster F. Dodge, R., .	Leominster.
15	Worcester, Wd. 1,	Warren C. Jewett, R., .	Worcester.
16	Worcester, Wd.2,	George C. Hunt, R.,	66
17	Worcester, Wd. 3,	Peter F. Sullivan, D., .	66
18	Worcester, Wd.4,	Mark N. Skerrett, D.,	6.6
19	Worcester, Wd.5,	John G. Hagberg, R.,	
20	Worcester, Wd. 6,	Frank M. Heath, R.,	66
21	Worcester, Wd. 7,	Arthur M. Taft, R.,	66
22	Worcester, Wd.8,	Homer R. King, R.,	44

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, . . . ALPHABETICALLY.

WITH THE DISTRICTS REPRESENTED, PLACES OF RESIDENCE, AND PLACES OF ADDRESS DURING THE SESSION.

Hon. JAMES J. MYERS, Speaker.

	No. of Seat.	13	217	202	82	71	177	138
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	Residence during the Session.	At home, .	At home, .	At home, .	At home, .	At home, .	At home, .	At home, .
	dress.		•	•	et, Dor-	eet, East	•	•
	Post Office Address.	Melrose,	Chelmsford, .	Mendon,	15 Vinson Street, Dor- At home,	80 Condor Street, East	Woburn,	Middleborough,
	District.	31, Middlesex, .	25, Middlesex, .	10, Worcester, .	20, Suffolk, .	1, Suffolk, .	28, Middlesex, .	7, Plymouth, .
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	NAME.	Adams, Charles H., .	Adams, Eben T., .	Adams, Horace C., .	Adams, Wilbur F., .	Albee, Charles I.,	Aldrich, Henry M., .	Andrews, William A.,

158	110	208	141	39	146	210	147	167	96	238	88	63	111	232
. At home,	15 Hull Street, Bos-	At home,	At home,	At home,	11 Concord Square,	433 Columbus Ave-	At home,	37 Locksley Street,	At home,	274 Massachusetts	At home,	Hotel Bellevue, .	At home,	At home,
•	11 North Bennet Street,	•	ngton Street,		ns,	•	•	•	•	•	р,	•	208 Endicott Street, Bos-	•
Lynn, .	11 North E	Atlantic, .	601 Bennington	Brockton,	North Adams,	Pittsfield,	Haverhill,	Springfield,	Chelsea, .	Holyoke, .	Foxborough,	Holyoke, .	208 Endicot	Webster, .
. 14, Essex,	6, Suffolk,	5, Norfolk, .	1, Suffolk, .	11, Plymouth, .	1, Berkshire, .	4, Berkshire, .	4, Essex,	5, Hampden, .	26, Suffolk, .	7, Hampden, .	10, Norfolk, .	8, Hampden, .	6, Suffolk,	7, Worcester, .
Babb, Warren P.,	Badaracco, Andrew A., .	Badger, Frank E.,	Bagley, A. Dudley,	Bamford, William S.,	Barrington, William F.,	Bartlett, Frank,	Batchelder, J. Franklin, .	Bearse, Fred A.,	Beck, John E.,	Begley, Thomas E.,	Bemis, Albion F.,	Bennett, Fred F.,	Bradley, Patrick H., .	Brandes, Henry,

NAME.		District.	Post Office Address.	Resid	Residence during the Session.		No. of Seat.
Brewer, Charles P.,	2	27, Suffolk, .	Chelsea,	. At home, .	ne, · ·	•	21
Brewster, Elisha H., .		3, Hampden, .	Springfield,	. Hotel	Hotel Bellevue,	•	105
Brigham, William M.,	22	21, Middlesex, .	Marlborough,	. At home,	ne,	•	99
Brown, Abram E.,	==	17, Middlesex, .	Bedford,	. At home,	ne,	•	69
Bullard, George P.,	16	16, Middlesex, .	West Newton,.	. At home,	ne,	•	10
Bullard, George W.,	<u> </u>	10, Norfolk, .	West Medway, .	. At home, .	ne,	•	17
Bullock, William J.,		8, Bristol,	New Bedford,	. At home,	ne,	•	44
Burke, James M.,	===	12, Suffolk, .	150 West Canton Street,	t, At home,	ne,	•	220
Buswell, Joseph E.,		6, Essex,	Methuen,	. At home, .	ne,	•	224
Callender, Edward B.,	~~~	24, Suffolk,	68 Pemberton Square,		95 Mill Street, Dor-		157
Carey, James F.,		5, Essex,	Haverhill,	. At home,	ne,	•	170
Chace, Frank M.,		11, Bristol, .	Fall River,	. At home,	ne,	•	179
Cheney, Edwards,		26, Middlesex, .	Lowell,	. At home,	ne,	•	73

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· Adams House, .	Adams House, .	Adams House, .	At home,	At home,	At home, .	At home,	At home,	Adams House,	At home,	At home, .	At home,	119 West Newton	At home,	At ho
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South Deerfield,	Great Barrington,	Edgartown,	Avon,	166 West Third	Roslindale,	Lynn,	East Longmeadow,	Peru,	409 Broadway,	Belmont,	Arlington,	Orleans,	Gloucester,	847 Albany Street, Boston, At home,
-	•	•	•	•	-	•	•	-			•		<u> </u>	•
3, Franklin,	7, Berkshire,	1, Dukes, .	7, Norfolk,	13, Suffolk,	23, Suffolk,	11, Essex, .	2, Hampden,	5, Berkshire,	15, Suffolk,	14, Middlesex,	13, Middlesex,	3, Barnstable,	20, Essex, .	17, Suffolk,
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Clark, Luther W.,	Collins, A. Chalkley, .	Collins, Benjamin G.,	Collins, John J.,	Collins, Thomas J., .	Coulthurst, John A., .	Craig, William F.,	Crane, Arthur G.,	Creamer, Frank G., .	Creed, David W.,	Creeley, Thomas L., .	Crosby, J. Howell, .	Cummings, Joseph H.,	Cunningham, John J.,	Curley, James M.,

Cutler, Henry M., 19, Dana, William F., 16, Davis, Alphonso, 20,	19, Middlesex, .			Seat.
		Holliston,	At home,	19
	16, Middlesex, .	1017 Exchange Building,	Newton,	166
	20, Essex,	Gloucester,	At home,	143
•	l, Essex,	Amesbury,	At home,	6
Davis, Thomas L., 16,	16, Essex,	Salem,	At home,	25
Dean, Benjamin C., 2,	2, Norfolk, .	87 Milk Street, Boston, .	Brookline,	00
Dean, Charles A., 29,	29, Middlesex, .	Wakefield,	At home,	98
Deming, F. Dorr, 2,	2, Berkshire, .	Lanesborough,	Adams House,	53
Desmond, Jeremiah J., 7,	7, Essex,	Lawrence,	At home,	46
Dinan, George H., 3,	3, Middlesex, .	East Cambridge,	At home,	223
Dodge, Wooster F., 14,	14, Worcester, .	Leominster,	At home,	204
Donahue, Thomas, 10,	10, Bristol, .	Fall River,	At home,	92
Donovan, Jeremiah F., . 2,	2, Middlesex, .	Cambridge,	At home,	103

212	65	122	113	49	22	236	218	156	163	32	2	233	154	125
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House, .		112 Bower Street,	e,	Jamaica Plain, .	e,		.e,		.e,	.e,			.e,	Adams House, .
· Adams House, .	At home, .	112 Bo	At home,		At home,	At home,	At home,	At home,	At home,	At home,	At home,	At home,	At home,	Adams
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Holyoke,.	Malden, .	39 Court Street, Boston, .	Braintree,	57 Equitable Building,	Hyde Park,	Lawrence,	2 Thornton Street, Rox-	Saxonville,	Grafton, .	Wareham,	Malden, .	Bolton, .	Westminster,	Adams, .
•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	•	•
7, Hampden, . Holyoke,.	11, Middlesex,	21, Suffolk,	6, Norfolk,	22, Suffolk,	3, Norfolk,	6, Essex, .	21, Suffolk,	20, Middlesex,	9, Worcester,	6, Plymouth,	11, Middlesex,	12, Worcester, .	3, Worcester,	3, Berkshire,
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			B.,	•			•	:	A.,	٠	•		•	
Dowd, James J.,	Dowse, Aaron C.,	Draper, Charles M.,	Drinkwater, Horace R.,	Duff, John,	Dyer, Edward Q.,	Ebert, Karl M., .	Emery, Fred A.,	Entwistle, James R.,	Estabrook, Edward A.,	Everett, Noble W.,	Fall, George H.,	Felton, William N.,	Fenno, Frank W.,	Fern, Henry M.,

I
District.
1, Norfolk,
16, Suffolk,
7, Middlesex,
11, Suffolk,
8, Plymouth,
1, Nantucket,
2, Plymouth,
10, Plymouth,
9, Suffolk,
2, Franklin,
19, Essex,
24, Suffolk,
14, Suffolk,

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142	222	9	136	42	115	176	86	202	Desk.	214	124	133	62	80
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. Adams House, .	At home, .	At home, .	1069	At h	At home,	At home,	At home, .	At b	At home,	At h	Everett,	At h	At h	Hotel Reynolds,
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1, Berkshire,	4, Middlesex,	10, Essex, .	4, Franklin,	13, Worcester,	19, Worcester,	3, Essex, .	10, Plymouth,	18, Suffolk,	19, Essex, .	1, Hampden,	10, Middlesex,	3, Suffolk,	25, Middlesex,	20, Worcester,
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Goodrich, C. Burr,	Googins, Eben H.,	Goulding, Charles H.,	Green, Charles H.,	Greene, Henry G.,	Hagberg, John G.,	Hall, George A.,	Hancock, Portus B.,	Harney, Edwin A.,	Haskell, Ulysses G.,	Hastings, Elbridge G.,	Hatch, Arthur W.,	Hayes, William H.,	Hayes, William H. I.,	Heath, Frank M.,
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NAME.		District.	Post Office Address.	Residence during the Session.	No. of Seat.
Hickey, Joseph F.,	•	2, Suffolk,	15 Cottage Street, East At home,	At home,	190
Hickford, Albert S. N.,	•	12, Essex,	Lynn,	At home,	188
Higgins, Martin P., .	٠	ő, Suffolk,	35 Washington Street,	At home,	162
Hill, Sidney A.,.	•	30, Middlesex, .	Stoneham,	At home,	83
Holmes, Alexander, .	•	1, Plymouth, .	Kingston,	At home,	131
Homans, Robert, .	•	11, Suffolk,	53 State Street, Boston, .	164 Beacon Street,	107
Howard, Timothy, .	•	4, Worcester,	North Brookfield,	At home,	104
Hunt, George C.,	•	16, Worcester, .	Worcester,	At home,	72
Hunt, Harry D.,	•	1, Bristol, .	North Attleborough, .	At home,	118
Hunter, Harrie C.,	•	21, Middlesex, .	Marlborough,	At home,	172
Hurley, John C.,	•	5, Suffolk,	24 Monument Avenue,	At home,	189
Jackson, George H., .	•	11, Essex,	Lynn,	At home,	29
Jackson, Joseph G.	•	10, Bristol,	Fall River,	At home,	12

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. At home,	At home,	At home,	At home,	At home,	At home,	At home,	At home,	At home,	274 M	At home,		At home,	At home,	At home,
•	41 McLean Street, Boston,		441 Bunker Hill Street,	13 Allen Street, Boston, .	rt,		69 Westland Avenue,				73 Tremont Street, Bos-	1464 Tremont Street, Bos-		
Worcester,	41 McLean S	Campello,	441 Bunker	13 Allen Street,	Newburyport,	Worcester,	69 Westlan	Dighton, .	Haydenville,	Walpole, .	73 Tremont	1464 Tremor	Waltham,	Cambridge,
15, Worcester, .	8, Suffolk,	9, Plymouth, .	4, Suffolk, .	8, Suffolk,	22, Essex,	22, Worcester, .	10, Suffolk, .	5, Bristol, .	1, Hampshire, .	8, Norfolk,	12, Suffolk, .	19, Suffolk,	15, Middlesex, .	5, Middlesex, .
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Jewett, Warren C., .	Keenan, Thomas F., .	Keith, Edward H.,	Kelley, Thomas A., .	Kiley, Daniel J.,	Kimball, Moody, .	King, Homer R.,	Kinney, Alfred F., .	Lane, Dwight F.,	Larkin, Thomas P., .	Leach, Joseph S.,	Leahy, David D.,	Lennon, James P.,	Leslie, George F.,	Lewis, William H.,

District.		Post Office Address.	Residence during the Session.	No. of Seat.
Linnehan, William W.,	4, Berkshire, .	Pittsfield,	Adams House,	99
Litchfield, William H.,	3, Plymouth, .	Hull,	54 Esmond Street,	109
Littlefield, Albert,	22, Middlesex, .	Boxborough,	At home,	41
Logan, Edward L.,	14, Suffolk, .	560 Broadway, South	At home,	2.2
Luce, Robert,	7, Middlesex, .	Somerville,	At home,	88
MacCartney, Frederic O., .	4, Plymouth, .	Rockland,	At home,	က
Mackey, Thomas,	7, Suffolk,	42 Tyler Street, Boston, .	At home,	191
Mahoney, Michael J.,	26, Middlesex, .	Lowell,	At home,	102
Maloney, John T.,	7, Essex,	Lawrence,	At home,	165
Mansfield, John J.,	17, Suffolk,	342 Dudley Street, Rox-	At home,	187
Marchesseault, Eugene D.,	6, Worcester, .	Spencer,	At home,	175
Marshall, J. Manuel,	21, Essex,	Gloucester,	At home,	117
Maxon, George W.,	9, Worcester, .	Blackstone,	At home,	91

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135	144	159	211	18	92	20	225	150	4	199	216	95	Sp'kr.	207
At home,	At home,	At home,	At home,	At home,	At home,	Adams House,.	At home,	274 Massachusetts	Avenue, Doston.	At home,	Adams House,.	Adams House,	3 Wadsworth House, Sp'kr.	9 Walnut Street, Boston.
818 Parker Street, Boston, At home, .	Quincy,	North Billerica,	167 K Street, South Bos-	23 Medford Street,	Brookfield,	West Becket,	Fall River,	Chicopee,	Cambridgeport,	Gardner,	Montgomery,	Westfield,	53 State Street, Boston, .	Ware,
19, Suffolk, .	5, Norfolk, .	27, Middlesex, .	15, Suffolk, .	3, Suffolk, .	5, Worcester, .	6, Berkshire, .	9, Bristol, .	6, Hampden, .	2, Middlesex, .	2, Worcester, .	9, Hampden, .	9, Hampden, .	1, Middlesex, .	4, Hampshire, .
McInerney, James H.,	McKnight, John,	McMahon, Edward L., .	McNary, William S.,.	Mellen, James J.,	Mellen, Walter B.,	Merritt, John E.,	Mills, Edwin J.,	Mitchell, Bernard F.,	Montgomery, James A., .	Moore, J. Myron,	Moore, Lucien O.,	Moseley, Harold P.,	Myers, James J.,	Newcomb, Arthur E.,

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NAME.		District.	Post Office Address.	Residence during the Session.	No. of Seat.
Newell, Richard,	•	2, Essex,	West Newbury,	At home,	24
Newhall, Francis S., .		13, Essex,	Lynn,	At home,	58
Newton, Francis D, .		11, Worcester, .	Fayville,	At home,	186
Newton, H. Huestis, .		10, Middlesex, .	Room 428, Tremont	Everett,	30
Nichols, Walter E., .	•	10, Suffolk,	87 Dartmouth Street, Bos-	At home,	149
Nightingale, John, .	•	9, Bristol,	Fall River,	At home,	200
O'Brien, Daniel J.,		27, Middlesex, .	Lowell,	At home,	54
O'Neill, John E.,		7, Bristol, .	New Bedford,	At home,	22
Osgood, Edward L., .		10, Worcester, .	Hopedale,	221 Beacon Street,	09
Palmer, Henry K.,	•	9, Essex, .	Georgetown,	Boston. At home,	185
Parker, Fordis C., .		4, Hampden, .	Springfield,	Hotel Bellevue,	. 891
Pearce, James,		13, Worcester, .	Fitchburg,	At home,	180
Peloquin, Pierre F., .		11, Bristol, .	Fall River,	At home,	20

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· Forest Hills, Boston,	Lynn,	Salem,	Asbburnham, .	Hathorne,	430 Main Street, Charles-	30 Wendell Street, Boston, At home,	1039 Tremont Street, Bos-	Lynn,	Taunton, .	Whitman,	Taunton, .	78 Middlesex Street, Bos-	Marblehead,	East Acton,	
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Peters, Andrew J.,	Phinney, William B.,	Pitman, Joseph F.,	Pratt, Charles H.,	Preston, Charles II.,	Quinlan, John H.,	Quinn, John, Jr.,	Raftery, Thomas E.,	Randlett, Joseph C., .	Rankin, John L.,	Reed, Benjamin C.,	Reed, Silas D., .	Reinhart, Charles H.,	Roads, Samuel, Jr., .	Robbins, Webster C.,	
Pete	Phir	Pitn	Prat	Pres	Quin	Quir	Raft	Ran	Ran	Ree	Ree	Reir	Roa	Rob	-

NAME.	District.	Post Office Address.	Residence during the Session.	No. of Seat.
Roberts, Arthur E.,	28, Middlesex, .	Reading,	At home,	197
Rogerson, Robert,	2, Bristol, .	27 School Street, Boston,	Mansfield,	151
Ross, Samuel,	7, Bristol, .	New Bedford,	At home,	129
Rounds, Thomas B.,	11, Bristol, .	Somerset,	At home,	48
Rounds, William J.,	4, Middlesex, .	Cambridgeport,	At home,	203
Russell, Arthur P.,	16, Suffolk, .	Room 572, South Station,	106 Magnolia Street,	64
Ryan, Simon B.,	7, Essex,	Boston. Lawrence,	Koxbury.	23
Sampson, Henry F.,	3, Hampden, .	Springfield,	Hotel Bellevue, .	40
Schofield, George A.,.	22, Essex,	Ipswich,	At home,	132
Schofield, William,	11, Middlesex, .	325 Tremont Building,	Malden,	227
Schuster, Winfield S.,	8, Worcester, .	East Douglas,	At home,	06
Sheehan, Daniel J.,	2, Suffolk, .	155 Webster Street, East	At home,	õ
Shepardson, Edmund C., .	1, Worcester, .	Athol,	5 Chestnut Street, Malden.	14

171	37	235	36	198	93	173	Desk.	74	153	193	45	87	145	22
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Sherman, J. Clifford, .	Skerrett, Mark N.,	Sleeper, Arthur P.,	Sleeper, George T.,	Smith, Caleb L.,	Smith, Fred M., .	Stanton, Henry E.,	Stearns, Charles E.,	Stearns, Frank K.,	Story, Isaac M., .	Sullivan, Peter F.,	Sullivan, William J.,	Sutton, Thomas,	Swift, Charles W.,	Taft, Arthur M.,
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NAME.		District.	Post Office Address.	Residence during the Session.	No. of Seat.
Tapley, George W., .	•	4, Hampden, .	Springfield,	Hotel Bellevue,	169
Tetrault, Francis X., .	•	7, Worcester, .	Southbridge,	56 Devon Street,	130
Thompson, James N.,	•	25, Suffolk,	1111 Tremont Building,	367 Faneuil Street,	61
Tucker, Charles H., .	•	13, Essex,	Lynn,	At bome,	100
Tyler, Maurice E.,	•	8, Essex, .	Middleton,	At home,	155
Tyler, Samuel W.,	•	11, Worcester, .	Clinton,	At home,	84
Underhill, Charles L.,	•	8, Middlesex, .	Somerville,	At home,	89
Vinson, Thomas M., .	•	20, Suffolk, .	70 Kilby Street, Boston,	31 Bradshaw Street,	160
Ward, Charles E., .	•	l, Franklin, .	Buckland,	Adams House,	228
Warner, Louis H., .	•	1, Hampshire, .	Northampton,	Adams House,	183
Washburn, Handel E.,	•	6, Bristol, .	East Frectown,	At home,	26
Waterhouse, Moses C.,	•	1, Barnstable, .	Bourne,	Adams House,	134
Waters, David P., .	•	17, Essex,	Salem,	At home,	20

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		le,					18 Harvard Avenue,	Jackson Club, 1488 Columbus Avenue.
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At home, .	At home, .	East Somerville,	At home,	Medford,	At home,	At home, .	S Hg	acks Col
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ton	East Pepperell,	Box 33, Boston,	Medford,.	27 State Street, Boston, .	Attleborough, .	South Weymouth, .	338 Boylston Street, Bos-	51 Walden Street, Rox- bury.
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Wattles, Joseph W., Jr., . 4, Norfolk,	Whipple, Horace I., .	Wildes, Charles F.,	Williams, J. William,	Williams, Lombard, .	Williams, Thomas W.,	Willis, Gordon, .	Wingate, James I.,	Young, John, Jr.,
	-	jan-	-	-	-	-		7

OFFICERS OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

JAMES W. KIMBALL, LYNN, Clerk.

FRANK E. BRIDGMAN, BOSTON, . . . Assistant Clerk.

CHARLES G. DAVIS, BOSTON, . . Sergeant-at-Arms.

REV. DANIEL W. WALDRON, Boston, Chaplain.

MONITORS OF THE HOUSE.

First Division, . { Messrs. Dean . . . of Wakefield. Adams . . . of Boston. }

Second Division, . { Messrs. Logan . . . of Boston. Hunt . . . of Worcester. }

Third Division, . { Messrs. Albee . . . of Boston. Linnehan . . of Pittsfield. }

Fourth Division, . { Messrs. Dowse . . . of Malden. O'Neill . . . of New Bedford.

Sergeant-at-Arms and Appointees.

Charles G. Davis, Sergeant-at-Arms. Boston

APPOINTEES.

First Clerk. - John Kinnear.

Messengers.— Charles W. Philbrick, Marcus Kimball, Louis A Phillips, George M. Fillebrown.

Chief Engineer. - Charles A. Legg.

ASSIGNED TO THE SENATE.

Doorkeeper. - David T. Remington.

Assistant Doorkeeper. - Luke K. Davis.

Messengers. — Benjamin H. Jellison, Charles H. Johnson, J. Henry Locke, Francis A. Ireland, Albro G. Bean, Edward C. Cook, Joseph W. Abbott.

Pages. - Lawrence G. Mitchell, Charles P. Sawyer, Fred C. Grant.

ASSIGNED TO THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Doorkeeper. - Thomas J. Tucker.

Assistant Doorkeeper. - Thomas F. Pedrick.

Postmaster. - James Beatty.

Messengers.— Ezra T. Pope, Francis Steele, John B. Hollis, Henry W. Sykes, Benjamin B. Brown, Thomas Coyne, Sydney Gardner, John B. Fisher, Edwin C. Gould, Mark C. London, Sidney Holmes, Charles J. Tarbell, Thomas P. Frost, Joseph S. Adlington, James P. Clare.

Pages. — Edward S. Backman, Fred W. Wilson, William C. Marden, Philip A. Myrick, Ernest Grant Webb, Meddie W. Brown, Alexander L. Nickerson.

COMMITTEES.



STANDING COMMITTEES OF THE SENATE.

ON THE JUDICIARY.

Messrs.	Howland	D			of Suffolk.
	MANNING	;			of Worcester.
	SULLIVAN	, J. A	٨.		of Suffolk.
	APSEY				of Middlesex.
	BLISS				of Hampden.

ON WAYS AND MEANS.

Messrs. FALES .	•	of Nortolk.
BLODGETT		of Worcester.
Morse .		of Franklin and Hampshire.
Harvell		of Plymouth.
Nye .		of the Cape.

ON BILLS IN THE THIRD READING.

Messrs	. Frost				of	Essex.
	SULLIVAN	r, C	C. S.		of	Suffolk.
	BLISS				of	Hampden.

ON ENGROSSED BILLS.

Messrs. Port	ER, T. F.			of Essex.
Spar	KS .			of Middlesex.
Woo	D .		of	Middlesex and Essex.

ON RULES.

	THE PRESIDE	ENT.			
Messrs.	JONES .				of Middlesex.
	MANNING				of Worcester.
	HOWLAND				of Suffolk.
	FITZGERALD,	W. T.	Α.		of Suffolk.

Messrs. NEWTON .

SMITH .

PRESTON .

O'NEILL .

WINGATE .

PARKER .

STANDING COMMITTEES OF THE HOUSE.

ON THE JUDICIARY.

. of Everett.

. of South Hadley.

. of New Bedford.

. of Danvers.

. of Boston.

. of Springfield.

TAFT . . of Worcester. HASKELL. . of Beverly. MANSFIELD . of Boston. DANA . . of Newton. Draper * . . of Boston. SKERRETT . of Worcester. COLLINS . . of Great Barrington. SULLIVAN . of Boston. LEWIS . . of Cambridge. BENNETT. . of Holyoke. ON WAYS AND MEANS. Messrs, ADAMS . . of Melrose. DEAN . of Brookline. REED . . of Taunton. CROSBY*. . of Arlington. OSGOOD . . of Hopedale. KEENAN . . of Boston.

THE SPEAKER.

Messrs. Dean of Brookline.

Adams of Melrose.

						•	
Messrs.	NEWTON						of Everett.
	REED						of Taunton.
	ROADS						of Marblehead.
							of Marlborough.
							of Lowell.
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	GILPATRI	С					of Boston.
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Messrs.	Draper						of Boston.
	Вавв						of Lynn. of Medford.
	WILLIAM	s, J.	W.				of Medford.
	MANSFIE	LD *					of Boston.
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Messrs.	STEARNS	•	•	•	•	٠	of Waltham.
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Messrs.	NEWCOM						of Ware.
	LENNON						of Boston.
	FULLER					•	of East Bridgewater.

JOINT STANDING COMMITTEES.

ON AGRICULTURE.

Of the Senate. - Messrs. Morse . of Franklin and Hampshire.

TUFTS . . . of Worcester.

CHANDLER . of Middlesex.

Of the House. - Messrs. GERRETT . . of Greenfield.

LITTLEFIELD . of Boxborough.

CRANE* . . of East Longmeadow.

DEMING . . of Lanesborough.

WARD . . of Buckland.

CREAMER . . of Peru.

NEWELL . . of West Newbury.

LARKIN . . of Williamsburg.

ON BANKS AND BANKING.

Of the Senate. - Messrs. HARVELL . . of Plymouth.

SEAVER . . of Suffolk.

DEAN . . . of Berkshire.

Of the House - Messrs. ROBERTS . . of Reading.

LEACH . . . of Walpole.

WILLIAMS * . of Attleborough.

WATTLES . . of Canton.

O'BRIEN . . of Lowell.

PITMAN . . of Salem.

FROTHINGHAM of Boston.

Brewster . of Springfield.

ON CITIES.

Of the Senate. - Messrs. MANNING . . of Worcester.

DYAR . . . of Suffolk.

PORTER, T. F. of Essex.

SPARKS. . . of Middlesex.

Of the House — Messrs. BRIGHAM . . of Marlborough.

WATERS . . of Salem.

KEITH . . . of Brockton.

ADAMS . . . of Boston.

LINNEHAN. . of Pittsfield.

UNDERHILL*. of Somerville.

HATCH . . . of Everett.

JEWETT . . of Worcester.

COULTHURST . of Boston.

BATCHELDER . of Haverhill.

Down . . . of Holyoke.

ON CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS.

Of the Senate. - Messrs. BLISS . . . of Hampden.

BERRY . . . of Suffolk.

SULLIVAN, M. J. of Suffolk. Of the House. — Messrs. Fall . . . of Malden.

MARSHALL . of Gloucester.

CALLENDER . of Boston.

CALLENDER . of Boston.

GOOGINS . . of Cambridge.

JACKSON . . of Fall River.

BARRINGTON . of North Adams.

Young . . . of Boston.

BAGLEY* . . of Boston.

ON COUNTIES.

Of the Senate. - Messrs. Chandler . . of Middlesex.

MARSH . . . of Hampden.

MORRISON . . of Bristol.

Of the House. - Messrs. WATERHOUSE. of Bourne.

CAREY . . . of Haverhill.

MOORE . . . of Gardner.

MITCHELL* . of Chicopee.

BURKE . . . of Boston.

Brandes . . of Webster.

CURLEY . . of Boston.

SULLIVAN . . of Worcester.

ON DRAINAGE.

Of the Senate. - Messrs. NyE . . . of the Cape.

FLETCHER . . of Middlesex.

PRATT . . . of Plymouth.

Of the House. - Messrs. BABB . . . of Lynn.

GARDNER* . of Nantucket.

BULLOCK . . of New Bedford.

RYAN . . . of Lawrence.

Andrews . . of Middleborough.

SHEEHAN . . of Boston.

MAHONEY . . of Lowell.

BADGER . . of Quincy.

ON EDUCATION.

Of the Senate. - Messrs. Tufts . . . of Worcester.

MORSE . of Franklin and Hampshire.

SULLIVAN, J. A. of Suffolk.

Of the House. - Messrs. Dowse . . . of Malden.

GARDNER . . of Nantucket.

STEARNS . . of Lowell.

FULLER. . . of East Bridgewater.

GOODRICH . . of North Adams.

Brown* . . of Bedford.

PELOOUIN . . of Fall River.

HARNEY . . of Boston.

ON ELECTION LAWS.

Of the Senate. - Messrs. APSEY . . . of Middlesex.

DYAR . . . of Suffolk.

SULLIVAN, C. S. of Suffolk.

Of the House. - Messrs. Luce . . . of Somerville.

STEARNS*. . of Waltham.

WILLIS . . of Weymouth.

CREED . . of Boston.

HASTINGS . . of Palmer.

GOULDING. . of Peabody.

SUTTON. . . of Needham.

BADARACCO . of Boston.

ON FEDERAL RELATIONS.

Of the Senate. - Messrs. Skinner . . of Middlesex.

FALES . . . of Norfolk.

Nye. . . of the Cape.

Of the House. - Messrs. Bemis . . . of Foxborough.

HANCOCK . . of Brockton.

PEARCE. . . of Fitchburg.

LESLIE . . . of Waltham.

Luce . . . of Somerville.

JACKSON * . . of Fall River.

KIMBALL . . of Newburyport.

RAFTERY . . of Boston.

ON FISHERIES AND GAME.

Of the Senate - Messrs. Morrison . . of Bristol.

SPRAGUE . . of Norfolk.

SEAVER. . . of Suffolk.

Of the House. - Messrs. Collins . . of Edgartown.

KIMBALL . . of Newburyport.

FERN . . . of Adams.

PHINNEY*. . of Lynn.

Of the House. - Messrs. LANE . . . of Dighton.

BECK . . of Chelsea.

MELLEN . . of Boston.

EBERT . . . of Lawrence.

ON HARBORS AND PUBLIC LANDS.

Of the Senate. - Messrs. GAYLORD of Berkshire and Hampshire.

FOSTER. . . of Essex. MORRISON . . of Bristol.

BERRY . . . of Suffolk.

Of the House. - Messrs. SWIFT . . . of Yarmouth.

HANCOCK . . of Brockton.

Mackey . . of Boston.

ALBEE . . . of Boston.

SHERMAN* . of New Bedford.

KINNEY . . of Boston.

BEGLEY. . . of Holyoke.

RANKIN . . of Taunton. JACKSON . . of Lynn.

GLEASON . . of Boston.

HURLEY . . of Boston.

ON INSURANCE.

Of the Senate. - Messrs. MUNROE . . of Worcester.

SULLIVAN, J. A. of Suffolk.

FROST . . . of Essex.

Of the House. - Messrs. DANA . . . of Newton.

BARRINGTON . of North Adams.

SULLIVAN . . of Worcester.

HICKEY . . of Boston.

TUCKER . . of Lynn. KELLEY . . of Boston.

McKnight* . of Quincy.

MILLS . . . of Fall River.

ON LABOR.

Of the Senate. - Messrs. BLISS . . . of Hampden.

HARVELL . . of Plymouth.

SULLIVAN, C. S. of Suffolk.

Of the House. - Messrs. Ross . . . of New Bedford.

CALLENDER . of Boston.

DONAHUE* . of Fall River. Schofield . of Ipswich.

Cummings. . of Orleans.

DEMING . . of Lanesborough.

FELTON . . of Bolton. FOLEY . . . of Boston.

ON LIBRARIES.

Of the Senate. - Messrs. GAYLORD of Berkshire and Hampshire.

MUNROE . . of Worcester.

DEAN . . of Berkshire.

Of the House. - Messrs. STEARNS . . of Lowell.

CAREY . . . of Haverhill.

DONOVAN . . of Cambridge.

WARNER *. . of Northampton.

EVERETT . . of Wareham.

PITMAN . . of Salem.

LENNON . . of Boston.

COULTHURST . of Boston.

ON THE LIQUOR LAW.

Of the Senate. - Messrs. Sprague . . of Norfolk.

FITZGERALD, W. T. A. of Suffolk.

DAY . . . of Worcester.

Of the House. - Messrs. KEITH . . . of Brockton.

DAVIS* . . of Salem.

Brewer . . of Chelsea.

Of the House. - Messrs. BADGER . . of Quincy.

MONTGOMERY. of Cambridge. DAVIS . . . of Gloucester. SCHOFIELD . of Ipswich.

COLLINS . . of Boston.

ON MERCANTILE AFFAIRS.

Of the Senate. - Messrs. FROST . . . of Essex.

Fales . . . of Norfolk. FLETCHER. . of Middlesex.

SULLIVAN, M. J. of Suffolk.

Of the House. — Messrs. SLEEPER . . of Winthrop.

HOLMES . . of Kingston.

MONTGOMERY. of Cambridge.

TAPLEY. . . of Springfield. FENNO . . . of Westminster.

SMITH . . . of Lowell.

Dyer . . . of Hyde Park.

ALDRICH . . of Woburn.

EMERY* . . of Boston.

NEWHALL . . of Lynn.

VINSON. . . of Boston.

ON METROPOLITAN AFFAIRS.

Of the Senate. - Messrs. Jones . . . of Middlesex.

PORTER, T. F. of Essex.

SKINNER . . of Middlesex.

SEAVER. . . of Suffolk.

Of the House. - Messrs. Schofield . of Malden.

Russell* . . of Boston.

McNary . . of Boston.

BAGLEY. . . of Boston. ROUNDS . . of Cambridge.

LOGAN . . . of Boston.

Of the House. - Messrs. WILLIAMS, L. of Medford.

WILDES . . of Somerville.

LITCHFIELD , of Hull.

KILEY . . . of Boston.

Tyler . . . of Clinton.

ON MILITARY AFFAIRS.

Of the Senate. - Messrs. Dyar . . . of Suffolk.

How . . . of Essex.

HOWLAND . . of Suffolk.

Of the House. - Messrs. Hagberg . . of Worcester.

DAVIS . . . of Amesbury.

BULLARD . . of Medway.

NEWCOMB . . of Ware.

GARDNER . . of Norwell.

GREENE . . of Fitchburg. RANDLETT* . of Lynn.

PRATT . . . of Ashburnham.

rkaii . . . oi Ashburnhain.

ON PARISHES AND RELIGIOUS SOCIETIES.

Of the Senate. - Messrs. CHANDLER . of Middlesex.

PRATT . . . of Plymouth.

DAY. . . of Worcester.

Of the House. - Messrs. MACCARTNEY . of Rockland.

EVERETT . . of Wareham.

GERRETT . . of Greenfield.

McInerney . of Boston.

RAFTERY . . of Boston.

CLARK . . . of Deerfield.

CRAIG*. . of Lynn.

CHENEY . . of Lowell.

^{*} Clerk.

ON PRINTING.

Of the Senate. - Messrs. HOLT . . . of Bristol.

FALES . . . of Norfolk.

WILLIAMS . . of Middlesex.

Of the House - Messrs. ROUNDS . . of Cambridge.

MITCHELL . . of Chicopee.

BULLARD . . of Medway.

BURKE . . . of Boston.

Brown . . . of Bedford.

BECK*. . of Chelsea.

STORY . . . of Somerville.

MALONEY . . of Lawrence.

ON PRISONS.

Of the Senate. - Messrs. Wood . . of Middlesex and Essex.

HOLT . . . of Bristol.

FITZGERALD, H. S. of Suffolk.

Of the House. - Messrs. MOORE . . . of Gardner.

BARTLETT * . of Pittsfield.

DONAHUE . . of Fall River.

REINHART. . of Boston.

HALL . . . of Haverhill.

ROBBINS . . of Acton.

WASHBURN . of Freetown.

PALMER . . of Georgetown.

ON PROBATE AND CHANCERY.

Of the Senate. - Messrs. Berry . . . of Suffolk.

SULLIVAN, C. S. of Suffolk.

JONES . . . of Middlesex.

Of the House. - Messrs. Marshall . of Gloucester.

FALL . . . of Malden.

WATERHOUSE. of Bourne.

Of the House. - Messrs. SLEEPER . . of Natick.

ROGERSON . . of Mansfield.

LEAHY . . . of Boston.

CUNNINGHAM * of Gloucester.

HAYES . . . of Boston.

ON PUBLIC CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS.

Of the Senate. - Messrs. Sprague . . of Norfolk.

PORTER, J. F. . of Essex.

CHANDLER. . of Middlesex.

Of the House. - Messrs. Leslie . . . of Waltham.

GOOGINS . . of Cambridge.

Adams * . . of Chelmsford.

ROUNDS . . of Somerset.

SHEPARDSON . of Athol.

BAMFORD . . of Brockton.

REED . . of Whitman.

ESTABROOK . of Grafton.

ON PUBLIC HEALTH.

Of the Senate. - Messrs. Porter, J. F. of Essex.

DAY. . . of Worcester.

WILLIAMS . . of Middlesex.

Of the House. - Messrs. Bullock . . of New Bedford.

WILLIAMS, J. W. of Medford.

DESMOND . . of Lawrence.

CRAIG* . . of Lynn.

NEWTON . . of Southborough.

NICHOLS . . of Boston.

HALL . . of Haverhill.

HAGBERG . . of Worcester.

^{*} Clerk.

ON PUBLIC LIGHTING.

Of the Senate. - Messrs. WILLIAMS . . of Middlesex.

GAYLORD of Berkshire and Hampshire.

PORTER, J. F.. of Essex.

SPARKS. . . of Middlesex.

Of the House. - Messrs. Moseley . . of Westfield.

PEARCE. . . of Fitchburg.

BEMIS . . . of Foxborough.

Bearse* . . of Springfield.

Drinkwater . of Braintree.

DRINKWATER. of Braintree.

HICKFORD. . of Lynn.

CHENEY . . of Lowell.

COLLINS . . of Avon.

Homans . . of Boston.

SCHUSTER . . of Douglas.

HOWARD . . of North Brookfield.

ON PUBLIC SERVICE.

Of the Senate. - Messrs. DEAN . . . of Berkshire.

FITZGERALD, H. S. of Suffolk.

TUFTS . . . of Worcester.

Of the House. - Messrs. BARTLETT . . of Pittsfield.

GARFIELD . . of Brockton.

McInerney . of Boston.

Brewster* . of Springfield.

MILLS . . . of Fall River.

STORY . . . of Somerville.

SCHOFIELD . of Malden.

CROSBY . . . of Arlington.

ON RAILROADS.

Of the Senate. - Messrs. BLODGETT . . of Worcester.

APSEY . . . of Middlesex.

Of the Senate. - Messrs. Munroe . . of Worcester.

HOLT . . . of Bristol.

Of the House. - Messrs. Bullard . . of Newton.

HEATH . . . of Worcester.

HUNT*. . . of N. Attleborough.

Donovan . . of Cambridge.

SAMPSON . . of Springfield.

HAYES . . . of Lowell.

THOMPSON. of Boston.

QUINN . . . of Boston.
NIGHTINGALE . of Fall River.

DODGE . . . of Leominster.

GREEN . . . of Northfield.

ON ROADS AND BRIDGES.

Of the Senate. - Messrs. MARSH . . . of Hampden.

MORRISON . . of Bristol.

WOOD . . of Middlesex and Essex.

Of the House. — Messrs. DAVIS . . . of Amesbury.

WILLIS . . . of Weymouth.

NEWELL*. . of West Newbury.

MARCHESSEAULT of Spencer.

MELLEN . . of Brookfield.

CLARK . . . of Deerfield.

MAXON . . . of Blackstone.

TETRAULT . . of Southbridge.

ON STATE HOUSE.

Of the Senate. - Messrs. How . . . of Essex.

BLODGETT . . of Worcester.

FITZGERALD, H. S. of Suffolk.

Of the House. - Messrs. Russell . . of Boston.

ROBERTS . . of Reading.

SLEEPER . . of Winthrop.

Of the House. - Messrs. Sheehan . . of Boston.

Buswell . . of Methuen.

Davis* . . of Salem.

Osgood . . . of Hopedale.

KINNEY . . of Boston.

ON STREET RAILWAYS.

Of the Senate. - Messrs. Fletcher . . of Middlesex.

SPRAGUE . . of Norfolk.

FITZGERALD, W. T. A. of Suffolk.

How . . . of Essex.

Of the House. - Messrs. GILPATRIC . . . of Boston.

ROADS . . . of Marblehead. Creeley . . of Belmont.

Hunt . . . of Worcester.

HUNTER* . . of Marlborough.

BUSWELL . . of Methuen.
QUINLAN . . of Boston.

CHACE . . . of Fall River.
WARNER . . of Northampton.

HILL . . . of Stoneham. ENTWISTLE . of Framingham.

ON TAXATION.

Of the Senate. - Messrs. Foster . . . of Essex.

TUFTS . . . of Worcester.

SKINNER . . of Middlesex.

SULLIVAN, M. J. of Suffolk.

Of the House. - Messrs. FROTHINGHAM of Boston.

DEAN . . . of Wakefield.

FOSTER . . . of Somerville.

DUFF*. . . of Boston. GARTLAND. . of Boston.

Brewer . . of Chelsea.

Of the House. - Messrs. GIBNEY. . . of Hamilton.

WHIPPLE . . of Pepperell. Peters . . . of Boston.

DINAN . . . of Cambridge.

MERRITT . . of Otis.

ON TOWNS.

Of the Senate. - Messrs. DAY . . . of Worcester.

WOOD . . of Middlesex and Essex.

PRATT . . . of Plymouth.

Of the House. - Messrs. Cutler . . of Holliston.

MACCARTNEY. of Rockland.

CREAMER* . of Peru.

TYLER . . . of Middleton.

LARKIN . . of Williamsburg.

CUMMINGS. . of Orleans.

MCMAHON . of Billerica.

FELTON . . of Bolton.

ON WATER SUPPLY.

Of the Senate. - Messrs. PRATT . . . of Plymouth.

MARSH . . . of Hampden.

FOSTER . . . of Essex.

Of the House. - Messrs. Garfield . . of Brockton.

KING . . . of Worcester.

ADAMS . . . of Mendon.

Davis . . . of Gloucester. Fisher . . . of Dedham.

Moore . . of Montgomery.

BRADLEY* . of Boston.

STANTON . . of Huntington.

^{*} Clerk.

JOINT SPECIAL COMMITTEE ON SO MUCH OF THE GOVERNOR'S ADDRESS AS RELATES STREET RAILWAYS.

Of the Senate. - Messrs. DAY . . . of Worcester.

FLETCHER . . of Middlesex.

Manning . . of Worcester.

FITZGERALD, W. T. A. of Suffolk.

Of the House. - Messrs. GILPATRIC . . of Boston.

BRIGHAM . . of Marlborough.

CUTLER. . . of Holliston. CREELEY . . of Belmont.

WATERS . . of Salem.

McMahon . of Billerica. Hunter . . of Marlborough.

LINNEHAN. . of Pittsfield.

TYLER . . . of Middleton.

QUINLAN . . of Boston.

BATCHELDER * of Haverhill.

^{*} Clerk.

List of Members of the Senate, with Committees of which Each is a Member.

NAME.	COMMITTEES.
Apsey, Albert S	Judiciary, Election Laws (Ch.), Railroads.
Berry, John K	Constitutional Amendments, Harbors and Public
,,,,,	Lands, Probate and Chancery (Ch.).
Bliss, Henry C	Judiciary, Bills in the Third Reading, Constitu-
	tional Amendments (Ch.), Labor (Ch.).
Blodgett, Edward F	Ways and Means, Railroads (Ch.), State House.
Chandler, Leonard B	Agriculture, Counties (Ch.), Parishes and Re-
	ligious Societies (Ch.), Public Charitable Institutions.
Day, Cornelius R	Liquor Law, Parishes and Religious Societies,
	Public Health, Towns (Ch.), Joint Special
	on Governor's Address (Ch.).
Dean, George Z	Banks and Banking, Libraries, Public Service
	(Ch.).
Dyar, Perlie A	Cities, Election Laws, Military Affairs (Ch.).
Fales, Frank A	Ways and Means (Ch.), Federal Relations, Mercantile Affairs, Printing.
Fitzgerald, Henry S	Prisons, Public Service, State House.
Fitzgerald, William T. A.	Rules, Liquor Law, Street Railways, Joint Spe-
21126011110, 1111111111 211111	cial on Governor's Address.
Fletcher, Herbert E	Drainage, Mercantile Affairs, Street Railways
	(Ch.), Joint Special on Governor's Address.
Foster, Harry C	Harbors and Public Lands, Taxation (Ch.),
	Water Supply.
Frost, Archie N	Bills in the Third Reading (Ch.), Insurance,
	Mercantile Affairs (Ch.).
Gaylord, Henry E	Harbors and Public Lands (Ch.), Libraries (Ch.), Public Lighting.
Harvell, Elisha T	Ways and Means, Banks and Banking (Ch.),
	Labor.
Holt, Edward C	Printing (Ch.), Prisons, Railroads.

NAME.	COMMITTEES.
How, Carleton F	Military Affairs, State House (Ch.), Street Railways.
Howland, Willard	Judiciary (Ch.), Rules, Military Affairs.
Jones, George R	Rules, Metropolitan Affairs (Ch.), Probate and Chancery.
Manning, David	Judiciary, Rules, Cities (Ch.), Joint Special on
	Governor's Address.
Marsh, John F	Counties, Roads and Bridges (Ch.), Water Supply.
Morrison, Andrew H	Counties, Fisheries and Game (Ch.), Harbors and Public Lands, Roads and Bridges.
Morse, Merrick A	Ways and Means, Agriculture (Ch.), Education.
Munroe, John P	Insurance (Ch.), Libraries, Railroads.
Nye, William A	Ways and Means, Drainage (Ch.), Federal Relations.
Porter, J. Frank	Public Charitable Institutions, Public Health (Ch.), Public Lighting.
Porter, Thomas F	Engrossed Bills (Ch.), Cities, Metropolitan Affairs.
Pratt, David G	Drainage, Parishes and Religious Societies, Towns, Water Supply (Ch.).
Seaver, Edward	Banks and Banking, Fisheries and Game, Metro- politan Affairs.
Skinner, Henry R	Federal Relations (Ch.), Metropolitan Affairs, Taxation.
Soule, Rufus A	President, Rules (Ch.).
Sparks, John T	Engrossed Bills, Cities, Public Lighting.
Sprague, Eugene H	Fisheries and Game, Liquor Law (Ch.), Public Charitable Institutions (Ch.), Street Railways.
Sullivan, Charles S	Bills in the Third Reading, Election Laws, Labor, Probate and Chancery.
Sullivan, John A	Judiciary, Education, Insurance.
Sullivan, Michael J	Constitutional Amendments, Mercantile Affairs, Taxation.
Tufts, George K	Agriculture, Education (Ch.), Public Service,

Taxation.

Bridges, Towns.

Printing, Public Health, Public Lighting (Ch.). Engrossed Bills, Prisons (Ch.), Roads and

Williams, Chester B. . .

Wood, Alva S.

List of Members of the House of Representatives, with Committees of which Each is a Member.

Α

NAME. COMMITTEES.

Adams, Charles H. . . Ways and Means (chairman), Rules. Adams, Eben T. . . . Public Charitable Institutions (clerk).

Adams, Horace C.. . . Water Supply.

Adams, Wilbur F. . . . Cities.

Albee, Charles I. . . . Harbors and Public Lands.

Aldrich, Henry M. . . Mercantile Affairs.

Andrews, William A.. . Drainage.

B

Babb, Warren P. . . Elections, Drainage (chairman).

Badaracco, Andrew A. . Election Laws.

Badger, Frank E. . . Drainage, Liquor Law.

Bagley, A. Dudley . . Constitutional Amendments (clerk), Metropoli-

tan Affairs.

Bamford, William S. . . Public Charitable Institutions.

Barrington, William F. . Constitutional Amendments, Insurance.

Bartlett, Frank . . . Prisons (clerk), Public Service (chairman).

Batchelder, J. Franklin . Cities, Joint Special on Governor's Address.

Bearse, Fred A. . . . Public Lighting (clerk).

Beck, John E. Fisheries and Game, Printing (clerk).

Begley, Thomas E. . . Harbors and Public Lands.

Bemis, Albion F. . . . Federal Relations (chairman), Public Lighting

(clerk).

Bennett, Fred F. . . . Judiciary.

Bradley, Patrick H. . . Water Supply (clerk).

Brandes, Henry . . . Counties.

Brewer, Charles P. . . Liquor Law, Taxation.

Brewster, Elisha H. . . Banks and Banking, Public Service (clerk).

Brigham, William M. . . Rules, Cities (chairman), Joint Special on Governor's Address.

NAME. COMMITTEES. Brown, Abram E. . . Education (clerk), Printing.

Bullard, George P. . . Railroads (chairman).
Bullard, George W. . . Military Affairs, Printing.

Bullock, William J. . . Drainage, Public Health (chairman).

Burke, James M. . . . Counties, Printing.

Buswell, Joseph E. . . State House, Street Railways.

C

Callender, Edward B. . . Constitutional Amendments, Labor.

Carey, James F. . . . Counties, Libraries. Chace, Frank M. . . . Street Railways.

Cheney, Edwards . . . Parishes and Religious Societies, Public Lighting. Clark, Luther W. . . . Parishes and Religious Societies, Roads and

Bridges.

Collins, A. Chalkley . . Judiciary.

Collins, Benjamin G. . . Fisheries and Game (chairman).

Collins, John J. . . . Public Lighting. Collins, Thomas J. . . Liquor Law. Coulthurst, John A. . . Cities, Libraries.

Craig, William F. . . . Parishes and Religious Societies (clerk), Public

Health (clerk).

Crane, Arthur G. . . . Agriculture (clerk).
Creamer, Frank G. . . Agriculture, Towns (clerk).

Creed, David W. . . . Election Laws.

Creeley, Thomas L. . . Street Railways, Joint Special on Governor's Ad-

dress.

Crosby, J. Howell . . . Ways and Means, Public Service.

Cummings, Joseph H. . Labor, Towns.

Cunningham, John J. . Probate and Chancery (clerk).

Curley, James M. . . . Counties.

Cutler, Henry M. . . . Towns (chairman), Joint Special on Governor's

Address.

D

Dana, William F. . . . Judiciary, Insurance (chairman).

Davis, Alphonso . . . Liquor Law, Water Supply.

Davis, Daniel W. . . . Military Affairs, Roads and Bridges (chairman). Davis, Thomas L. . . . Liquor Law (clerk), State House (clerk).

Dean, Benjamin C. . . Ways and Means, Rules.

Dean, Charles A. . . Taxation.

Deming, F. Dorr . . . Agriculture, Labor.

NAME. COMMITTEES.

Desmond, Jeremiah J. . Public Health. Dinan, George H. . . . Taxation.

Dodge, Wooster F. . . Railroads.

Donahue, Thomas . . . Labor (clerk), Prisons. Donovan, Jeremiah F. . Libraries, Railroads.

Dowd, James J. . . Cities.

Dowse, Aaron C. . . Education (chairman).

Draper, Charles M. . . Judiciary (clerk), Elections (chairman).

Drinkwater, Horace R. . Public Lighting.

Duff, John Bills in the Third Reading, Taxation (clerk).

Dyer, Edward Q. . . . Mercantile Affairs.

E

Ebert, Karl M. . . . Fisheries and Game.

Emery, Fred A. . . Mercantile Affairs (clerk).

Entwistle, James R. . . Street Railways.

Estabrook, Edward A. . Public Charitable Institutions.

Everett, Noble W. . . . Libraries, Parishes and Religious Societies.

F

Fall, George H. . . . Constitutional Amendments (chairman), Pro-

bate and Chancery.
. Labor, Towns.

Felton, William N. . . Labor, Towns.

Fenno, Frank W. . . Mercantile Affairs.

Fern, Henry M. . . Fisheries and Game.

Fisher, John E. . . Water Supply.

Foley, Richard H. . . . Labor.

Foster, John F. . . . Elections, Taxation.

Frothingham, Louis A. . Banks and Banking, Taxation (chairman).

Fuller, Fred E. . . . Pay Roll, Education.

G

Gardner, Arthur H. . . Drainage (clerk), Education.

Gardner, Charles N. . . Military Affairs.

Garfield, George H. . . Public Service, Water Supply (chairman).

Gartland, John J., Jr. . Taxation.

Gerrett, Frank . . . Agriculture (chairman), Parishes and Religious
Societies.

Gibney, George H. . . Taxation.

Gilpatric, Fred C. . . . Rules, Street Railways (chairman), Joint Special on Governor's Address (chairman).

442 List of Members with Committees.

NAME. COMMITTEES. Gleason, David J. . . . Harbors and Public Lands.

Goodrich, C. Burr . . . Education.

Googins, Eben H. . . . Constitutional Amendments, Public Charitable
Institutions.

Goulding, Charles H. . . Election Laws. Green, Charles H. . . Railroads. Greene, Henry G. . . . Military Affairs.

\mathbf{H}

Hagberg, John G. . . . Military Affairs (chairman), Public Health.

Hall, George A. . . Prisons, Public Health.

Hancock, Portus B. . . Federal Relations, Harbors and Public Lands.

Harney, Edwin A.. . Education.

Haskell, Ulysses G. . . Judiciary, Engrossed Bills (chairman).

Hastings, Elbridge G. . Election Laws.

Hatch, Arthur W. . . . Cities.

Hayes, William H. . . Probate and Chancery.

Hayes, William H. I. . . Rules, Railroads.

Heath, Frank M. . . . Railroads.

Hickey, Joseph F. . . Insurance.

Hickford, Albert S. N. . Public Lighting.

Higgins, Martin P. . . Elections.

Hill, Sidney A.... Street Railways.
Holmes, Alexander . Mercantile Affairs.

Homans, Robert . . . Engrossed Bills, Public Lighting.

Howard, Timothy . . . Public Lighting.
Hunt, George C. . . Street Railways.
Hunt, Harry D. . . . Railroads (clerk).

Hunter, Harrie C.. . . Street Railways (clerk), Joint Special on Gov-

ernor's Address.

Hurley, John C. . . . Harbors and Public Lands.

J

Jackson, George H. . . Harbors and Public Lands.

Jackson, Joseph G. . . Constitutional Amendments, Federal Relations

(clerk).

Jewett, Warren C. . . Cities.

K

Keenan, Thomas F. . . Ways and Means.

Keith, Edward H. . . . Cities, Liquor Law (chairman).

Kelley, Thomas A. . . Insurance.

NAME. COMMITTEES.

Kimball, Moody . . . Federal Relations, Fisheries and Game.

King, Homer R. . . . Water Supply.

Kiley, Daniel J. . . Metropolitan Affairs.

Kinney, Alfred F. . . . Harbors and Public Lands, State House.

L

Lankin, Thomas P. . . Fisheries and Game.
Larkin, Thomas P. . . Agriculture, Towns.
Leach, Joseph S. . . Banks and Banking.
Leahy, David D. . . Probate and Chancery.

Lennon, James P. . . . Pay Roll, Libraries.

Leslie, George F. . . . Federal Relations, Public Charitable Institutions (chairman).

Lewis, William H. . . Judiciary.

Linnehan, William W. . Cities, Joint Special on Governor's Address.

Litchfield, William H. . Metropolitan Affairs.

Littlefield, Albert . . . Agriculture. Logan, Edward L. . . Metropolitan Affairs.

Luce, Robert . . . Election Laws (chairman), Federal Relations.

M

MacCartney, Frederic O. Parishes and Religious Societies (chairman),
Towns.

Mackey, Thomas . . . Harbors and Public Lands.

Mahoney, Michael J. . . Drainage.
Maloney, John T., . . Printing.

Mansfield, John J. . . . Judiciary, Elections (clerk).

Marchesseault, Eugene D. Roads and Bridges.

Marshall, J. Manuel . . Constitutional Amendments, Probate and Chancery (chairman).

Maxon, George W. . . Roads and Bridges.

McInerney, James H. . Parishes and Religious Societies, Public Service.

McKnight, John . . . Insurance (clerk).

McMahon, Edward L. . Towns, Joint Special on Governor's Address.

McNary, William S. . . Rules, Metropolitan Affairs.

Mellen, James J. . . . Fisheries and Game. Mellen, Walter B. . . . Roads and Bridges.

Merritt, John E. . . . Taxation.

Mills, Edwin J. . . . Insurance, Public Service.

Mitchell, Bernard F. . . Counties (clerk), Printing.

Montgomery, James A. . Liquor Law, Mercantile Affairs.

Moore, J. Myron . . . Counties, Prisons (chairman).

444 List of Members with Committees.

NAME. COMMITTEES.

Moore, Lucien O. . . . Water Supply.

Moseley, Harold P. . . Public Lighting (chairman).

Myers, James J. . . Speaker.

N

Newcomb, Arthur E. . . Pay Roll (chairman), Military Affairs. Newell, Richard . . . Agriculture, Roads and Bridges (clerk).

Newhall, Francis S. . . Mercantile Affairs. Newton, Francis D. . . Public Health.

Newton, H. Huestis . . Judiciary (chairman), Rules.

Nichols, Walter E. . . Public Health. Nightingale, John . . . Railroads.

0

O'Brien, Daniel J. . . . Banks and Banking. O'Neill, John E. . . . Ways and Means.

Osgood, Edward L. . . Ways and Means, State House.

P

Palmer, Henry K. . . . Prisons.

Parker, Fordis C. . . . Ways and Means.

Pearce, James . . . Federal Relations, Public Lighting.

Peloquin, Pierre F. . . Education.

Peters, Andrew J. . . . Bills in the Third Reading, Taxation. Phinney, William B. . . Fisheries and Game (clerk). Pitman, Joseph F. . . . Banks and Banking, Libraries.

Pratt, Charles H. . . Military Affairs.

Preston, Charles H. . . Ways and Means.

Q

Quinlan, John H. . . . Street Railways, Joint Special on Governor's Address.

Quinn, John, Jr. . . Railroads.

\mathbf{R}

Raftery, Thomas E. . . Federal Relations, Parishes and Religious Societies.

Randlett, Joseph C. . . Military Affairs (clerk).
Rankin, John L. . . . Harbors and Public Lands.
Reed, Benjamin C. . . Public Charitable Institutions.

NAME.

COMMITTEES.

Reed, Silas D. . . . Ways and Means, Rules.

Reinhart, Charles H... Prisons.

Roads, Samuel, Jr. . . Rules, Street Railways.

Robbins, Webster C. . Prisons.

Roberts, Arthur E. . . Banks and Banking (chairman), State House.

Rogerson, Robert . . . Elections, Probate and Chancery.

Ross, Samuel . . . Labor (chairman).

Rounds, Thomas B. . . Public Charitable Institutions.

Rounds, William J. . . Metropolitan Affairs, Printing (chairman).

Russell, Arthur P. . . . Metropolitan Affairs (clerk), State House (chairman).

Ryan, Simon B. . . . Drainage.

S

Sampson, Henry F. . . Railroads.

Schofield, George A. . . Labor, Liquor Law.

Schofield, William . . . Metropolitan Affairs (chairman), Public Service.

Schuster, Winfield S. . . Public Lighting. Sheehan, Daniel J. . . Drainage, State House.

Shepardson, Edmund C. Public Charitable Institutions.

Sherman, I. Clifford . . Harbors and Public Lands (clerk).

Skerrett, Mark N. . . . Judiciary.

Sleeper, Arthur P. . . . Probate and Chancery.

Sleeper, George T. . . Mercantile Affairs (chairman), State House.

Smith, Caleb L. . . Mercantile Affairs. Smith, Fred M. . . . Ways and Means.

Stanton, Henry E. . . . Ways and Means

Stearns, Charles E. . . Bills in the Third Reading (chairman), Election

Laws (clerk).

Stearns, Frank K. . . . Education, Libraries (chairman).

Story, Isaac M. . . . Printing, Public Service. Sullivan, Peter F. . . Counties, Insurance.

Sullivan, William J. . . Judiciary.

Sutton, Thomas . . . Election Laws.

Swift, Charles W. . . . Harbors and Public Lands (chairman).

T

Taft, Arthur M. . . Judiciary, Rules.

Tapley, George W. . . Mercantile Affairs. Tetrault, Francis X. . . Roads and Bridges.

Thompson, James N. . . Railroads.

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NAME. COMMITTEES.

Tucker, Charles H. . . Insurance.

Tyler, Maurice E. . . . Towns, Joint Special on Governor's Address.

Tyler, Samuel W. . . . Metropolitan Affairs.

U

Underhill, Charles L. . Cities (clerk).

V

Vinson, Thomas M. . . Engrossed Bills, Mercantile Affairs.

W

Ward, Charles E. . . Agriculture.

Warner, Louis H. . . Libraries (clerk), Street Railways.

Washburn, Handel E. . Prisons.

Waterhouse, Moses C. . Counties (chairman), Probate and Chancery. Waters, David P. . . . Cities, Joint Special on Governor's Address.

Wattles, Joseph W., Jr. . Banks and Banking.

Whipple, Horace I. . . Taxation.

Wildes, Charles F. . . . Metropolitan Affairs.
Williams, J. William . . Elections, Public Health.
Williams, Lombard . . Metropolitan Affairs.
Williams, Thomas W. . Banks and Banking (clerk).

Willis, Gordon Election Laws, Roads and Bridges.

Wingate, James I. . . . Ways and Means.

Y

Young, John, Jr. . . . Constitutional Amendments.

REPORTERS.

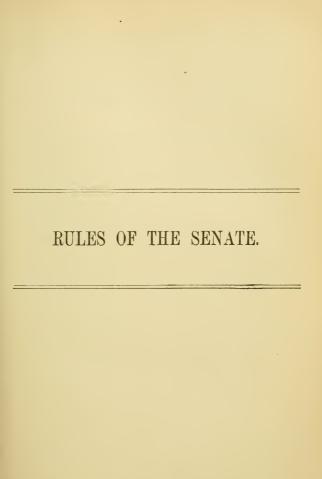
IN THE SENATE.

CHARLES F. W. ARCHEI	R,		. Boston Journal.
A. M. BRIDGMAN, .			Worcester Telegram. Springfield Republican.
WILLIAM E. BRIGHAM,			. Boston Transcript.
CHARLES F. GETTEMY,			. Boston Herald.
JOHN M. GRAINEY, .			. Boston Post.
DONALD C. MACDONAL	D,		· Practical Politics.
CHARLES E. MANN, .			New Bedford Mercury. Lowell Courier.
WILLIAM A. MURPHY,			. Boston Globe.
E. WENTWORTH PRESC	отт	,	· { Lynn News. Boston Financial News.
WILLIAM U. SWAN, .			. The Associated Press.
JAMES C. WHITE, .			· Boston Advertiser. Boston Record.
HENRY D. YEATON, .			. Boston Traveler.

IN THE HOUSE.

CHARLES F. W. ARCHER,		. Boston Journal.
RAYMOND L. BRIDGMAN,		· Springfield Republican. Worcester Telegram.
WILLIAM E. BRIGHAM, .		. Boston Transcript.
CHARLES H. COPELAND,	•	Cambridge Chronicle. Fall River Globe.
JOHN E. DANIELS,		. Boston Traveler.
CHARLES F. GETTEMY, .		. Boston Herald.
JOHN M. GRAINEY,		. Boston Post.
CHARLES S. GROVES, .		. Boston Globe.
CHARLES E. MANN,		Worcester Spy. · Haverhill Gazette.
E. WENTWORTH PRESCOTT	٦,	Boston Financial News. Lynn News.
JAMES S. ROBINSON, JR.,		· Pittsfield Eagle. · Springfield Union.
WILLIAM U. SWAN,		. The Associated Press.
JAMES C. WHITE, .		· Boston Advertiser. Boston Record.







RULES OF THE SENATE.

[The dates under each rule indicate when the rule and its amendments were adopted. The rules as they are here printed were finally adopted by the Senate on Jan. 14, 1902.

The date 1817 denotes the time when the several rules against which it is placed were first preserved. Previously to that year these rules are not to be found, although from the Senate Journal it appears that they were printed.

Numbers enclosed in parentheses following each rule indicate the corresponding House rule.]

THE PRESIDENT.

- 1. The President shall take the chair at the hour to which the Senate stands adjourned, shall call the members to order, and, on the appearance of a quorum, shall proceed to business. (1.) [1831; 1888.]
- 2. The President shall preserve order and decorum, may speak to points of order in preference to other members, and shall decide all questions of order subject to an appeal to the Senate. He shall rise to put a question, or to address the Senate, but may read sitting. (2, 5.)

[1817; between 1821 and 1826; 1831; 1888.]

- 3. The President may vote on all questions. (4.)
- 4. The President may appoint a member to perform the duties of the chair for a period not exceeding three days at any one time. (7.) [1831; 1862; 1865; 1888.]
- 5. In case of a vacancy in the office of President, or in case the President, or the member appointed by him to

perform the duties of the chair, is absent at the hour to which the Senate stands adjourned, the eldest senior member present shall call the Senate to order, and shall preside until a President, or a President pro tempore, is elected by ballot, and such election shall be the first business in order. (8.) [1831; 1885; 1888.]

CLERK.

6. The Clerk shall keep a journal of the proceedings of the Senate, and shall cause the same to be printed daily. He shall, in the journal, make note of all questions of order, and enter at length the decisions thereon. He shall insert in an appendix to the journal the rules of the Senate and the joint rules of the two branches. (11, 12.)

[1882; 1888.]

- 7. The Clerk shall prepare and cause to be printed each day a calendar of matters in order for consideration; a list of matters lying on the table; and such other memoranda as he may deem necessary, and as the Senate or the President may direct. (13.) [1882; 1888.]
- 8. The Clerk shall retain bills and other papers, in reference to which any member has a right to move a reconsideration (except petitions, bills and resolves introduced on leave, orders of inquiry, orders of notice, reports of committees asking to be discharged from the further consideration of a subject, and enacted bills), until the right of reconsideration has expired. (15, 57.)

[1855; 1856; 1875; 1882; 1885; 1888; 1891.]

9. When a bill or resolve coming from the other branch does not appear in print in the form in which it was passed in that branch, the Clerk shall either indicate the amendments on the Orders of the Day, or shall have the bill or resolve reprinted, at his discretion. [1882.]

MEMBERS OF THE SENATE.

- 10. No member shall be permitted to act on a committee or to vote upon a question in which his private right, distinct from the public interest, is immediately concerned. (24, 63.) [1855; 1888; 1889.]
- 11. No member shall absent himself from the Senate without leave, unless there is a quorum without his presence. (17.) [1817.]

COMMITTEES.

12. The following standing committees shall be appointed at the beginning of the political year, to wit:—

A committee on the Judiciary;

A committee on Ways and Means;

Each to consist of five members.

A committee on Bills in the Third Reading;

A committee on Engrossed Bills;

Each to consist of three members.

A committee on Rules;

To consist of the President and four members. (20.)

[1831; 1836; 1840; 1844; 1847; 1863; 1864; 1870; 1876; 1882; 1885; 1886; 1888; 1891; 1896; 1897.]

13. Committees shall be appointed by the President, unless the Senate shall otherwise specially order, and the member first named upon a committee shall be its chairman. In case of the election of a committee by ballot, the member having the highest number of votes shall act as chairman. (21, 22.)

[1817; between 1821 and 1826; 1831; 1888.]

14. No committee shall be allowed to occupy the Senate Chamber without a vote of the Senate. (100.) [1836; 1863; 1888.]

15. No legislation affecting the rights of individuals or the rights of a private or municipal corporation, otherwise than as it affects generally the people of the whole Commonwealth or the people of the city or town to which it specifically applies, shall be proposed or introduced except by a petition, nor shall any bill or resolve embodying such legislation be reported by a committee, except upon a petition duly referred, nor shall such a bill or resolve be reported by a committee, whether on an original reference or on a recommittal with instructions to hear the parties, until it is made to appear to the satisfaction of the committee that proper notice of the proposed legislation has been given by public advertisement or otherwise to all parties interested, without expense to the Commonwealth, or until evidence satisfactory to the committee is produced that all parties interested have in writing waived notice. A committee reporting leave to withdraw or reference to the next General Court for want of proper notice or of a waiver thereof shall set forth this fact in its report, and no bill or resolve shall be in order as a substitute for, or amendment of, such report. Objection to the violation of this rule may be taken at any stage prior to that of the third reading. (31.)

[1870; 1871; 1885; 1890.]

16. When the object of an application, whether by petition, or bill or resolve introduced on leave, can be secured under existing laws, or, without detriment to the public interests, by a general law, the committee to whom the matter is referred shall report leave to withdraw, ought not to pass, or a general law, as the case may be. (30.) [1882; 1885; 1888; 1891; 1893.]

FORM OF BILLS AND RESOLVES.

17. Bills and resolves shall be presented in a legible form without material erasures or interlineations, on not

less than one sheet of paper, with suitable margins and spaces between the several sections or resolves, and dates and numbers shall be written in words at length. Bills amending existing laws shall not provide for striking words from, or inserting words in, such laws, unless such course is the best calculated to show clearly the subject and nature of the amendment. No repealed law and no law which has expired by limitation, and no part of any such law, shall be re-enacted by reference merely. (42.)

[1844; 1857; 1880; 1882; 1885; 1888; 1889.]

Introduction of Business.

- 18. Every member presenting a petition, memorial, or remonstrance, shall endorse his name thereon, and a brief statement of the nature and object of the instrument; and the reading of the instrument shall be dispensed with, unless specially ordered. (37.) [1831; 1888.]
- 19. All motions contemplating legislation shall be founded upon petition or upon bill or resolve proposed to be introduced on leave. Committees to whom messages from the Governor, reports of State officers, boards, commissions, and others authorized to report to the Legislature shall be referred, may report by bill or otherwise such legislation as may be germane to the subject-matter referred to them. (40.) [1858; 1888; 1891; 1893.]
- 20. All bills and resolves for introduction on leave, resolutions, and petitions for legislation accompanied by bills or resolves embodying the subject-matter prayed for, and all orders of inquiry, which are intended for presentation or introduction to the Senate, and all reports of State officers, shall first be deposited with the Clerk, and, prior to their presentation or introduction, shall be submitted by him to the committee on Rules for inspection. The committee shall examine the same for the purpose of ascertaining (1) whether the legislation proposed is

plainly and specifically stated or already provided for; (2) whether such bills, resolves, resolutions, petitions and orders are in proper form; and (3) that compliance has been had with the rules of the Senate and the joint rules of the two branches. Every such matter shall be returned by the committee on Rules to the Clerk not later than the third legislative day succeeding the day of its deposit with him, unless consent in writing to the longer detention thereof is filed with the Clerk by the member presenting the matter, and it shall be by the Clerk submitted to the President and by him laid before the Senate not later than on the next legislative day after it is so returned. Bills, resolves and resolutions which have been laid before the Senate and introduced shall be read, and shall be, by the President, with the consent of the Senate, referred to the appropriate committees. Prior to such reference, the President may, in his discretion, order bills and resolves, intended for introduction on leave or filed to accompany petitions, and resolutions, intended for introduction, to be printed; and when he so orders they shall, after they are introduced, be printed under the direction of the Clerk. They shall retain, during all subsequent stages, their original numbers and shall also bear such new numbers as may be necessary. Every petition which is not accompanied by a bill or resolve shall be deposited with the Clerk and be retained in his custody until a bill or resolve embodying the legislation prayed for shall be filed with him, when he shall present the same to the committee on Rules, to be disposed of as provided above. The Senate may at any time by order make any other disposition of petitions and remonstrances in the hands of the Clerk. Petitions and remonstrances relating to matters already sent to committees shall be by the President referred to the appropriate committees. (28.)

[1891; 1893; 1894.]

21. The committee on Rules shall make no change in the substance or form of any matter referred to them in

accordance with the preceding rule, without the consent of the member depositing the same, but upon the presentation or introduction of any such matter to the Senate it shall be the duty of some member of the committee on Rules, acting under the committee's instruction, to suggest any failure to comply with the rules, and to offer such amendment or propose such other action as is determined proper or necessary by the committee within the scope of its duties, as above set forth. If, upon such motion, before a petition is referred to a committee, the petitioner is given leave to withdraw because the petition is not in proper form, such action shall not be deemed to be a final rejection under Rule 54, and shall not prejudice the right of a member to present a petition for the same object conformably to the rules of the Senate and the joint rules of the two branches. [1893. - Partly embodied in Rule 20 of 1891.7

- 22. Any petition remaining in the hands of the Clerk subsequently to five o'clock in the afternoon of the last secular day in January, for the reason that no bill or resolve embodying the legislation prayed for has been presented, shall be forthwith submitted by him to the President, and by him, at the legislative session next succeeding, be referred to the next General Court. (29.) [1893; 1894; 1898.]
- 23. No bill or resolve shall be proposed or introduced unless received from the House of Representatives, reported by a committee, or moved as an amendment to the report of a committee, except that special leave may be granted to a member to introduce a bill or resolve, and such bill or resolve shall thereupon be referred to the proper committee for consideration and report. (47.)

[1881; 1882; 1888.]

24. The consideration of any order proposed for adoption, or of any request for leave to introduce a bill or resolve, or of any motion to suspend Senate Rule 15, or joint

rule 8, 9 or 12, shall be postponed without question to the day after that on which the order is proposed or request made, if any member asks such postponement. (41.)

[1885; 1891.]

25. A petition for the incorporation of a town or city, or for the division of an existing town or city, or for the incorporation of a railroad, street railway, elevated railroad or canal company, or for the amendment, alteration or extension of the charter or corporate powers or privileges of any such company, either specially incorporated or organized under general laws, or for authority to take water for a water supply, or relative to building structures over navigable or tide waters, shall be referred to the next General Court, and not to a committee, unless the petitioner has given the notice required by chapter 24 of the Acts of the year 1885, as amended by chapter 302 of the Acts of the year 1890, or by other provisions of law. A petition for the incorporation of a college or university or other educational institution, with power to grant degrees, or for amendment of the charter of an existing educational institution so that the said institution, not having such power, shall thereafter have power to grant degrees, shall also be referred to the next General Court, and not to a committee, unless the petitioner has given the notice required by chapter 381 of the Acts of the year 1896. But if, no objection being raised, any such petition is referred to a committee, without such required notice, the committee shall forthwith report reference to the next General Court, setting forth as the reason for such report, failure to give the required notice, unless evidence satisfactory to the committee is produced that all parties interested have in writing waived notice. In case a bill or resolve is reported by a committee upon such a petition, after proof of such waiver of notice, this fact shall be set forth in the report of the committee. When a report of reference to the next General Court is made by a committee on

account of failure to give the required notice, no bill or resolve shall be substituted for such report, nor shall such report be recommitted or referred to another committee; but reference of the petition to the next General Court for want of proper notice under this rule shall not affect action upon any other measure involving the same subjectmatter. (32.) [1890; 1891; 1898.] (See Rule 15.)

Course of Proceedings.

- 26. Bills and resolves from the House, after they are read a first time, shall be referred to a committee of the Senate, unless they have been reported by a joint committee or substituted for the report of a joint committee. Bills and resolves reported in the Senate, and bills and resolves from the House reported by joint committees or substituted for the reports of joint committees, shall, after they have been read once, be placed in the Orders of the Day for the next day for a second reading without a question, except as otherwise provided by Rule 27. Resolutions received from the House, or introduced or reported in the Senate, shall be read and, pending the question on their adoption, shall be placed in the Orders of the Day for the next day. (45, 56.) [1825; 1885; 1888; 1890; 1891; 1897.]
- 27. Bills and resolves involving the expenditure of public money, or a grant of public property, unless the subject-matter has been acted upon by the joint committee on Ways and Means, shall, after the first reading, be referred in course to the Senate committee on Ways and Means, whose duty it shall be to report on their relation to the finances of the Commonwealth or of any county thereof. (44.) [1871; 1882; 1887; 1888; 1889; 1896.]
- 28. No bill or resolve shall pass to be engrossed without three readings on three several days. (51.)

[1817; 1836; 1841; 1859; 1878; 1881; 1882; 1885.]

- 29. Bills and resolves, in their several readings, and resolutions, shall be read by their titles, unless objection is made. (48.) [1817; 1836; 1841; 1859; 1878; 1881; 1882; 1885; 1890.]
- report that the same ought not to pass, the question shall be "Shall this bill (or resolve) be rejected?" and if such committee report recommending that the same be referred to the next General Court, the question shall be "Shall this bill (or resolve) be referred to the next General Court?" If the rejection or the recommendation of reference to the next General Court is negatived, the bill or resolve, if it has been read but once, shall go to its second reading without a question; and if it has been read more than once it shall be placed in the Orders of the Day for the next day, pending the question on ordering to a third reading, or engrossment, as the case may be. (43.) [1817; 1836; 1841; 1859; 1878; 1881; 1882; 1885; 1897.]
- 31. If an amendment is made at the second or third reading of a bill or resolve, substantially changing the greater part thereof, the question shall not be put forthwith on ordering the bill or resolve to a third reading or to be engrossed, as the case may be, but the bill or resolve, as amended, shall be placed in the Orders of the next day after that on which the amendment is made, and shall then be open to further amendment before such question is put. In like manner, when an amendment is made in any proposition of such a nature as to change its character, as from a bill to an order, or the like, the proposition as amended shall be placed in the Orders of the next day after that on which the amendment was made. (62.) [1882; 1888.]
- 32. Bills or resolves ordered to a third reading shall be placed in the Orders for the next day for such reading. (58.) [1817; 1836; 1841; 1859; 1878; 1881; 1882; 1885.]

- 33. Bills and resolves when ordered to a third reading shall be referred to the committee on Bills in the Third Reading, whose duty it shall be to examine and correct them, for the purpose of avoiding repetitions and unconstitutional provisions, and of insuring accuracy in the text and references, and consistency with the language of existing statutes; but any change in the sense or legal effect, or any material change in construction, shall be reported to the Senate as an amendment. Resolutions received from the House or introduced or reported in the Senate shall, after they are read and before they are adopted, be referred, in like manner, to the committee on Bills in the Third Reading. When a bill, resolve or resolution has been so referred, no further action shall be taken until report thereon has been made by the committee. (26, 50.) [1817; 1836; 1882; 1888; 1890; 1891.]
- 34. Engrossed bills and resolves shall be referred to the committee on Engrossed Bills, whose duty it shall be carefully to compare the same with the bills or resolves as passed to be engrossed; and, if found by them to be rightly and truly engrossed, they shall so endorse on the envelope thereof; and the question of enactment or final passage shall be taken thereon without further reading, unless specially ordered. (27, 52, 54.)

Γ1817; 1831; 1882; 1888.]

ORDERS OF THE DAY.

- 35. The unfinished business in which the Senate was engaged at the time of the last adjournment shall have the preference in the Orders of the Day next after motions to reconsider. (60.) [1830; 1870.]
- 36. Reports of committees not by bill or resolve shall be placed in the Orders of the next day after that on which they are made to the Senate or received from the

House, as the case may be; except that the report of a committee asking to be discharged from the further consideration of a subject, and recommending that it be referred to another committee, shall be immediately considered. Amendments to a measure, which have been made by the House and sent back to the Senate for concurrence, shall be placed in the Orders of the next day after that on which they are received. (46, 57.)

[1845; 1853; 1888; 1891.]

37. After entering upon the consideration of the Orders of the Day, the Senate shall proceed with them in regular course, as follows: Matters not giving rise to a motion or debate shall first be disposed of in the order in which they stand in the calendar; then the matters that were passed over shall be considered and disposed of in like order. (59.)

[1817; 1836; 1841; 1859; 1878; 1882; 1885.]

38. No matter which has been duly placed in the Orders of the Day shall be discharged therefrom or considered out of its regular course. (61.) [1885.]

Rules of Debate.

 $39.\;\;$ Every member, when he speaks, shall stand in his place and address the President. (73.)

[1817; 1831; 1871.]

- **40.** When two or more members rise to speak at the same time, the President shall designate the member who is entitled to the floor. (74.) [1831; 1888.]
- 41. No member shall speak more than once to the prevention of any other member who has not spoken and desires to speak on the same question. (76.)

[1817; 1886.]

- 42. No member shall interrupt another while speaking, except by rising to call to order. (75.) [1817; 1831.]
- 43. After a question is put to vote no member shall speak to it. [1817.]

MOTIONS.

- **44.** Any motion shall be reduced to writing, if the President so directs. A motion need not be seconded and may be withdrawn by the mover if no objection is made. (77, 78.) [1817; 1844; 1871; 1888.]
- 45. A question containing two or more propositions, capable of division, shall be divided whenever desired by any member. When a motion to strike out and insert is thus divided, the failure of the motion to strike out shall not preclude amendment; or, if the motion to strike out prevails, the matter proposed to be inserted shall be open to amendment before the question is taken on inserting it. (91.) [1817; 1841; 1888.]
- 46. When a question is under debate the President shall receive no motion that does not relate to the same, except a motion to adjourn or some other motion which has precedence by express rule of the Senate, or because it is privileged in its nature; and he shall receive no motion relating to the same except:—
 - (1) To lay on the table;
 - (2) To close debate at a specified time;
 - (3) To postpone to a day certain;
 - (4) To commit (or recommit);
 - (5) To amend;
 - (6) To refer to the next General Court; or
 - (7) To postpone indefinitely;

These motions shall have precedence in the order in which they stand. (80.)

[Between 1821 and 1826; 1831; 1844; 1870; 1882; 1885; 1888.]

- 47. Debate may be closed at any time not less than one hour from the adoption of a motion to that effect. On this motion not more than ten minutes shall be allowed for debate, and no member shall speak more than three minutes. (85.) [1882.]
- **48.** When motions are made to refer a subject to different committees, the committees proposed shall be considered in the following order:—
 - (1) A standing committee of the Senate;
 - (2) A special committee of the Senate;
 - (3) A joint standing committee of the two branches;
 - (4) A joint special committee of the two branches. (88.) [1884; 1888.]
- 49. No engrossed bill or resolve shall be amended. (53.) [1837.]
- **50.** No motion or proposition of a subject different from that under consideration shall be admitted under the color of an amendment. (90.) [1882.]
- 51. In filling blanks the largest sum and longest time shall be put first. (87, 92.) [1882.]
- 52. The motion to adjourn, and the call for yeas and nays, shall be decided without debate. On the motions to lay on the table and take from the table, to commit or recommit (except with instructions), not exceeding ten minutes shall be allowed for debate, and no member shall speak more than three minutes. (69, 79)

[1817; 1859; 1870; 1874; 1882; 1885.]

RECONSIDERATION.

53. No motion to reconsider a vote shall be entertained unless it is made on the same day on which the vote has passed, or on the next day thereafter on which a quorum is present and before the Orders of the Day for that day have been taken up. If reconsideration is moved on the same day, the motion shall be placed first in the Orders of the Day for the succeeding day; but, if it is moved on the succeeding day, the motion shall be considered forthwith: provided, however, that this rule shall not prevent the reconsideration of a vote on a subsidiary, incidental or dependent question at any time when the main question to which it relates is under consideration; and provided, further, that a motion to reconsider a vote on any incidental, subsidiary or dependent question shall not remove the main subject under consideration from before the Senate, but shall be considered at the time when it is made. There shall be no reconsideration of the vote on the question on adjourning, for the yeas and nays, on laying on the table or on taking from the table; and when a motion for reconsideration has been decided, that decision shall not be reconsidered. (70, 71.)

[1817; between 1821 and 1826; 1858; 1885; 1888; 1891; 1902.]

REJECTED MEASURES.

54. When any measure has been finally rejected, no measure substantially the same shall be introduced by any committee or member during the session. (49.)

[1817 — dispensed with in 1831, and revived in 1838 — amended in 1841; 1844; 1877; 1882.]

VOTING.

- 55. The President shall declare all votes; but if a member doubts a vote, the President shall order a return of the number voting in the affirmative, and in the negative, without further debate. (3, 66.) [1831; 1888.]
- 56. When a member moves that a question be taken by yeas and nays, the President shall take the sense of the Senate in that manner, provided one-fifth of the members present so direct. If, before the question is taken, a member states to the Senate that he has paired with another member and how each would vote on the pending question, the fact shall be entered on the journal immediately after the record of the yeas and nays, and such member shall be excused from voting. (68.)

[1817; 1852; 1888.]

57. Whenever a question is taken by yeas and nays, the Clerk shall call the names of all the members, except the President, in alphabetical order, and every member present shall answer to his name, unless excused before the vote is taken; and no member shall be permitted to vote after the decision is announced from the chair. (64, 68.)

「1837; 1844. 7

ELECTIONS BY BALLOT.

58. In all elections by ballot a time shall be assigned for such election, at least one day previous thereto, except in case of an election of President or President protempore, under the provisions of Rule 5. (96.)

[1831; 1891.]

REPORTERS.

59. Seats for reporters shall be numbered, and assigned by lot, under the direction of the Clerk of the Senate. [1847.]

THE SENATE CHAMBER AND ADJOINING ROOMS.

60. No person not a member shall be allowed to sit at the Senate table while the Senate is in session. (99.)
[1853; 1888.]

61. No person, except members of the legislative and executive departments of the State government, persons in the exercise of an official duty directly connected with the business of the Senate, and legislative reporters, shall be admitted to the floor of the Senate Chamber or to any of the Senate apartments, or to that part of the Senate corridor that is between the reception-room, formerly the old Senate Chamber, and the present Senate Chamber. during the sessions of the Senate, or during the half hour preceding or succeeding said sessions, unless invited by the President or the Clerk, or introduced by a Senator in person, or by card of invitation, at the time of such admission. No person, except members of the legislative and executive departments of the State government, persons in the exercise of an official duty directly connected with the business of the Senate, and legislative reporters, shall be permitted to loiter in the reading-room, the cloak-room, the reception-room or the Senate corridor at any time. Smoking shall not be permitted in the reception-room. (99.)

[1870; 1875; 1886; 1891; 1895; 1896; 1897; 1898.]

PARLIAMENTARY PRACTICE.

62. The rules of parliamentary practice comprised in the revised edition of Crocker's Principles of Procedure in Deliberative Bodies, and the principles of parliamentary law set forth in Cushing's Law and Practice of Legislative Assemblies, shall govern the Senate in all cases to which they are applicable, and in which they are not inconsistent with the rules of the Senate, or the joint rules of the two branches. (101.)

[1847; 1858; 1882; 1895.]

ALTERATIONS, SUSPENSION OR REPEAL OF RULES.

63. This rule and rules 24, 31, 33, 34 and 53, shall not be suspended if objection is made; rule 22 shall not be rescinded, amended or suspended, except by a vote of four-fifths of the members present and voting thereon; and no other rule shall be altered, suspended, or repealed, except by vote of two-thirds of the members present and voting thereon. (103.)

[1817; 1841; 1848; 1882; 1888; 1891; 1893; 1899.]

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RULES

OF THE

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.



RULES

OF THE

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

[This schedule of Rules was adopted Jan. 27, 1874. Subsequent amendments are noted under each Rule which has been amended.]

SPEAKER.

- 1. The Speaker shall take the chair at the hour to which the House stands adjourned, call the members to order, and, on the appearance of a quorum, proceed to business. (Senate Rule 1.)
- 2. He shall preserve decorum and order; may speak to points of order in preference to other members; and shall decide all questions of order, subject to an appeal to the House. (2.)

[With regard to appeals, see Rules 83 and 94.]

3. He shall declare all votes, subject to verification as hereinafter provided. (53.)

[See Rules 65 to 69.]

- 4. In all cases he may vote. (3.)
- 5. He shall rise to put a question, or to address the House, but may read sitting. (2.)
 - 6. He shall each day examine the Journal of the House.

7. He may appoint a member to perform the duties of the chair for a period not exceeding three days at one time. (4.)

[Amended Jan. 14, 1892.]

8. In case of a vacancy in the office of Speaker, or in case the Speaker or the member named by him in accordance with the preceding rule is absent at the hour to which the House stands adjourned, the senior member present shall call the House to order, and shall preside until a Speaker pro tempore or a Speaker is elected by ballot, which shall be the first business in order. (5.)

MONITORS.

- 9. Two monitors shall be appointed by the Speaker for each division of the House, whose duty it shall be to see to the due observance of the rules and, on request of the Speaker, to return the number of votes and members in their respective divisions.
- 10. If a member transgress any of the rules after being notified thereof by a monitor, it shall be the duty of such monitor to report the case to the House.

[See Rule 19.]

CLERK.

11. The Clerk shall keep the journal of the House. He shall enter therein a record of each day's proceedings, and submit it to the Speaker before the hour fixed for the next sitting, and shall cause the same to be printed daily. (6.)

[Amended Jan. 16, 1888.]

12. Every question of order with the decision thereon shall be entered at large in the journal, and shall be noted in an appendix, which shall also contain the rules of the House, and of the two branches. (6.)

[Amended Feb. 2, 1891.]

13. The Clerk shall prepare and cause to be printed each day a calendar of matters in order for consideration; a list of matters lying on the table; and such other memoranda as the House or the Speaker may direct. (7.)

[Amended Jan. 16, 1888.]

- 14. Any objection to the calendar shall be made and disposed of before the House votes to proceed to the consideration of the Orders of the Day.
- 15. The Clerk shall retain bills and other papers, in reference to which any member has a right to move a reconsideration (except petitions, enacted bills, orders of inquiry and orders of notice), until the right of reconsideration has expired: provided, that the operation of this rule shall be suspended during the last week of the session. (8.)

MEMBERS.

16. No member shall stand up, to the inconvenience of others, while a member is speaking; or pass unnecessarily between the Speaker of the House and the member speaking; or stand in the passages, or in the area in front of the chair; or stand at the Clerk's desk while a roll-call is in progress.

[Amended Feb. 2, 1891.]

17. No member shall be absent more than two days, without leave of the House. No member shall absent himself from the House without leave, unless there be a quorum without his presence. When it appears to the presiding officer that the presence of a quorum is endangered he shall order the doors to be closed until the House takes action thereon. (11.)

[Amended Feb. 2, 1891.]

18. Papers in possession of a member obtaining leave of absence, or at the end of the session, shall be left by him with the Clerk.

19. If a member is guilty of a breach of any of the rules, he may be required by the House, on motion, to make satisfaction therefor; and, until he has done so, he shall not be allowed to vote or speak, except by way of excuse.

[See Rule 10.]

COMMITTEES.

20. At the beginning of the political year, standing committees shall be appointed as follows:— (12.)

A committee on Rules;

(to consist of the Speaker, who shall be chairman of the committee, and ten other members).

A committee on Ways and Means;

A committee on the Judiciary;

(to consist of eleven members each).

A committee on Elections;

(to consist of seven members).

A committee on Bills in the Third Reading;

A committee on Engrossed Bills;

A committee on Pay-Roll;

(to consist of three members each).

[Amended Feb. 2, 1891; Jan. 2, 1896; Jan. 11, 1897; Jan. 10, 1898; Jan. 7, 1901.]

- 21. Unless other provision is made in any case all committees shall be appointed by the Speaker, and the member first named shall be chairman. (13.)
- 22. In case of the election of a committee by ballot, the member having the highest number of votes shall be chairman. (13.)
- 23. No member shall be required to be on more than two committees at the same time, or chairman of more than one.

- **24.** No member shall serve on any committee in any question where his private right is immediately concerned, distinct from the public interest. (10.)
- 25. The committee on Ways and Means shall report, in appropriation bills, only such items of expenditure as are authorized by law, or such as the committee has been directed by the House to insert, and shall state in its report the total amount of appropriations in the accompanying bill; and also at the end of each item in said bill the amount, if any, appropriated the previous year for the same purpose.

[Amended Feb. 2, 1891; Jan. 2, 1896.]

26. The committee on Bills in the Third Reading shall examine and correct the bills which are referred to it, for the purpose of avoiding repetitions and unconstitutional provisions, insuring accuracy in the text and references, and consistency with the language of existing statutes: provided, that any change in the sense or legal effect, or any material change in construction, shall be reported to the House as an amendment. (33.)

[Amended Jan. 15, 1880.]

- 27. The committee on Engrossed Bills shall carefully examine and compare engrossed bills, and report them rightly and truly engrossed, when found to be so, without delay. (34.)
- 28. All resolutions, bills and resolves for introduction on leave, intended for presentation by any member of the House, and all reports of State officers, shall first be deposited with the Clerk, and prior to their presentation shall be submitted by him to the Speaker for his examination; and not later than the fourth legislative day succeeding the day of their deposit with the Clerk, the Speaker shall, before the orders of the day are considered, present the same to the House, when they, in the case of resolutions, bills and resolves, shall be read, and shall by the Speaker

with the consent of the House be referred to the appropriate committee; and all such resolutions, bills and resolves shall be printed under the direction of the Clerk. They shall retain their original provided numbers, when reprinted, together with new numbers thereafter, during all subsequent stages. All petitions asking for legislation shall, if accompanied by a bill or resolve embodying the subject-matter prayed for, be referred with such bill or resolve as provided above. The same disposition shall be made of petitions and remonstrances referring to matters previously sent to a committee. Petitions not so accompanied shall be retained in the custody of the Clerk until a bill or resolve embodying the legislation praved for shall be filed with him, when he shall present the same to the Speaker, to be disposed of as provided above. The House may at any time by order make any other disposition of petitions and remonstrances in the hands of the Clerk. (20.)

[Adopted Jan. 13, 1893; amended Jan. 11, March 30, 1894, and March 14, 1899.]

29. Any petition remaining in the hands of the Clerk subsequent to five o'clock in the afternoon on the last secular day in January, for the reason that no bill or resolve embodying the legislation prayed for has been presented, shall be forthwith submitted by him to the Speaker, and by him, at the legislative session next succeeding, be referred to the next General Court. This rule shall not be rescinded or revoked or suspended except by a vote of four-fifths of the members present and voting thereon. (22.) [Adopted Jan. 13, 1893; amended Jan. 11, 1894; Jan. 10, 1898.]

30. When the object of an application can be secured

30. When the object of an application can be secured without a special act under existing laws, or, without detriment to the public interests, by a general law, the committee to which the matter is referred shall report such general law, or leave to withdraw, or ought not to pass, as the case may be. (16)

[Amended Jan. 15, 1880; Jan. 13, 1893.]

- 31. No legislation affecting the rights of individuals or the rights of a private or municipal corporation, otherwise than as it affects generally the people of the whole Commonwealth or the people of the city or town to which it specifically applies, shall be proposed or introduced except upon a petition; nor shall any bill or resolve embodying such legislation be reported by a committee except upon a petition duly referred; nor shall such a bill or resolve be reported by a committee, whether on an original reference or on a recommittal with instructions to hear the parties, until it is made to appear to the satisfaction of the committee that proper notice of the proposed legislation has been given, by public advertisement or otherwise, to all parties interested, without expense to the Commonwealth, or until evidence satisfactory to the committee is produced that all parties interested have in writing waived notice. A committee reporting leave to withdraw or reference to the next General Court, for want of proper notice or of a waiver thereof, shall set forth this fact in its report, and no bill or resolve shall be in order as a substitute for or amendment of such report. Objection to the violation of this rule may be taken at any stage prior to that of the third reading. (15.) [Adopted Feb. 11, 1890; amended Jan. 13, 1893.]
- 32. A petition for the incorporation of a town or city, or for the division of an existing town or city, or for the incorporation of a railroad, street railway, elevated railroad or canal company, or for the amendment, alteration, or extension of the charter or corporate powers or privileges of any such company, either specially incorporated or organized under general laws, or for authority to take water for a water supply, or relative to building structures over navigable or tide waters, shall be referred to the next General Court, and not to a committee, unless the petitioner has given the notice required by chapter 3 of the

Revised Laws or by other provisions of law; a petition for the incorporation of a college or university or other educational institution, with power to grant degrees, or for an amendment of the charter of an existing educational institution so that the said institution not having such power shall thereafter have power to grant degrees, shall also be referred to the next General Court, and not to a committee. unless the petitioner has given the notice required by chapter 3 of the Revised Laws; but if, no objection being raised, any such petition is referred to a committee without such required notice, the committee shall forthwith report reference to the next General Court, setting forth as the reason for such report failure to give the required notice, unless evidence satisfactory to the committee is produced that all parties interested have in writing waived notice. In case a bill or resolve is reported by a committee upon such a petition, after proof of such waiver of notice, this fact shall be set forth in the report of the committee. When a report of reference to the next General Court is made by a committee, on account of failure to give the required notice, no bill or resolve shall be substituted for such report, nor shall such report be recommitted or referred to another committee; but reference of the petition to the next General Court for want of proper notice under this rule shall not affect action upon any other measure involving the same subject-matter. (25.)

[Adopted Feb. 11, 1890; amended Feb. 2, 1891; Feb. 18, 1898; Feb. 6, 1902.]

33. On or before the second Wednesday in March, committees shall make final report upon matters referred to them prior to that day.

[Amended Feb. 15, 1883; Feb. 2, 1891; Jan. 25, 1894.]

Committee of the Whole.

- 34. When the House determines to go into a committee of the whole, the chairman shall be appointed by the Speaker.
- 35. The rules of the House shall be observed in a committee of the whole, so far as they may be applicable, except the rules limiting debate. A motion to rise, report progress, and ask leave to sit again, shall be always first in order and be decided without debate.

REGULAR COURSE OF PROCEEDINGS.

Petitions, etc., and Reports of Committees.

- 36. Petitions, memorials, remonstrances and papers of a like nature, and reports of committees, shall be presented before the House proceeds to the consideration of the Orders of the Day, and the Speaker shall call for such papers.
- 37. The member presenting a petition, memorial, or remonstrance, shall indorse his name thereon, with a brief statement of the nature and object of the paper; and the reading thereof shall be dispensed with, unless specially ordered. (18.)

Papers from the Senate.

38. Papers from the Senate shall be laid before the House by the Speaker, and received for action conformably to such of these rules as are applicable thereto, before the House proceeds to the consideration of the Orders of the Day.

Papers addressed to the House, not Petitions.

39. Papers addressed to the House, or the General Court, other than petitions, memorials and remonstrances, or those received from the Senate, may be presented by the Speaker, or by a member in his place, and shall be

read, unless it is specially ordered that the reading be dispensed with.

Motions contemplating Legislation, &c.

40. All motions contemplating legislation shall be founded upon petition or upon bill or resolve proposed to be introduced on leave.

The committee on Ways and Means may originate and report appropriation bills based upon existing law. Messages from the Governor shall, unless otherwise ordered, be referred to the appropriate committee, which may report by bill or otherwise thereon. A similar disposition shall, unless otherwise ordered, be made of reports by State officers and recess committees authorized to report to the Legislature, and similar action may be had thereon. (19.) [Amended Jan. 13, 1893; Jan. 2, 1896.]

Postponement to the Next Day on Request of a Member.

41. The consideration of an order proposed for adoption, except as provided in joint rule twenty-eight or House rule one hundred and four, or of any request for leave to introduce a bill, or any motion to suspend joint rules eight or thirteen, or House rules thirty-one, forty-five or forty-six, shall be postponed without question to the day after that on which the order is proposed or request or motion made, if any member asks such postponement. (24.)

[Amended June 13, 1890; Jan. 13, 1893; March 14, 1899.]

Bills and Resolves. [See Rule 95.]

42. Bills shall be printed or written in a legible hand, without material erasure or interlineation, on not less than one sheet of paper, with suitable margins and spaces between the several sections, dates and numbers being written in words at length. Bills amending existing laws shall not provide for striking words from, or inserting words in, such laws, unless such course is best calculated

to show clearly the subject and nature of the amendment. No repealed law, and no part of any repealed law, shall be re-enacted by reference merely. (17.)

[Amended Jan. 15, 1880; Feb. 2, 1891.]

43. If a committee to whom a bill is referred report that the same ought not to pass, the question shall be, "Shall this bill be rejected?" If the question on rejection is negatived, the bill, if it has been read but once, shall go to a second reading without question; otherwise it shall be placed in the orders for the next day, pending the question on ordering to a third reading, or engrossment, as the case may be. (30.)

[Amended Jan. 10, 1883.]

44. Bills involving an expenditure of public money, or grant of public property, unless the subject-matter has been acted upon by the joint committee on Ways and Means, shall, after their first reading, be referred to the committee on Ways and Means, for report on their relation to the finances of the Commonwealth. New provisions shall not be added to such bills by the committee on Ways and Means, unless directly connected with the financial features thereof. Bills involving an expenditure of county money shall, after their first reading, be referred to the committee on Counties on the part of the House, for report on their relation to the finances of the county affected, unless the subject-matter thereof has been previously acted upon by the joint committee on Counties; and no new provisions shall be added to such bills by the committee on Counties on the part of the House unless directly connected with the financial features thereof. (27.)

[Amended Jan. 24, 1887; Feb. 11, 1890; Jan. 25, 1895; Jan. 29, 1895; Jan. 2, 1896; Jan. 27, 1896; Jan. 10, 1898.]

45. Bills from the Senate, after their first reading, shall be referred to a committee of the House, unless they were reported to the Senate by a joint committee. (26.)

46. Amendments proposed by the Senate and sent back to the House for concurrence shall be referred to the committee which reported the measure proposed to be amended, unless such committee is composed of members of both branches; in which case such amendments shall be placed in the Orders of the Day for the next day. (36.)

[Amended April 9, 1878.]

- 47. No bill shall be proposed or introduced unless received from the Senate, reported by a committee, or moved as an amendment to the report of a committee: provided, that the House may grant special leave to a member to introduce a bill; but, when leave is asked for the introduction of a bill, it shall be read for information before the question is put on granting leave; and, if leave is granted, it shall be committed before it is ordered to a second reading. (23.)
- 48. Bills, resolves and other papers that have been, or, under the rules or usage of the House, are to be printed, shall be read by their titles only, unless the full reading is requested. (29.)

[Adopted Jan. 10, 1883.]

49. When a bill, order, petition, memorial or remonstrance has been finally rejected by the House, no measure substantially the same shall be introduced by any committee or member during the same session. (54.)

[Amended April 26, 1877; Feb. 11, 1890.]

50. Bills in their third reading shall be referred to the committee on Bills in the Third Reading for examination, correction and report. Resolutions received from and adopted by the Senate, or reported in the House, shall, after they are read and before they are adopted, be referred in like manner to the committee on Bills in the Third Reading. When a bill or resolution has been so referred,

such bill or resolution shall not be acted upon until report thereon has been made by the committee. (33.)

[Amended Jan. 10, 1898.] [See Rule 26.]

- 51. No bill shall pass to be engrossed without having been read on three several days. (28.)
- **52.** Engrossed bills shall be referred to the committee on Engrossed Bills for examination, comparison and report. (34.)

[See Rule 27.]

- 53. No engrossed bill shall be amended except by striking out the enacting clause. (34.) (49.) [Amended Feb. 2, 1891.]
- 54. Engrossed bills, reported by the committee on Engrossed Bills to be rightly and truly engrossed, shall be put upon their passage to be enacted; and engrossed resolves, when so reported, shall be put upon their passage without further reading, unless specially ordered. (34.)
- 55. No engrossed bill shall be sent to the Senate without notice thereof being given by the Speaker.

Orders of the Day.

56. Bills from the Senate, after their first reading, when not referred to a committee of the House, bills favorably reported to the House by committees, and bills the question of the rejection of which is negatived, shall be placed in the orders for the next day, and, if they have been read but once, shall go to a second reading without question. Resolutions received from and adopted by the Senate, or reported in the House by committees, shall, after they are read, be placed in the orders of the day for the next day. (26.)

[Amended Jan. 10, 1883; Feb. 5, 1886; Jan. 10, 1898.]

- 57. Reports of committees not by bill or resolve shall be placed in the orders of the next day after that on which they are received from the Senate, or made to the House, as the case may be: provided, that the report of a committee asking to be discharged from the further consideration of a subject, and recommending that it be referred to another committee, shall be immediately considered and shall not be subject to the provisions of rule fifteen. (36.)

 [Amended Jan. 15, 1880; Feb. 2, 1891.]
- 58. Bills ordered to a third reading shall be placed in the orders of the next day for such reading. (32.) (33.) [Amended Feb. 2, 1891; Jan. 10, 1898.]
- 59. After entering upon the consideration of the Orders of the Day, the House shall proceed with them in regular course as follows: Matters not giving rise to a motion or debate shall first be disposed of in the order in which they stand in the calendar; after which the matters that were passed over shall be considered in like order and disposed of. (37.)
- 60. When the House does not finish the consideration of the Orders of the Day, those which had not been acted upon shall be the orders of the next and each succeeding day until disposed of, and shall be entered in the calendar, without change in their order, to precede matters added under rules fifty-six, fifty-seven and fifty-eight. The unfinished business in which the House was engaged at the time of adjournment shall have the preference in the orders of the next day, after motions to reconsider. (35.)

[Amended Jan. 13, 1893.]

Special Rules affecting the Course of Proceedings.

[For postponement of Order, etc., to the next day, on request of a member, see Rule 41.]

61. No matter which has been duly placed in the Orders of the Day shall be discharged therefrom, or con-

sidered out of the regular course. This rule shall not be rescinded or revoked or suspended except by a vote of four-fifths of the members present and voting thereon. (38)

[Amended Jan. 10, 1895.]

62. If, under the operation of the previous question, or otherwise, an amendment is made at the second or third reading of a bill substantially changing the greater part of such bill, the question shall not be put forthwith on ordering the bill to a third reading or to be engrossed (as the case may be), but the bill, as amended, shall be placed in the orders of the next day after that on which the amendment is made, and shall then be open to further amendment before such question is put. In like manner, when, under the operation of the previous question or otherwise, an amendment is made in any proposition of such a nature as to change its character, as from a bill to an order, or the like, the proposition as amended shall be placed in the orders of the next day after that on which the amendment was made. (31.)

VOTING.

- 63. No member shall vote upon any question where his private right is immediately concerned, distinct from the public interest. (10.)
- 64. Members desiring to be excused from voting shall make application to that effect before the division of the House or the taking of the yeas and nays is begun. Such application may be accompanied by a brief statement of reasons by the member making it, but shall be decided without debate, and shall not be subject to the provisions of rule sixty-eight. (57.)

[Amended Jan. 8, 1877; Feb. 5, 1886; Jan. 13, 1893.]

- 65. When a question is put, the sense of the House shall be taken by the voices of the members, and the Speaker shall first announce the vote as it appears to him by the sound. (55.)
- 66. If the Speaker is unable to decide by the sound of the voices, or if his announcement made thereupon is doubted by a member rising in his place for that purpose, the Speaker shall order a return by divisions of the number voting in the affirmative and in the negative, without further debate upon the question. (55.)

[For duty of monitors in case of a division, see Rule 9.]

67. When a return by divisions is ordered, the members for or against the question, when called on by the Speaker, shall rise in their places, and stand until they are counted. If upon the taking of such a vote the presence of a quorum is doubted, a count of the House shall be had, and if a quorum is present the vote shall stand.

[Amended Feb. 11, 1889.]

68. The sense of the House shall be taken by yeas and nays whenever required by thirty of the members present. When the yeas and nays are taken, the roll of the House shall be called in alphabetical order, and no member shall be allowed to vote who was not on the floor before the vote is declared. If, before the question is taken, a member states to the House that he has paired with another member, and how each would vote upon the pending question, the fact shall be entered on the journal immediately after the record of the yeas and nays, and such members shall be excused from voting, but shall be included with the members voting for the purposes of a quorum. (56.)

[Amended Jan. 4, 1878; April 2, 1878; April 1, 1879; Feb. 2, 1891; Jan. 10, 1895.]

69. The call for the yeas and nays shall be decided without debate. If the yeas and nays have been ordered

before the question is put, the proceedings under rules sixty-five, sixty-six and sixty-seven shall be omitted; if not, they may be called for in lieu-of a return by divisions when the Speaker's announcement is doubted by a member rising in his place, and, if then ordered, the proceedings under rules sixty-six and sixty-seven shall be omitted. (52.)

[Amended Jan. 13, 1893.]

Reconsideration.

70. No motion to reconsider a vote shall be entertained unless it is made on the same day on which the vote was passed, or before the orders of the day have been taken up on the next day thereafter on which a quorum is present. If reconsideration is moved on the same day, the motion shall (except during the last week of the session) be placed first in the orders of the day for the succeeding day; but, if it is moved on the succeeding day, the motion shall be considered forthwith: provided, however, that this rule shall not prevent the reconsideration of a vote on a subsidiary, incidental or dependent question at any time when the main question to which it relates is under consideration; and provided, further, that a motion to reconsider a vote on any subsidiary, incidental or dependent question shall not remove the main subject under consideration from before the House, but shall be considered at the time when it is made. (53.)

[Amended June 13, 1890; Feb. 2, 1891; Feb. 7, 1902.]

71. When a motion for reconsideration is decided, that decision shall not be reconsidered, and no question shall be twice reconsidered; nor shall any vote be reconsidered upon either of the following motions:—

to adjourn, to lay on the table, to take from the table; or, for the previous question. (53.) 72. Debate on motions to reconsider shall be limited to thirty minutes, and no member shall occupy more than five minutes; but on a motion to reconsider a vote upon any subsidiary or incidental question, debate shall be limited to ten minutes, and no member shall occupy more than three minutes.

[Amended Feb. 5, 1886; June 13, 1890.]

[For rule requiring the Clerk to retain papers, except, etc., until the right of reconsideration has expired, see Rule 15.]

RULES OF DEBATE.

- 73. Every member, when about to speak, shall rise and respectfully address the Speaker; shall confine himself to the question under debate, and avoid personalities; and shall sit down when he has finished. No member shall speak out of his place without leave of the Speaker. (39.)
- **74.** When two or more members rise at the same time the Speaker shall name the member entitled to the floor, preferring one who rises in his place to one who does not. (40.)
- 75. No member shall interrupt another while speaking, except by rising to call to order. (42.)
- 76. No member shall speak more than once to the prevention of those who have not spoken and desire to speak on the same question. (41.)

Motions.

- 77. Every motion shall be reduced to writing, if the Speaker so directs. (44.)
- 78. A motion need not be seconded, and may be withdrawn by the mover if no objection is made. (44.)

Limit of Debate.

79. A motion to adjourn shall be always first in order, and shall be decided without debate; and on the motions to lay on the table, to take from the table, for the previous question, to close debate at a specified time, to postpone to a time certain, to commit or recommit, not exceeding ten minutes shall be allowed for debate, and no member shall speak more than three minutes. (52.)

[Amended Feb. 19, 1878; Jan. 26, 1880; Feb. 2, 1891; March 14, 1899.] [For application to be excused from voting, to be decided without debate, see Rule 64.]

[For call for yeas and nays, to be decided without debate, see Rule 69.]

[For questions of order, arising after the previous question is moved, to be decided without debate, except on appeal, see Rule 83.]

80. When a question is before the House, until it is disposed of, the Speaker shall receive no motion that does not relate to the same, except the motion to adjourn, or some other motion that has precedence either by express rule of the House, or because it is privileged in its nature; and he shall receive no motion relating to the same, except,—

to lay on the table,
for the previous question,
to close the debate at a specified time,
to postpone to a time certain,
to commit (or recommit),
to amend,

See Rule 79.
See Rules 79, 81–86.
See Rules 79, 85, 86.
See Rules 79 and 87.
See Rules 79 and 88.
See Rules 89–92.

to refer to the next General Court, which several motions shall have precedence in the order in which they are arranged in this rule. (46.)

[Amended Jan. 14, 1892.]

Previous Question.

81. The previous question shall be put in the following form: "Shall the main question be now put?"—and all

debate upon the main question shall be suspended until the previous question is decided.

82. On the previous question debate shall be allowed only to give reasons why the main question should not be put.

[Amended March 14, 1899.]

- 83. All questions of order arising after a motion is made for the previous question shall be decided without debate, excepting on appeal; and on such appeal, no member shall speak more than once without leave of the House.

 [See Rule 94.]
- 84. The adoption of the previous question shall put an end to all debate except as provided in rule eighty-six, and bring the House to a direct vote upon pending amendments, if any, in their regular order, and then upon the main question.

[Amended Jan. 14, 1892; Jan. 13, 1893.]

Motion to Close Debate at a Specified Time.

85. Debate may be closed at any time not less than thirty minutes from the adoption of a motion to that effect. In case the time is extended by unanimous consent, the same rule shall apply at the end of the extended time as at the time originally fixed. (47.)

[Amended Jan. 8, 1877; Jan. 15, 1880; March 14, 1899.] [See the next rule.]

When Debate is closed, Ten Minutes allowed, etc.

86. When debate is closed by ordering the previous question, or by a vote to close debate at a specified time, the member in charge of the measure under consideration shall be allowed to speak ten minutes, and may grant to any other member any portion of his time. When the measure under consideration has been referred to the

committee on Ways and Means, under House rule forty-four, the member originally reporting it shall be considered in charge, except where the report of the committee on Ways and Means is substantially different from that referred to them, in which case the member originally reporting the measure, and the member of the committee on Ways and Means reporting thereon, shall each be allowed to speak five minutes, the latter to have the close. When the member entitled to speak under this rule is absent, the member standing first in order upon the committee reporting the measure, who is present and joined in the report, shall have the right to occupy such time.

[Amended March 28, 1877; Feb. 11, 1890; Jan. 13, 1893; Jan. 2, 1896.]

Motion to Postpone to a Time Certain.

87. When a motion is made to postpone to a time certain, and different times are proposed, the question shall first be taken on the most remote time; and the time shall be determined before the question is put on postponement, which may then be rejected if the House see fit. (51.)

Motion to Commit.

88. When a motion is made to commit, and different committees are proposed, the question shall be taken in the following order:—

a standing committee of the House,

a select committee of the House,

a joint standing committee,

a joint select committee;

and a subject may be recommitted to the same committee or to another committee at the pleasure of the House. (48.)

Motions to Amend.

89. A motion to amend an amendment may be received; but no amendment in the third degree shall be allowed.

- 90. No motion or proposition on a subject different from that under consideration shall be admitted under color of amendment. (50.)
- 91. A question containing two or more propositions capable of division shall be divided whenever desired by any member. When a motion to strike out and insert is thus divided, the failure of the motion to strike out shall not preclude amendment; or, if the motion to strike out prevails, the matter proposed to be inserted shall be open to amendment before the question is taken on inserting it. (45.)
- 92. In filling blanks, the largest sum and longest time shall be put first. (51.)

Enacting Clause.

93. A motion to strike out the enacting clause of a bill shall only be received when the bill is before the House for enactment.

[Amended June 13, 1890.]

APPEAL.

94. No appeal from the decision of the Speaker shall be entertained unless it is seconded; and no other business shall be in order until the question on the appeal has been disposed of.

[See Rule 83.]

RESOLVES.

95. Such of these rules as are applicable to bills, whether of the House or of the Senate, shall apply likewise to such resolves as require the concurrence of the Senate and approval by the Governor, in order to become laws and have force as such; except in rule fifty-four the word "bill" shall be equivalent to the word "resolve" in the same place.

[Amended Jan. 13, 1893.]

ELECTIONS BY BALLOT.

96. A time shall be assigned for elections by ballot, at least one day previous thereto, except in the cases provided for in rule eight. (58.)

[Amended Feb. 2, 1891.]

SECRET SESSION.

97. All proceedings in secret session, and matters relating thereto, shall be kept secret until the House removes the injunction of secrecy.

SEATS.

- 98. (1.) The desk on the right of the Speaker shall be assigned to the use of the Clerk and such persons as he may employ to assist him, and that on the left to the use of the Chairmen of the committees on Bills in the Third Reading and on Engrossed Bills.
- (2.) The senior member of the House, and the oldest member of the House who is not the senior member, shall be allowed to select their seats from those not otherwise assigned, before the drawing of seats by the members.

[Amended Jan. 7, 1878.]

(3.) The seat numbered 30, in the first division, shall be assigned to the use of the Chairman of the committee on the Judiciary; and that numbered 13, in the fourth division, to the use of the Chairman of the committee on Ways and Means.

[Amended Jan. 7, 1878; Jan. 6, 1882; Jan. 7, 1895; Jan. 2, 1896; Jan. 11, 1897; Jan. 10, 1898.]

(4.) The following seats shall be assigned to the use of the monitors:—

Those numbered 86 and 78, in the first division;

77 and 72, in the second division;

71 and 66, in the third division;

65 and 57, in the fourth division.

[Amended Jan. 6, 1882; Jan. 7, 1895.]

- (5.) The first business in order, after the appointment of standing committees and monitors is announced by the Speaker, shall be the drawing of the other seats upon the floor of the House.
- (6.) The Clerk shall call the roll of the members in alphabetical order, omitting the names of the Speaker, the senior member, the oldest member, the chairmen of committees hereinbefore mentioned, and the monitors; and the drawing shall be had in presence of the House, under the supervision of a committee of three selected from the members mentioned in this paragraph.
- (7.) The seat assigned to any member, or drawn by him, shall be his seat for the year, unless an exchange is made and notice thereof given to the Sergeant-at-Arms within five days from the day of the drawing.

PRIVILEGE OF THE FLOOR.

- 99. The following persons shall be entitled to admission to the floor of the House, during the session thereof, to occupy seats not numbered:—
- (1.) The Governor and Lieutenant-Governor, members of the Executive Council, Secretary of the Commonwealth, Treasurer and Receiver-General, Auditor, Attorney-General, Librarian and Assistant Librarian.
 - (2.) The members of the Senate.
- (3.) Persons in the exercise of an official duty directly connected with the business of the House.
- (4.) The legislative reporters assigned to seats in the reporters' gallery. (58.)
- (5.) Contestants for seats in the House, whose papers are in the hands of the committee on Elections, may be admitted, while their cases are pending, to seats to be assigned by the Speaker.

No other person shall be admitted to the floor during

the session except upon the permission of the Speaker. (60.) (61.)

[Adopted Jan. 10, 1890; amended Jan. 25, 1894; March 14, 1899.]

REPRESENTATIVES' CHAMBER AND ADJOINING ROOMS.

100. Use of the Representatives' Chamber shall not be granted except by a vote of four-fifths of the members present and voting thereon.

No person shall be admitted to the members' corridor and adjoining rooms, except persons entitled to the privilege of the floor of the House, unless upon written invitation, bearing the name of the person it is desired to invite and the name of the member extending the invitation, which invitation shall be surrendered upon the person entering the corridor. No legislative agent or counsel shall be admitted to said corridor and adjoining rooms.

No smoking shall be allowed in the writing room of the House or in the ladies' parlor.

No person shall be admitted to the north gallery of the House except upon a card of a member; and no person shall be so admitted except ladies, or gentlemen accompanied by ladies.

[Amended Feb. 2, 1891; Feb. 5, 1895; Feb. 6, 1900.]

PARLIAMENTARY PRACTICE.

101. The rules of parliamentary practice shall govern the House in all cases to which they are applicable, and in which they are not inconsistent with these rules or the joint rules of the two branches. (62.)

DEBATE ON MOTIONS FOR THE SUSPENSION OF RULES.

102. Debate upon a motion for the suspension of any of the joint rules or House rules shall be limited to fifteen minutes, and no member shall occupy more than three minutes.

[Amended Feb. 11, 1889; June 13, 1890; Feb. 2, 1891.]

SUSPENSION, AMENDMENT AND REPEAL.

103. Nothing in these rules shall be dispensed with, altered or repealed, unless two-thirds of the members present consent thereto; but this rule, and rules forty-one, forty-nine, fifty, sixty-two, seventy, ninety-nine and one hundred, shall not be suspended, unless by unanimous consent of the members present. (63.)

[Amended Jan. 10, 1890; June 13, 1890; Feb. 2, 1891; Jan. 13, 1893.]

104. All motions to suspend the ninth or twelfth joint rule, or House rule thirty-two, all questions on concurring with the Senate in the suspension of either of said joint rules, and all motions or orders authorizing a committee to travel outside the limits of the Commonwealth, shall be referred without debate to the committee on Rules, who shall report thereon within four legislative days after such reference.

[Adopted Jan. 10, 1898; amended March 14, 1899.]

QUORUM.

105. One hundred and twenty-one members shall constitute a quorum for the organization of the House and the transaction of business.

[Adopted Feb. 8, 1892.]

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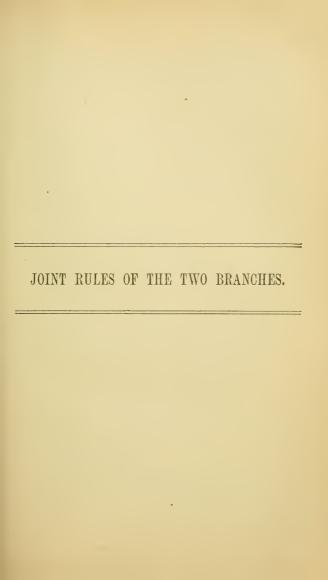
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JOINT RULES OF THE SENATE AND HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Committees.

1. Joint standing committees shall be appointed at the beginning of the political year as follows:—

A committee on Agriculture;

A committee on Banks and Banking;

A committee on Constitutional Amendments;

A committee on Counties;

A committee on Drainage;

A committee on Education;

A committee on Election Laws;

A committee on Federal Relations;

A committee on Fisheries and Game;

A committee on Insurance;

A committee on Labor;

A committee on Libraries;

A committee on the Liquor Law;

A committee on Military Affairs;

A committee on Parishes and Religious Societies;

A committee on Printing;

A committee on Prisons;

A committee on Probate and Chancery;

A committee on Public Charitable Institutions;

A committee on Public Health;

A committee on Public Service;

A committee on Roads and Bridges;

A committee on State House;

A committee on Towns;

A committee on Water Supply;

Each to consist of three members on the part of the Senate, and eight on the part of the House;

A committee on Cities;

A committee on Harbors and Public Lands;

A committee on Mercantile Affairs;

A committee on Metropolitan Affairs;

A committee on Public Lighting;

A committee on Railroads;

A committee on Street Railways;

A committee on Taxation;

Each to consist of four members on the part of the Senate, and eleven on the part of the House.

Matters referred by either the Senate or the House to its committee on the Judiciary, on Ways and Means, or on Rules, shall be considered by the respective committees of the two branches, acting as joint committees, when, in the judgment of the chairmen of the respective committees of the two branches, the interests of legislation or the expedition of business will be better served by such joint consideration. Matters may also be referred respectively to the committees on the Judiciary, on Ways and Means, and on Rules, of the two branches, as joint committees.

The committee on Rules, together with the presiding officers of the two branches, acting as a joint committee, may consider and suggest such measures as shall, in their judgment, tend to facilitate the business of the session. [Amended Jan. 6, 1882; Jan. 5, 1883; Jan. 7, 1884; Jan. 8, 1885; Jan. 26, 1885; Jan. 8, 1886; Jan. 12, 1887; Jan. 9, 1888; Jan. 28, 1889; Jan. 8, 1890; Feb. 2, 1891; Jan. 11, 1892; Feb. 10, 1892; Feb. 7, 1893; Jan. 8, 1894; Jan. 7, 1895; Jan. 7, 1896; Jan. 11, 1897; Jan. 10, 1898; Jan. 9, 1899; Jan. 22 and Jan. 29, 1901; and Jan. 6, 1902.]

- 2. No member of either branch shall act as counsel for any party before any committee of the Legislature.
- 3. No joint committee shall be given authority to travel outside of the limits of the Commonwealth except

by a concurrent vote of two-thirds of the members of each branch present and voting thereon, and no committee shall so travel except at the expense of the Commonwealth. In any case when a committee is authorized to travel, the Sergeant-at-Arms shall provide transportation only for members of the committee and the officer accompanying them, and the reasonable travelling expenses of such members and officers only shall be charged to or paid by the Commonwealth. Neither the Sergeant-at-Arms nor the officer detailed by him shall permit any person to accompany such committee while in the discharge of its official duties, unless invited by vote of the committee.

All bills for the travelling expenses of committees shall, in such form and detail as may be prescribed by the Auditor of the Commonwealth, be submitted by the Sergeant-at-Arms to the committee by whom they have been incurred; and such bills, before they are presented to the Auditor of the Commonwealth, shall first be approved by a majority of the committee incurring them. The Sergeant-at-Arms shall procure from the Auditor and shall, on the first Monday in each month, transmit to the General Court in print a statement of all such bills which have been presented to the Auditor during the preceding month. [Adopted Feb. 7, 1890. Amended Feb. 2, 1891.]

4. Joint committees may report by bill, resolve, or otherwise, to either branch, at their discretion, having reference to an equal distribution of business between the two branches, except that money bills shall be reported to the House; and except that when a report is made from any committee to either branch, and the subject-matter thereof is subsequently referred therein to a joint committee, such committee shall report its action to the branch in which the original report was made. [See also next rule.]

- 5. Reports of joint committees may be recommitted to the same committees at the pleasure of the branch first acting thereon, and bills or resolves may be recommitted in either branch, but no such recommittal shall be made after the fourth Wednesday in March. A concurrent vote shall, however, be necessary for the recommitment of such reports, bills, or resolves, with instructions. After recommitment, report shall, in all cases, be made to the branch originating the recommitment. [Amended Feb. 2, 1891.]
- 6. Bills and resolves reported by joint committees shall be printed or fairly written in a legible hand, without material erasure or interlineation, and on not less than one sheet of paper, with suitable margins, and with spaces between the several sections. Dates and numbers shall be printed or written in words at length. [Amended Jan. 28, 1889.]
- 7. Whenever, upon any application for an act of incorporation or other legislation, the purpose for which such legislation is sought can be secured without detriment to the public interests by a general law or under existing laws, the committee to which the matter is referred shall report such general law, or "leave to withdraw," or "ought not to pass." [Amended Feb. 2, 1891 and Feb. 7, 1893.]

Notice to Parties Interested.

8. No legislation affecting the rights of individuals or the rights of a private or municipal corporation, otherwise than as it affects generally the people of the whole Commonwealth or the people of the city or town to which it specifically applies, shall be proposed or introduced except by a petition, nor shall any bill or resolve embodying such legislation be reported by a committee except upon a petition duly referred, nor shall such a bill or resolve be reported by a committee, whether on an original reference

or on a recommittal with instructions to hear the parties, until it is made to appear to the satisfaction of the committee that proper notice of the proposed legislation has been given by public advertisement or otherwise to all parties interested, without expense to the Commonwealth, or until evidence satisfactory to the committee is produced that all parties interested have in writing waived notice. A committee reporting leave to withdraw or reference to the next General Court for want of proper notice or of a waiver thereof shall set forth this fact in its report, and no bill or resolve shall be in order as a substitute for, or amendment of, such report. Objection to the violation of this rule may be taken at any stage prior to that of the third reading. [Adopted Feb. 7, 1890.]

9. A petition for the incorporation of a town or city, or for the division of an existing town or city, or for the incorporation of a railroad, street railway, elevated railroad or canal company, or for the amendment, alteration or extension of the charter or corporate powers or privileges of any such company, either specially incorporated or organized under general laws, or for authority to take water for a water supply, or relative to building structures over navigable or tide waters, shall be referred to the next General Court, and not to a committee, unless the petitioner has given the notice required by chapter 24 of the Acts of the year 1885, as amended by chapter 302 of the Acts of the year 1890, or by other provisions of law. A petition for the incorporation of a college or university or other educational institution, with power to grant degrees, or for an amendment of the charter of an existing educational institution so that the said institution, not having such power, shall thereafter have power to grant degrees, shall also be referred to the next General Court, and not to a committee, unless the petitioner has given the notice required by chapter 381 of the Acts of the year 1896.

But if, no objection being raised, any such petition is referred to a committee without such required notice, the committee shall forthwith report reference to the next General Court, setting forth as the reason for such report failure to give the required notice, unless evidence satisfactory to the committee is produced that all parties interested have in writing waived notice. In case a bill or resolve is reported by a committee upon such a petition after proof of such waiver of notice, this fact shall be set forth in the report of the committee. When a report of reference to the next General Court is made by a committee on account of failure to give the required notice, no bill or resolve shall be substituted for such report, nor shall such report be recommitted or referred to another committee; but reference of the petition to the next General Court for want of proper notice under this rule shall not affect action upon any other measure involving the same subject-matter. [Adopted Feb. 7, 1890. Amended Feb. 2, 1891, and Feb. 3, 1898.]

Limit of Time Allowed for Reports of Committees.

10. Joint committees shall make final report upon all matters previously referred to them, on or before the second Wednesday in March. All matters upon which no report has then been made shall, on or before the following Monday, be reported by the chairman of the committee on the part of the branch in which they were respectively introduced, with a recommendation of reference to the next General Court under this rule. [Amended Feb. 2, 1891, and Jan. 25, 1894.]

Committees of Conference.

11. Committees of conference shall consist of three members on the part of each branch, representing its vote; and their report, if agreed to by a majority of each committee, shall be made to the branch asking the

conference, and may be either accepted or rejected, but no other action shall be had, except through a new committee of conference.

Limit of Time Allowed for New Business.

12. Resolutions, and petitions, memorials, bills and resolves introduced on leave and all other subjects of legislation, except reports required to be made to the Legislature, deposited with the Clerk of either branch subsequently to five o'clock in the afternoon on the last secular day in January, shall, when presented, be referred to the next General Court; but this rule shall not apply to petitions in aid of, and remonstrances against, legislation already introduced and pending; nor shall it apply to a petition offered in place of a former one having in view the same object, upon which, before reference to a committee, leave to withdraw was given because the same was not in proper form, provided that such subsequent petition is deposited with the Clerk of either branch within one week from the day on which leave to withdraw was given; nor shall it apply to a bill or resolve introduced on leave or to a resolution presented subsequently to five o'clock in the afternoon on the last secular day of January, when such bill, resolve or resolution is based upon the report of a joint committee which has been made in compliance with instructions to report facts or to investigate, provided the said bill, resolve or resolution is introduced within one week after the committee's report is submitted. This rule shall not be rescinded, amended or suspended, except by a concurrent vote of four-fifths of the members of each branch present and voting thereon: provided, however, that, except by unanimous consent, it shall not be suspended with reference to a petition for legislation when such petition is not accompanied by a bill or a resolve embodying the legislation requested. [Amended Feb. 7, 1890, Feb. 2, 1891, Feb. 7, 1893, Jan. 10, 1898, Jan. 9, 1899, and Feb. 15, 1901.]

Requests for Legislation to be Deposited with the Clerks.

- 13. Petitions and memorials, accompanied by bills or resolves embodying the subject-matter prayed for, bills and resolves for introduction on leave and all other subjects of legislation, and all resolutions and orders of inquiry, intended for presentation to the General Court by any member, shall be deposited with the Clerk of the branch to which such member belongs, and shall be laid before such branch not later than at the session of the fourth legislative day succeeding the day on which the same have been so deposited. [Adopted Feb. 7, 1890. Amended Feb. 2, 1891, Feb. 7, 1893, and Jan. 25, 1894]
- 14. The joint committee on Rules shall have authority to prescribe the manner and form of keeping the dockets of legislative counsel and agents which are required by law. [Adopted Feb. 2, 1891.]

Duties of the Clerks.

- 15. If any part of the report of a committee over the signature of the chairman or members of the committee is amended in either branch, the Clerk of that branch shall endorse upon the report such amendment.
- 16. All papers, while on their passage between the two branches, may be under the signature of the respective Clerks, except bills and resolves in their last stage. Messages may be sent by such persons as each branch may direct.
- 17. After bills have passed both branches to be engrossed, they shall be in the charge of the Clerks of the two branches, who shall deliver the same to the Secretary of the Commonwealth, to be engrossed in the manner

prescribed by law; and when engrossed the said Clerks shall forthwith deliver the same to the committee of the House of Representatives on Engrossed Bills; and when the same have passed to be enacted in that House, they shall, in like manner, be delivered to the committee of the Senate on Engrossed Bills.

- 18. If any petition, memorial, bill, resolve or order, presented or originating in one branch, is adversely acted upon in the other, notice thereof shall be given, under the signature of the Clerk, to the branch in which the same originated.
- 19. The Clerk of the branch in which a bill originated shall make an endorsement thereon, certifying in which branch the same originated, which endorsement shall be entered on the journals by the Clerks respectively. [Amended Jan. 28, 1889.]

Printing and Distribution of Documents.

20. The committee on Printing may make regulations for the distribution of all documents printed or assigned for the use of the Legislature not otherwise disposed of, and such regulations shall be reported to and be subject to the order of the two branches.

Under the general order to print a report, bill or other document, the number printed shall be nine hundred.

Leave to report in print shall not be construed to authorize the printing of extended reports of evidence.

Bills, reports and other documents, printed under the general order of either branch, shall be distributed as follows, to wit:—two copies to each member of the Senate and House of Representatives (to be placed on his file under the direction of the Sergeant-at-Arms, if desired by the member); three copies to each Clerk in either

branch, and three copies to each reporter in regular attendance, to whom a seat has been assigned in either branch; twenty copies to the Executive; twenty copies to the Secretary's office; six copies to the State Library; one copy to each Public Library in the Commonwealth, which shall make due application therefor to the Sergeant-at-Arms, and shall make proper provision for the transmission and preservation thereof; and, when the document is the report of a committee, ten copies shall be assigned to the committee making the report. The Sergeant-at-Arms shall preserve as many as may be necessary for the permanent files to be placed in the lobbies, and distribute the remainder under such regulations as may be prescribed by said joint committee. [Amended Jan. 8, 1886, and Jan. 28, 1889.]

21. Bills, resolves and other papers requiring the approval of the Governor shall be laid before him for his approbation by the Clerk of the Senate, who shall enter upon the journal of the Senate the day on which the same were so laid before the Governor. [Amended Jan. 28, 1889.]

Constitutional Amendments.

22. All resolves proposing amendments to the Constitution shall have three several readings in each branch, and the question upon agreeing to an amendment to the Constitution shall be taken by yeas and nays. [Amended Jan. 28, 1889.]

Joint Conventions.

23. The President of the Senate shall preside in Conventions of the two branches, and such Conventions shall be holden in the Representatives' Chamber; the Clerk of the Senate shall be Clerk of the Convention, and a record

of the proceedings of the Convention shall be entered at large on the journals of both branches.

- 24. When an agreement has been made by the two branches to go into Convention, such agreement shall not be altered or annulled, except by concurrent vote.
- 25. No business shall be entered on, in Convention, other than that which may be agreed on before the Convention is formed.

Joint Elections.

26. In all elections by joint ballot a time shall be assigned therefor at least one day previous to such election.

Elections of United States Senators.

27. The joint assembly required to be held by the statutes of the United States, relating to the elections for Senators in Congress, shall be deemed a Convention of the two branches, and the proceedings therein shall be in accordance with the provisions of said statutes. The President of the Convention shall receive no motion on any day until one vote for Senator has been taken. After one vote for Senator has been taken, no motion shall be in order except a motion to adjourn, for a recess, or to proceed to vote for Senator; and these motions shall have precedence in the order of their arrangement, and shall be decided without debate. If a motion is made for a recess, and different times are proposed, the question shall first be taken on the most remote time; and the time shall be determined, but without debate, before the question is put upon taking the recess. On either of the questions permitted by this rule, the sense of the Convention shall be taken by yeas and nays, whenever required

by one-fifth of the members present. When the yeas and nays are taken, the roll of the Convention shall be called in alphabetical order; and no member shall be allowed to vote who was not on the floor when his name was called or before the roll-call was finished. The call for the yeas and nays shall be decided without debate.

- 28. All motions or orders authorizing committees to employ stenographers shall be referred without debate to the joint committee on Rules, who shall report thereon within four legislative days after such reference. [Adopted Jan. 10, 1898.]
- 29. Any joint rule except the twelfth may be altered, suspended, or rescinded by a concurrent vote of two-thirds of the members of each branch present and voting thereon. [Amended Feb. 7, 1893. Adopted in present form Jan. 9, 1899.]

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NOTES OF RULINGS

OF THE

PRESIDING OFFICERS

FROM THE YEAR 1833.

PREPARED BY HON. GEORGE G. CROCKER.

MEMORANDA.—S. stands for Senate Journal, H. for House Journal. Citations from Journals which have never been printed refer to the duplicate manuscript copy in the State Library.



NOTES OF RULINGS

OF THE

PRESIDING OFFICERS ON THE CONSTITUTION OF MASSACHUSETTS.

Power of Presiding Officers to Decide Constitu-TIONAL QUESTIONS. - In a decision on a money bill, in which it was held that it was within the province of the chair to decide the constitutional question involved, the following statement was made: "It is of course not intended to assume to the chair any right of decision as to the constitutionality of matters of legislation in relation to their substance; but where the question relates to form and manner of proceeding in legislation, or, in other words, is one of order, it is the duty of the chair to rule upon the same, although it may depend upon the provisions of the Constitution for its solution." Cases of a proposition to adjourn for more than two days, of proceedings without a quorum, of a faulty enacting form, and of neglecting to take the yeas and nays on a vetoed bill, are cited. PITMAN, S. 1869, p. 341. See also JEWELL, H. 1868, p. 386; STONE, H. 1866, p. 436; BUTLER, S. 1894, pp. 555, 648; BUTLER, S. 1895, p. 378; DARLING (acting President), S. 1895, p. 578; MEYER, H. 1894, pp. 509, 1399.

It is not within the province of the chair to rule out a bill on the point of order that the bill is not properly before the House for the reason that it was not returned by the Governor with his objections thereto in writing within the time fixed by the Constitution. Meyer, H. 1894, p. 1399. A point of order having been raised that a proposed amend-

ment was not in order for the reason that it was unconstitutional, it was held that it was not within the province of the chair to decide as to the constitutionality of the amendment. Bates, H. 1897, p. 979.

For further rulings regarding the power of the presiding officer to decide constitutional questions, see MEYER, H. 1896, p. 254; MYERS, H. 1901, p. 1352. See also notes on "Courtesy between the Branches," under the heading "Sundry Rulings."

CHAP. I., SECT. I., ART. II.—" No bill or resolve." See LONG, H. 1878, p. 58; NOYES, H. 1880, p. 123.

"Laid before the Governor for his revisal." If either branch desires for any reason to revise an enacted bill, joint action of the two branches must be had, and the motion should be one providing that a message be sent by the two branches requesting the Governor to return the bill to the Senate. Jewell, H. 1869, p. 645. Notwithstanding this ruling, it is customary for the Senate, when it desires to revise an enacted bill, to request the return of the bill, without asking the concurrent action of the House.

"Who shall enter the objections . . . and proceed to reconsider the same." In a case in which a resolve and the objections thereto were laid on the table, it was held that it was then out of order to introduce a new resolve of a similar nature. Goodwin, H. 1890, p. 613.

"But if, after such reconsideration, two-thirds of the said Senate or House of Representatives shall, notwithstanding the said objections, agree to pass the same, it shall, together with the objections, be sent to the other branch of the Legislature, where it shall also be reconsidered, and if approved by two-thirds of the members present, shall have the force of a law." Under this provision it has been held that in the branch first taking action a vote of two-thirds of the members present is sufficient to pass a bill. CLIFFORD, S. 1862, p.

625; Bullock, H. 1862, p. 586. See also Walker v. State, 12 S. C. 200; Frillsen v. Mahan, 21 La. Ann. 79. *Contra*, see Co. of Cass v. Johnston, 95 U. S. 360.

In 1862, in a case in which, the President not voting, 33 votes were cast, of which 22 were in favor of the passage of the bill, it was held that the record of the yeas and nays was the only evidence of the number or the names of the members present, and that the necessary two-thirds had been obtained. CLIFFORD, S. 1862, p. 625. Later decisions do not support this position. Sanford, H. 1874, p. 564; PILLSBURY, S. 1885, p. 584; HARTWELL, S. 1889, p. 589; BARRETT, H. 1889, p. 226. See also House Rule 67. See Brown v. Nash, 1 Wyoming Terr. 85.

It is permissible to reconsider a vote refusing to pass a bill over the Executive veto, notwithstanding the first vote is described in the Constitution as a reconsideration of the bill. Sanford, H. 1874, p. 583. But see Sank v. Phila., 4 Brewster, 133. Wilson's Digest, 2058.

CHAP. I., SECT. I., ART. IV.—"All manner of wholesome and reasonable orders." See Long, H. 1878, p. 60.

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CHAP. I., SECT. II., ART. VI. — "Provided such adjournments do not exceed two days at a time." Sunday is not to be counted, but Fast Day must be counted. JEWELL, H. 1868, p. 311; STONE, H. 1867, p. 270.

CHAP. I., SECT. III., ART. VI. — For a case of an arraignment of a State official at the bar of the House, see HALE, H. 1859, p. 149.

CHAP. I., SECT. III., ART. VII. - "All money bills shall originate in the House of Representatives." The exclusive constitutional privilege of the House of Representatives to originate money bills is limited to bills that transfer money or property from the people to the State, and does not include bills that appropriate money from the treasury of the Commonwealth to particular uses of the government or bestow it upon individuals or corporations. The Senate can originate a bill or resolve appropriating money from the treasury of the Commonwealth, or directly or indirectly involving expenditure of money from the treasury, or imposing a burden or charge thereon. Opinion of JUSTICES, S. 1878, appendix; Cogswell, S. 1878, p. 279; PITMAN, S. 1869, p. 340. See, contra, Long, H. 1878, pp. 197, 563; JEWELL, H. 1869, p. 630; JEWELL, H. 1868, p. 385. See Loring, S. 1873, p. 409, for opinion that money bills should be allowed to originate in either branch. It is the duty of the presiding officer of the Senate to observe with punctilious care the constitutional prerogatives of the House of Representatives. Without waiting for a point of order to be raised, he should cause a money bill which originates in the Senate to be laid aside or recommitted. In such case the action on the bill previously taken by the Senate is to be considered as not having been taken. BUTLER, S. 1894, p. 555; BUTLER, S. 1895, p. 378. See also Soule, S. 1901, p. 753.

It was formerly held that bills designating certain property as subject to or exempted from taxation, as well as bills imposing a tax in terms, were "money bills." BISHOP, S. 1881, p. 419; PINKERTON, S. 1893, p. 811. See also Sanford, H. 1873, p. 283; STONE, H. 1866, p. 436. Later, an important bill exempting certain kinds of personal property from taxation was held not to be a "money bill." In rendering his decision, President Butler called attention to the fact that conditions which led to the adoption of

this constitutional provision no longer exist, that the members of the Senate, like the members of the House, are now elected directly by the people, that the property qualifications of Senators have been abolished, that representation in both branches alike is based on the number of legal voters, and that there remains no reason or excuse for construing into the Constitution a prohibition which does not clearly appear, that the bill was not in itself a proposition to impose a tax, and that in determining the point of order it was unnecessary to conjecture what results might accrue from its passage. Butler, S. 1895, p. 737.

But it has been held that a bill exempting from taxation certain property in a particular town is not a "money bill." PILLSBURY (acting President), S. 1884, p. 259.

A bill is considered as originating in that branch in which it is first acted upon. Brackett, H. 1885, p. 759.

For a case in which the Senate instructed a committee to report a bill to the House, see PILLSBURY, S. 1886, p. 702.

CHAP. I., SECT. III., ART. VIII.—" Provided such adjournments shall not exceed two days at a time." Sunday is not to be counted, but Fast Day must be counted. Jewell, H. 1868, p. 311; Stone, H. 1867, p. 270. See also Meyer, H. 1895, p. 1313.

CHAP. I., SECT. III., ART. X.—"And settle the rules and orders of proceeding in their own House." See Long, H. 1878, p. 60.

CHAP. VI., ART. II.—"But their being chosen or appointed to, and accepting the same, shall operate as a resignation of their seat in the Senate or House of Representatives." It is not within the province of the chair to decide whether a member has forfeited his membership by accepting an office incompatible with his seat in the Legislature. Hale, H. 1859, p. 48.

ARTICLES OF AMENDMENT, VIII. — See note to Constitution, Chap. VI., Art. II.

ARTICLES OF AMENDMENT, IX. — An amendment of the Constitution may be amended on the second year of its consideration, but such action will necessitate its reference to the next Legislature. BISHOP, S. 1880, p. 321; NOYES, H. 1880, p. 57; DEWEY (acting Speaker), H. 1890, p. 369.

It has also been held that an amendment to the Constitution cannot be amended on the second year of its consideration. PHELPS, H. 1857, p. 906; PHELPS, S. 1859, p. 323.

A vote agreeing to an article of amendment of the Constitution can be reconsidered. MARDEN, H. 1883, pp. 377, 422-427.

As to the method of procedure in acting on an amendment on the second year, and in providing for its submission to the people, see Noyes, H. 1881, p. 466. See also MEYER, H. 1896, pp. 255, 269.

ARTICLES OF AMENDMENT, XXXIII. — See note to House Rule 68.

It is immaterial that a quorum does not vote if a quorum is present. PILLSBURY, S. 1885, p. 584; HARTWELL, S. 1889, p. 589. See note to House Rule 67, and note to Senate Rules under "Voting." *Contra*, see CLIFFORD, S. 1862, p. 625.

As to what constitutes a quorum of the Senate, see opinion of the Attorney-General, House Doc. No. 38 (1892).

In ascertaining the presence of a quorum, Senators in the chamber who do not answer to their names when the roll is called are counted for the purpose of constituting a quorum. Soule, S. 1901, p. 1014.

NOTES OF RULINGS

ON THE

SENATE RULES.

THE PRESIDENT.

The President has no power, either by general parliamentary law or by special authority vested in him by the Senate, to cause any document to be printed or distributed, or to prevent any document from being printed or distributed; and, upon the simple request of a member of the Senate, he has no authority to issue an order to the Sergeant-at-Arms to remove from the desks and files of the Senators a report, portions of which are claimed to be unparliamentary. CROCKER, S. 1883, pp. 489, 575.

CLERK.

RULE 8. This rule does not apply to a bill which is referred to the committee on Ways and Means under the Senate rule relating to bills involving the expenditure of public money. SMITH, S. 1900, p. 885.

See notes to House Rule 70.

"Except petitions, bills and resolves introduced on leave, orders of inquiry," etc. As to the reason for these exceptions and their effect, see LORING, S. 1873, pp. 295, 299. It would seem that the right to reconsider the enactment of a bill, the reference of a petition or bill, or the adoption of an order, should expire when the bill, petition or order passes out of the hands of the Clerk.

MEMBERS OF THE SENATE.

RULE 10. See notes to House Rule 63.

COMMITTEES.

RULE 12. For sundry rulings as to committees, see notes on the Joint Rules, under the head of "Committees."

"A committee on Ways and Means" (formerly, "on the Treasury"). See notes to House Rules 20, 25.

RULE 15. A bill relating to the taxation of telegraph companies was held not to come within the provisions of this section, although it appeared that there might be but one such company in existence. Hartwell, S. 1889, p. 732. See also notes to House Rule 31 and Joint Rule 8.

Rule 16. A special act, as distinguished from a general law, is one which directly affects individuals as such differently from the class to which they belong or from the people at large. Pillsbury, S. 1885, pp. 558, 589. It is not within the province of the chair to rule that the object of an application can be secured under existing laws, or without detriment to the public interests by a general law. This question must be determined by the committee (PILLSBURY, S. 1885, p. 588; HARWOOD, acting President, S. 1899, pp. 249, 761), unless it appears on the face of the papers that the object can be secured under existing laws. PILLSBURY, S 1886, p. 700. For a case in which it was held not to be allowable to substitute a general law for a special act, see PILLSBURY, S. 1885, p. 589. Upon the question whether a proposed amendment would change a bill from a general to a special law, see Soule, S. 1901, p. 543. See notes to House Rule 30.

FORM OF BILLS AND RESOLVES.

RULE 17. Objection that this rule is violated cannot be sustained in the case of a House bill. PILLSBURY, S. 1885, p. 582.

INTRODUCTION OF BUSINESS.

RULE 23. See note to House Rule 47.

"Unless received from the House of Representatives." A bill coming from the House must be entertained even though it is not germane to the petition upon which it is based. PINKERTON, S. 1893, p. 470.

See notes on "Courtesy between the Branches," under the heading "Sundry Rulings," at the end of the notes on the Joint Rules.

RULE 24. For cases in which an order has been held to be unparliamentary in form, see Sprague, S. 1890, p. 189; PILLSBURY, S. 1886, p. 140.

COURSE OF PROCEEDINGS.

RULE 27. The question being on ordering to a third reading a bill involving the expenditure of public money, the point of order was raised that the bill had not been referred to the committee on Ways and Means. The point of order was held to be well taken and the bill was referred. SMITH, S. 1898, p. 759. See also notes on House Rule 44.

RULE 28. The subsequent rejection of a bill substituted for a report of a committee recommending "no legislation" does not revive the question upon the adoption of the recommendation of the report. The requirement that every bill shall be read three times does not render the substitution liable to be nullified by the rejection of the bill at a subsequent stage. BISHOP, S. 1881, p. 212.

RULE 31. For a case in which a bill was held to have been substantially changed, see SMITH, S. 1900, p. 487.

ORDERS OF THE DAY.

See note to House Rule 61.

RULES OF DEBATE.

See notes upon this division of the House Rules.

MOTIONS.

See notes upon this division of the House Rules.

A motion in its nature trivial and absurd will not be entertained. Sprague, S. 1890, p. 189; .Pillsbury, S. 1886, p. 140.

The Senate having passed a general order that the reading of the Journal should be dispensed with unless otherwise ordered, it was held that a senator could not require the reading of the Journal without a vote to that effect, and that a motion that the Journal be read was not a question of privilege. Crocker, S. 1883, p. 290.

APPEALS. When Cushing was by rule the sole authority governing the Senate, it was held, in accordance with Cushing's Law and Practice of Legislative Assemblies (Sect. 1467), that a question on an appeal could be laid on the table; and if such action was taken, the matter, whatever it was, which gave rise to the appeal, proceeded as if no appeal had been taken. CROCKER, S. 1883, pp. 288, 289. In the House it has been held that a motion to lay an appeal on the table is not in order. See MARDEN, H. 1883, p. 582. See also notes to House Rule 94.

It is to be noted that the Senate, by its rule, was required to follow Cushing's statement of Parliamentary Law, while the House, by its Rule 101, was simply required to conform to the rules of parliamentary practice.

In Crocker's Principles of Procedure it is held that an appeal cannot be laid upon the table separately from the proceedings out of which the point of order arose. Crocker's Principles of Procedure, Sect. 94.

RULE 45. For an instance in which it was held that the adoption of an amendment inserting certain words pre-

cluded, except through reconsideration, striking out such words in part at the same stage of the bill, see SMITH, S. 1900, p. 530.

See notes to House Rule 91.

RULE 46. "To adjourn." It was held that when, upon a motion to adjourn, the yeas and nays had begun before the time fixed for adjournment and had ended after that time, and the Senate had voted in the negative upon the motion, the refusal to adjourn had the effect of suspending the operation of the order relative to adjournment, and was equivalent to otherwise ordering. Morse (acting President), S. 1896, p. 912.

See notes to House Rule 79.

"Or some other motion which has precedence." Where the Senate assigned one matter for 2.30 p.m., and one matter for 3 p.m., it was held to be the duty of the presiding officer to call up the second assignment at 3 p.m., even though the consideration of the first assignment was not finished. PITMAN, S. 1889, p. 316. See notes to House Rule 80.

"To lay on the table." Pending the consideration of one of the orders of the day, a motion to lay the orders of the day on the table is admissible. CROCKER, S. 1883, p. 287.

A motion to postpone laying the orders on the table is inadmissible. CROCKER, S. 1883, p. 287.

When Cushing was the sole authority governing the Senate, it was held that, if a motion to reconsider is laid upon the table, or is postponed to a specified time, the pending bill does not go with it. See PINKERTON, S. 1893, p. 627. Contra, see Crocker's Principles of Procedure, Sect. 62, and appendix note thereto. See also Senate Rule 62.

"To close debate at a specified time." See note to House Rule 80.

A motion that the debate be closed in one hour is admissible, although, under a general order, the Senate would

adjourn before the expiration of the hour. CROCKER, S. 1883, p. 286.

After the time for closing debate has arrived, the taking of the question cannot be postponed by a motion to adjourn or to commit, or that the Journal be read, and these motions cannot then be entertained. CROCKER, S. 1883, pp. 288, 289.

If a motion to close debate in one hour is reconsidered, the question does not recur upon the original motion, because that motion, owing to the lapse of time, is out of order. The debate will proceed without limitation unless a new motion to close it is made. Pillsbury, S. 1885, p. 589.

"To commit (or recommit)." A motion to recommit with instructions to report a bill broader in its scope than the measures upon which the bill is based is out of order. PINKERTON, S. 1892, p. 266.

"To amend." A substitute which, by Rule 28, must have three several readings on three successive days, can be amended in the second degree. Coolidge, S. 1870, p. 416.

It is not out of order to substitute an entire bill for another entire bill. Brastow, S. 1868, p. 48. See also Senate Rule 28.

The substitution of a question on the rejection of an order for a question on the passage of the order is not a parliamentary substitution, because one is simply the negative of the other. CROCKER, S. 1883, pp. 575, 578.

If an amendment has been once rejected, the same or substantially the same amendment cannot again be moved at the same stage of the bill, but the rejection of the amendment may be reconsidered. Howland (acting President), S. 1886, p. 611; Bradford (acting President), S. 1895, p. 715. So also an amendment embodying a rejected amendment cannot be entertained at the same stage. Pink-

ERTON, S. 1893, p. 471. As to whether an amendment is similar to one previously acted upon, see Soule, S. 1901, p. 989.

See notes to House Rule 90.

RULE 50. According to Cushing's Manual, Sect. 102, amendments proposing subjects different from those under consideration would be in order if they were not excluded by special rule. *Contra*, see Crocker's Principles of Procedure, Sect. 44. See also Brastow, S. 1868, p. 51.

If a committee reports only in part, amendments must be germane to that portion of the subject which is reported on. Crocker, S. 1883, p. 86.

Amendments are admissible if they are germane to any portion of the subject-matter which is the basis of a committee's report. Sprague, S. 1891, p. 715. See also Soule, S. 1901, p. 1049.

An amendment may be inadmissible on the ground that it introduces a subject different from that under consideration, although it would operate as a limitation on the terms of the bill. BUTLER, S. 1894, pp. 644, 656-658.

Inasmuch as a bill coming from the House must be entertained, even though it is not germane to the petition upon which it is based, it seems that in such cases amendments which are germane to the bill are admissible, although they may not be germane to the petition. PINKERTON, S. 1893, p. 493.

See also notes to Senate Rule 23.

For instances of amendments which have been held not to be germane, see Howland (acting President), S. 1901, p. 993; SMITH, S. 1899, p. 562; SMITH, S. 1898, pp. 303, 583, 893; LAWRENCE, S. 1897, pp. 338, 680, 717, 739, 746; LAWRENCE, S. 1896, p. 535; CORBETT (acting President), S. 1896, p. 984; Butler, S. 1895, pp. 454, 662, 827, 950;

BUTLER, S. 1894, pp. 300, 648, 656, 804, 805, 870, 907, 1010; PINKERTON, S. 1893, pp. 357, 422, 423, 557, 772, 790, 811, 866; STEVENS (acting President), S. 1893, p. 505; PINKERTON, S. 1892, pp. 740, 751, 771, 806; SPRAGUE, S. 1891, p. 682; SPRAGUE, S. 1890, p. 313; HARTWELL, S. 1889, pp. 451, 588, 699; PILLSBURY, S. 1886, p. 701; PILLSBURY, S. 1885, p. 589; BISHOP, S. 1882, p. 310. Contra, NOYES, H. 1882, p. 197.

For instances of amendments which have been held to be germane, see Soule, S. 1901, pp. 465, 543; SMITH, S. 1900, p. 896; SMITH, S. 1898, p. 892; LAWRENCE, S. 1897, p. 680; BUTLER, S. 1895, p. 710; BUTLER, S. 1894, pp. 448, 608, 796; PINKERTON, S. 1893, pp. 493, 730; PINKERTON, S. 1892, pp. 608, 707; SPRAGUE, S. 1891, pp. 711, 715; SPRAGUE, S. 1890, p. 792; HARTWELL, S. 1889, p. 646; PILLSBURY, S. 1885, pp. 435, 582, 585; SESSIONS (acting President), S. 1885, p. 320; CROCKER, S. 1883, pp. 209, 573; BISHOP, S. 1882, p. 347; BISHOP, S. 1881, p. 384.

An amendment which, if adopted, would render the bill inoperative, may nevertheless be germane. PINKERTON, S. 1893, p. 556.

Amendments changing a special act into a general law are admissible because, under Senate Rule 16, the committee could have reported a general law. PINKERTON, S. 1892, p. 707.

But a general law reported on a petition for general legislation cannot be so amended as to change it into a special act. PINKERTON, S. 1893, p. 493. See also LAWRENCE, S. 1897, p. 427; SMITH, S. 1900, p. 873.

After an amendment has been adopted, the objection that the bill in its amended form is broader than the scope of the petition on which it is based cannot be entertained. Butler, S. 1895, p. 473.

It is too late to raise the objection that an amendment is not germane if the amendment has been considered and voted on at a previous stage of the bill. LAWRENCE, S. 1897, p. 848.

See also notes to House Rule 90.

RULE 51. Prior to the adoption of this rule it was held that the smallest sum and the longest time must be put first. Cogswell, S. 1879, p. 376.

See note to House Rule 91.

RULE 52. "Not exceeding ten minutes shall be allowed for debate." Time consumed in taking the question on a motion to adjourn is not to be deducted from the ten minutes allowed for the debate. CROCKER, S. 1883, p. 288. See notes to Senate Rule 46 and House Rules 79, 80.

RECONSIDERATION.

Rule 53. This rule was reconstructed and certain new provisions were added in 1902.

President Loring (S. 1873, p. 299) went so far as to say that there is no reconsideration of votes to commit petitions, etc.; but it would seem that a better position to take would be that there can be no reconsideration after such petition, etc., has actually been handed over by the Clerk to the committee. See Smith, S. 1900, p. 885.

The same would be true, mutatis mutandis, with reference to enacted bills. In the case of the latter, a method sometimes adopted is to request the Governor to return the bill, and then reconsider its enactment. See Senate Rule 8 and notes thereto. See also note to Constitution, Chap. I., Sect. I., Art. II.

As to the effect of a reconsideration of a vote to close debate at a specified time, see PILLSBURY, S. 1885, p. 589.

"Except on motion to adjourn," etc. (this being the language of the rule previous to 1902). This exception cuts off any reconsideration of votes on the motions mentioned. Crocker, S. 1883, p. 287.

Previous to the change made in 1902, in a case where a bill had been amended and rejected, and when reconsideration of the rejection had been moved within the time allowed, and the motion to reconsider postponed until another day and then carried, it was held that a motion to reconsider the adoption of the amendment was not then in order. Soule, S. 1901, p. 969.

Previous also to the change made in 1902, when the rule provided for a reconsideration only on "the same day or before the Orders of the Day are taken up on the succeeding day," it was held that if on the day following that on which the vote was passed a quorum was not present, such day should not be counted as "the succeeding day." Soule, S. 1901, p. 955.

See notes to House Rules 70 and 71.

REJECTED MEASURES.

Rule 54. See notes to House Rule 49.

This rule is an expression of a principle of parliamentary law. For a discussion of its origin and effect, see BISHOP, S. 1880, p. 243.

General parliamentary practice not only forbids the introduction of a proposition which is substantially the same as a proposition previously rejected, but also forbids the introduction of a proposition substantially the same as one already pending, or substantially the same as one previously adopted or passed. In legislative procedure a bill is not passed within the meaning of the foregoing general parliamentary rule until it has passed to be enacted. Sprague, S. 1891, p. 713.

"Finally rejected." These words must be construed to refer either to a rejection by both Houses, or to such action of the Senate as amounts to a final rejection of the measure independently of any action of the House. PILLSBURY, S. 1885, p. 584. See also BARRETT, H. 1889, p. 864.

"When an order is rejected, or a petition excluded, or

leave is refused to bring in a bill, or a bill or resolve is refused any one of its stages of advancement, it is 'finally rejected.'" Cogswell, S. 1877, pp. 301, 306. Indefinite postponement is a final rejection. Pinkerton, S. 1892, p. 808.

"The phrase 'when any measure shall be finally rejected' must be construed to apply solely to such measures as the Senate has power finally to reject, and cannot of course apply to amendments which may be offered at any stage of a bill, even if rejected at a previous stage; nor has it ever been denied that an amendment rejected by the Senate may be adopted by the House and sent up for concurrence. A substitute is an amendment differing only in this, that it is capable of amendment in the second degree, and by rules of the Senate, but not of the House, requires three several readings. To propose a substitute is therefore only to propose an amendment, and it does not become a 'measure' until it is adopted. The rule, being made by the Senate, and applicable to the Senate alone, must mean that no senator shall introduce a second time a 'measure,' that is, a bill or resolve, and some kinds of orders, which has been once and finally rejected by the Senate. Any other interpretation would put it in the power of a single senator to defeat any bill, which might be pending in either branch or in the committee, and to which he was opposed, by offering it as a substitute for any other bill which he had reason to believe the Senate was desirous of passing, and so compelling the Senate to choose between two bills, both of which it might be desirous of passing." Coolidge, S. 1870, p. 415. This ruling was made before the adoption of Senate Rule 50. See also SMITH, S. 1898, p. 730. See, contra, PITMAN, S. 1869, p. 517.

In conformity with the foregoing it was held that a bill passed in the branch in which it began might be sent from that branch to the other, and so introduced, although a

similar bill was there pending, or had been passed or rejected. Cogswell, S. 1877, pp. 301, 306. See also Bishop, S. 1882, p. 307; Lawrence, S. 1896, p. 1036; Smith, S. 1898, p. 981.

A House bill practically identical with a previous bill which had been received from the House and rejected by the Senate was admitted, in recognition of the practice of the Senate that courtesy to the co-ordinate branch usually requires the consideration of a bill so received. Soule, S. 1901, p. 931.

So also in a case when a report "inexpedient to legislate" had been adopted by the Senate, it was held that the Senate was still bound to entertain a House bill on the same subject, if the report had not been concurred in by the House. Pillsbury, S. 1885, p. 585.

When the above decisions of Presidents Coolidge and Cogswell were given, the words "by any committee or member" were not embodied in the rule, and the rule ended as follows: "and this rule shall apply as well to measures originating in the House as to those originating in the Senate." These words were left out in 1877.

The fact that a bill has been finally rejected in one branch does not prevent its introduction in the other. HARTWELL, S. 1889, p. 822.

If, however, a bill or measure has been once rejected by both branches, general parliamentary law as well as this rule would prevent any measure substantially the same from being again introduced into either branch at the same session; and the fact that one branch had passed such measure and forwarded it to the other, would not justify its introduction in the latter branch. Thus, where a report of "leave to withdraw" had been accepted by both branches, it was held that a bill which embodied a measure substantially the same as that contemplated in the petition must be laid aside, even though the bill came from the

other branch. BISHOP, S. 1880, p. 243. See also PILLS-BURY, S. 1885, p. 583.

It seems that, notwithstanding this rule, an amendment of the Constitution can be introduced, although it is substantially the same as an amendment which came from the previous Legislature and which has been rejected. Phelps, S. 1859, p. 325.

"No measure substantially the same." A resolve providing only for biennial elections is not substantially the same as a resolve providing for biennial elections and biennial sessions of the Legislature. BRUCE, S. 1884, p. 581. See also SMITH, S. 1898, p. 893; PILLSBURY, S. 1886, p. 635.

For cases in which bills were ruled out under this provision, see Hartwell, S. 1889, p. 804; Butler, S. 1894, p. 730.

For a case in which a bill was held not to be substantially the same as a previously rejected measure, see Butler, S. 1894, p. 804.

"Shall be introduced." The rejection of a measure does not prevent the consideration of a measure substantially the same, if it was introduced previously to such rejection. BOARDMAN, S. 1888, p. 485; PINKERTON, S. 1893, p. 897. But the fact that an order was presented and laid upon the table prior to the indefinite postponement of another order practically identical was held not to be an introduction within the meaning of this section. PINKERTON, S. 1892, p. 808.

VOTING.

Rule 55. A vote of less than a quorum is not conclusive proof that a quorum is not present, and is valid, provided a quorum is in fact present. Sprague, S. 1890, p. 905; Hartwell, S. 1889, p. 589; Pillsbury, S. 1885, p. 584; Sanford, H. 1874, p. 564. See also Crocker's Principles of Procedure, Sect. 114, and appendix note thereto.

When the presiding officer by count ascertained that a

quorum was not present at the time of the taking of a vote, the vote was declared void. LAWRENCE, S. 1896, pp. 633, 745.

As to what constitutes a quorum of the Senate, see rulings on Amendment XXXIII. of the Constitution and opinion of the Attorney-General, House Doc. No. 38 (1892).

A motion that the orders of the day be laid on the table having been entertained by the presiding officer but not stated by him, it was held that it was not then too late to verify a vote taken just previously, as the member that requested the verification had risen for the purpose of making the request in due season. Galloupe (acting President), S. 1896, p. 823.

Rule 56. For a case in which it was held that a request for the yeas and nays was made too late, see Smith, S. 1900, p. 660.

RULE 57. "Unless excused before the vote is taken." After a viva voce vote has been taken, a request to be excused from voting cannot be entertained. PILLSBURY, S. 1885, p. 583.

"And no member shall be permitted to vote after the decision is announced from the chair." If other business has intervened, a vote cannot be cast even if this rule is suspended. HARTWELL, S. 1889, p. 650.

PARLIAMENTARY PRACTICE.

RULE 62. See notes to House Rule 101.

NOTES OF RULINGS

ON THE

HOUSE RULES.

CLERK.

RULE 15. "Except petitions, enacted bills, orders of inquiry and orders of notice." See notes to Senate Rules 8 and 53, and to House Rule 70.

MEMBERS.

If objection is made, it is not the privilege of any individual member to have an amendment which is printed in the calendar read by the Clerk. Meyer, H. 1895, p. 1211.

If the report of a committee that Mr. A., a sitting member, is not entitled to a seat, has been accepted, it is out of order for Mr. A. to take part in the proceedings, although a motion to reconsider the acceptance of the report is pending. PHELPS, H. 1856, p. 493.

RULE 17. "No member shall absent himself from the House without leave." The phrase "the House" refers to the Representatives' Chamber alone. SANFORD, H. 1874, p. 313.

The presence of a quorum is not necessary to excuse a member from attending. BARRETT, H. 1890, p. 774.

COMMITTEES.

Rule 20. For sundry rulings as to reports of committees, see notes on the Joint Rules, under the head of "Committees."

"A committee on Ways and Means." Notwithstanding a previous investigation and report by the committee on Claims, or other committee, it seems that this committee has power to examine every matter before it as a new question, and decide for or against it, on its merits. Jewell, H. 1870, p. 454. But see House Rule 44.

RULE 24. A point of order that a bill was improperly before the House for the reason that two of the members of the committee reporting it were ineligible under this rule was held not to be well taken. Myers, H. 1900, p. 1431.

RULE 25. For the ruling which is embodied in this section, see Long, H. 1878, p. 347. See House Rule 40.

RULE 30. A bill is special or general as it applies to one or all of the individuals of a given class. BATES, H. 1897, p. 182. See also notes to Senate Rule 16.

After a bill has been ordered to a third reading it is too late to raise the point of order that the bill is in violation of this rule. Barrett, H. 1892, p. 698. See also Meyer, H. 1894, p. 350.

It is the province of the committee, not of the Speaker, to determine whether the object of an application can be secured under existing laws. MEYER, H. 1894, pp. 350, 485; BARRETT, H. 1892, p 1160; MYERS, H. 1901, p. 1048.

"Can be secured . . . under existing laws." Pending the point of order that the object desired by a bill could be secured by existing law, a motion to recommit was entertained. Noves, H. 1887, p. 808.

"Or without detriment to the public interests by a general law." Prior to the adoption of this rule a committee could not change a special to a general bill. Sanford, H. 1874, p. 502. Nor could the Legislature change a private or special bill by amendment into a general law. Sanford,

H. 1874, pp. 217, 513; LONG, H. 1878, pp. 117, 361. See also NOYES, H. 1888, p. 600.

RULE 31. See notes to Joint Rule 8.

"No legislation affecting the rights of individuals," etc. A bill to prohibit the imposition of fines, or deductions of wages of employees engaged in weaving, was held not to affect the rights of individuals otherwise than as it affected the interests of the whole people. Noves, H. 1888, p. 476.

An amendment restricting the scope of a general bill to certain particular cases does not affect the rights of individuals otherwise than as they were affected by the original bill. Marden, H. 1883, pp. 484, 522, 523.

Under this rule in the form which it had before 1890, it was held that an order to consider the expediency of legislation limiting the maximum fares on trunk or main lines of steam railroads did not affect the "legal" rights of such corporations otherwise than as it affected generally the interests of the whole people of the Commonwealth. Barrett, H 1889, p. 230.

A bill requiring railroad corporations, when issuing new stock, to sell the same at auction, was held not to come within the scope of this rule. Barrett, H. 1891, p. 638.

A bill providing for supervision by the State of the issue of securities by water companies was held not to be within the scope of this rule. BARRETT, H. 1893, p. 986.

A bill contemplating legislation affecting certain trust companies differently from other trust companies of the same class was held to be within the scope of the rule. Barrett, H. 1891, p. 866.

"Shall be proposed or introduced except upon a petition." On a petition asking the extension of the provisions of a certain act, a bill cannot be reported extending the provisions of a different act. Sanford, H. 1874, p. 392.

For instances in which bills have been ruled out because not based upon petition, see Barrett, H. 1889, pp. 26, 230, 390.

Rule 32. See notes to Joint Rule 9.

REGULAR COURSE OF PROCEEDINGS.

RULE 37. After a petition has been presented in accordance with the rules, and the question on its reference has been stated, it is then too late to call for a vote on its reception. HALE, H. 1859, p. 64.

Rule 40. "Motions contemplating legislation." This rule does not prevent the introduction of orders of inquiry or investigation, but does take away the power of committees making investigations under such orders to report bills. The rule does not prevent suggestions of legislation. Bates, H. 1898, p. 456.

RULE 41. This rule is not applicable to motions for adjournment. RICE (acting Speaker), H. 1859, p. 224.

Quære, whether an order can be postponed without question after the discussion of it has begun. See Kinnicutt, H. 1844, p. 524; Barrett, H. 1889, p. 700. After an order has been laid over, considered and amended, it cannot be postponed upon request under this rule. Barrett, H. 1889, p. 753.

In order to make a request for postponement a member must obtain the floor in the regular way. BARRETT, H. 1889, p. 699.

"An order." In 1890 the word "order" in this rule was held not to include resolutions against a reimposition of a duty on hides. Barrett, H. 1890, pp. 538, 553. Thereupon the words "or resolution" were inserted in the rule, and in 1899 these words were stricken out again.

RULE 43. When the question, "Shall this bill be rejected?" is pending, a motion to amend the bill is not in order (PHELPS, H. 1856, p. 323), but it is in order to move the previous question. PHELPS, H. 1856, p. 332.

RULE 44. A bill will be referred by the Speaker under this rule to the committee, even if the fact that it involves the expenditure of public money is not discovered by him or brought to his attention by point of order or otherwise until the question on its engrossment is pending. MYERS, H. 1900, pp. 640, 1303; BATES, H. 1899, p. 516; WHIPPLE (acting Speaker), H. 1899, p. 728; BRACKETT, H. 1885, pp. 709, 732; BARRETT, H. 1889, p. 795; BARRETT, H. 1892, pp. 330, 824, 1168; BATES, H. 1898, p. 742. See also BATES, H. 1899, pp. 619, 635; MEYER, H. 1894, pp. 756, 977.

"New provisions shall not be added to such bills by the committee on Ways and Means, unless," etc. See Meyer, H. 1894, pp. 1197, 1219.

RULE 47. As to whether it is proper under this rule to move to take from the files of last year a bill (which was then referred to the next General Court), and move its reference to a committee, without getting special leave to introduce it, see Long, H. 1877, p. 466, and Osgood, appellant, p. 469.

"Unless received from the Senate." See note to Senate Rule 23.

"Moved as an amendment to the report of a committee." After a bill has been substituted for the report of a committee, it is too late to raise the point of order that the bill is broader in its scope than the subject-matter referred to the committee. Noves, H. 1888, p. 463.

RULE 49. See notes to Senate Rule 54. See also "Courtesy between the Branches," under "Sundry Rulings," at the end of the notes on the Joint Rules.

"Finally rejected by the House." The words "by the House" were added in 1890, following a ruling by Speaker Barrett, H. 1889, p. 864. For a statement of the general parliamentary practice which differs from the position taken by Speaker Barrett, see notes to Senate Rule 54.

A bill passed to be engrossed by the House but rejected by the Senate is not by this rule barred from being again introduced in the House. MYERS, H. 1900, p. 1151.

Under this rule it was held that a bill from the Senate must be laid aside when the course of proceedings had been as follows: The petition with accompanying bill was originally presented in the Senate and there referred to a joint committee, in which reference the House concurred. The committee reported to the House, recommending reference to the next General Court; a motion to substitute the bill in question was rejected, and then the report was adopted by the House. In the Senate the bill was substituted for the report, and this bill, on its passage to a third reading in the House, was laid aside as coming within the scope of the rule. BARRETT, H. 1893, p. 856. See also MEYER, H. 1896, p. 1142. Subsequently, in the same session, in a case in which the House had previously adopted a report recommending that the petitioner have leave to withdraw, it was held that a bill substituted in the Senate for the report should be entertained. The distinction made was that in this case the bill itself had not been previously offered in and rejected by the House. BARкетт, Н. 1893, рр. 961, 967.

The rejection of a bill providing for permanent clerical assistance does not exclude the subsequent introduction of a resolve providing for temporary clerical assistance. Adams (acting Speaker), H. 1900, p. 325.

It is not in order under this rule to move as an amendment a bill which has once been finally rejected. MARDEN, H. 1883, p. 819.

After a bill "making appropriations for expenses of various charitable and reformatory institutions" was rejected, it was held that one of the sections of that bill could be introduced without violating this rule. Marden, H. 1883, p. 569. See also Meyer, H. 1894, p. 1226.

On an order relative to memorializing Congress for an amendment to the Constitution of the United States so as to provide for election of United States Senators by direct popular vote, a joint committee reported to the House no legislation necessary. Resolutions offered as a substitute for the report were rejected by the House, and the report was accepted and sent to the Senate for concurrence. The Senate substituted the resolutions which had been rejected by the House, and sent them to the House. The Speaker ruled that under this rule they must be laid aside. Barrett, H. 1891, p. 419.

Previous to the foregoing ruling it had been held that a bill may be received from the Senate and considered by the House, although a similar bill is there pending, or has been passed or rejected. Once in the House, and there referred to a committee of the House, a subsequent report of it back from that committee is a part of its career, and not such an introduction of it as to bring it within this rule as "introduced by a committee." Long, H. 1877, p. 424; Goodwin, H. 1860, p. 550. Contra, see Sanford, H. 1875, p. 323; Osgood (acting Speaker), H. 1877, p. 416.

A bill changed in but a single essential provision is not substantially the same. Noyes, H. 1881, p. 402. See also Meyer, H. 1896, p. 1179; Noyes, H. 1881, p. 447; Jewell, H. 1868, p. 204.

A bill is excluded under this rule if it embraces a measure substantially the same as that covered by a previously rejected petition, or by an order on which a report of inexpedient to legislate has been accepted. Sanford, H. 1874, p. 349; BISHOP, S. 1880, p. 243; MARDEN, H. 1884, p. 555.

Contra, see Rideout (acting Speaker), H. 1893, pp. 1103, 1112.

For a case in which a memorial was introduced and referred to a committee, although it related to the same subject as that embraced in a petition upon which a report of leave to withdraw had been accepted, see Phelps, H. 1856, p. 683.

After a bill reported on a petition has been rejected, the petition cannot be further considered. Sanford, H. 1874, p. 511. See also Sanford, H. 1873, p. 198; Kimball (acting Speaker), H. 1871, p. 400.

The acceptance of a report "no legislation necessary on the Governor's message," was held not to cut off action on a substitute for a bill previously reported by the same committee, although such bill and substitute covered matter embraced in the Governor's message. Noyes, H. 1888, p. 584.

It seems that reference to the next Legislature is not a final rejection. See GOODWIN, H. 1860, p. 550.

In the case of a bill which had been read a third time it was held that it was too late to raise the point of order that it was improperly before the House because it was substantially the same as a bill which had been previously finally rejected. BATES, H. 1897, p. 1197.

"Introduced by any committee or member." As to the effect of these words, see Long, H. 1877, p. 427.

RULE 50. It is within the province of the committee on Bills in the Third Reading to report that a bill ought not to pass. Barrett, H. 1890, pp. 862, 864.

RULE 53. Notice of an amendment of an engrossed bill or resolve adopted by one branch should be communicated to the other by a message See Walley, H. 1846, pp. 314, 440, 578, 606. The formality of a message is now dispensed with.

Rule 59. Matters in the calendar must be acted upon separately. A single request that several matters be passed for debate is not in order. Barrett, H. 1890, p. 604.

A motion that several matters in the calendar be laid upon the table is not in order. BARRETT, H. 1890, p. 604.

RULE 60. "The unfinished business," etc. See Kinnicutt, H. 1844, p. 524.

RULE 61. If a matter is discharged from the orders of the day, the vote cannot be reconsidered on the succeeding day. Bliss, H. 1853, p. 362.

RULE 62. "If . . . an amendment is made." The word "made" is the equivalent of "adopted." BARRETT, H. 1889, p. 696.

"Substantially changing the greater part of such bill." For a case in which a bill was held to have been substantially changed, see Paton (acting Speaker), H. 1899, p. 855. For cases in which a bill was held not to have been substantially changed, see Meyer, H. 1895, p. 1275; Meyer, H. 1894, p. 1312.

"And shall then be open to further amendment before such question is put." By general parliamentary law it is not in order to amend a substitute at the same stage in which it is adopted. PHELPS, H. 1857, p. 984.

VOTING.

It is the duty of every member to vote unless excused from so doing, or debarred by private interests. Barrett, H. 1892, p. 1207. See note to House Rule 64.

A member has no right to change his vote after the result is declared, even though the declaration is erroneous, and the right is claimed prior to a corrected statement. Phelps, H. 1856, p. 496.

A vote may be declared null and void after it has been recorded. EDDY, H. 1855, p. 1570.

Pending a roll-call it is not in order to move that the doors be closed, because such a motion, if adopted, might prevent a member who happened to be outside from voting. It is, however, in order to close the doors in case of a call of the House, because it is the very object of the proceeding to ascertain who is present. HALE, H. 1859, p. 335.

RULE 63. In the case of a creditor or stockholder of the Eastern Railroad, it was held that he could vote on the bill "for the relief of the Eastern Railroad Company and the securing of its debts and liabilities," inasmuch as such creditor's or stockholder's interest was not "distinct from the public interest, but was inseparably mixed with it." LONG, H. 1876, p. 181, and cases there cited. See also WINTHROP, H. 1838, pp. 202, 212.

A director of a bank which has petitioned for an increase of capital was held not to be excluded by interest from voting on a motion to instruct the committee on Banks and Banking to report leave to withdraw on all petitions by banks for an increase of capital. Bliss, H. 1853, p. 605. See also Winthrop, H. 1838, pp. 77, 78, 79; Winthrop, H. 1840, p. 207.

In the case of a bill "to equalize the bounties of our soldiers," which provided for paying certain sums of money to a particular class of persons described in the bill, it was held that a member who, under the provisions of the bill, would be entitled to \$200, had such an interest as would deprive him of the right to vote. Stone, H. 1866, p. 364. See also cases there cited.

The proper time to raise a point of order questioning the right of a member to vote on account of interest is after the roll has been called and the member's vote recorded. Barrett, H. 1892, p. 1125.

For other cases relating to this rule, see Banks, H. 1852, p. 225; Asimun, H. 1841, p. 387.

RULE 64. Any member may require the observance by other members of the duty of voting while the vote is proceeding, and before it is declared; but it is too late to call for the enforcement of the rule after the vote has been completed and declared. Sanford, H. 1874, p. 564.

"Members desiring to be excused from voting shall make application," etc. For a case which arose prior to the adoption of this provision, see BLISS, H. 1853, p. 367.

This rule applies only to main questions, and not to subsidiary, incidental or privileged questions. BRACKETT, H. 1885, p. 766.

"And shall not be subject to the provisions of rule sixtyeight." This means that the yeas and mays cannot be taken on the question of excusing a member from voting. BARRETT, H. 1890, p. 607.

RULE 67. "And if a quorum is present the vote shall stand." This is an expression of a general principle enunciated by Speaker Sanford, H. 1874, p. 564. Barrett, H. 1889, p. 226. See also notes of rulings on the Constitution, Articles of Amendment, XXXIII., and on the Senate Rules under "Voting."

Where the Journal showed that less than a quorum voted, and that the point of order was immediately raised that a quorum was not present and the House adjourned without determining whether a quorum was in fact present, it was held that the vote was void. MEYER, H. 1895, p. 370.

Rule 68. Under a rule which enabled one-fifth of the members present and voting to order the yeas and nays, it was held that a vote for the yeas and nays could not be reconsidered, except by a four-fifths vote. Eddy, H. 1855, p. 15. Contra, Pheles, H. 1856, p. 1120; Cushing, § 1271.

When a question is before the House, and the year and nays have been ordered, a motion to reverse the roll-call is not in order. BLISS, H. 1853, p. 299.

It seems that a request for the yeas and nays cannot be laid on the table. See Ashmun, H. 1841, p. 385.

After a request for the yeas and nays has been refused, a second request on the same question cannot be entertained. Myers, H. 1900, p. 1314.

- "No member shall be allowed to vote who was not on the floor before the vote was declared." For a case arising when the rule provided that no member shall be allowed to vote who was not upon the floor when his name was called, or before the roll-call was finished, see Eddy, H. 1855, pp. 1573, 1658.
- "If... a member states that he has paired... such member shall be excused from voting." It has been held not to be in order to pair on a motion to adjourn. BARNES (acting Speaker), H. 1889, p. 709.
- "But shall be included with the members voting for the purposes of a quorum." Prior to the addition of these words to the rule it was held that if the roll-call showed less than a quorum present and voting, the pairs announced could not be counted to make up a quorum. BARRETT, H. 1890, pp. 774, 799.

RULE 69. If a request for the yeas and nays, made before the question is put, fails, a second request for the purpose of verifying the vote cannot be entertained. MYERS, H. 1900, p. 1314.

RECONSIDERATION.

RULE 70. This rule was reconstructed and certain new provisions were added in 1902.

Reconsideration can be had of a vote rejecting the report of a committee which declared that the seat of a member was vacant. HALE, H. 1859, p. 133.

As to reconsideration of votes to commit petitions, etc., and of the enactment of laws, see notes to Senate Rules 8 and 53.

The vote requiring the yeas and nays to be taken can be reconsidered. NOYES, H. 1881, p. 490.

A motion to suspend this rule may be entertained after the time allowed for a motion to reconsider has elapsed. Noves, H. 1887, p. 331.

When a vote has been passed to close debate at a specified time, and that time has arrived, it is too late to move a reconsideration in order to extend the debate. Noyes, H. 1880, p. 220.

A motion to reconsider a vote whereby a rule has been suspended cannot be entertained after business consequent upon the suspension has intervened. MEYER, H. 1894, p. 466.

As to whether the adoption of an order can be reconsidered after its execution has begun, see Hale, H. 1859, p. 270.

It has been held that a motion to reconsider a vote on an undebatable question cannot be debated. ROCKWELL, H. 1858, p. 331.

A motion to rescind a standing or special order of the House may be entertained after the time for reconsideration of the order has expired. MEYER, H. 1895, p. 982; MEYER, H. 1894, p. 823.

"On the same or the succeeding day." It has been held that a session held merely for the purpose of complying with the provisions of the Constitution, and not for the purpose of transacting business, is not to be considered as "the succeeding day." BARRETT, H. 1890, p. 1277. (This provision was changed in 1902.)

When each of two or more daily sessions is declared to be a legislative day, each session is a day within the meaning of this rule. BARRETT, H. 1893, p. 1036.

"Such motion, if made on the same day, shall, except in

the last week of the session, be placed first in the orders of the next day," etc. Notwithstanding this rule, it is necessary to take up forthwith a motion to reconsider a vote that when the House adjourn it be to a day or hour different from that fixed by the rules. Goodwin, H. 1860, p. 415.

The words "last week of the session" may be construed as meaning the week prior to the date of final adjournment voted by the House. Barkett, H. 1889, p. 965.

"It shall be moved before the orders of the day are taken up." For a case in which a motion to reconsider was entertained after the orders of the day were taken up, see OLMSTEAD (acting Speaker), H. 1892, pp. 380, 381. But see also St. John (acting Speaker), H. 1892, p. 1202.

"Shall be forthwith considered." This does not prevent a postponement of action on the motion to reconsider by vote to that effect. Hale (acting Speaker), H. 1874, p. 23.

Where a bill had passed to be engrossed, and a motion to reconsider had been made, it was held that laying the motion to reconsider on the table would not carry the bill to the table, but would leave the Clerk at liberty to send it to the Senate. Jewell, H. 1870, p. 478.

"Provided, however," etc. For the origin of this proviso, see Kinnicutt, H. 1844, p. 524.

In the case of a motion to reconsider a vote whereby the House refused to discharge a matter from the orders of the day under a suspension of the rules, it was held that such motion should be considered at the time when made. Tobin (acting Speaker), H. 1886, p. 524.

RULE 71. "No question shall be twice reconsidered." Where a bill had been rejected, and reconsideration was carried, and the bill was then amended in an essential feature, it was held that a reconsideration of a second rejection would be in order, because the question on the second rejection was not the same as that on the first.

STONE, H. 1867, p. 218; HEYWOOD (acting President), S. 1865, p. 533.

The same question cannot twice be reconsidered. The fact that the question has been decided once in the affirmative and once in the negative makes no difference. BLISS, H. 1853, p. 721.

It is competent for the House to reconsider a vote refusing to pass a bill over the Executive veto, notwithstanding the first vote is described in the Constitution as a "reconsideration of the bill." Sanford, H. 1874, p. 583.

It has been held that this rule can be suspended so as to allow a second reconsideration. PHELPS, H. 1856, p. 481.

RULES OF DEBATE.

Remarks should be addressed to the presiding officer, not to the House in general. Bullock, H. 1865, p. 155.

When a member yields the floor to another, he loses the right to it altogether. Brackett, H. 1885, p. 741.

No person not a member of the legislative body has any right to take part in the debates. For a case in which application of this rule was made to the chaplain's prayer, see Sanford, H. 1872, p. 291.

The uniform custom in the House has been to allude to a member by his residence. The pronouncing of the name of one member by another in debate is liable to lead to the excitement of personal feeling, and to a disturbance of that harmony and courtesy among the members which are essential to the highest style of order in a deliberative assembly. Bullock, H. 1865, p. 155.

Allusion should not be made to the opinions or wishes of the Executive for the purpose of influencing the decision of any question. This point is not one merely of formality or propriety, but one of principle, affecting the independence of the several branches of the government. The official acts and orders of the Executive, and his opinions officially communicated to the Legislature, are properly subjects of discussion, and may well be referred to for the purpose of influencing the action of the legislative body; but it is irregular and unparliamentary in debate for a member, with a view to securing the passage or defeat of a measure, to refer to the supposed opinion or wish of the Executive not officially promulgated. Bullock, H. 1865, p. 155; Morrison (acting Speaker), H. 1889, p. 800.

After a point of order has been raised, the subject can be postponed to give the chair time for consideration. Noves, H. 1882, p. 446.

A point of order will not lie for the reason that a bill does not conform to the subject-matter as stated in the title. Barrett, H. 1892, p. 1160.

An order having been adopted that the Speaker should declare an adjournment on the completion of the business on which the House was engaged at 5 o'clock, it was held that a motion to take a recess until 7.30, made after 5 o'clock, was not in order, for the reason that the order had not been suspended. Brackett, H. 1885, pp. 771, 775.

RULE 74. See BARRETT, H. 1893, p. 908.

RULE 76. The House has refused to sustain a ruling that the intent of this rule is to give the preference in speaking only to such members who have not spoken as rise at the same time with a member who may desire to speak a second time. Hale, H. 1859, p. 288. See also Barrett, H 1893, p. 908.

MOTIONS.

In general terms, it is a principle of parliamentary law that no question can be moved a second time upon which the judgment of the House has already been expressed. See Wade, H. 1879, p. 540; Hale, H. 1859, p. 277; Phelps, H. 1856, p. 530.

If a motion to lay on the table is lost, another motion to lay on the table is not in order until some substantial business has been transacted. The rejection of a motion to adjourn is not substantial business. BLISS, H. 1853, p. 281. See also CROCKER, S. 1883, p. 286.

A motion to suspend the rule limiting the time allowed to each speaker is in order pending a debate, although before the debate began a similar motion had been made and defeated. HALE, H. 1859, p. 603.

A motion that the further reading of a paper be dispensed with is not barred by the fact that at a previous stage in the reading a similar motion has been rejected. Higgins (acting Speaker), H. 1894, p. 128.

No two resolutions nor any two bills contradictory to each other can be passed at the same session. See W_{ADE} , H. 1879, p. 540.

If, however, an amendment is made at one stage of a bill, inserting certain words, the same words, or any part of them, may be stricken out by amendment at a subsequent stage without reconsideration of the first amendment. Sanford, H. 1874, p. 246. So also the rejection of an amendment at one stage of a bill does not bar the same amendment from being entertained at a subsequent stage. Meyer, H. 1894, p. 1187. For further modifications and explanations of this principle, see notes to Senate Rule 54 and House Rule 49.

A resolution disapproving of the course of a member is not admissible, unless such course has been in violation of the rules and privileges of the House. Sanford, H. 1872, p. 292.

RULE 78. "A motion . . . may be withdrawn by the mover if no objection is made." When a motion to reconsider was made, and under the rule went over to the succeeding day, it was held that it was no longer before the

House and could not be withdrawn until reached on such succeeding day, unless the rule was suspended so that it could be at once considered. PHELPS, H. 1857, p. 533.

RULE 79. "A motion to adjourn shall be always first in order." A motion to adjourn is not in order pending the verification of a vote. If the previous question is ordered, a motion to adjourn is not in order until the main question is decided. BLISS, H. 1853, pp. 274, 365. See also LORING, S. 1874, pp. 551, 554; CROCKER, S. 1883, p. 289.

A motion to adjourn to a specified time is not entitled to precedence. BLISS, H. 1853, p. 302.

If a motion to adjourn has been negatived, it cannot be renewed until substantial business has intervened. BLISS, H. 1853, p. 303; BACHELDER (acting Speaker), H. 1898, p. 780.

The ordering of the yeas and nays on the pending question, and the interposition of a request to be excused from voting and ordering the yeas and nays on this question, is not substantial business. Brackett, H. 1885, p. 356.

If there is no other motion before the House, a motion to adjourn may be amended by specifying a particular day, and it has been held that it is not even then debatable. Crowninshield, H. 1849, p. 314.

Rule 80. See notes to House Rules 68 and 79.

"Or some other motion that has precedence." If a special assignment is not called up on the day assigned for its consideration, it has been held that it falls through and loses its privilege, but this ruling was overruled by the House. BLISS, H. 1853, p. 347. See note to Senate Rule 46.

"To close the debate at a specified time." The House is not bound by a vote to take the question at a given time. The previous question would be in order, or the time might be extended for taking the vote. Sanford, H. 1873, p.

262. When, however, the time fixed for taking the vote has arrived, it is too late to move a reconsideration in order to extend the time. Noyes, H. 1880, p. 220.

It has been held that a motion to close the debate must be put to the question before the time specified in the motion, even if it is necessary to interrupt a speaker for the purpose of so doing. UPHAM, S. 1858, p. 448.

The motion to close the debate at a specified time cannot be applied to a motion to refer a matter to the next General Court. Brackett, H. 1885, p. 599.

- " To commit (or recommit)." See note to Senate Rule 46.
- "To amend." See notes to House Rule 90 and Senate Rules 46 and 50.
- "To refer to the next General Court." It has been held that a motion to refer to the next General Court can be applied to a motion to reconsider. BARRETT, H. 1890, p. 1277.
- RULE 81. If the House adjourns pending a motion for the previous question, the consideration of said motion is not removed from before the House on the following day. BARRETT, H. 1890, p. 604.
- RULE 84. If a motion for the previous question is carried while a motion to reconsider the adoption of an amendment is pending, the motion to reconsider is not thereby made the main question. ELDRIDGE (acting Speaker), H. 1860, p. 288.
- "And then upon the main question." The announcement of a vote for the preacher of the election sermon having shown that no person had a majority, a motion was made that the person having the highest number of votes be declared elected, and the previous question was then moved and carried, and it was held that the main question was the motion that a plurality should elect. Bradbury, H. 1848, p. 273.

RULE 85. Unless the vote on a motion to close debate at a specified time can be taken at least thirty minutes before the time specified, the motion is improperly before the House. BATES, H. 1899, p. 505.

RULE 86. When a bill has been substituted for the report of a committee, the member who made the motion to substitute is not in charge of the measure within the meaning of this rule, unless such member was in charge of the original measure. Barrett, H. 1890, p. 863; Barrett, H. 1893, p. 1073.

If the committee on Bills in the Third Reading reports adversely on a bill which has been substituted for the report of a committee, the chairman of the committee on Bills in the Third Reading is not in charge of the bill, within the meaning of this rule. Barrett, H. 1890, p. 863.

Reference to the committee on Rules for the purpose of modifying a bill so as to make it conform to the provisions of the order upon which it was based, was held not to take the bill out of the charge of the member of the committee by whom it was originally reported. Powers (acting Speaker), H. 1892, p. 914.

Where a bill reported by a committee had been amended in the House by the substitution of another bill, it was held that the member in charge of the bill originally reported was entitled to the ten minutes allowed by the rule. BATES, H. 1897, p. 836.

A bill reported to the House by the committee on Education, having been amended in the Senate by the substitution of another bill, and the latter on reaching the House having been referred under the rule to the Finance committee, which reported that the substituted bill ought to pass, it was held that the member of the committee on Education who had charge of the original bill was still in charge. Dewey (acting Speaker), H. 1891, p. 1037.

"When the member entitled to speak under this rule is absent," etc. Prior to the addition of this clause it was held that in the absence of the member in charge no other member of the committee could be considered as in charge, and entitled to speak. Brackett, H. 1885, p. 677.

RULE 89. When an amendment has been adopted inserting certain words in a bill, the same words when taken in connection with other words, thus constituting a different proposition, may be struck out by subsequent amendment at the same stage. Bates, H. 1899, p. 909.

See notes to Senate Rule 46, under "to amend."

RULE 90. Before the rules allowed committees to report a general law upon a petition for special legislation, it was held that a private or special act could not be changed by amendment to a general law. Sanford, H. 1874, p. 217; LONG, H. 1878, pp. 117, 361.

Amendments extending the provisions of a private or special bill, so as to make it general, are admissible if the committee might have reported such a general bill on the order referred to it. Marden, H. 1883, p. 630; Mellen (acting Speaker), H. 1893, p. 660; Meyer, H. 1894, p. 1146. See Senate Rule 16, House Rule 30, Joint Rule 7.

To change a special act into a general act by amendment is to so amend as to make the provisions of the act applicable to all individuals of the same class. Bates, H. 1897, p. 183.

Resolutions general in their scope may be moved as a substitute for resolutions special in character. Barrett, H. 1891, p. 60; Barrett, H. 1890, p. 866. See House Rule 30 and notes thereto, and House Rule 95.

If the subject-matter referred to a committee is general in its character, it is not in order to propose amendments changing the bill reported thereon from a general law to a special act. Bates, H. 1898, p. 674; Bates, H. 1897, pp. 875, 968; Meyer, H. 1895, pp. 826, 1071, 1132; Noyes, H. 1887, pp. 700, 785; Wadlin (acting Speaker), H. 1887, p. 448. See also Bates, H. 1899, p. 332; Marden, H. 1884, p. 450; Noyes, H. 1888, p. 600. See also notes to Senate Rule 50.

An amendment is not in order if it extends beyond the scope of the subject-matter on which the report of a committee is based. Myers, H. 1900, p. 1146; Barrett, H. 1893, p. 1046; Bennett (acting Speaker), H. 1893, p. 471; Noyes, H. 1887, pp. 422, 532, 654, 668; Marden, H. 1883, pp. 232, 558. See notes on Senate Rule 50. See also ruling by Speaker Barrett, cited in notes on Joint Rules under "Committees."

A bill contemplating legislation is not admissible as an amendment to a report of a committee, leave to withdraw, on a petition which simply asks for a public hearing and not for legislation. Tucker (acting Speaker), H. 1892, p. 460.

In a case where a bill permissive in its character was the subject-matter referred, it was held that an amendment, which, if adopted, would make the bill mandatory, was not in order. McDonough (acting Speaker), H. 1888, p. 535.

An amendment which provides for a modification of an existing law is not germane to a bill which provides for a repeal of the law. MARDEN, H. 1883, p. 512; BARRETT, H. 1892, p. 786; MEYER, H. 1894, p. 1085.

A bill providing for the abolition of an official board was held not to be germane to a petition asking for the continuance of the board. Meyer, H. 1894, p. 825.

An amendment striking out a portion of a bill is not germane if it broadens the bill beyond the scope of the petition. MYERS, H. 1900, p. 918.

A substitute removing existing legal restrictions is not

germane to a petition and bill imposing more rigid restrictions. Myers, H. 1900, p. 1007.

For instances of amendments which have been held not to be germane, see Appendix House Journal, 1901, under Questions of Order; Myers, H. 1901, p. 1193; Myers, H. 1900, pp. 741, 894, 935, 1026, 1146, 1206; CARLETON (acting Speaker), H. 1900, p. 707; MILLS (acting Speaker), H. 1900, p. 792; APSEY (acting Speaker), H. 1900, p. 894; BATES, H. 1899, pp. 251, 907; STONE (acting Speaker), H. 1899, p. 902; BATES, H. 1898, pp. 764, 1146; PARsons (acting Speaker), H. 1898, p. 922; Bates, H. 1897, pp. 81, 182, 931, 1165; QUIRK (acting Speaker), H. 1897, p. 925; Gallison (acting Speaker), H. 1897, p. 1083; MEYER, H. 1896, pp. 857, 904, 1036, 1042; MEYER, H. 1895, pp. 332, 466 (on message of Governor), 773, 921, 1002, 1041, 1258 (on message of Governor and report of State Board of Health), 1270; IRWIN (acting Speaker), H. 1895, p. 719; McCarthy (acting Speaker), H. 1895, p. 977; Meyer, H. 1894, pp. 300, 311, 466, 742, 825, 1092, 1103, 1107, 1120, 1343; MALONE (acting Speaker), H. 1894, pp. 876, 1383; Wellman (acting Speaker), H. 1894, p. 1374; BAR-RETT, H. 1892, pp. 551, 564, 839, 975, 1159; Powers (acting Speaker), H. 1892, p. 246; Tucker (acting Speaker), H. 1892, p. 522; Lyford (acting Speaker), H. 1892, p. 903; BARRETT, H. 1891, pp. 126, 628, 733, 921, 932, 1111; WARDWELL (acting Speaker), H. 1891, p. 914; BARRETT, H. 1890, pp. 323, 434, 468, 549, 686, 891, 1003, 1116, 1146, 1150; BARRETT, H. 1889, pp. 309, 792, 832; Noyes, H. 1888, pp. 575, 676, 715, 828; Noyes, H. 1887, p. 458; BRACKETT, H. 1886, p. 739; BRACKETT, H. 1885, pp. 650, 710, 723; MARDEN, H. 1884, pp. 320, 387, 408, 492, 506, 537; MARDEN, H. 1883, pp. 259, 457, 598, 671, 702, 765; Noyes, H. 1882, pp. 197, 289, 380; Noyes, H. 1881, p. 480; Noyes, H. 1880, pp. 178, 184; Long, H. 1878, pp. 216, 411; Long, H. 1877, pp. 390, 554; Long, H. 1876,

p. 245; Sanford, H. 1875, p. 304; Jewell, H. 1870, p. 483; Jewell, H. 1868, p. 578. See also notes to Senate Rule 50.

A bill regulating the giving of entertainments on the Lord's Day was held to be within the scope of and germane to a petition asking for the prohibition of such entertainments. Myers, H. 1900, p. 738.

For instances of amendments which have been held to be germane, see Appendix House Journal, 1901, under Questions of Order; GILPATRIC (acting Speaker), H. 1901, p. 830; Myers, H. 1901, pp. 784, 1181; Myers, H. 1900, pp. 1086, 1396; BATES, H. 1899, pp. 923, 1035, 1042, 1060; TURTLE (acting Speaker), H. 1899, p. 1068; BATES, H. 1898, p. 1099; BATES, H. 1897, p. 1136; MEYER, H. 1894, p. 728; Parsons (acting Speaker), H. 1898, p. 922; Ban-CROFT (acting Speaker), H. 1895, pp. 494, 690; MALONE (acting Speaker), H. 1894, p. 1076; BARRETT, H. 1893, pp. 389, 598, 644; ROCKWELL (acting Speaker), H. 1893, pp. 659, 671; BARRETT, H. 1892, pp. 499, 840, 914, 922, 1008; Powers (acting Speaker), H. 1892, pp. 246, 812; BARRETT, H. 1891, pp. 60, 541, 622, 919, 920, 935, 952, 1131; BARRETT, H. 1890, pp. 340, 596, 696, 718, 729, 801, 929, 930, 944; BARRETT, H. 1889, pp. 60, 833, 929; WYMAN (acting Speaker), H. 1889, p. 809; Noyes, H. 1888, p. 582; TEELE (acting Speaker), H. 1887, p. 419; BRACKETT, H. 1885, p. 665; MARDEN, H. 1883, pp. 232, 558; NOYES, H. 1882, p. 197; Brown (acting Speaker), H. 1882, p. 515; Long, H. 1878, p. 521; Long (acting Speaker), H. 1875, p. 470. See also note to Senate Rule 50.

The House has a right in granting legislation to impose such provisos, conditions or limitations as to it may seem fit. BARRETT, H. 1892, pp. 536, 839, 840.

It is too late to raise objection that a substitute bill is not germane to a petition after the substitute has been adopted. Meyer, H. 1895, p. 406.

So also it is too late to raise objection that an amendment is not germane to a bill after the amendment has been adopted (Noyes, H. 1888, p. 463), or after the consideration of the amendment has occupied the attention of the House a portion of two sessions. Sanford, H. 1874, p. 367. See also Dewey (acting Speaker), H. 1877, p. 463; Noyes, H. 1881, p. 480. See notes to Senate Rule 50 and to Joint Rules under the head of "Committees."

RULE 91. This rule does not save the right to amend when a simple motion to strike out (i.e., a motion not embracing a proposition to insert) has been made and rejected. Sanford, H. 1874, p. 499.

"A question containing two or more propositions capable of division." The question, "Shall this bill pass to be engrossed?" is not divisible. Thus, in passing to be engrossed a bill fixing certain salaries, the bill cannot be divided so as to allow the salary of each official to be voted on separately. Wardwell (acting Speaker), H. 1881, p. 490.

"Strike out and insert." See Noyes, H. 1880, p. 60.

RULE 92. Where there is no blank, and amendments are offered, changing the sum or time, the matter is to be treated as if the sum or time were left blank in the original motion, and the sum or time therein stated is to take its place among the amendments in accordance with the provisions of this rule. Wade, H. 1879, p. 144.

See note to Senate Rule 51.

APPEAL.

RULE 94. An appeal from the ruling of the chair must be taken at once. The right to appeal is cut off by the intervention of other business. PHELPS, H. 1857, p. 907. See also CROCKER, S. 1883, p. 289.

For a case where the chair refused to entertain an appeal

because the question had previously been decided by a ruling of the chair, which was confirmed by a vote of the House, see Bliss, H. 1853, p. 366. See also Crocker, S. 1883, pp. 289, 290.

The decision upon an appeal can be reconsidered. BLIss, H. 1853, pp. 730, 736.

A motion to lay an appeal on the table is not in order. MARDEN, H. 1883, p. 582. See notes to Senate Rules, under heading "Motions."

ELECTIONS BY BALLOT.

RULE 96. The election of a State director of the Troy and Greenfield Railroad Company was held to be within this rule. Goodwin, H. 1860, p. 665.

PARLIAMENTARY PRACTICE.

RULE 101. It is not competent for the House on motion to suspend the principles of general parliamentary law. The House could not suspend the rule that the rejection of a motion to strike out precludes amendment, any more than it could suspend the rule requiring a majority of votes to pass a motion. Sanford, H. 1874, p. 499.

NOTES OF RULINGS

ON THE

JOINT RULES.

COMMITTEES.

A report adopted at a duly notified meeting of a committee, a quorum being present, was held to be a valid report of the committee, although an unsigned memorandum was written on the report, to the effect that certain members, constituting a majority of the committee, dissented. BOARDMAN, S. 1888, p. 378.

It is not within the province of the chair upon a point of order to inquire into the internal workings of a committee with a view to determining whether a bill has been properly considered by such committee. BARRETT, H. 1891, p. 1127.

When a report is received, the committee's duties as to the matter reported on are ended, and they can make no further report upon it, unless the subject is recommitted to them by vote of the assembly. CROCKER, S. 1883, pp. 489, 576; BARRETT, H. 1891, p. 789; MARDEN, H. 1883, pp. 529, 669.

The reception of a report discharges the committee, even though the report is subsequently ruled out as beyond the scope of the reference. MYERS, H. 1900, p. 1463.

A report of a committee made without authority cannot be considered. BARRETT, H. 1892, p. 877.

Every report should conclude with some substantive proposition for the consideration of the assembly, such as, that a bill, resolve, order or resolution ought or ought not to pass, that it is inexpedient to legislate, that the petitioners have leave to withdraw, etc., etc.

If a report recommends the passage of a bill or resolve, action is had upon the bill or resolve alone, and it takes its several readings, or is otherwise disposed of, as to the assembly seems fit. In such cases nothing is done about "accepting the report." The statement of facts and arguments embodied in the report in support of the recommendation of the committee is not accepted or adopted, . . . and the assembly, by passing the bill or resolve, does not endorse that statement of fact or argument any more than, when it passes a vote, it endorses every speech made in support of the motion.

What is true of a report recommending the passage of a bill or resolve is equally true of a report recommending the passage of a resolution or order, reference to another committee or to the next General Court, or any other action. The substantive proposition of the report is the motion, as it were, of the committee, and that proposition alone is before the assembly for its action. The preliminary statement of facts and of opinions contained in reports in the usual forms is not before the assembly for its action, and therefore cannot be amended. If, however, the proposition of a report is that its statement of facts and of opinions should be endorsed and adopted by the assembly itself, then and then only such statement would properly be before the assembly, and might be amended or otherwise acted upon. Crocker, S. 1883, pp. 489, 576; BARRETT, H. 1890, p. 1254.

Whatever the proposition of the report is, the question should be so framed as to embody that proposition in distinct terms. The ordinary form of putting the question, namely, "Shall this report be accepted?" is inaccurate, ambiguous, misleading, and ought to be abolished. CROCKER, S. 1883, pp. 489, 576.

If a committee report in part only, their report should expressly state that it is "in part," and should clearly define what portion of the subject-matter committed to them is covered by the report. The use of the words "in part" is, however, not essential. If the committee intended to report in part only, and the phraseology of their report is consistent with such intent, their report will be treated as a report in part. CROCKER, S. 1883, p. 87; BARRETT, H. 1889, p. 843. See also Sprague, S. 1891, p. 713.

A committee to which the report of a commission has been referred may report a bill on the subject covered by the report of the commission, although such report omits to recommend legislation. Noves, H. 1888, p. 670. But see Hartwell, S. 1889, p. 733. See also Sprague, S. 1891, p. 514.

A committee to which a report of a commission has been referred should make separate reports on the various subjects on which legislation is specially suggested, and a final report,—"no further legislation necessary." In a case, however, where a committee reported a bill on one only of several subjects, deeming that legislation on the other subjects was inexpedient, and plainly indicated that its report was intended to be a report in full, it was held that any amendment within the scope of the matter referred to the committee was admissible, though such amendment might not be germane to the subject-matter covered by the reported bill. Otherwise the committee would possess the power to bury by its own action, and without the power of revision, the issues referred to it. Barrett, H. 1889, p. 842.

For a discussion as to the creation of joint committees, and their relation to the two branches, see HALE, H. 1859, p. 269.

A joint order having been adopted instructing joint committees to report reference to the next General Court on all matters remaining in their hands after a fixed date, a bill reported subsequently to such date was held to be improperly before the House. Noyes, H. 1888, p. 832; Barrett, H. 1889, p. 897; Barrett, H. 1893, p. 706.

As to whether the same subject may be referred to two committees, see Sanford, H. 1872, p. 419. It seems that such action would conflict with the principle of parliamentary law, that no bill or measure shall be twice passed upon in the same session. See Butler, S. 1894, p. 730.

Committees must confine their report to the subject referred to them. For instances in which the point of order has been raised that this principle has been violated, see MYERS, H. 1900, p. 960; SMITH, S. 1899, p. 879; BATES, H. 1899, pp. 1036, 1061; LAWRENCE, S. 1897, p. 763; BATES, H. 1897, pp. 581, 636, 825; MEYER, H. 1896, pp. 834, 878; BUTLER, S. 1895, pp. 618, 676; MEYER, H. 1895, p. 1042; Butler, S. 1894, p. 805; Pinkerton, S. 1892, pp. 242, 451; BARRETT, H. 1893, p. 954; BARRETT, H. 1892, pp. 613, 623, 724, 814, 902; SPRAGUE, S. 1890, pp. 403, 884; BARRETT, H. 1891, p. 789; BARRETT, H. 1890, pp. 384, 425, 467, 468; HARTWELL, S. 1889, p. 581; BAR-RETT, H. 1889, pp. 716, 853, 864, 972; BOARDMAN, S 1888, p. 439; BRACKETT, H. 1886, p. 713; BRACKETT, H. 1885, p. 858; JEWELL, H. 1870, pp. 454, 475; JEWELL, H. 1871, p. 342; SANFORD, H. 1874, p. 392; SANFORD, H. 1872, pp. 419, 421, 422. See also Bruce, S. 1884, p. 581; MARDEN, H. 1884, p. 450; NOYES, H. 1880, pp. 68, 72, 77, 472; Long, H. 1878, p. 216.

If the report of a committee is ruled out as beyond the scope of the reference, the subject-matter of the reference is still before the House for its action. Myers, H. 1900, p. 1463.

If a bill reported by one committee is referred to another committee, the latter committee is not limited to the scope of the bill referred to it, but may report any measure within the scope of the propositions upon which the original bill was based. Butler, S. 1894, p. 920; Lawrence, S. 1897, p. 763.

When the rules require that legislation shall be based upon petition, the petition determines the scope of legislation. A bill filed with the petition does not enlarge the scope of the petition unless the petition contains phraseology which makes the bill a part of it. Butler, S. 1894, p. 940. Neither does a bill curtail the scope of the petition which it accompanies. Bates, H. 1899, pp. 1036, 1061.

A bill prohibiting the sale of intoxicating liquors was held not to be germane to a petition asking that the sale of malt and spirituous liquors be prohibited, for the reason that, as appears from 2 Gray, 502, there are intoxicating liquors other than malt and spirituous liquors. Barrett, H. 1892, p. 730.

In determining the scope of an application for legislation, it should be construed liberally; but the chair is, at the same time, held to secure an observance of the rules made for obtaining well-considered legislation, and to the end that all citizens of the Commonwealth shall have full notice of matters brought before the Legislature affecting their interests. Sprague, S. 1890, pp. 405, 886; Pillsbury, S. 1886, p. 703; Boardman, S. 1888, p. 352; Noyes, H. 1888, p. 700.

For a case in which the scope of an order was construed liberally, see BARRETT, H. 1890, p. 1259.

A committee can report a larger sum than that named in the resolve referred to it. PILLSBURY, S. 1886, p. 700.

A motion to recommit with instructions to report a bill broader in its scope than the measures upon which the bill is based is out of order. PINKERTON, S. 1892, p. 266.

As the greater includes the less, it is a general rule that a bill will not be ruled out because it does not cover all the objects embraced in the order. PILLSBURY, S. 1886, p. 395; PINKERTON, S. 1892, p. 428. See also SOULE, S. 1901, p. 1049.

But on an order looking to general legislation relating to all cities and towns, a committee cannot report a special bill applicable to a single city. MARDEN, H. 1884, p. 450; PINKERTON, S. 1893, p. 505.

It has further been held that a bill providing for a modification of an existing law cannot be reported on a petition which asks for a repeal of the law. Noves, H. 1887, pp. 523, 552.

As to what legislation can be based on the reference to a committee of a report of a commission or board of trustees, see Jewell, H. 1870, p. 478; NOYES, H. 1888, p. 670.

When a bill for a rearrangement of the congressional districts was reported by a committee, under an order that directed that the districts as rearranged should conform to the districts as then established as closely as the lines of the existing wards and precincts of the city of Boston would conveniently admit, it was held that the chair could not attempt to decide whether the lines of the proposed new districts conformed as closely to the lines of existing wards and precincts as convenience permitted, but that the committee was free to use its own judgment upon the question. Lawrence, S. 1896, p. 983; Meyer, H. 1896, p. 1211.

A message from the Governor transmitting a communication from a State commission calling the attention of the Legislature to a threatened abuse by a certain corporation, and suggesting such action as it might deem it advisable to take, was held to be sufficiently broad in scope to permit a remedy of the threatened evil either by a general or by a special bill, or by both. Myers, H. 1901, p. 1048.

If any part of a bill covers a matter not referred to the committee, the whole bill must be withdrawn or excluded. It cannot be amended before it is-received. Sanford, H. 1872, pp. 422, 429; Sanford, H. 1875, p. 365; Pillsbury, S. 1886, p. 702. But such a bill may be recommitted. Smith, S. 1899, p. 879; Sprague, S. 1890, p. 886; Myers, H. 1900, p. 706; Brackett, H. 1885, p. 559; Brackett, H. 1886, p. 713; Barrett, H. 1889, pp. 717, 853; Barrett, H. 1892, p. 724; Meyer, H. 1894, p. 1218.

If, however, a bill or an amendment, which is not germane to the subject-matter referred, comes to one branch from the other, such bill or amendment must be entertained out of courtesy to the branch from which it is received. SMITH, S. 1899, p. 887; PINKERTON, S. 1893, p. 470; MEYER, H. 1894, pp. 466, 877; MARDEN, H. 1884, p. 451. But see MARDEN, H. 1883, p. 478. For other cases upon "Courtesy between the Branches," see under "Sundry Rulings," at the end of the notes on the Joint Rules.

Objection that a bill covers matter not referred to the committee cannot be raised after deliberate action on the bill, by amendment, or by passing it to a third reading, or even after continued deliberation in regard to it. SMITH, S. 1900, p. 660; LAWRENCE, S. 1896, p. 941; BUTLER, S. 1895, p. 473; PINKERTON, S. 1893, pp. 387, 423; PINKERTON, S. 1892, p. 476; BATES, H. 1898, p. 940; ATTWILL (acting Speaker), H. 1898, p. 840; MEYER, H. 1894, p. 1248; BARRETT, H. 1891, p. 807; BARRETT, H. 1890, pp. 340, 1020; BRACKETT, H. 1886, p. 503; DEWEY (acting Speaker), H. 1877, p. 464; SANFORD, H. 1874, p. 368; JEWELL, H. 1870, p. 477. See also NOYES, H. 1881, p. 480; WADE, H. 1879, p. 540.

Where a committee has referred to it several petitions on the same subject, or various papers involving either directly or remotely the same subject, whether simply or connected with other things, and the committee has once considered and reported upon any one subject involved in them, it has entirely exhausted its authority over that subject.

After such report has been once made, the subject passes beyond the control of the committee and becomes the property of the House.

Any papers left in the hands of the committee which may indirectly involve the same subject must be treated as if that question was not in them. It seems not to be within the power of a committee to withhold mention of any particular petition, report or other paper, and thus retain possession of a subject once reported upon as a basis for a new action and a new report.

General considerations support strongly this view. It is a maxim of jurisprudence that it is for the public advantage that strifes should come to an end. It is equally for the public interest that contentions in what our fathers called the Great and General Court should be settled once for all. Many persons have a deep interest in the matters heard before committees. They appear in person or by counsel; and when the subject is, by report of the committee, brought before the Legislature, they appear to influence the action of members, as they have the right to do. When the matter is once disposed of, they depart, and suppose they may do so in safety. They have a right to believe their interests no longer require their presence. But if a committee may revive questions once reported upon and settled, there will never be rest. JEWELL, H. 1870, p. 480. See also Noyes, H. 1888, p. 584; SPRAGUE, S. 1891, p. 516; BARRETT, H. 1891, p. 790.

A resolve, not an order, should be the form used to provide for printing a document not for the use of the Legislature, and involving the expenditure of public money. Long, H. 1878, p. 58; Noyes, H. 1880, p. 123.

Further, as to cases in which orders would be suitable, see Long, H. 1878, p. 58.

A motion that several bills comprised in one report should be placed separately in the orders of the day is not in order before the report has been received and the bills read the first time. Sanford, H. 1872, p. 404.

- RULE 3. A delegation to represent the State, composed not only of members of the Legislature but also of State officers, is not a joint committee within the meaning of this rule. Bates, H. 1898, p. 1068.
- RULE 5. Under this rule a motion to recommit, made at a date later than that fixed in the rule, is out of order. BARRETT, H. 1891, pp. 866, 983.
- RULE 7. "Or other legislation." Prior to 1891 this phrase was "other special legislation," and special legislation was held to be that which directly affects individuals as such differently from the class to which they belong or from the people at large. PILLSBURY, S. 1885, pp. 588, 589. See notes to Senate Rule 16.

It is the province of the committee, and not of the Speaker, to determine whether the purpose for which the legislation is sought can be secured without detriment to the public interest by a general law. Myers, H. 1901, p. 1048.

NOTICE TO PARTIES INTERESTED.

RULE 8. See note to Senate Rule 15 and House Rule 31. A bill may be laid aside on the ground that it is in violation of this rule after it has passed through one branch. BISHOP, S. 1882, p. 307.

A bill which is offered as a substitute for a report of a committee must be germane to the subject referred to the committee. Jewell, H. 1871, p. 342.

It is sufficient if the petition bears the certificate of the Secretary of the Commonwealth that the required publication has been made. It is not necessary to state in detail in the publication all the provisions of the legislation desired. Barrett, H. 1892, p. 995.

It is not within the province of the Speaker, but within the province of the committee, to determine whether a petition has been properly advertised. BARRETT, H. 1892, p. 1160.

"No legislation." Prior to 1890 the phraseology was "no bill or resolve," and under that phraseology it was held that an order that a committee investigate the management and condition of a certain society and report what legislation is necessary was within the operation of the rule, because any bill or resolve embodying the conclusions of such investigation would be within the scope of the rule. BRUCE, S. 1884, p. 580. Contra, PILLSBURY, S. 1885, p. 580.

"Except by a petition." Prior to 1890 the words "by amendment or otherwise" were also used. For an instance in which under that form of the rule an amendment was held to be barred by the rule, see Bishop, S. 1880, p. 333. For an instance in which an amendment proposing a new treatment of a subject already in the bill, and not the introduction of a new subject into the bill, was held not to be barred by the rule, see Bishop, S. 1881, p. 384.

For an instance in which it was held that a communication from the Governor transmitting a subject-matter for legislation is, for the purposes of legislation, to be considered in the light of a message from him, and is entitled to the same consideration that such a message would have, and that a bill reported upon said communication is not in violation of this rule, see Myers, H. 1900, p. 1048.

Prior to 1890 the following words were used, "Except by report of a committee on petition duly presented and referred," and under this form of the rule various rulings were made. For cases in which a bill was ruled out, see Long, H. 1878, pp. 116, 120; Cogswell, S. 1878, p. 178; Noyes, H. 1888, p. 479. For a case in which it

was held that the words "duly presented" did not require compliance with the provisions of chapter 2 of the Public Statutes in regard to notice; that those provisions were mandatory only to the petitioner, and that the Legislature might, if it saw fit, hear the petitioner, notwithstanding his failure to comply with the law, see Marden, H. 1883, p. 533. See also Noyes, H. 1882, p. 90.

"Objection to the violation of this rule may be taken at any stage prior to that of the third reading." For a case which arose prior to the insertion of these words, see Dewey (acting Speaker), H. 1877, p. 463.

RULE 9. As to the form and evidence of publication, see notes to Joint Rule 8.

Under this rule it was held that a petition to establish the boundary line in tide waters between two towns, involving the taking of land from one town and the annexing of it to the other, is, in effect, a petition to divide an existing town; and, since no publication of notice, as required by law, had been made and the rule had not been suspended, a bill reported upon such a petition was improperly before the House. Meyer, H. 1896, p. 947.

For the case of a bill which was held not to come within the provisions of this section, see Bates, H. 1899, pp. 1036, 1061.

LIMIT OF TIME ALLOWED FOR REPORTS OF COMMITTEES.

Rule 10. If after the date fixed for final report a committee reports a bill, such bill must be laid aside. Barrett, H. 1893, p. 706. So also a report of leave to withdraw will be laid aside. Meyer, H. 1895, p. 920.

General orders extending the time for reports of joint committees apply to these committees no less when sitting jointly than when sitting separately. MYERS, H. 1901, p. 1047.

COMMITTEES OF CONFERENCE.

RULE 11. It seems that any difference between the two branches can be submitted to a committee of conference. PILLSBURY, S. 1886, p. 702.

That which has been agreed to by both branches cannot be disturbed by a committee of conference. It is competent for a committee of conference to report such change in the sections or portions not agreed to as is germane to those sections. Bishop, S. 1882, p. 391; Myers, H. 1900, p. 1403.

The reception of a report of a committee of conference discharges the committee, even though the report is subsequently ruled out as beyond the scope of the reference. MYERS, H. 1900, p. 1463.

LIMIT OF TIME ALLOWED FOR NEW BUSINESS.

RULE 12. This rule does not exclude matters of privilege. They may be considered whenever they arise. PILLSBURY, S. 1885, p. 583; BARRETT, H. 1890, p. 1259.

"All other subjects of legislation." See Long, H. 1878, p. 572; Brackett, H. 1885, p. 354.

An order which is merely incidental to a subject of legislation before the House is not within the scope of this rule. Marden, H. 1883, p. 311.

"Deposited with the Clerk of either branch." In 1891 these words were substituted for the words "proposed or introduced," previously used. Under the rule as it stood prior to 1891, it was twice ruled that matter referred by one General Court to the next, when called up in the General Court to which it is so referred, must be considered as the introduction of new business within the intent of this rule. In both cases the bill in question related to the compensation of members of the Legislature, and in both cases, on appeal, the decision of the chair was re-

versed. Crocker, S. 1883, pp. 521, 578; Long, H. 1877, pp. 466-473.

"Shall, when presented, be referred to the next General Court." Under this rule, before the words "when presented" were inserted, in a case where a bill had passed to a third reading, it was held that it was then too late to secure its reference to the next General Court under the rule. Dewey (acting Speaker), H. 1877, p. 463. See also WADE, H. 1879, p. 540.

For a case arising under a somewhat similar rule, see JEWELL, H. 1868, p. 591.

After the House had debated an order several times and had once adopted it, it was held too late to raise the point that the order came within the scope of this rule. Brackett, H. 1885, p. 354.

"This rule shall not be . . . suspended except by a concurrent vote." Pending the question on concurring in the suspension of this rule to admit a petition, it has been held not to be in order to move to lay the petition upon the table. Noyes, H. 1888, p. 260.

PRINTING AND DISTRIBUTION OF DOCUMENTS.

RULE 20. See notes on the Joint Rules under "Committees." For a ruling on this rule as it stood before 1886, see Long, H. 1878, p. 116.

The House can by its vote alone order documents printed for the use of the House. Meyer, H. 1894, p. 397.

SUNDRY RULINGS.

QUESTIONS OF PRIVILEGE.

A resolution declaring vacant certain contested seats is a resolution of high privilege, and need not be supported by a petition. MEYER, H. 1894, pp. 1192, 1198.

COURTESY BETWEEN THE BRANCHES.

Where one branch has passed upon a matter and forwarded it to the other, the latter is, as a rule, bound to receive and act upon it. For a discussion of this principle, and the exceptions to it, see Soule, S. 1901, p. 931; SMITH, S. 1900, p. 531; BATES, H. 1899, p. 1096; LAW-RENCE, S. 1896, p. 1036; PINKERTON, S. 1893, p. 470; SPRAGUE, S. 1890, pp. 317, 794; MEYER, H. 1894, pp. 466, 877; BARRETT, H. 1892, p. 1161; BARRETT, H. 1891, p. 790; MARDEN, H. 1883, pp. 523-528, also p. 478; BISHOP, S. 1882, p. 307; MARDEN, H. 1884, p. 451; PILLS-BURY, S. 1885, pp. 582, 583; MORRISON (acting Speaker), H. 1882, p. 443; Brown (acting Speaker), H. 1882, p. 515; BISHOP, S. 1881 (extra session), p. 19; BISHOP, S. 1881, p. 384; BISHOP, S. 1880, p. 243; COGSWELL, S. 1878, p. 178; Cogswell, S. 1877, pp. 301, 306; Long, H. 1877, p. 426; Sanford, H. 1874, p. 392; Sanford, H. 1872, p. 125; Bullock, H. 1865, appendix, p. 492; Phelps, S. 1859, p. 325. See also Manchester (acting Speaker), H. 1897, p. 1188.

See notes to Senate Rule 54 and House Rule 49.

CONCURRENCE IN AMENDMENTS.

Where a bill passed in the House was sent to the Senate and there passed with an amendment, and was then returned to the House for concurrence in the amendment. it was held that the House might agree or disagree with the amendment, or it might agree after amending the amendment, or it might refer the question of agreeing to the amendment to a committee, or might lay the subject on the table, or defer action to some day certain, because all such motions are supposed to be not unfriendly in their nature, at least not decisive or destructive. On the other hand, a motion to postpone indefinitely the whole subject, or any motion which carries with it an original purpose of destruction to the bill, is not in order, because the two branches have already agreed to the bill as a whole, and such a motion would be irregular in itself, and in its parliamentary effects uncourteous towards the other branch of the Legislature. Bullock, H. 1865, appendix, p. 493.

Where a bill which had been agreed to by both branches was sent by the House to the Senate for concurrence in certain amendments, and the Senate, in addition to acting on the amendments, amended other parts of the bill de novo, it was held that such amendments were not properly before the House. Meyer, H. 1895, p. 906; Myers, H. 1900, p. 1403.

One branch, in considering an amendment to its bill made by the other branch, may amend such amendment, but its amendment must be germane to the amendment submitted for concurrence. SMITH, S. 1900, p. 878; FARLEY (acting Speaker), H. 1894, p. 1403.

For a discussion as to proceedings in case of a disagreement between the two branches in relation to amendments, see Hale, H. 1859, p. 116.

LAST WEEK OF THE SESSION.

During the last week of the session, the House having voted to remain in session until the completion of the matter under consideration and the vote thereon having been taken, it was held that a motion to reconsider was in order before adjournment. Myers, H. 1900, p. 1444.

A standing order fixing the last week of the session is in force from the time it takes effect until the close of the session. Myers, H. 1900, p. 1444.

STATE LIBRARY OF MASSACHUSETTS.

The members of the Legislature are cordially invited to avail themselves of the privilege of the State Library. It contains about 110,000 volumes, and is strictly a reference library. The Librarian and assistauts will be at the service of those in search of information, and should be freely consulted.

The twenty third section of chapter 10 of the Revised Laws provides that the State Library shall be for the use of -

- 1. The Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, the Council, the General Court.
- 2. Such other officers of Government and other persons as may be permitted to use it.

REGULATIONS.

- 1. The Library is open every day in the year, except Sundays and Legal Holidays, from 9 A.M. to 5 P.M., except Saturdays, when it is closed at 2 P.M.
- 2. Visitors are requested to use the books at the tables, not in the alcoves, - and to avoid conversation.
- 3. The Statutes, Law Reports, and some other reference books may be taken to any room in the State House for temporary use, but are not to be removed from the building.
- 4. Any book taken from the Library-room must be receipted for by the person taking it, who will be held responsible for its safe return.

Trustees. - Winfield S. Slocum, Newton; Edward Everett HALE, Boston; STEPHEN O'MEARA, Boston.

Librarian .- C. B. TILLINGHAST.

Assistants. - Miss Ellen M. Sawyer, Principal; Miss Maria C. SMITH, MISS JENNIE W. FOSTER, MISS SUSY A. DICKINSON, Mrs. ANNIE G. HOPKINS, J. F. MUNROE.

AGRICULTURAL LIBRARY.

A valuable Agricultural Library, connected with the office of the Secretary of the Board of Agriculture, is also open at all hours of the day for the use of the members of the Legislature.

BOSTON ATHENÆUM.

By the Act of the General Court incorporating the Proprietors of the Boston Athenæum, it is provided that the Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, the members of the Council, of the Senate, and of the House of Representatives, for the time being, shall have free access to the Library of the said corporation, and may visit and consult the same at all times, under the same regulations as may be provided by the by-laws of said corporation for the proprietors thereof.

The Boston Athenœum is situated in Beacon Street, near the State House; and members who may wish to avail themselves of their privilege can receive a note of introduction to the Librarian by applying to the Sergeant-at-Arms.

MASSACHUSETTS HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

Section 6 of the Act of Feb. 19, 1794, incorporating the Massachusetts Historical Society, provides that "either branch of the Legislature shall and may have free access to the library and museum of said society."

THE STATE HOUSE.

The so-called "Bulfinch Front" of the State House was erected in 1795-7, upon land purchased of the heirs of John Hancock, by the town of Boston, for the sum of £4,000, and conveyed by said town to the Commonwealth, May 2, 1795. The Commissioners on the part of the town to convey the "Governor's Pasture," as it was styled, to the Commonwealth, were William Tudor, Charles Jarvis, John Coffin Jones, William Eustis, William Little, Thomas Dawes, Joseph Russell, Harrison Gray Otis and Perez Morton. The agents for erecting the State House were named in the deed as follows: Thomas Dawes, Edward Hutchinson Robbins and Charles Bulfinch.

The corner-stone was laid July 4, 1795, by Governor Samuel Adams, assisted by Paul Revere, Master of the Grand Lodge of Masons. The stone was drawn to the spot by fifteen white horses, representing the number of States of the Union at that time. The building is 173 feet front; the height, including dome, is 110 feet; and the foundation is about that height above the waters of the bay. The dome is 53 feet in diameter and 35 feet high. The original cost of the building was estimated at \$133,333.33.

Extensive improvements, including a "new part" extending backward upon Mount Vernon Street, were made, chiefly under the direction of a commission, in the years 1853, 1854, 1855 and 1856.

Under a resolve of 1866 a commission was appointed to inquire and report concerning the whole subject of remodelling or rebuilding the State House. They reported three propositions without deciding in favor of either. The first was a plan of remodelling at an expense of \$375,430; the second, a plan of remodelling at an expense of \$759,872; and the third, a plan for a new building at an expense of \$7.042,574. The report of the commission was referred to the committee on the State House of the session of 1867, who recommended a plan of alterations at the estimated expense of \$150,000; and by Resolve No. 84 of that year the work was ordered to be executed under the supervision of a commission consisting of the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives, who were authorized by the same resolve to expend \$150,000, and, by a subsequent resolve, \$20,000 in addition. The President of the Senate died on the 29th of October, and thereafter the

work was continued by the surviving commissioner. The improvements consisted of an almost entire reconstruction of the interior of the building, except the "new part." before referred to as having been added from 1853 to 1856. They were executed from the plans of the architects, Washburn & Son, and cost, including furniture, about \$250,000.

The Legislature of 1868 made provision for reseating the Senate Chamber and the Hall of the House, which improvements were made under the supervision of legislative committees, in season for the accommodation of the Legislature of 1869, at a cost of about \$6,600.

By Resolve chapter 68 of the year 1881, the sum of \$45,000 was authorized to be expended for improving the basement of the State House, in accordance with plans submitted by the joint standing committee on the State House. The work was begun soon after the regular session of 1881, and was carried on under the supervision of the commissioners on the State House, consisting of Oreb F. Mitchell, Sergeant-at-Arms, Hon. Daniel A. Gleason, Treasurer and Receiver-General, and Hon. Henry B. Peirce, Secretary of State, assisted by John W. Leighton and Asa H. Caton, both of Boston, and appointed, under the resolve referred to, by the Governor and Council. Under the plans the floor of the basement was brought down to a common level, and numerous additional office rooms and needed accommodations were obtained.

Under authority of chapter 70 of the Resolves of 1885, passenger elevators were erected in the east and west wings of the State House.

In accordance with the provisions of chapter 349 of the Acts of the year 1888, the Governor and Council, "for the purpose of providing suitable and adequate accommodations for the legislative and executive departments of the State government and for the several bureaus, boards and officers of the Commonwealth, whose offices are, or may be, located in the city of Boston, and for any other necessary and convenient uses of the Commonwealth," on November 7 of the same year, took possession in the name of the Commonwealth of the parcel of land lying next north of the State House, and bounded by Derne, Temple, Mount Vernon and Hancock streets, and also of a parcel of land lying to the east of Temple Street, between Mount Vernon and Derne streets, both lots with the buildings and improvements thereon, full power being given them to settle, by agreement or arbitration, the amount of compensation to be paid any person by reason of the taking of his property. They were also authorized to discontinue the whole of Temple Street between Mount Vernon and Derne streets, and to negotiate with the city of Boston concerning the construction of new streets or ways.

By chapter 404 of the Acts of 1892, for the purpose of securing an open space around the State Honse, the commissioners were authorized to take, by purchase or otherwise the land bounded north by Derne Street,

east by Bowdoin Street, south by Beacon Hill Place and west by the State House, and by chapter 129, Acts of 1893, they were authorized to sell the buildings thereon. Subsequently, the commissioners were authorized to take Beacon Hill Place (chapter 450, Acts of 1893) and also the land bounded east by Bowdoin Street, south by Beacon Street, west by Mount Vernon Street and north by the land then owned by the Commonwealth; and provision was made for the removal of buildings on said land and for the improvement thereof (chapter 532, Acts of 1894; chapter 223, Acts of 1897; chapter 382, Acts of 1900; and chapter 525, Acts of 1901). In 1901 authority was given to the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Council, to take in fee simple in behalf of the Commonwealth a parcel of land, with the buildings thereon, on the southerly side of Mount Vernon Street, immediately west of Hancock Avenue (chapter 525, Acts of 1901).

By chapter 92 of the Resolves of 1888 the Governor and Council were allowed a sum not exceeding \$5,000, to enable them to devise and report to the next General Court a general plan for the better accommodation of the State government.

A plan was accordingly submitted to the General Court of 1889, and \$2,500 were appropriated for the further perfecting of said plan. A bill to provide for the enlargement of the State House was subsequently reported in the Legislature and became a law (chapter 394 of the Acts of 1889) Under this act the Governor was authorized to appoint three persons, to be known as the State House Construction Commissioners, and Messrs. John D. Long, Wm. Endicott, Jr., and Benjamin D. Whitcomb were appointed the commissioners. Mr. Whitcomb died in 1894, and Mr. Charles Everett Clark was appointed to fill the vacancy. The latter died in 1899. In 1894 Mr. Long resigned, and Mr. George W. Johnson was appointed a member of the commission. The architects selected were Messrs. Brigham and Spofford of Boston. Subsequently to March, 1892, Mr. Charles E. Brigham was the sole architect of the extension.

On the 21st day of December, 1889, the corner-stone of the new building was laid by His Excellency Governor Ames with appropriate ceremonies. The removal of the various departments and commissions to the new building was begun in the latter part of 1894. The House of Representatives of 1895 convened in the old Representatives' Chamber on the second day of January, and, on the following day, met for the first time in the chamber set apart for it in the State House extension. Pending changes in the State House building, the Senate sat in a room numbered 239, 240 and 241, in the extension. Its first meeting in this room was on February 18, 1895. On April 8 it resumed its sittings in the old Senate Chamber.

By chapter 124 of the Resolves of 1896 the State House Construction Commission was directed to provide, in that part of the addition to the State House known as the Bryant addition, temporary accommodations for the Senate of 1897 and its officers; and on January 6, 1897, the Senate met in the chamber prepared for it, and for the first time made use of the reading-room and the other rooms and offices intended for its permanent occupancy.

By chapter 531 of the Acts of 1896, His Honor Roger Wolcott, acting governor, Hon. George P. Lawrence, president of the Senate, and Hon. George v. L. Meyer, speaker of the House, were made a committee to decide upon a plan for preserving, restoring and rendering practically fire-proof the so-called Bulfinch State House. The committee was directed to employ an architect, who was to superintend the execution of the work in accordance with such drawings and specifications as should be approved by said committee. It was provided that the State House Construction Commission should have charge of the work. Mr. Arthur G. Everett was the architect selected by the committee, and with him was associated Mr. Robert D. Andrews. Mr. Charles A. Cummings was made consulting architect.

By chapter 470 of the Acts of 1897, His Excellency Roger Wolcott, Hon. George P. Lawrence, president of the Senate, and Hon. John L. Bates, speaker of the House, were made a committee to decide upon plans for furnishing the so-called Bulfinch State House, with authority to employ an architect to make drawings, specifications and designs therefor, and also to superintend the execution of the work. Mr. Everett was selected for the purpose.

On the convening of the General Court of 1898, the Senate occupied for the first time the new Senate Chamber in the Bulfinch building, that room being the former hall of the House of Representatives. The old Senate Chamber was assigned to the Senate by the Governor and Council as one of its apartments.

In accordance with the provisions of various acts of the General Court, the treasurer and receiver-general has, from time to time, with the approval of the Governor and Council, issued scrip or certificates of indebtedness for the purpose of meeting the expenses incurred in connection with the taking of land, the constructing and furnishing of the State House extension, the finishing of the Memorial Hall therein, and the restoring and furnishing of the Bulfinch front; and to January 1, 1902, \$6,335,000 have been borrowed for this purpose.

SEAL OF THE COMMONWEALTH.



COUNCIL RECORDS, WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 13TH, 1780.

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Ordered, That Nathan Cushing, Esqr., be a committee to prepare a Seal for the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, who reported a Device for a Seal for said Commonwealth as follows, viz.: Sapphire, an Indian, dressed in his Shirt, Moggosins, belted proper, in his right hand a Bow, Topaz, in his left an Arrow, its point towards the Base; of the second, on the Dexter side of the Indian's head, a Star, Pearl, for one of the United States of America.

CREST. On a Wreath a Dexter Arm clothed and ruffled proper, grasping a Broad Sword, the Pummel and Hilt, Topaz, with this Motto: Ense petit placidam Sub Libertate Quietem. And around the Seal: Sigillum Reipublica Massachusettensis.

Advised that the said Report be Accepted as the Arms of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

[CHAPTER 2 OF THE REVISED LAWS.]

Of the Arms and the Great Seal of the Commonwealth.

SECTION 1. The arms of the commonwealth shall consist of a shield having a blue field or surface with an Indian thereon, dressed in a shirt and moccasins, holding in his right hand a bow, and in his left hand an arrow, point downward, all of gold; and, in the upper corner of the field, above his right arm, a silver star with five points. The creat shall be a wreath of blue and gold, whereon, in gold, shall be a right arm, bent at the elbow, clothed and ruffled, with the hand grasping a broadsword. The motto shall be "Ense petit placidam sub libertate quietem."

SECTION 2. The coat-of-arms as drawn and emblazoned under the direction of the secretary of the commonwealth in the year eighteen bundred and ninety-eight and deposited in his office shall be the official representation of the coat-of-arms of the commonwealth of Massachusetts, and all designs of said coat-of arms for official use shall conform strictly to said representation.

Section 3. The great seal of the commonwealth shall be circular in form, bearing upon its face a representation of the arms of the commonwealth encircled with the inscription, "Sigillum Reipublicae Massachusettensis." The colors of the arms shall not be an essential part of said seal, but an impression from a seal engraved according to said design, on any commission, paper or document shall be valid without the use of such colors or the representation thereof by the customary heraldic lines or marks.

SECTION 4. The seal of the commonwealth in use in the office of the secretary of the commonwealth when this act takes effect shall be the authorized seal so long as its use may be continued.

÷CALEDDAR:1902 ↔

JANUARY.								JULY.							
Sun.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fr.	Sat.		Sun.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fr.	Sat.	
5 12 19 26	6 13 20 27	7 14 21 28	1 8 15 22 29	9 16 23 30	3 10 17 24 31	4 11 18 25		6 13 20 27	7 14 21 28	I 8 15 22 29	9 16 23 30	3 10 17 24 31	4 11 18 25	5 12 19 26	
FEBRUARY.								AUGUST.							
9 16 23	3 10 17 24	4 11 18 25	5 12 19 26	6 13 20 27	7 14 21 28	1 8 15 22		3 10 17 24 31	4 11 18 25	5 12 19 26	6 13 20 27	7 14 21 28	1 8 15 22 29	2 9 16 23 30	
MARCH.								SEPTEMBER.							
2 9 16 23 30	3 10 17 24 31	4 11 18 25	5 12 19 26	6 13 20 27	7 14 21 28	1 8 15 22 29		7 14 21 28	I 8 15 22 29	9 16 23 30	3 10 17 24	4 11 18 25	5 12 19 26	6 13 20 27	
APRIL.								OCTOBER.							
6 13 20 27	7 14 21 28	1 8 15 22 29	9 16 23 30	3 10 17 24	4 11 18 25	5 12 19 26		5 12 19 26	6 13 20 27	7 14 21 28	1 8 15 22 29	9 16 23 30	3 10 17 24 31	4 11 18 25	
MAY.								NOVEMBER.							
4 11 18 25	5 12 19 26	6 13 20 27	7 14 21 28	8 15 22 29	9 16 23 30	3 10 17 24 31		 9 16 23 30	3 10 17 24	4 11 18 25	5 12 19 26	6 13 20 27	7 14 21 28	1 8 15 22 29	
JUNE.								DECEMBER.							
1 8 15 22 29	9 16 23 30	3 10 17 24	4 11 18 25	5 12 19 26	6 13 20 27	7 14 21 28		7 14 21 28	1 8 15 22 29	9 16 23 30	3 10 17 24 31	4 11 18 25	5 12 19 26	6 13 20 27	













